Improved PV & Embedded Forecasting

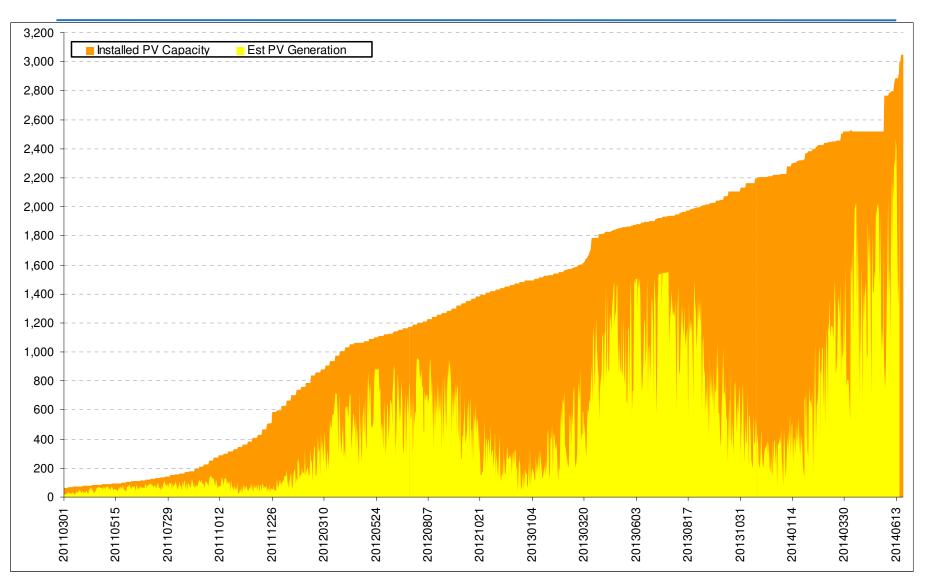


Jeremy Caplin - Energy Forecasting Manager

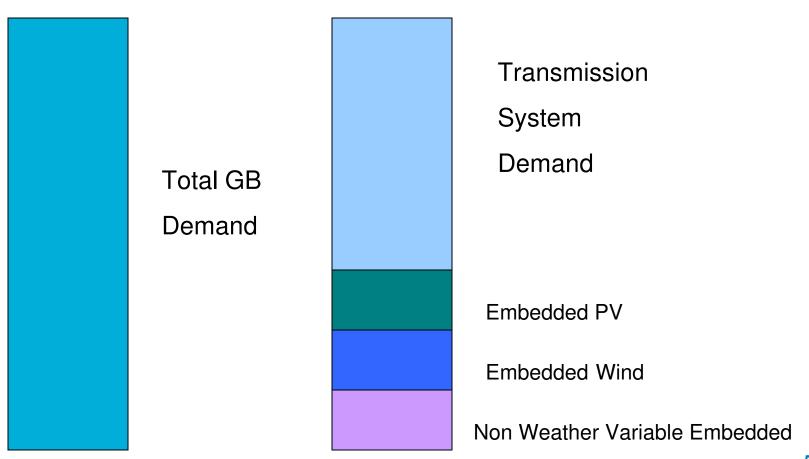
Improved PV & Embedded Forecasting

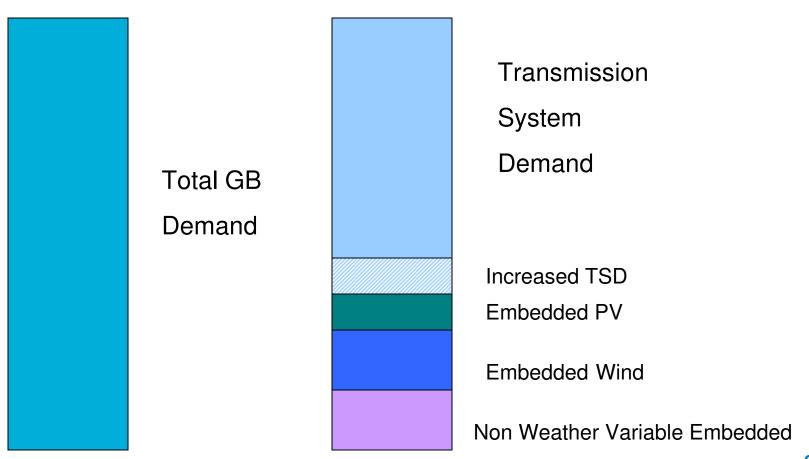
- National Grid estimate of PV Capacity taken from DECC website passed 3 GW last week (Fri 20th June)
- National Grid forecasts embedded PV generation in order to forecast net Transmission System Demand
- Several Customers have asked National Grid to publish these forecasts
- National Grid has responded to these requests, and have also updated other data on our website

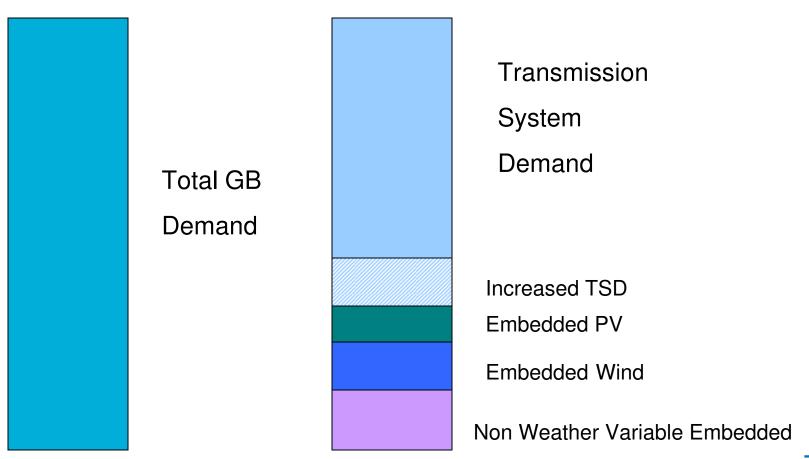
Forecasting Solar Generation – Estimated PV Capacity to 20 June 2014



- National Grid does not receive data on PV installations
- Forecasts based on capacity derived from DECC data on FIT and ROCs
- Capacity likely to be underestimated due to inherent lag between new installations going live and payment data appearing on DECC website
- National Grid does not currently receive metering from any PV installations – model tuned to minimise demand forecast error

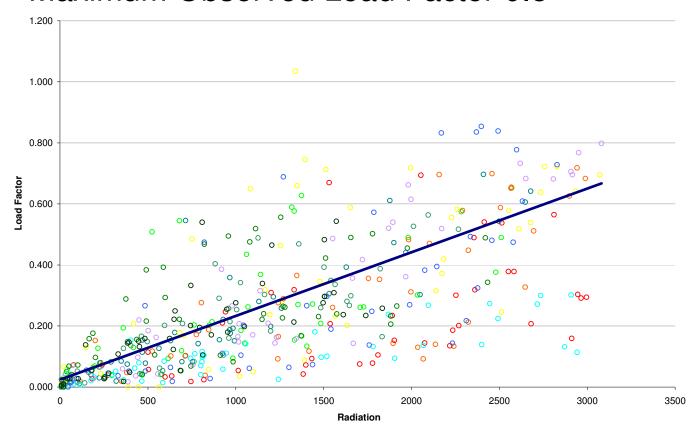






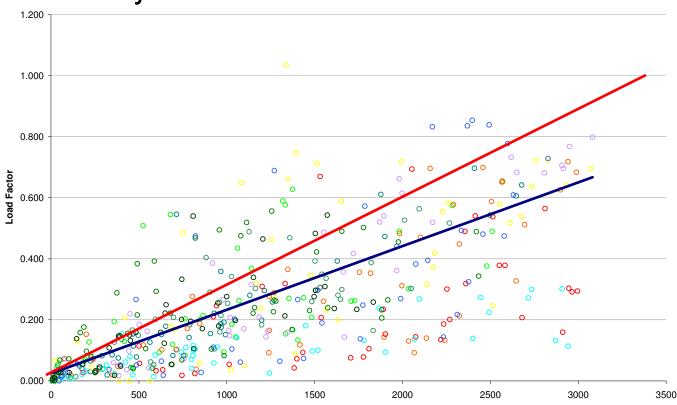
Forecasting Solar Generation – Initial Model

- Calculated average load solar irradiation correlation based on observations at a number of sites
- Maximum Observed Load Factor 0.8



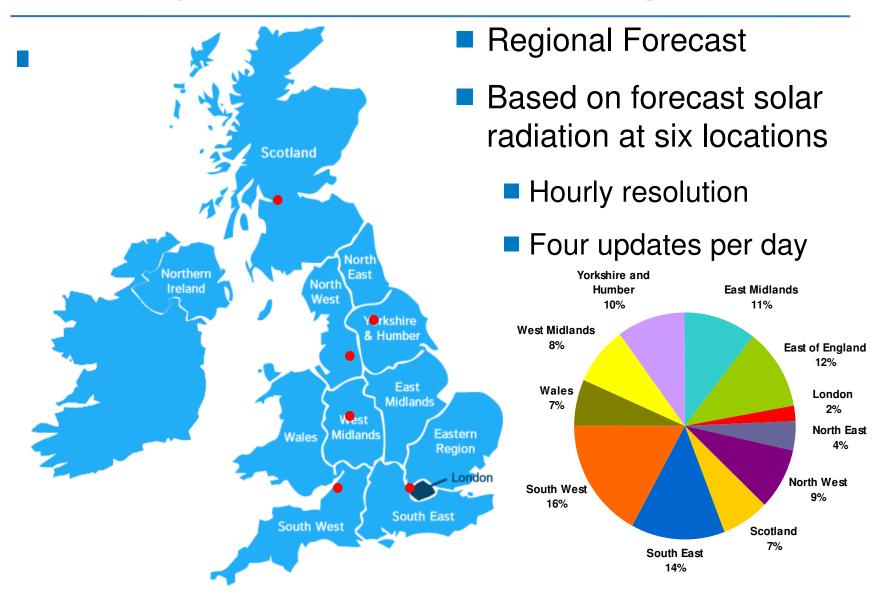
Forecasting Solar Generation – Latest Step

- Apply uplift factor to account for capacity underestimation
 - Derived by minimisation of demand forecast error
- Currently Allow Maximum Load Factor 1.0



Radiation

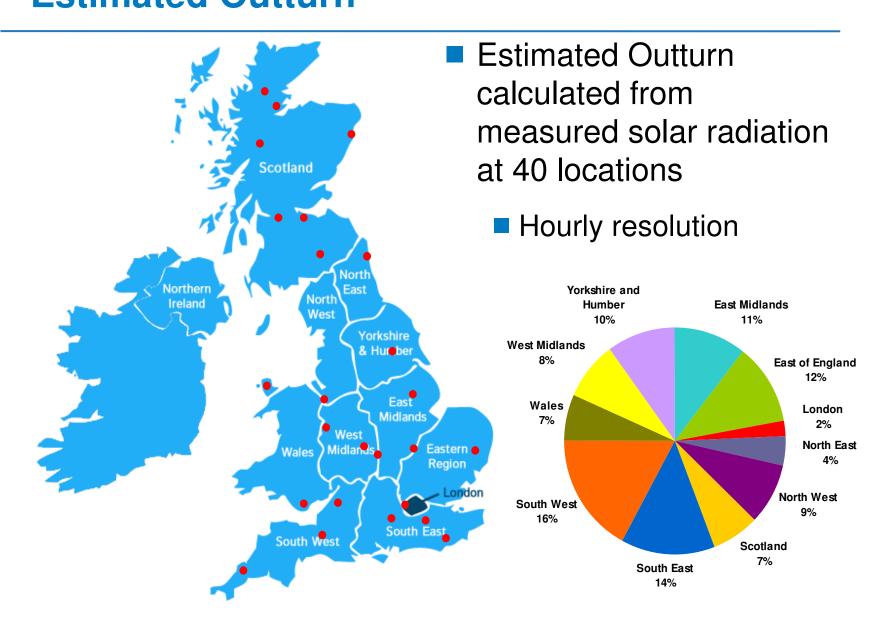
Forecasting Solar Generation – Latest Step



Forecasting Solar Generation – Estimated Outturn

- National Grid currently receives no metering data from any PV generation
- Published Estimated Outturn data is based on
 - Metered Outturn solar irradiation at 40 weather stations
 - Estimated capacity from DECC website
 - Derived correlation between solar irradiation and generation

Forecasting Solar Generation – Estimated Outturn



Forecasting Embedded Wind Generation

- National Grid forecasts generation from wind farms for which it has no operational metering
- These are referred to as Embedded wind generation
- Not the same as Grid Code definition of Embedded
- Embedded wind generation refers to any wind farm not on the list of generators in the definition of INDO

Forecasting Embedded Wind Generation

- National Grid seeks to model all wind farms of 2 MW or greater capacity
- Uses publically available data sources to glean information on capacity and location of wind farm
- National Grid receives wind speed forecasts for 56 locations at hourly resolution, updated four times per day
- Output of each embedded windfarm is forecast using closest wind forecast location and generic power curves

Forecasting Embedded Wind Generation

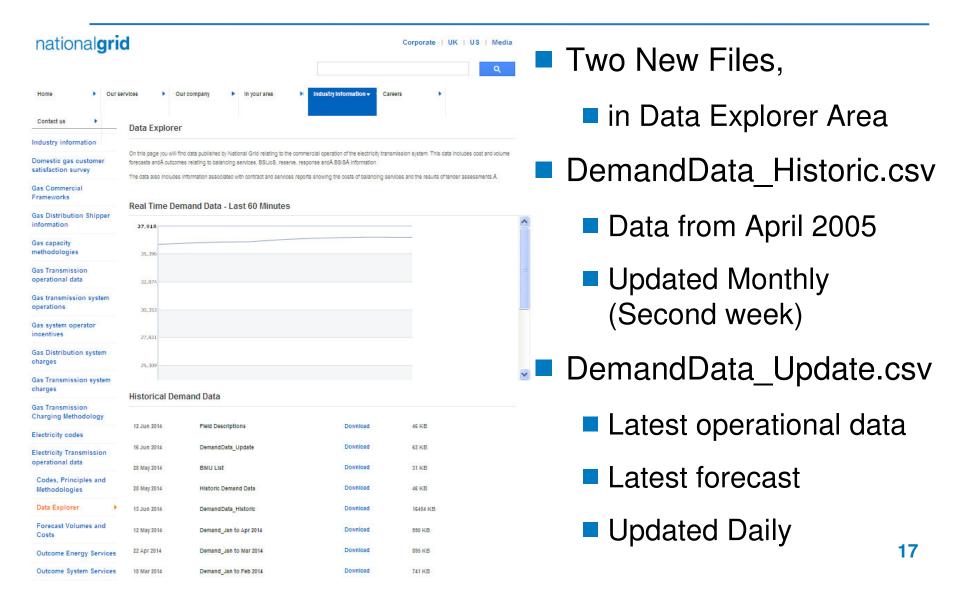
- Estimated Outturn
- Embedded wind generation is that for which National Grid currently receives no metering data
- Published Estimated Outturn data is based on
 - Final forecast wind speed, overwritten by Metered Outturn wind speed from 40 weather stations where weather station is sufficiently close to wind farm
 - Estimated capacity
 - Generic wind power curves

Future Developments

- PV
 - 2-D Models
 - Solar Irradiation + Temperature
 - Improved Power Curves
 - Data to develop models

- Embedded Wind
 - 2-D Models
 - Wind speed + Wind Direction
 - Improved Power Curves
 - Automation of some error checking
 - Model errors for individual wind farms
 - Metering errors

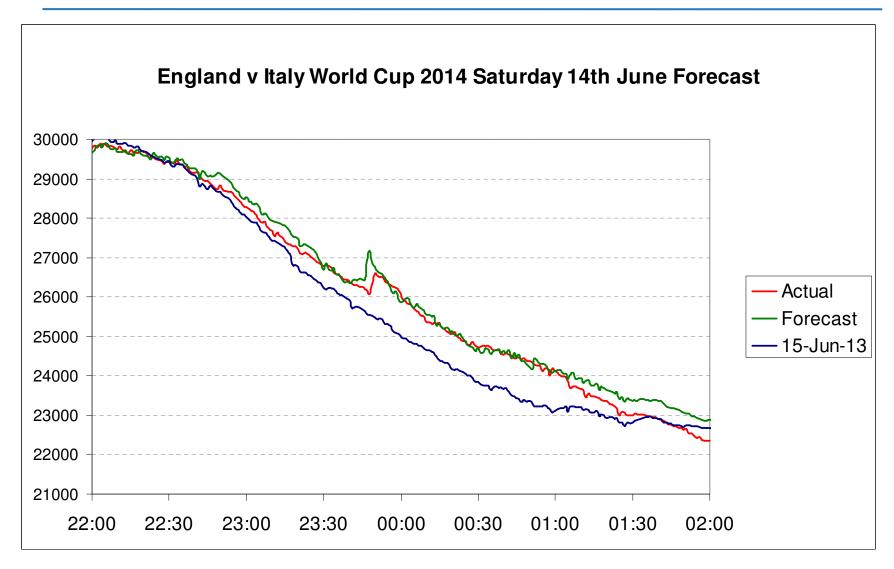
Overview of New Information





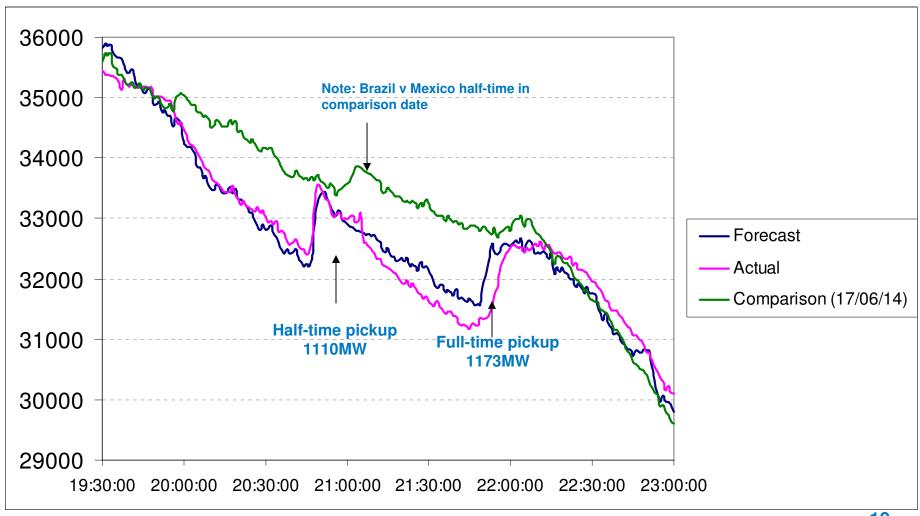
England v Italy





England v Uruguay





Any Questions

Contact

Jeremy Caplin

jeremy.caplin@nationalgrid.com