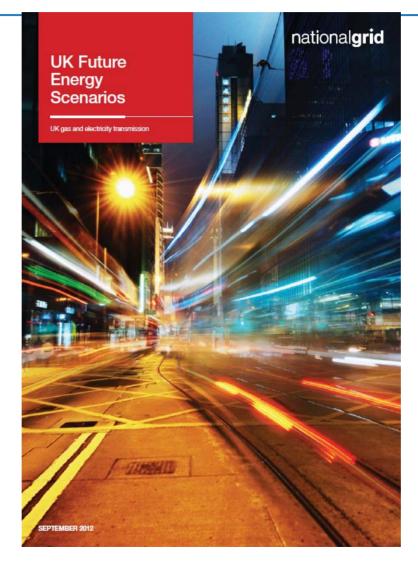


Future Energy Scenarios



Gary Dolphin - Energy Forecasting Specialist Electricity Operational Forum – October 2012

UK Future Energy Scenarios



Background



The Climate Change Act 2008

34% reduction in greenhouse gas emissions by 2020, and 80% reduction by 2050



2009 Renewable Energy Directive 15% of all energy from renewable sources by 2020



Government Policy EMR, RHI, Green Deal, ECO, FiTs, CERT, CRC



Economic Background Demographics, GDP, manufacturing output, fuel prices



Heat Heat pumps, energy efficiency improvements



Electricity Efficiency Lighting, appliances, smart meters



Transport Electric vehicles, alternative fuels

An uncertain energy future





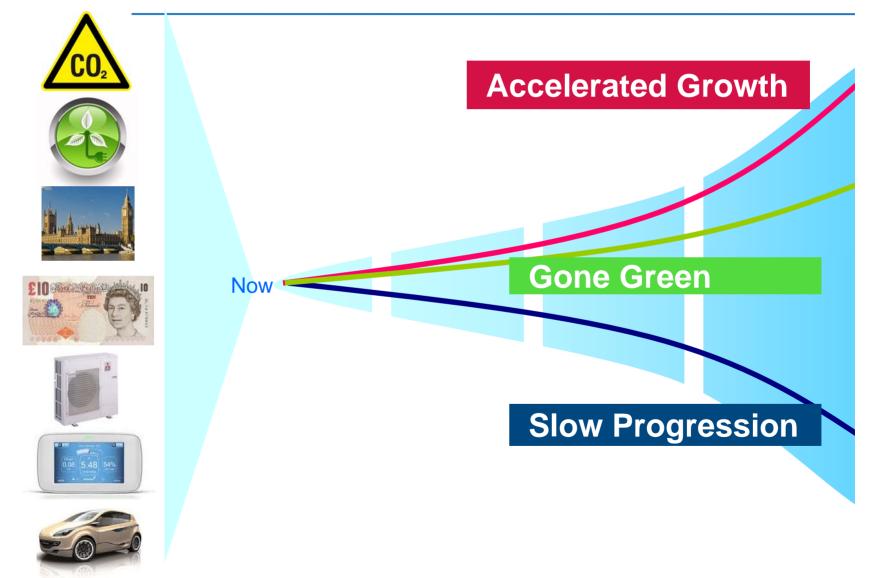




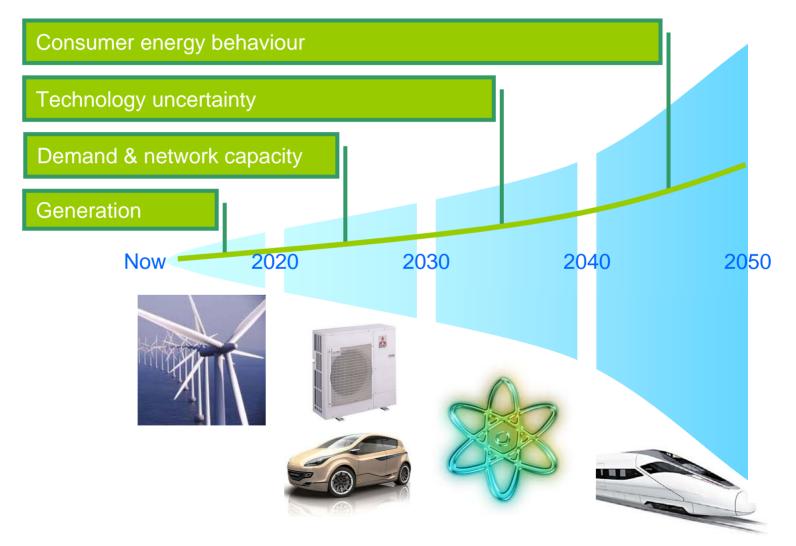




An uncertain energy future



Gone Green



Slow Progression

Overview

- Government climate targets missed / abandoned
- Continued economic hardship, low GDP growth
- Limited energy efficiency / Green Deal impact
- Domestic gas demand broadly flat, higher in power generation

	Main changes vs 2011		Targets performance			
-	Electricity demand	₽		renewable	×	
	Nuclear generation		2020	carbon	\checkmark	
	Renewable generation	₽	2030 0	carbon	×	
	Interconnection	-	2050 0		*	
	Thermal generation	➡	2030 (~	
	Heat pump deployment	₽				
	Electric vehicle deployment	₽				
_						

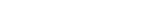


2020 targets









2012 scenario outcome

Gone Green

Overview	Main changes vs 2011	Targets performance			
 Government climate targets 	Electricity demand	=	-	enewable	\checkmark
met, balanced approach	Nuclear generation	+	2020 ca	arbon	\checkmark
 Modest GDP growth in medium term at historic averages 	Renewable generation		2030 carb	on	✓
	Interconnection 🛛 📕		2050 eerben		
 Energy efficiency is driven / Green Deal is effective 	Thermal generation		2050 carbon		v
Gradual decline in gas	Heat pump deployment				
demand	Electric vehicle deployment	+			



2020 targets





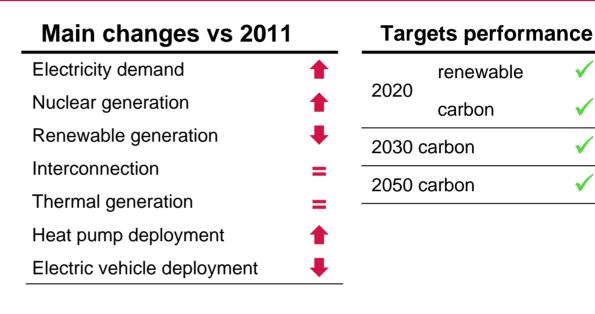




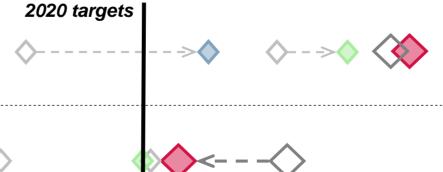
Accelerated Growth

Overview

- Government climate targets met early
- Sustained economic growth in medium to long term
- Significant energy efficiency
- Significant reduction in gas demand











Transport

Slow Progression

- Modest EV growth
- More hybrids in early years, more pure EVs in later years

Gone Green

- Strong EV growth
- More hybrids in early years, more pure EVs in later years

Accelerated Growth

- Robust EV growth
- More hybrids in early years, more pure EVs in later years

Electric vehicles (million)



Heat

Slow Progression

- Modest heat pump growth
- Limited insulation uptake

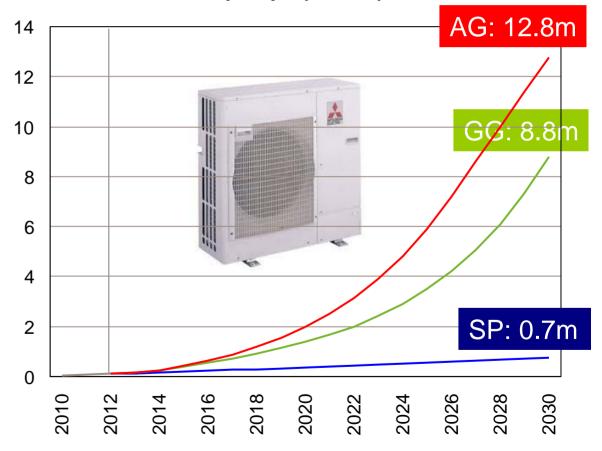
Gone Green

- Strong heat pump growth
- Strong insulation uptake

Accelerated Growth

- Robust heat pump growth
- High insulation uptake

Residential heat pumps (million)



Electricity demand

Slow Progression

- Annual demand broadly flat
- Peak demand flat / falling

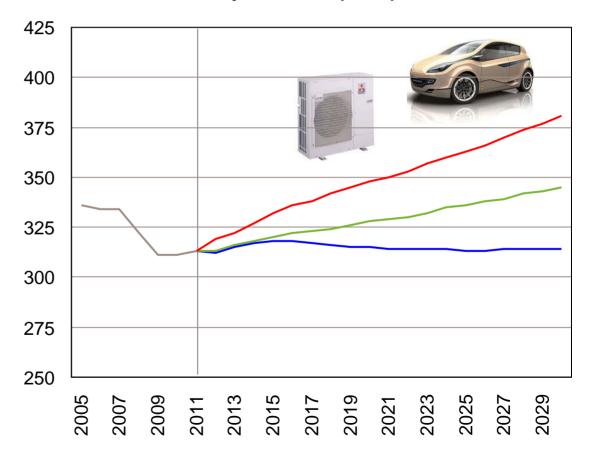
Gone Green

- Economic growth, heat & transport electrification
- Peak demand grows steadily

Accelerated Growth

 Reflects greater economic growth and electrification of heat & transport

Annual electricity demand (TWh)



Electricity generation

Slow Progression

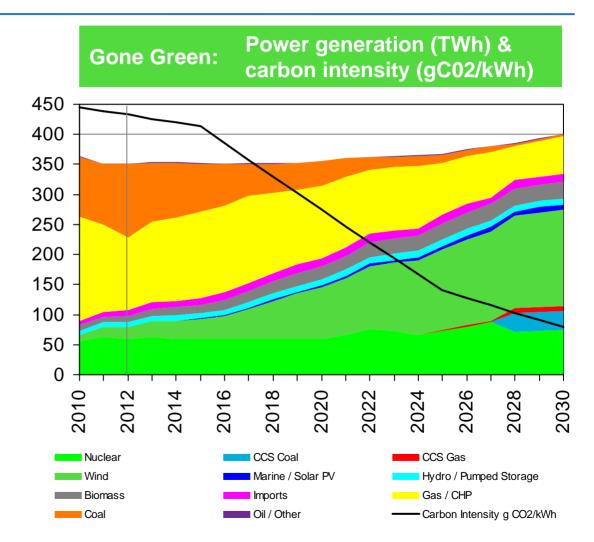
- Extension of existing plant; new gas generation
- Slower low CO₂ deployment

Gone Green

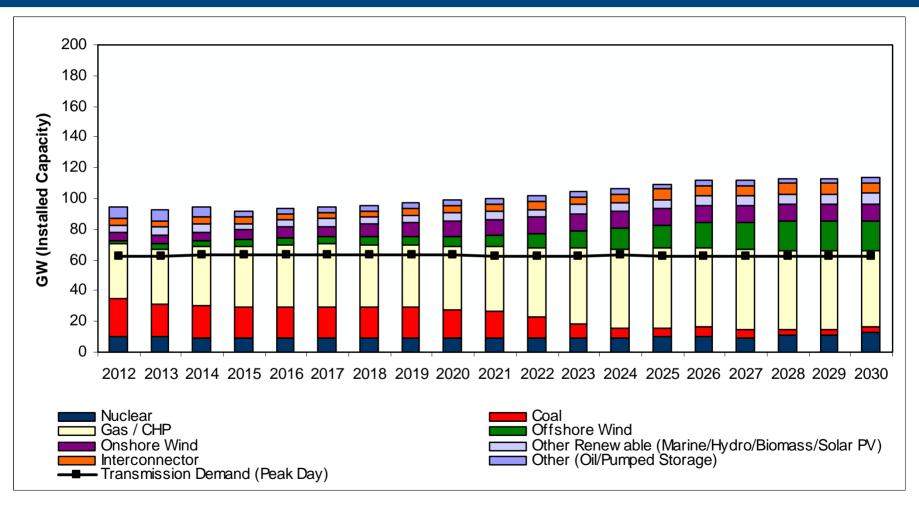
- Balanced approach
- Contributions from different technologies

Accelerated Growth

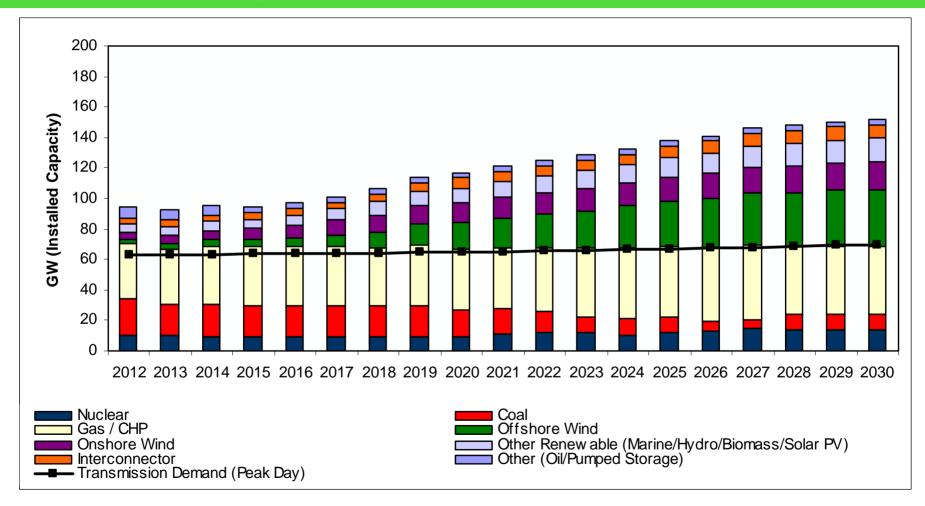
- Faster low CO₂ deployment
- Strong micro generation deployment



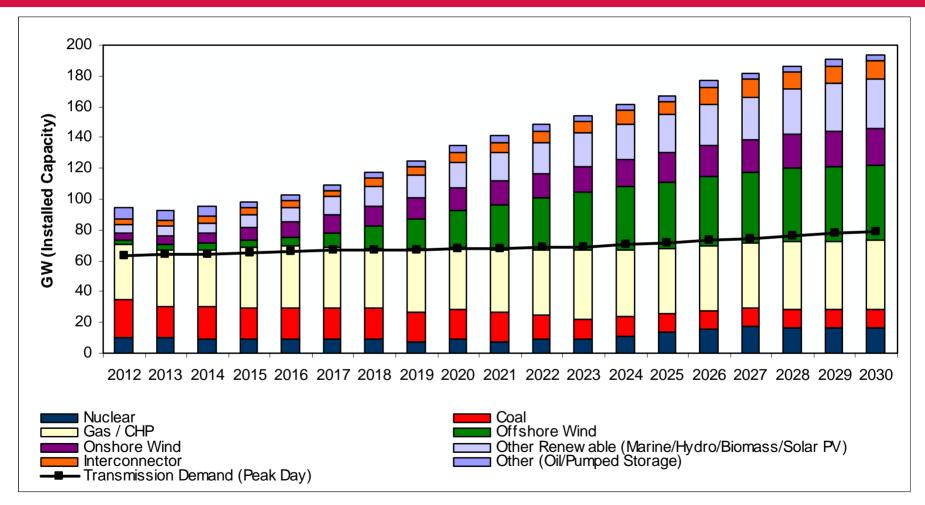
Slow Progression - generation capacity



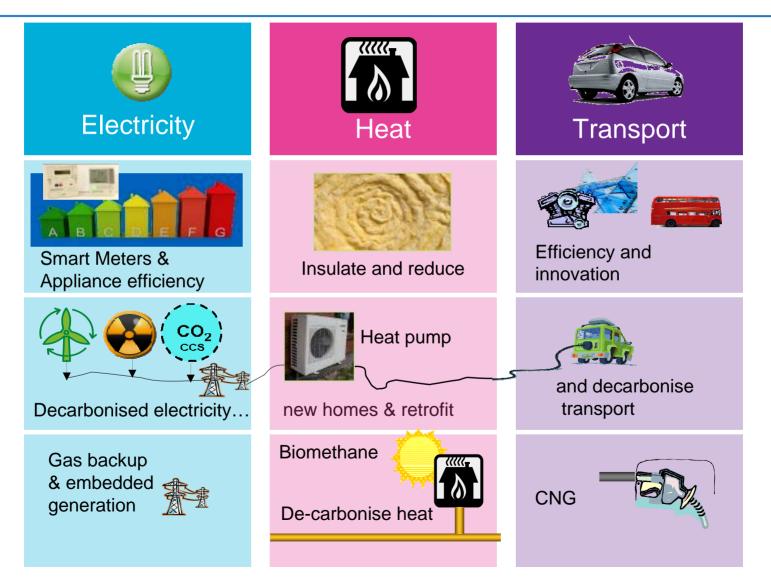
Gone Green – generation capacity



Accelerated Growth – generation capacity



The future: efficiency, decarbonisation^{national}grid and electrification



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