Our Ref:

Your Ref:

Date: October 2008

Regulatory Frameworks Electricity Codes

To: All Recipients of the Serviced Grid Code

National Grid Electricity Transmission plc National Grid House Warwick Technology Park Gallows Hill Warwick CV34 6DA

Tel No: 01926 654971 Fax No: 01926 656601

Dear Sir/Madam

THE SERVICED GRID CODE – ISSUE 3 REVISION 30

Revision 30 of Issue 3 of the Grid Code has been approved by the Authority for implementation on 1^{st} October 2008.

I have enclosed the replacement pages that incorporate the agreed changes necessary to update the Grid Code Issue 3 to Revision 30 standard.

The enclosed note provides a brief summary of the changes made to the text.

Yours faithfully

Mark Duffield Electricity Codes



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THE GRID CODE - ISSUE 3 REVISION 30

INCLUSION OF REVISED PAGES

<u>Title Page</u>			
Glossary and Definitions	GD	-	Pages 1-20 and 43-46
Planning Code	PC	-	Contents Pages, Pages 9-72
Data Registration Code	DRC	-	All
Revisions		-	Pages 25-28

<u>NOTE</u>: See Page 1 of the Revisions section of the Grid Code for details of how the revisions are indicated on the pages.

NATIONAL GRID ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION PLC

THE GRID CODE - ISSUE 3 REVISION 30

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

The changes arise from the implementation of modifications proposed in the following Consultation Paper:

• **B/07** – Improved Planning Code Data Exchange for Compliance Assessments

Summary of Proposals

- Changes to the Grid Code to ensure that the scope of the Data Exchange requirements for the Grid Code for determining investment needs meets the planning requirements.
- The categories of Users affected by this revision to the Grid Code are:
 - Network Operators
 - Generators (in respect of Lumped Susceptance amendments in DRC Schedule 5)

A brief description of the proposals is as follows:

- Introduction of new Grid Code terms (Access Group, Access Period and Transmission Interface Circuit) and associated provisions such that more robust data can be provided by DNOs to National Grid (and vice versa) that can then be used to assess assets in accordance with the Licence Standards.
- Reinforce that the fundamental principle behind the assessment of Transmission Interface Circuits against the Licence Standards is that the respective networks need to be coherently modelled. To facilitate this, the existing Single Line Diagram provisions within the Grid Code have been strengthened to ensure that National Grid is able to assess compliance using a Single Line Diagram that accurately represents the planned network configuration during each assessment period.
- Amend the existing Grid Code provisions that concern Demand Transfers to clarify that the existing process should be replaced with a process that describes actions that are taken by a Network Operator post fault to relieve overloads.
- Insert a new PC.7 clause which will recognise that the underlying purpose of the data exchanged through the Planning Code is necessarily an iterative one that relies on a significant dialogue between the parties involved in the process.
- Introduce new obligations in PC.A.8 to expand the data set National Grid will provide to the Network Operator should the Network Operator request a network model.
- The existing Grid Code provisions (DRC5.4) are proposed to be amended to clarify the process for the non-submission of data.
- To amend existing Grid Code Schedules and introduce further Grid Code Schedules within the Data Registration Code to be reflective of the amended/new Grid Code provisions.

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THE GRID CODE

Issue 3

Revision 30 1st October 2008

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GLOSSARY AND DEFINITIONS

(G & D)

1. In the **Grid Code** the following words and expressions shall, unless the subject matter or context otherwise requires or is inconsistent therewith, bear the following meanings:

<u>Access Group</u>	 A group of Connection Points within which a User declares under the Planning Code i) An interconnection and/or ii) A need to redistribute Demand between those Connection Points either pre-fault or post-fault Where a single Connection Point does not form part of an Access Group in accordance with the above, that single Connection Point shall be considered to be an Access Group in its own right.
<u>Access Period</u>	A period of time in respect of which each Transmission Interface Circuit is to be assessed as whether or not it is capable of being maintained as derived in accordance with PC.A.4.1.4. The period shall commence and end on specified calendar weeks.
<u>Act</u>	The Electricity Act 1989 (as amended by the Utilities Act 2000 and the Energy Act 2004)
<u>Active Energy</u>	The electrical energy produced, flowing or supplied by an electric circuit during a time interval, being the integral with respect to time of the instantaneous power, measured in units of watt-hours or standard multiples thereof, ie: 1000 Wh = 1 kWh 1000 kWh = 1 MWh 1000 MWh = 1 GWh 1000 GWh = 1 TWh.
<u>Active Power</u>	The product of voltage and the in-phase component of alternating current measured in units of watts and standard multiples thereof, ie: 1000 Watts = 1 kW 1000 kW = 1 MW 1000 MW = 1 GW 1000 GW = 1 TW.
<u>Affiliate</u>	In relation to any person, any holding company or subsidiary of such person or any subsidiary of a holding company of such person, in each case within the meaning of Section 736, 736A and 736B of the Companies Act 1985 as substituted by section 144 of the Companies Act 1989 and, if that latter section is not in force at the Transfer Date , as if such section were in force at such date.

Ancillary Service	A System Ancillary Service and/or a Commercial Ancillary Service , as the case may be.
Ancillary Services Agreement	An agreement between a User and NGET for the payment by NGET to that User in respect of the provision by such User of Ancillary Services .
Annual Average Cold Spell Conditions or ACS Conditions	A particular combination of weather elements which gives rise to a level of peak Demand within a Financial Year which has a 50% chance of being exceeded as a result of weather variation alone.
Apparent Power	The product of voltage and of alternating current measured in units of voltamperes and standard multiples thereof, ie:
	1000 VA = 1 kVA 1000 kVA = 1 MVA.
<u>Apparatus</u>	Other than in OC8 , means all equipment in which electrical conductors are used, supported or of which they may form a part. In OC8 it means High Voltage electrical circuits forming part of a System on which Safety Precautions may be applied to allow work and/or testing to be carried out on a System .
<u>Authorised Electricity</u> <u>Operator</u>	Any person (other than NGET in its capacity as operator of the GB Transmission System) who is authorised under the Act to generate, participate in the transmission of, distribute or supply electricity.
Automatic Voltage Regulator or AVR	The continuously acting automatic equipment controlling the terminal voltage of a Synchronous Generating Unit by comparing the actual terminal voltage with a reference value and controlling by appropriate means the output of an Exciter , depending on the deviations.
Authority for Access	An authority which grants the holder the right to unaccompanied access to sites containing exposed \mathbf{HV} conductors.
Authority, The	The Authority established by section 1 (1) of the Utilities Act 2000
<u>Auxiliaries</u>	Any item of Plant and/or Apparatus not directly a part of the boiler plant or Generating Unit or DC Converter or Power Park Module , but required for the boiler plant's or Generating Unit's or DC Converter's or Power Park Module's functional operation.
<u>Auxiliary Diesel</u> Engine	A diesel engine driving a Generating Unit which can supply a Unit Board or Station Board , which can start without an electrical power supply from outside the Power Station within which it is situated.

<u>Auxiliary Gas Turbine</u>	A Gas Turbine Unit, which can supply a Unit Board or Station Board, which can start without an electrical power supply from outside the Power Station within which it is situated.
Average Conditions	That combination of weather elements within a period of time which is the average of the observed values of those weather elements during equivalent periods over many years (sometimes referred to as normal weather).
Back-Up Protection	Protection equipment or system which is intended to operate when a system fault is not cleared in due time because of failure or inability of the Main Protection to operate or in case of failure to operate of a circuit-breaker other than the associated circuit breaker.
Balancing and Settlement Code or BSC	The code of that title as from time to time amended.
Balancing Code or BC	That portion of the Grid Code which specifies the Balancing Mechanism process.
Balancing Mechanism	Has the meaning set out in NGET's Transmission Licence
Balancing Mechanism Reporting Agent or BMRA	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .
Balancing Mechanism Reporting Service or BMRS	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .
<u>Balancing Principles</u> <u>Statement</u>	A statement prepared by NGET in accordance with Condition C16 of NGET's Transmission Licence .
Bid-Offer Acceptance	a) A communication issued by NGET in accordance with BC2.7 ; or
	b) an Emergency Instruction to the extent provided for in BC2.9.2.3.
Bid-Offer Data	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .
Bilateral Agreement	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC
Black Start	The procedure necessary for a recovery from a Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown .

- <u>Black Start Capability</u> An ability in respect of a Black Start Station, for at least one of its Gensets to Start-Up from Shutdown and to energise a part of the System and be Synchronised to the System upon instruction from NGET, within two hours, without an external electrical power supply.
- <u>Black Start Stations</u> Power Stations which are registered, pursuant to the Bilateral Agreement with a User, as having a Black Start Capability.
- Black Start Test on the instructions of NGET, in order to demonstrate that a Black Start Station, Station has a Black Start Capability.
- **Block Load Capability** The incremental **Active Power** steps, from no load to **Rated MW**, which a generator can instantaneously supply without causing it to trip or go outside the **Frequency** range of 47.5 52Hz (or an otherwise agreed **Frequency** range). The time between each incremental step shall also be provided.
- **<u>BM Participant</u>** A person who is responsible for and controls one or more **BM Units** or where a **Bilateral Agreement** specifies that a **User** is required to be treated as a **BM Participant** for the purposes of the **Grid Code**. For the avoidance of doubt, it does not imply that they must be active in the **Balancing Mechanism**.
- **<u>BM Unit</u>** Has the meaning set out in the **BSC**, except that for the purposes of the **Grid Code** the reference to "Party" in the **BSC** shall be a reference to **User**.
- <u>BM Unit Data</u> The collection of parameters associated with each **BM Unit**, as described in Appendix 1 of **BC1**.
- **Boiler Time Constant** Determined at **Registered Capacity**, the boiler time constant will be construed in accordance with the principles of the IEEE Committee Report "Dynamic Models for Steam and Hydro Turbines in Power System Studies" published in 1973 which apply to such phrase.
- **British Standards** or Those standards and specifications approved by the British Standards Institution.
- **BSCCo** Has the meaning set out in the **BSC**.
- **BSC Panel** Has meaning set out for "Panel" in the **BSC**.
- <u>BS Station Test</u> A Black Start Test carried out by a Generator with a Black Start Station while the Black Start Station is disconnected from all external alternating current electrical supplies.

<u>BS Unit Test</u>	A Black Start Test carried out on a Generating Unit or a CCGT Unit , as the case may be, at a Black Start Station while the Black Start Station remains connected to an external alternating current electrical supply.
<u>Business Day</u>	Any week day (other than a Saturday) on which banks are open for domestic business in the City of London.
Cancellation of GB Transmission System Warning	The notification given to Users when a GB Transmission System Warning is cancelled.
<u>Cascade Hydro</u> <u>Scheme</u>	Two or more hydro-electric Generating Units , owned or controlled by the same Generator , which are located in the same water catchment area and are at different ordnance datums and which depend upon a common source of water for their operation, known as:
	1. Moriston
	2. Killin
	3. Garry
	4. Conon
	5. Clunie
	6. Beauly
	which will comprise more than one Power Station .
<u>Cascade Hydro</u> <u>Scheme Matrix</u>	The matrix described in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading Cascade Hydro Scheme Matrix.
Caution Notice	A notice conveying a warning against interference.
<u>Category 1</u> Intertripping Scheme	A System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme arising from a Variation to Connection Design following a request from the relevant User which is consistent with the criteria specified in the Security and Quality of Supply Standard.
<u>Category 2</u> Intertripping Scheme	 A System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme which is:- (i) required to alleviate an overload on a circuit which connects the Group containing the User's Connection Site to the GB Transmission System; and (ii) installed in accordance with the requirements of the planning criteria of the Security and Quality of Supply Standard in order that measures can be taken to permit maintenance access for each transmission circuit and for such measures to be economically justified, and the operation of which results in a reduction in Active Power on the overloaded circuits which connect the User's Connection Site to the rest of the GB Transmission System which is equal to the reduction in Active Power from the Connection Site (once any system losses or third party system effects are discounted).

Category 3 Intertripping Scheme	A System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme which, where agreed by NGET and the User, is installed to alleviate an overload on, and as an alternative to, the reinforcement of a third party system, such as the Distribution System of a Public Distribution System Operator.
Category 4 Intertripping Scheme	A System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme installed to enable the disconnection of the Connection Site from the GB Transmission System in a controlled and efficient manner in order to facilitate the timely restoration of the GB Transmission System.
<u>CENELEC</u>	European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation.
<u>CCGT Module Matrix</u>	The matrix described in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading CCGT Module Matrix.
<u>CCGT Module</u> <u>Planning Matrix</u>	A matrix in the form set out in Appendix 3 of OC2 showing the combination of CCGT Units within a CCGT Module which would be running in relation to any given MW output.
Cluster	1. Before Telemetry
	A cluster of wind turbines will be formed when the total wind capacity within any circle of five kilometre radius has a Registered Capacity of not less than 5MW
	2. After Telemetry
	Any wind turbine installed within a five kilometer radius of the anemometer position (whether installed before or after the installation of that anemometer) will be deemed to be within the cluster for that anemometer and will not count towards the creation of any new cluster. All other wind turbines may count towards the creation of further clusters.
<u>Combined Cycle Gas</u> <u>Turbine Module or</u> <u>CCGT Module</u>	A collection of Generating Units (registered as a CCGT Module under the PC) comprising one or more Gas Turbine Units (or other gas based engine units) and one or more Steam Units where, in normal operation, the waste heat from the Gas Turbines is passed to the water/steam system of the associated Steam Unit or Steam Units and where the component units within the CCGT Module are directly connected by steam or hot gas lines which enable those units to contribute to the efficiency of the combined cycle operation of the CCGT Module .
Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Unit or CCGT Unit	A Generating Unit within a CCGT Module.

<u>Commercial Ancillary</u> <u>Services</u>	Ancillary Services, other than System Ancillary Services, utilised by NGET in operating the Total System if a User (or other person) has agreed to provide them under an Ancillary Services Agreement or under a Bilateral Agreement with payment being dealt with under an Ancillary Services Agreement or in the case of Externally Interconnected System Operators or Interconnector Users, under any other agreement (and in the case of Externally Interconnected System Operators and Interconnector Users includes ancillary services equivalent to or similar to System Ancillary Services).
Committed Project Planning Data	Data relating to a User Development once the offer for a CUSC Contract is accepted.
Common Collection Busbar	A busbar within a Power Park Module to which the higher voltage side of two or more Power Park Unit generator transformers are connected.
Completion Date	Has the meaning set out in the Bilateral Agreement with each User to that term or in the absence of that term to such other term reflecting the date when a User is expected to connect to or start using the GB Transmission System . In the case of an Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station having a similar meaning in relation to the Network Operator's System as set out in the Embedded Development Agreement .
<u>Complex</u>	A Connection Site together with the associated Power Station and/or Network Operator substation and/or associated Plant and/or Apparatus, as appropriate.
Connection Conditions or CC	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the Connection Conditions .
Connection Entry Capacity	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC
<u>Connected Planning</u> <u>Data</u>	Data which replaces data containing estimated values assumed for planning purposes by validated actual values and updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for Forecast Data items such as Demand .
Connection Point	A Grid Supply Point or Grid Entry Point, as the case may be.
Connection Site	A Transmission Site or User Site, as the case may be.
Construction Agreement	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC

- <u>Contingency Reserve</u> The margin of generation over forecast **Demand** which is required in the period from 24 hours ahead down to real time to cover against uncertainties in Large Power Station availability and against both weather forecast and **Demand** forecast errors.
- <u>Control Calls</u> A telephone call whose destination and/or origin is a key on the control desk telephone keyboard at a **Transmission Control Centre** and which, for the purpose of **Control Telephony**, has the right to exercise priority over (ie. disconnect) a call of a lower status.
- <u>Control Centre</u> A location used for the purpose of control and operation of the GB Transmission System or DC Converter Station owner's System or a User System other than a Generator's System or an External System.
- <u>Control Engineer</u> A person nominated by the relevant party for the control of its **Plant** and **Apparatus**.

<u>Control Person</u> The term used as an alternative to "Safety Co-ordinator" on the Site Responsibility Schedule only.

<u>Control Phase</u> The Control Phase follows on from the Programming Phase and covers the period down to real time.

Control Point The point from which:-

- a) A Non-Embedded Customer's Plant and Apparatus is controlled; or
- b) A BM Unit at a Large Power Station or at a Medium Power Station or representing a Cascade Hydro Scheme or with a Demand Capacity with a magnitude of:
 - (i) 50MW or more in NGET's Transmission Area; or
 - (ii) 30MW or more in SPT's Transmission Area; or
 - (iii) 10MW or more in SHETL's Transmission Area,

is physically controlled by a **BM Participant**; or

c) In the case of any other **BM Unit** or **Generating Unit**, data submission is co-ordinated for a **BM Participant** and instructions are received from **NGET**,

as the case may be. For a **Generator** this will normally be at a **Power Station** but may be at an alternative location agreed with **NGET**. In the case of a **DC Converter Station**, the **Control Point** will be at a location agreed with **NGET**. In the case of a **BM Unit** of an **Interconnector User**, the **Control Point** will be the **Control Centre** of the relevant **Externally Interconnected System Operator**.

<u>Control Telephony</u>	The principal method by which a User's Responsible Engineer/Operator and NGET Control Engineer(s) speak to one another for the purposes of control of the Total System in both normal and emergency operating conditions.
CUSC	Has the meaning set out in NGET's Transmission Licence
CUSC Contract	One or more of the following agreements as envisaged in Standard Condition C1 of NGET's Transmission Licence :
	(a) the CUSC Framework Agreement;
	(b) a Bilateral Agreement;
	(c) a Construction Agreement
	or a variation to an existing Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement ;
CUSC Framework Agreement	Has the meaning set out in NGET's Transmission Licence
<u>Customer</u>	A person to whom electrical power is provided (whether or not he is the same person as the person who provides the electrical power).
<u>Customer Demand</u> Management	Reducing the supply of electricity to a Customer or disconnecting a Customer in a manner agreed for commercial purposes between a Supplier and its Customer .
Customer Demand Management Notification Level	The level above which a Supplier has to notify NGET of its proposed or achieved use of Customer Demand Management which is 12 MW in England and Wales and 5 MW in Scotland.
<u>Customer Generating</u> <u>Plant</u>	A Power Station or Generating Unit of a Customer to the extent that it operates the same exclusively to supply all or part of its own electricity requirements, and does not export electrical power to any part of the Total System .
Data Registration Code or DRC	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the Data Registration Code .
Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules	The rules relating to validity and consistency of data, and default data to be applied, in relation to data submitted under the Balancing Codes , to be applied by NGET under the Grid Code as set out in the document "Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules" - Issue 7, dated 11 th October 2004. The document is available on the National Grid website or upon request from NGET .

<u>DC Converter</u>	Any Apparatus with a Completion Date after 1 April 2005 used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice-versa. A DC Converter is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion. In a bipolar arrangement, a DC Converter represents the bipolar configuration.
DC Converter Station	An installation comprising one or more DC Converters connecting a direct current interconnector:
	to the NGET Transmission System; or,
	(if the installation has a rating of 50MW or more) to a User System ,
	and it shall form part of the External Interconnection to which it relates.
DC Network	All items of Plant and Apparatus connected together on the direct current side of a DC Converter .
<u>De-Load</u>	The condition in which a Genset has reduced or is not delivering electrical power to the System to which it is Synchronised .
Demand	The demand of MW and Mvar of electricity (i.e. both Active and Reactive Power), unless otherwise stated.
Demand Capacity	Has the meaning as set out in the BSC .
Demand Control	Any or all of the following methods of achieving a Demand reduction:
	 (a) Customer voltage reduction initiated by Network Operators (other than following an instruction from NGET);
	(b) Customer Demand reduction by Disconnection initiated by Network Operators (other than following an instruction from NGET);
	(c) Demand reduction instructed by NGET ;
	(d) automatic low Frequency Demand Disconnection;
	(e) emergency manual Demand Disconnection .
Demand Control Notification Level	The level above which a Network Operator has to notify NGET of its proposed or achieved use of Demand Control which is 12 MW in England and Wales and 5 MW in Scotland.

Designed Minimum Operating Level	The output (in whole MW) below which a Genset or a DC Converter at a DC Converter Station (in any of its operating configurations) has no High Frequency Response capability.	
<u>De-Synchronise</u>	a)	The act of taking a Generating Unit , Power Park Module or DC Converter off a System to which it has been Synchronised , by opening any connecting circuit breaker; or
	b)	The act of ceasing to consume electricity at an importing BM Unit ;
	and	the term "De-Synchronising" shall be construed accordingly.
<u>De-synchronised</u> Island(s)	Has	the meaning set out in OC9.5.1(a)
Detailed Planning Data	Det Sta Agr	ailed additional data which NGET requires under the PC in support of ndard Planning Data . Generally it is first supplied once a Bilateral reement is entered into.
Discrimination	The cau	e quality where a relay or protective system is enabled to pick out and se to be disconnected only the faulty Apparatus .
Disconnection	The Tra	e physical separation of Users (or Customers) from the GB nsmission System or a User System as the case may be.
Disputes Resolution Procedure	The	procedure described in the CUSC relating to disputes resolution.
Distribution Code	The Dis to ti	e distribution code required to be drawn up by each Electricity tribution Licence holder and approved by the Authority , as from time me revised with the approval of the Authority .
<u>Droop</u>	The Uni stat Mo	e ratio of the steady state change in speed in the case of a Generating t, or in Frequency in the case of a Power Park Module , to the steady e change in power output of the Generating Unit or Power Park dule.
Dynamic Parameters	Tho Dat	se parameters listed in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading BM Unit a – Dynamic Parameters .
Earth Fault Factor	At a inst the a so poir whi	a selected location of a three-phase System (generally the point of allation of equipment) and for a given System configuration, the ratio of highest root mean square phase-to-earth power Frequency voltage on bund phase during a fault to earth (affecting one or more phases at any nt) to the root mean square phase-to-earth power Frequency voltage ch would be obtained at the selected location without the fault.

<u>Earthing</u>	A way of providing a connection between conductors and earth by an Earthing Device which is either:
	(a) Immobilised and Locked in the earthing position. Where the Earthing Device is Locked with a Safety Key, the Safety Key must be secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key must be, where reasonably practicable, given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-Ordinator and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable the Key Safe Key must be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-Ordinator in safe custody: or
	(b) maintained and/or secured in position by such other method which must be in accordance with the Local Safety Instructions of NGET or the Safety Rules of the Relevant Transmission Licensee or that User, as the case may be.
Earthing Device	A means of providing a connection between a conductor and earth being of adequate strength and capability.
Electrical Standard	A standard listed in the Annex to the General Conditions.
Electricity Council	That body set up under the Electricity Act, 1957.
Electricity Distribution Licence	The licence granted pursuant to Section 6(1) (c) of the Act.
Electricity Supply Industry Arbitration Association	The unincorporated members' club of that name formed inter alia to promote the efficient and economic operation of the procedure for the resolution of disputes within the electricity supply industry by means of arbitration or otherwise in accordance with its arbitration rules.
Electricity Supply Licence	The licence granted pursuant to Section 6(1) (d) of the Act.
<u>Electromagnetic</u> Compatibility Level	Has the meaning set out in Engineering Recommendation G5/4.
<u>Embedded</u>	Having a direct connection to a User System or the System of any other User to which Customers and/or Power Stations are connected, such connection being either a direct connection or a connection via a busbar of another User or of a Transmission Licensee (but with no other connection to the GB Transmission System).
<u>Embedded</u> Development	Has the meaning set out in PC.4.4.3(a)

Embedded Development Agreement	An agreement entered into between a Network Operator and an Embedded Person , identifying the relevant site of connection to the Network Operator's System and setting out other site specific details in relation to that use of the Network Operator's System .
Embedded Person	The party responsible for a Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement connected to or proposed to be connected to a Network Operator's System .
Emergency Deenergisation Instruction	an Emergency Instruction issued by NGET to De-Synchronise a Generating Unit , Power Park Module or DC Converter in circumstances specified in the CUSC .
Emergency Instruction	An instruction issued by NGET in emergency circumstances, pursuant to BC2.9, to the Control Point of a User . In the case of such instructions applicable to a BM Unit , it may require an action or response which is outside the Dynamic Parameters , QPN or Other Relevant Data , and may include an instruction to trip a Genset .
Engineering Recommendations	The documents referred to as such and issued by the Electricity Association or the former Electricity Council.
<u>Estimated Registered</u> <u>Data</u>	Those items of Standard Planning Data and Detailed Planning Data which either upon connection will become Registered Data , or which for the purposes of the Plant and/or Apparatus concerned as at the date of submission are Registered Data , but in each case which for the seven succeeding Financial Years will be an estimate of what is expected.
European Specification	A common technical specification, a British Standard implementing a European standard or a European technical approval. The terms "common technical specification", "European standard" and "European technical approval" shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in the Regulations .
<u>Event</u>	An unscheduled or unplanned (although it may be anticipated) occurrence on, or relating to, a System (including Embedded Power Stations) including, without limiting that general description, faults, incidents and breakdowns and adverse weather conditions being experienced.
<u>Exciter</u>	The source of the electrical power providing the field current of a synchronous machine.
Excitation System	The equipment providing the field current of a machine, including all regulating and control elements, as well as field discharge or suppression equipment and protective devices.

Excitation System No- Load Negative Ceiling Voltage	The minimum value of direct voltage that the Excitation System is able to provide from its terminals when it is not loaded, which may be zero or a negative value.
Excitation System Nominal Response	Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in IEC 34-16-1:1991 [equivalent to British Standard BS 4999 Section 116.1 : 1992]. The time interval applicable is the first half-second of excitation system voltage response.
Excitation System On- Load Positive Ceiling Voltage	Shall have the meaning ascribed to the term 'Excitation system on load ceiling voltage' in IEC 34-16-1:1991[equivalent to British Standard BS 4999 Section 116.1 : 1992].
Excitation System No- Load Positive Ceiling Voltage	Shall have the meaning ascribed to the term 'Excitation system no load ceiling voltage' in IEC 34-16-1:1991[equivalent to British Standard BS 4999 Section 116.1 : 1992].
<u>Exemptable</u>	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC.
Existing AGR Plant	The following nuclear advanced gas cooled reactor plant (which was commissioned and connected to the Total System at the Transfer Date):- Dungeness B Hinkley Point B
	Heysham 2 Hartlepool Hunterston B Torness.
Existing AGR Plant Flexibility Limit	In respect of each Genset within each Existing AGR Plant which has a safety case enabling it to so operate, 8 (or such lower number which when added to the number of instances of reduction of output as instructed by NGET in relation to operation in Frequency Sensitive Mode totals 8) instances of flexibility in any calendar year (or such lower or greater number as may be agreed by the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate and notified to NGET) for the purpose of assisting in the period of low System NRAPM and/or low Localised NRAPM provided that in relation to each Generating Unit each change in output shall not be required to be to a level where the output of the reactor is less than 80% of the reactor thermal power limit (as notified to NGET and which corresponds to the limit of reactor thermal power as contained in the "Operating Rules" or "Identified Operating Instructions" forming part of the safety case agreed with the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate).

Existing Gas Cooled Both Existing Magnox Reactor Plant and Existing AGR Plant. Reactor Plant

Existing Magnox Reactor Plant	The following nuclear gas cooled reactor plant (which was commissioned and connected to the Total System at the Transfer Date):-
	Calder Hall Chapelcross Dungeness A Hinkley Point A Oldbury-on-Severn Bradwell Sizewell A Wylfa.
Export and Import Limits	Those parameters listed in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading BM Unit Data – Export and Import Limits .
External Interconnection	Apparatus for the transmission of electricity to or from the GB Transmission System or a User System into or out of an External System. For the avoidance of doubt, a single External Interconnection may comprise several circuits operating in parallel.
Externally Interconnected System Operator or EISO	A person who operates an External System which is connected to the GB Transmission System or a User System by an External Interconnection .
<u>External System</u>	In relation to an Externally Interconnected System Operator means the transmission or distribution system which it owns or operates which is located outside Great Britain and any Apparatus or Plant which connects that system to the External Interconnection and which is owned or operated by such Externally Interconnected System Operator .
Fault Current Interruption Time	The time interval from fault inception until the end of the break time of the circuit breaker (as declared by the manufacturers).
Fast Start	A start by a Genset with a Fast Start Capability.
Fast Start Capability	The ability of a Genset to be Synchronised and Loaded up to full Load within 5 minutes.
<u>Final Generation</u> Outage Programme	An outage programme as agreed by NGET with each Generator at various stages through the Operational Planning Phase and Programming Phase which does not commit the parties to abide by it, but which at various stages will be used as the basis on which GB Transmission System outages will be planned.
Final Physical Notification Data	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .

- Final ReportA report prepared by the Test Proposer at the conclusion of a System
Test for submission to NGET (if it did not propose the System Test) and
other members of the Test Panel.
- <u>Financial Year</u> Bears the meaning given in Condition A1 (Definitions and Interpretation) of NGET's Transmission Licence.

Flicker Severity (Long Term) A value derived from 12 successive measurements of **Flicker Severity** (**Short Term**) (over a two hour period) and a calculation of the cube root of the mean sum of the cubes of 12 individual measurements, as further set out in **Engineering Recommendation** P28 as current at the **Transfer Date**.

- **Flicker Severity (Short Term)** A measure of the visual severity of flicker derived from the time series output of a flickermeter over a 10 minute period and as such provides an indication of the risk of **Customer** complaints.
- Forecast Data Those items of Standard Planning Data and Detailed Planning Data which will always be forecast.
- **<u>Frequency</u>** The number of alternating current cycles per second (expressed in Hertz) at which a **System** is running.
- <u>AGR Unit</u> Each Generating Unit in an Existing AGR Plant for which the Generator has notified NGET that it has a safety case agreed with the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate enabling it to operate in Frequency Sensitive Mode, to the extent that such unit is within its Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit. Each such Generating Unit shall be treated as if it were operating in accordance with BC3.5.1 provided that it is complying with its Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit.
- **Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit** In respect of each **Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit**, 8 (or such lower number which when added to the number of instances of flexibility for the purposes of assisting in a period of low **System** or **Localised NRAPM** totals 8) instances of reduction of output in any calendar year as instructed by **NGET** in relation to operation in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** (or such greater number as may be agreed between **NGET** and the **Generator**), for the purpose of assisting with **Frequency** control, provided the level of operation of each **Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit** in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** shall not be outside that agreed by the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate in the relevant safety case.
- <u>Frequency Sensitive</u> <u>Mode</u> A Genset operating mode which will result in Active Power output changing, in response to a change in System Frequency, in a direction which assists in the recovery to Target Frequency, by operating so as to provide Primary Response and/or Secondary Response and/or High Frequency Response.

- <u>Fuel Security Code</u> The document of that title designated as such by the Secretary of State, as from time to time amended.
- <u>Gas Turbine Unit</u> A Generating Unit driven by a gas turbine (for instance by an aeroengine).
- <u>Gas Zone Diagram</u> A single line diagram showing boundaries of, and interfaces between, gasinsulated HV Apparatus modules which comprise part, or the whole, of a substation at a Connection Site, together with the associated stop valves and gas monitors required for the safe operation of the GB Transmission System or the User System, as the case may be.
- <u>Gate Closure</u> Has the meaning set out in the BSC.

<u>GB National Demand</u> The amount of electricity supplied from the **Grid Supply Points** plus:-

- that supplied by Embedded Large Power Stations, and
- GB Transmission System Losses,

minus:-

 the Demand taken by Station Transformers and Pumped Storage Units'

and, for the purposes of this definition, does not include:-

- any exports from the **GB Transmission System** across **External** Interconnections.
- <u>GB Transmission</u> <u>System</u> The system consisting (wholly or mainly) of high voltage electric lines owned or operated by Transmission Licensees within Great Britain and used for the transmission of electricity from one Power Station to a substation or to another Power Station or between sub-stations or to or from any External Interconnection, and includes any Plant and Apparatus and meters owned or operated by any Transmission Licensee within Great Britain in connection with the transmission of electricity but does not include any Remote Transmission Assets.

GB Transmission The amount of e System Demand

The amount of electricity supplied from the Grid Supply Points plus:-

- that supplied by Embedded Large Power Stations, and
 - exports from the **GB Transmission System** across **External** Interconnections, and
 - GB Transmission System Losses,

and, for the purposes of this definition, includes:-

• the **Demand** taken by **Station Transformers** and **Pumped Storage Units**.

<u>GB Transmission</u> <u>System Study Network</u> <u>Data File</u>	A computer file containing details of transmission plant and Large Power Stations and the configuration of the connection between them, together with data on Demand and on the GB Transmission System . These details, when read together as represented in the file, form NGET's view of an appropriate representation of the GB Transmission System for technical analysis purposes only. The file will only deal with the GB Transmission System		
<u>GB Transmission</u> System Warning	A war accord conditi	ning issued by NGET to Users (or to certain Users only) in Jance with OC7.4.8.2, which provides information relating to System ions or Events and is intended to :	
	(a)	alert Users to possible or actual Plant shortage, System problems and/or Demand reductions;	
	(b)	inform of the applicable period;	
	(c)	indicate intended consequences for Users; and	
	(d)	enable specified Users to be in a state of readiness to receive instructions from NGET .	
<u>GB Transmission</u> <u>System Warning -</u> <u>Demand Control</u> <u>Imminent</u>	A warning issued by NGET , in accordance with OC7.4.8.7, which is intended to provide short term notice, where possible, to those Users who are likely to receive Demand reduction instructions from NGET within 30 minutes.		
<u>GB Transmission</u> <u>System Warning - High</u> <u>Risk of Demand</u> <u>Reduction</u>	A war intend being Syste r	ning issued by NGET , in accordance with OC7.4.8.6, which is ed to alert recipients that there is a high risk of Demand reduction implemented and which may normally result from an inadequate m Margin .	
<u>GB Transmission</u> <u>System Warning -</u> Inadequate System <u>Margin</u>	A war intend not im	ning issued by NGET , in accordance with OC7.4.8.5, which is ed to alert recipients of an inadequate System Margin and which if proved may result in Demand reduction being instructed.	
	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

<u>GB Transmission</u> <u>System Warning - Risk</u> <u>of System Disturbance</u> A warning issued by NGET, in accordance with OC7.4.8.8, which is intended to alert Users of the risk of widespread and serious System disturbance which may affect Users.

<u>General Conditions or</u> That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the General Conditions.

Generating Plant	The difference between Output Usable and forecast Demand .
Demand Margin	·

<u>Generating Unit</u>	Unless otherwise provided in the Grid Code, any Apparatu produces electricity, including, a Synchronous Generating Unit a synchronous Generating Unit.	s which Ind Non-
Generating Unit Data	The Physical Notification, Export and Import Limits and Relevant Data only in respect of each Generating Unit:	d Other
	(a) which forms part of the BM Unit which represents that C Hydro Scheme ;	ascade
	(b) at an Embedded Exemptable Large Power Station , w relevant Bilateral Agreement specifies that compliance w and/or BC2 is required:	here the with BC1
	i) to each Generating Unit , or	
	ii) to each Power Park Module where the Power comprises Power Park Modules	Station
Generation Capacity	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .	
<u>Generation Planning</u> <u>Parameters</u>	Those parameters listed in Appendix 2 of OC2 .	
<u>Generator</u>	A person who generates electricity under licence or exemption u Act acting in its capacity as a generator in Great Britain .	nder the
<u>Generator</u> Performance Chart	A diagram which shows the MW and Mvar capability limits within Generating Unit will be expected to operate under steady state co	which a nditions.
<u>Genset</u>	A Generating Unit, Power Park Module or CCGT Module at Power Station or any Generating Unit, Power Park Module of Module which is directly connected to the GB Transmission Sy	a Large or CCGT stem.
<u>Good Industry</u> <u>Practice</u>	The exercise of that degree of skill, diligence, prudence and foresig would reasonably and ordinarily be expected from a skill experienced operator engaged in the same type of undertaking u same or similar circumstances.	∣ht which led and nder the
Governor Deadband	The total magnitude of the change in steady state speed (express range of Hz ($\pm x$ Hz) where "x" is a numerical value) within which th resultant change in the position of the governing valves of the spe Governing System.	sed as a ere is no eed/load
Great Britain or GB	Has the meaning set out in Schedule 1 of NGET's Transmission I	_icence.
Grid Code Review Panel or Panel	The panel with the functions set out in GC.4.	

- <u>Grid Entry Point</u> A point at which a Generating Unit or a CCGT Module or a CCGT Unit or a DC Converter or a Power Park Module, as the case may be, which is directly connected to the GB Transmission System connects to the GB Transmission System.
- <u>Grid Supply Point</u> A point of supply from the **GB Transmission System** to **Network Operators** or **Non-Embedded Customers**.
- <u>Group</u> Those GB Transmission System sub-stations bounded solely by the faulted circuit(s) and the overloaded circuit(s) excluding any third party connections between the Group and the rest of the GB Transmission System, the faulted circuit(s) being a Secured Event.
- **High Frequency Response** An automatic reduction in **Active Power** output in response to an increase in **System Frequency** above the **Target Frequency** (or such other level of **Frequency** as may have been agreed in an **Ancillary Services Agreement**). This reduction in **Active Power** output must be in accordance with the provisions of the relevant **Ancillary Services Agreement** which will provide that it will be released increasingly with time over the period 0 to 10 seconds from the time of the **Frequency** increase on the basis set out in the **Ancillary Services Agreement** and fully achieved within 10 seconds of the time of the start of the **Frequency** increase and it must be sustained at no lesser reduction thereafter. The interpretation of the **High Frequency Response** to a + 0.5 Hz frequency change is shown diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.3.
- <u>High Voltage or HV</u> In England and Wales, a voltage exceeding 650 volts. In Scotland, a voltage exceeding 1000 volts.
- <u>HV Connections</u> Apparatus connected at the same voltage as that of the GB Transmission System, including Users' circuits, the higher voltage windings of Users' transformers and associated connection Apparatus.

HP Turbine Power
FractionRatio of steady state mechanical power delivered by the HP turbine to the
total steady state mechanical power delivered by the total steam turbine at
Registered Capacity.

- **IEC** International Electrotechnical Commission.
- **IEC Standard** A standard approved by the International Electrotechnical Commission.
- Implementing Safety The Safety Co-ordinator implementing Safety Precautions. Co-ordinator
- Import Usable That portion of **Registered Import Capacity** which is expected to be available and which is not unavailable due to a **Planned Outage**.

<u>Test Panel</u>	A panel, whose composition is detailed in OC12, which is responsible, inter alia, for considering a proposed System Test , and submitting a Proposal Report and a Test Programme .
<u>Test Programme</u>	A programme submitted by the Test Panel to NGET , the Test Proposer , and each User identified by NGET under OC12.4.2.1, which states the switching sequence and proposed timings of the switching sequence, a list of those staff involved in carrying out the System Test (including those responsible for the site safety) and such other matters as the Test Panel deems appropriate.
<u>Test Proposer</u>	The person who submits a Proposal Notice .
<u>Total Shutdown</u>	The situation existing when all generation has ceased and there is no electricity supply from External Interconnections and, therefore, the Total System has shutdown with the result that it is not possible for the Total System to begin to function again without NGET's directions relating to a Black Start .
Total System	The GB Transmission System and all User Systems in Great Britain.
Trading Point	A commercial and, where so specified in the Grid Code , an operational interface between a User and NGET , which a User has notified to NGET .
Transfer Date	Such date as may be appointed by the Secretary of State by order under section 65 of the Act .
<u>Transmission</u>	Means, when used in conjunction with another term relating to equipment or a site, whether defined or not, that the associated term is to be read as being part of or directly associated with the GB Transmission System , and not of or with the User System .
Transmission Area	Has the meaning set out in the Transmission Licence of a Transmission Licensee .
<u>Transmission Entry</u> Capacity	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC .
<u>Transmission Interface</u> <u>Circuit</u>	In NGET's Transmission Area, a Transmission circuit which connects a System operating at a voltage above 132kV to a System operating at a voltage of 132kV or below
	In SHETL's Transmission Area and SPT's Transmission Area, a Transmission circuit which connects a System operating at a voltage of 132kV or above to a System operating at a voltage below 132kV.
Transmission Licence	A licence granted under Section 6(1)(b) of the Act.

<u>Transmission</u> Licensee	Means the holder for the time being of a Transmission Licence .
Transmission Site	In England and Wales, means a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by NGET in which there is a Connection Point . For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by a User but occupied by NGET as aforesaid, is a Transmission Site .
	In Scotland, means a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by a Relevant Transmission Licensee in which there is a Connection Point . For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by a User but occupied by the Relevant Transmission Licensee as aforesaid, is a Transmission Site .
Transmission System	Has the same meaning as the term "licensee's transmission system" in the Transmission Licence of a Transmission Licensee .
<u>Turbine Time Constant</u>	Determined at Registered Capacity , the turbine time constant will be construed in accordance with the principles of the IEEE Committee Report "Dynamic Models for Steam and Hydro Turbines in Power System Studies" published in 1973 which apply to such phrase.
Two Shifting Limit	The maximum number of times in any Operational Day that a Genset may De-Synchronise .
Unbalanced Load	The situation where the Load on each phase is not equal.
<u>Under-excitation</u> <u>Limiter</u>	Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in IEC 34-16-1:1991 [equivalent to British Standard BS 4999 Section 116.1 : 1992].
<u>Under Frequency</u> <u>Relay</u>	An electrical measuring relay intended to operate when its characteristic quantity (Frequency) reaches the relay settings by decrease in Frequency .
<u>Unit Board</u>	A switchboard through which electrical power is supplied to the Auxiliaries of a Generating Unit and which is supplied by a Unit Transformer . It may be interconnected with a Station Board .
<u>Unit Transformer</u>	A transformer directly connected to a Generating Unit's terminals, and which supplies power to the Auxiliaries of a Generating Unit . Typical voltage ratios are 23/11kV and 15/6.6Kv.
<u>Unit Load Controller</u> <u>Response Time</u> <u>Constant</u>	The time constant, expressed in units of seconds, of the power output increase which occurs in the Secondary Response timescale in response to a step change in System Frequency .

<u>User</u>	A term using each s Cond i	a utilised in various sections of the Grid Code to refer to the persons the GB Transmission System , as more particularly identified in section of the Grid Code concerned. In the Preface and the General itions the term means any person to whom the Grid Code applies.	
<u>User Development</u>	In the the G Plant Syste within	PC means either User's Plant and/or Apparatus to be connected to B Transmission System, or a Modification relating to a User's and/or Apparatus already connected to the GB Transmission m, or a proposed new connection or Modification to the connection the User System.	
<u>User Site</u>	In Enç licenco Point . a Use	gland and Wales, a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, e or other agreement) by a User in which there is a Connection For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by NGET but occupied by r as aforesaid, is a User Site .	
	In Sco agree avoida but oc	tland, a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other ment) by a User in which there is a Connection Point . For the ance of doubt, a site owned by a Relevant Transmission Licensee cupied by a User as aforesaid, is a User Site .	
User System	Any sy	vstem owned or operated by a User comprising:-	
	(a)	Generating Units; and/or	
	(b)	Systems consisting (wholly or mainly) of electric lines used for the distribution of electricity from Grid Supply Points or Generating Units or other entry points to the point of delivery to Customers , or other Users ;	
	and Plant and/or Apparatus connecting:-		
	(c)	The system as described above; or	
	(d)	Non-Embedded Customers equipment;	
	to the the ca	GB Transmission System or to the relevant other User System , as se may be.	
	The U by suc ownec distrib Trans	ser System includes any Remote Transmission Assets operated th User or other person and any Plant and/or Apparatus and meters d or operated by the User or other person in connection with the ution of electricity but does not include any part of the GB mission System.	
<u>User System Entry</u> Point	A poin Powe Embe	t at which a Generating Unit , a CCGT Module or a CCGT Unit or a r Park Module or a DC Converter , as the case may be, which is dded connects to the User System .	
Water Time Constant	Bears	the meaning ascribed to the term "Water inertia time" in IEC 308.	

<u>Weekly ACS</u> Conditions	Means that particular combination of weather elements that gives rise to a level of peak Demand within a week, taken to commence on a Monday and end on a Sunday, which has a particular chance of being exceeded as a result of weather variation alone. This particular chance is determined such that the combined probabilities of Demand in all weeks of the year exceeding the annual peak Demand under Annual ACS Conditions is 50%, and in the week of maximum risk the weekly peak Demand under Meekly ACS Conditions is equal to the annual peak Demand under Annual ACS Conditions .
Zonal System Security Requirements	That generation required, within the boundary circuits defining the System Zone , which when added to the secured transfer capability of the boundary circuits exactly matches the Demand within the System Zone .

A number of the terms listed above are defined in other documents, such as the **Balancing and Settlement Code** and the **Transmission Licence**. Appendix 1 sets out the current definitions from the other documents of those terms so used in the **Grid Code** and defined in other documents for ease of reference, but does not form part of the **Grid Code**.

PLANNING CODE

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APPENDIX C

PART 1 – SSE'S TECHNICAL AND DESIGN CRITERIA PART 2 – SPT'S TECHNICAL AND DESIGN CRITERIA

- is obliged to use it in the preparation of the Seven Year Statement and in any further information given pursuant to the Seven Year Statement;
- (b) is obliged to use it when considering and/or advising on applications (or possible applications) of other Users (including making use of it by giving data from it, both orally and in writing, to other Users making an application (or considering or discussing a possible application) which is, in NGET's view, relevant to that other application or possible application);
- (c) is obliged to use it for operational planning purposes;
- (d) is obliged under the terms of an **Interconnection Agreement** to pass it on as part of system information on the **Total System**.
- (e) is obliged to disclose it under **STC**.

To reflect different types of data, **Preliminary Project Planning Data** and **Committed Project Planning Data** are themselves divided into:

- (a) those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** which will always be forecast, known as **Forecast Data**; and
- (b) those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** which relate to **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** which upon connection will become **Registered Data**, but which prior to connection, for the seven succeeding **Financial Years**, will be an estimate of what is expected, known as **Estimated Registered Data**.

Connected Planning Data

PC.5.5 The PC requires that, at the time that a Statement of Readiness is submitted under the Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement, any estimated values assumed for planning purposes are confirmed or, where practical, replaced by validated actual values and by updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for forecast data items such as Demand. In the case of an Embedded Development the relevant Network Operator will update any estimated values assumed for planning purposes with validated actual values as soon as reasonably practicable after energisation. This data is then termed Connected Planning Data.

To reflect the three types of data referred to above, **Connected Planning Data** is itself divided into:

- (a) those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** which will always be forecast data, known as **Forecast Data**; and
- (b) those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** which upon connection become fixed (subject to any subsequent changes), known as **Registered Data**; and

(c) those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** which for the purposes of the **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** concerned as at the date of submission are **Registered Data** but which for the seven succeeding **Financial Years** will be an estimate of what is expected, known as **Estimated Registered Data**,

as more particularly provided in the Appendix.

- PC.5.6 Connected Planning Data, together with Connection Entry Capacity and Transmission Entry Capacity data from the CUSC Contract, and other data held by NGET relating to the GB Transmission System, will form the background against which new applications by any User will be considered and against which planning of the GB Transmission System will be undertaken. Accordingly, Connected Planning Data, Connection Entry Capacity and Transmission Entry Capacity data will not be treated as confidential to the extent that NGET:
 - (a) is obliged to use it in the preparation of the Seven Year Statement and in any further information given pursuant to the Seven Year Statement;
 - (b) is obliged to use it when considering and/or advising on applications (or possible applications) of other Users (including making use of it by giving data from it, both orally and in writing, to other Users making an application (or considering or discussing a possible application) which is, in NGET's view, relevant to that other application or possible application);
 - (c) is obliged to use it for operational planning purposes;
 - (d) is obliged under the terms of an **Interconnection Agreement** to pass it on as part of system information on the **Total System**.
 - (e) is obliged to disclose it under the **STC**.

PC.5.7 **Committed Project Planning Data** and **Connected Planning Data** will each contain both **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data**.

PC.6 PLANNING STANDARDS

PC.6.1 NGET shall apply the Licence Standards relevant to planning and development, in the planning and development of its Transmission System. NGET shall procure that each Relevant Transmission Licensee shall apply the Licence Standards relevant to planning and development, in the planning and development of the Transmission System of each Relevant Transmission Licensee.

- PC.6.2 In relation to Scotland, Appendix C lists the technical and design criteria applied in the planning and development of each **Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission System**. The criteria are subject to review in accordance with each **Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission Licence** conditions. Copies of these documents are available from **NGET** on request. **NGET** will charge an amount sufficient to recover its reasonable costs incurred in providing this service.
- PC.7 PLANNING LIAISON
- PC.7.1 This PC.7 applies to **NGET** and **Users**, which in PC.7 means
 - (a) Network Operators
 - (b) Non-Embedded Customers
- PC.7.2 As described in PC.2.1 (b) an objective of the **PC** is to provide for the supply of information to **NGET** by **Users** in order that planning and development of the **GB Transmission System** can be undertaken in accordance with the relevant **Licence Standards**.
- PC.7.3 Grid Code amendment B/07 ("Amendment B/07") implemented changes to the Grid Code which included amendments to the datasets provided by both NGET and Users to inform the planning and development of the GB Transmission System. The Authority has determined that these changes are to have a phased implementation. Consequently the provisions of Appendix A to the PC include specific years (ranging from 2009 to 2011) with effect from which certain of the specific additional obligations brought about by Amendment B/07 on NGET and Users are to take effect. Where specific provisions of paragraphs PC.A.4.1.4, PC.A.4.2.2 and PC.A.4.3.1 make reference to a year, then the obligation on NGET and the Users shall be required to be met by the relevant calendar week (as specified within such provision) in such year.

In addition to the phased implementation of aspects of Amendment B/07, **Users** must discuss and agree with **NGET** by no later than 31 March 2009 a more detailed implementation programme to facilitate the implementation of **Grid Code** amendment B/07.

It shall also be noted by **NGET** and **Users** that the dates set out in PC.A.4 are intended to be minimum requirements and are not intended to restrict a **User** and **NGET** from the earlier fulfilment of the new requirements prior to the specified years. Where **NGET** and a **User** wish to follow the new requirements from earlier dates than those specified, this will be set out in the more detailed implementation programme agreed between **NGET** and the **User**.

The following provisions of PC.7 shall only apply with effect from 1 January 2011.

PC.7.4 Following the submission of data by a **User** in or after week 24 of each year **NGET** will provide information to **Users** by calendar week 6 of the following year regarding the results of any relevant assessment that has been made by **NGET** based upon such data submissions to verify whether **Connection Points** are compliant with the relevant **Licence Standards**.

- PC.7.5 Where the result of any assessment identifies possible future non-compliance with the relevant **Licence Standards NGET** shall notify the relevant **User(s)** of this fact as soon as reasonably practicable and shall agree with **Users** any opportunity to resubmit data to allow for a reassessment in accordance with PC.7.5.
- PC.7.6 Following any notification by **NGET** to a **User** pursuant to PC.7.4 and following any further discussions held between the **User** and **NGET**:
 - i) **NGET** and the **User** may agree revisions to the **Access Periods** for relevant **Transmission Interface Circuits**, such revisions shall not however permit an **Access Period** to be less than 4 continuous weeks in duration or to occur other than between calendar weeks 10 and 43 (inclusive); and/or,
 - ii) The **User** shall as soon as reasonably practicable
 - a) submit further relevant data to **NGET** that is to **NGET's** reasonable satisfaction; and/or,
 - b) modify data previously submitted pursuant to this **PC**, such modified data to be to **NGET's** reasonable satisfaction; and/or
 - c) notify **NGET** that it is the intention of the **User** to leave the data as originally submitted to **NGET** to stand as its submission.
- PC.7.7 Where an **Access Period** is amended pursuant to PC.7.5 (i) **NGET** shall notify **The Authority** that it has been necessary to do so.
- PC.7.8 When it is agreed that any resubmission of data is unlikely to confirm future compliance with the relevant **Licence Standards** the **Modification** process in the **CUSC** may apply.
- PC.7.9 A User may at any time, in writing, request further specified GB Transmission System network data in order to provide NGET with viable User network data (as required under this PC). Upon receipt of such request NGET shall consider, and where appropriate provide such GB Transmission System network data to the User as soon as reasonably practicable following the request.
APPENDIX A

PLANNING DATA REQUIREMENTS

PC.A.1. INTRODUCTION

PC.A.1.1 The Appendix specifies data requirements to be submitted to **NGET** by **Users**, and in certain circumstances to **Users** by **NGET**.

Submissions by Users

- PC.A.1.2 (a) Planning data submissions by **Users** shall be:
 - (i) with respect to each of the seven succeeding Financial Years (other than in the case of Registered Data which will reflect the current position and data relating to Demand forecasts which relates also to the current year);
 - (ii) provided by **Users** in connection with a **CUSC Contract** (PC.4.1, PC.4.4 and PC.4.5 refer);
 - (iii) provided by Users on a routine annual basis in calendar week 24 of each year to maintain an up-to-date data bank (although Network Operators may delay the submission of data (other than that to be submitted pursuant to PC.3.2(c) and PC.3.2(d)) until calendar week 28). Where from the date of one annual submission to another there is no change in the data (or in some of the data) to be submitted, instead of re-submitting the data, a User may submit a written statement that there has been no change from the data (or some of the data) submitted the previous time; and
 - (iv) provided by **Network Operators** in connection with **Embedded Development** (PC.4.4 refers).
 - (b) Where there is any change (or anticipated change) in Committed Project Planning Data or a significant change in Connected Planning Data in the category of Forecast Data or any change (or anticipated change) in Connected Planning Data in the categories of Registered Data or Estimated Registered Data supplied to NGET under the PC, notwithstanding that the change may subsequently be notified to NGET under the PC as part of the routine annual update of data (or that the change may be a Modification under the CUSC), the User shall, subject to PC.A.3.2.3 and PC.A.3.2.4, notify NGET in writing without delay.
 - (c) The notification of the change will be in the form required under this **PC** in relation to the supply of that data and will also contain the following information:
 - (i) the time and date at which the change became, or is expected to become, effective;

- (ii) if the change is only temporary, an estimate of the time and date at which the data will revert to the previous registered form.
- (d) The routine annual update of data, referred to in (a)(iii) above, need not be submitted in respect of Small Power Stations or Embedded installations of direct current converters which do not form a DC Converter Station (except as provided in PC.3.2.(c)), or unless specifically requested by NGET, or unless otherwise specifically provided.

PC.A.1.3 Submissions by NGET

Network Data release by NGET shall be:

- (a) with respect to the current **Financial Year**;
- (b) provided by NGET on a routine annual basis in calendar week 42 of each year. Where from the date of one annual submission to another there is no change in the data (or in some of the data) to be released, instead of repeating the data, NGET may release a written statement that there has been no change from the data (or some of the data) released the previous time.

The three parts of the Appendix

PC.A.1.4 The data requirements listed in this Appendix are subdivided into the following three parts:

(a) Standard Planning Data

This data (as listed in Part 1 of the Appendix) is first to be provided by a **User** at the time of an application for a **CUSC Contract** or in accordance with PC.4.4.3. It comprises data which is expected normally to be sufficient for **NGET** to investigate the impact on the **GB Transmission System** of any **User Development** or **Embedded Development** associated with an application by the **User** for a **CUSC Contract**. **Users** should note that the term **Standard Planning Data** also includes the information referred to in PC.4.4.1.(a) and PC.4.4.3.(a).

(b) **Detailed Planning Data**

This data (as listed in Part 2 of the Appendix) is usually first to be provided by the **User** within 28 days (or such longer period as **NGET** may agree in any particular case) of the offer for a **CUSC Contract**, being accepted by the **User**. In the case of an **Embedded Development** this data (as listed in Part 2 of the Appendix) is usually first to be provided by the relevant **Network Operator** within 28 days (or such longer period as **NGET** may agree in any particular case) of entry into the **Embedded Development Agreement**. It comprises additional, more detailed, data not normally expected to be required by **NGET** to investigate the impact on the **GB Transmission System** of any **User Development** associated with an application by the **User** for a **CUSC Contract** or **Embedded Development Agreement**. **Users**, and

Network Operators in respect of **Embedded Developments** should note that, although not needed within 28 days of the offer or entry into the

Embedded Development Agreement, as the case may be, the term Detailed Planning Data also includes Operation Diagrams and Site Common Drawings produced in accordance with the CC.

The User may, however, be required by NGET to provide the Detailed Planning Data in advance of the normal timescale before NGET can make an offer for a CUSC Contract, as explained in PC.4.5.

(c) <u>Network Data</u> The data requirements for **NGET** in this Appendix are in Part 3.

Forecast Data, Registered Data and Estimated Registered Data

- PC.A.1.5 As explained in PC.5.4 and PC.5.5, **Planning Data** is divided into:
 - (i) those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** known as **Forecast Data**; and
 - (ii) those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** known as **Registered Data**; and
 - (iii) those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** known as **Estimated Registered Data**.
- PC.A.1.6 The following paragraphs in this Appendix relate to **Forecast Data**:
 - 3.2.2(b), (h), (i) and (j) 4.2.1 4.3.1 4.3.2 4.3.3 4.3.4 4.3.5 4.5 4.7.1 5.2.1 5.2.2 5.6.1
- PC.A.1.7 The following paragraphs in this Appendix relate to **Registered Data** and **Estimated Registered Data**:
 - 2.2.1 2.2.4 2.2.5 2.2.6 2.3.1 2.4.1 2.4.2 3.2.2(a), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i)(part) and (j) 3.4.1

3.4.2 4.2.3 4.5(a)(i), (a)(iii), (b)(i) and (b)(iii) 4.6 5.3.2 5.4 5.4.2 5.4.3 5.5 5.6.3 6.2 6.3

- PC.A.1.8 The data supplied under PC.A.3.3.1, although in the nature of **Registered Data**, is only supplied either upon application for a **CUSC Contract**, or in accordance with PC.4.4.3, and therefore does not fall to be **Registered Data**, but is **Estimated Registered Data**.
- PC.A.1.9 Forecast Data must contain the User's best forecast of the data being forecast, acting as a reasonable and prudent User in all the circumstances.
- PC.A.1.10 Registered Data must contain validated actual values, parameters or other information (as the case may be) which replace the estimated values, parameters or other information (as the case may be) which were given in relation to those data items when they were Preliminary Project Planning Data and Committed Project Planning Data, or in the case of changes, which replace earlier actual values, parameters or other information (as the case may Until amended pursuant to the Grid Code, these actual values, be). parameters or other information (as the case may be) will be the basis upon which the **GB Transmission System** is planned, designed, built and operated in accordance with, amongst other things, the **Transmission Licences**, the STC and the Grid Code, and on which NGET therefore relies. In following the processes set out in the BCs, NGET will use the data which has been supplied to it under the BCs and the data supplied under OC2 in relation to Gensets, but the provision of such data will not alter the data supplied by Users under the PC, which may only be amended as provided in the PC.
- PC.A.1.11 **Estimated Registered Data** must contain the **User's** best estimate of the values, parameters or other information (as the case may be), acting as a reasonable and prudent **User** in all the circumstances.
- PC.A.1.12 Certain data does not need to be supplied in relation to **Embedded Power** Stations or **Embedded DC Converter Stations** where these are connected at a voltage level below the voltage level directly connected to the **GB Transmission System** except in connection with a **CUSC Contract**, or unless specifically requested by **NGET**.

PART 1 STANDARD PLANNING DATA

- PC.A.2 USER'S SYSTEM DATA
- PC.A.2.1 Introduction
- PC.A.2.1.1 Each User, whether connected directly via an existing Connection Point to the **GB Transmission System,** or seeking such a direct connection, shall provide NGET with data on its User System which relates to the Connection Site and/or which may have a system effect on the performance of the GB Transmission System. Such data, current and forecast, is specified in PC.A.2.2 to PC.A.2.5. In addition each Generator in respect of its Embedded Large Power Stations and its Embedded Medium Power Stations subject to a Bilateral Agreement and each Network Operator in respect of Embedded Medium Power Stations within its System not subject to a Bilateral Agreement connected to the Subtransmission System, shall provide NGET with fault infeed data as specified in PC.A.2.5.5 and each DC Converter owner with Embedded DC Converter Stations subject to a Bilateral Agreement, or Network Operator in the case of Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**, connected to the **Subtransmission System** shall provide NGET with fault infeed data as specified in PC.A.2.5.6.
- PC.A.2.1.2 Each **User** must reflect the system effect at the **Connection Site(s)** of any third party **Embedded** within its **User System** whether existing or proposed.
- PC.A.2.1.3 Although not itemised here, each User with an existing or proposed Embedded Small Power Station, Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station with a Registered Capacity of less than 100MW or an Embedded installation of direct current converters which does not form a DC Converter Station in its User System may, at NGET's reasonable discretion, be required to provide additional details relating to the User's System between the Connection Site and the existing or proposed Embedded Small Power Station, Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station or Embedded installation of direct current converters which does not form a DC Converter Station.
- PC.A.2.1.4 At **NGET**'s reasonable request, additional data on the **User's System** will need to be supplied. Some of the possible reasons for such a request, and the data required, are given in PC.A.6.2, PC.A.6.4, PC.A.6.5 and PC.A.6.6.
- PC.A.2.2 User's System Layout
- PC.A.2.2.1 Each **User** shall provide a **Single Line Diagram**, depicting both its existing and proposed arrangement(s) of load current carrying **Apparatus** relating to both existing and proposed **Connection Points**.
- PC.A.2.2.2 The **Single Line Diagram** (three examples are shown in Appendix B) must include all parts of the **User System** operating at **Supergrid Voltage** throughout **Great Britain** and, in Scotland, also all parts of the **User System** operating at 132kV, and those parts of its **Subtransmission System** at any **Transmission Site**. In addition, the **Single Line Diagram** must include all

parts of the **User's Subtransmission System** throughout **Great Britain** operating at a voltage greater than 50kV, and, in Scotland, also all parts of the **User's Subtransmission System** operating at a voltage greater than 30kV, which, under either intact network or **Planned Outage** conditions:-

- (a) normally interconnects separate **Connection Points**, or busbars at a **Connection Point** which are normally run in separate sections; or
- (b) connects **Embedded Large Power Stations**, or **Embedded Medium Power Stations**, or **Embedded DC Converter Stations** connected to the **User's Subtransmission System**, to a **Connection Point**.

At the **User's** discretion, the **Single Line Diagram** can also contain additional details of the **User's Subtransmission System** not already included above, and also details of the transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage. With **NGET's** agreement, the **Single Line Diagram** can also contain information about the **User's System** at a voltage below the voltage of the **Subtransmission System**.

The **Single Line Diagram** for a **Power Park Module** must include all parts of the System connecting generating equipment to the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**). As an alternative the **User** may choose to submit a **Single Line Diagram** with the equipment between the equivalent **Power Park Unit** and the **Common Collection Busbar** reduced to an electrically equivalent network. The format for a **Single Line Diagram** for a **Power Park Module** electrically equivalent system is shown in Appendix B.

The **Single Line Diagram** must include the points at which **Demand** data (provided under PC.A.4.3.4 and PC.A.4.3.5, or in the case of **Generators**, PC.A.5.) and fault infeed data (provided under PC.A.2.5) are supplied.

- PC.A.2.2.3 The above mentioned **Single Line Diagram** shall include:
 - (a) electrical circuitry (ie. overhead lines, identifying which circuits are on the same towers, underground cables, power transformers, reactive compensation equipment and similar equipment); and
 - (b) substation names (in full or abbreviated form) with operating voltages.

In addition, for all load current carrying **Apparatus** operating at **Supergrid Voltage** throughout **Great Britain** and, in Scotland, also at 132kV, the **Single Line Diagram** shall include:-

- (a) circuit breakers
- (b) phasing arrangements.
- PC.A.2.2.3.1 For the avoidance of doubt, the **Single Line Diagram** to be supplied is in addition to the **Operation Diagram** supplied pursuant to CC.7.4.

PC.A.2.2.4 For each circuit shown on the **Single Line Diagram** provided under PC.A.2.2.1, each **User** shall provide the following details relating to that part of its **User System:**

Circuit Parameters:

Rated voltage (kV) Operating voltage (kV) Positive phase sequence reactance Positive phase sequence resistance Positive phase sequence susceptance Zero phase sequence reactance (both self and mutual) Zero phase sequence resistance (both self and mutual) Zero phase sequence susceptance (both self and mutual)

In the case of a **Single Line Diagram** for a **Power Park Module** electrically equivalent system the data should be on a 100MVA base. Depending on the equivalent system supplied an equivalent tap changer range may need to be supplied. Similarly mutual values, rated voltage and operating voltage may be inappropriate.

PC.A.2.2.5 For each transformer shown on the **Single Line Diagram** provided under PC.A.2.2.1, each **User** shall provide the following details:

Rated MVA Voltage Ratio Winding arrangement Positive sequence reactance (max, min and nominal tap) Positive sequence resistance (max, min and nominal tap) Zero sequence reactance

PC.A.2.2.5.1. In addition, for all interconnecting transformers between the User's Supergrid Voltage System and the User's Subtransmission System throughout Great Britain and, in Scotland, also for all interconnecting transformers between the User's 132kV System and the User's Subtransmission System the User shall supply the following information:-

> Tap changer range Tap change step size Tap changer type: on load or off circuit Earthing method: Direct, resistance or reactance Impedance (if not directly earthed)

- PC.A.2.2.6 Each **User** shall supply the following information about the **User's** equipment installed at a **Transmission Site**:-
 - (a) <u>Switchgear.</u> For all circuit breakers:-

Rated voltage (kV) Operating voltage (kV) Rated 3-phase rms short-circuit breaking current, (kA) Rated 1-phase rms short-circuit breaking current, (kA) Rated 3-phase peak short-circuit making current, (kA) Rated 1-phase peak short-circuit making current, (kA) Rated rms continuous current (A) DC time constant applied at testing of asymmetrical breaking abilities (secs)

(b) <u>Substation Infrastructure.</u> For the substation infrastructure (including, but not limited to, switch disconnectors, disconnectors, current transformers, line traps, busbars, through bushings, etc):-

Rated 3-phase rms short-circuit withstand current (kA) Rated 1-phase rms short-circuit withstand current (kA). Rated 3-phase short-circuit peak withstand current (kA) Rated 1- phase short-circuit peak withstand current (kA) Rated duration of short circuit withstand (secs) Rated rms continuous current (A)

A single value for the entire substation may be supplied, provided it represents the most restrictive item of current carrying apparatus.

- PC.A.2.3 Lumped System Susceptance
- PC.A.2.3.1 For all parts of the **User's Subtransmission System** which are not included in the **Single Line Diagram** provided under PC.A.2.2.1, each **User** shall provide the equivalent lumped shunt susceptance at nominal **Frequency**.
- PC.A.2.3.1.1 This should include shunt reactors connected to cables which are <u>not</u> normally in or out of service independent of the cable (ie. they are regarded as part of the cable).
- PC.A.2.3.1.2 This should <u>not</u> include:
 - (a) independently switched reactive compensation equipment connected to the **User's System** specified under PC.A.2.4, or;
 - (b) any susceptance of the **User's System** inherent in the **Demand** (**Reactive Power**) data specified under PC.A.4.3.1.
- PC.A.2.4 Reactive Compensation Equipment
- PC.A.2.4.1 For all independently switched reactive compensation equipment, including that shown on the **Single Line Diagram**, not operated by **NGET** and connected to the **User's System** at 132kV and above in England and Wales and 33kV and above in Scotland, other than power factor correction equipment associated directly with **Customers' Plant** and **Apparatus**, the following information is required:

- (a) type of equipment (eg. fixed or variable);
- (b) capacitive and/or inductive rating or its operating range in Mvar;
- (c) details of any automatic control logic to enable operating characteristics to be determined;
- (d) the point of connection to the **User's System** in terms of electrical location and **System** voltage.
- PC.A.2.4.2 **DC Converter Station** owners are also required to provide information about the reactive compensation and harmonic filtering equipment required to ensure that their **Plant** and **Apparatus** complies with the criteria set out in CC.6.1.5.

PC.A.2.5 Short Circuit Contribution to **GB Transmission System**

- PC.A.2.5.1 General
 - (a) To allow **NGET** to calculate fault currents, each **User** is required to provide data, calculated in accordance with **Good Industry Practice**, as set out in the following paragraphs of PC.A.2.5.
 - (b) The data should be provided for the User's System with all Generating Units, Power Park Units and DC Converters Synchronised to that User's System. The User must ensure that the pre-fault network conditions reflect a credible System operating arrangement.
 - (c) The list of data items required, in whole or part, under the following provisions, is set out in PC.A.2.5.6. Each of the relevant following provisions identifies which data items in the list are required for the situation with which that provision deals.

The fault currents in sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) of the data list in PC.A.2.5.6 should be based on an a.c. load flow that takes into account any pre-fault current flow across the **Point of Connection** being considered.

Measurements made under appropriate **System** conditions may be used by the **User** to obtain the relevant data.

- (d) NGET may at any time, in writing, specifically request for data to be provided for an alternative System condition, for example minimum plant, and the User will, insofar as such request is reasonable, provide the information as soon as reasonably practicable following the request.
- PC.A.2.5.2 Network Operators and Non-Embedded Customers are required to submit data in accordance with PC.A.2.5.4. Generators, DC Converter Station owners and Network Operators, in respect of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and Embedded DC

Converter Stations not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** within such **Network Operator's Systems** are required to submit data in accordance with PC.A.2.5.5.

PC.A.2.5.3 Where prospective short-circuit currents on equipment owned, operated or managed by **NGET** are close to the equipment rating, and in **NGET**'s reasonable opinion more accurate calculations of the prospective short circuit currents are required, then **NGET** will request additional data as outlined in PC.A.6.6 below.

PC.A.2.5.4 Data from Network Operators and Non-Embedded Customers

Data is required to be provided at each node on the **Single Line Diagram** provided under PC.A.2.2.1 at which motor loads and/or **Embedded Small Power Stations** and/or **Embedded Medium Power Stations** and/or **Embedded** installations of direct current converters which do not form a DC **Converter Station** are connected, assuming a fault at that location, as follows:-

The data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.2.5.6:-

(a) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi);

and the data items shall be provided in accordance with the detailed provisions of PC.A.2.5.6(c) - (f).

- PC.A.2.5.5 Data from Generators, DC Converter Station owners and from Network Operators in respect of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement within such Network Operator's Systems.
- PC.A.2.5.5.1 For each Generating Unit with one or more associated Unit Transformers, the Generator, or the Network Operator in respect of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement within such Network Operator's System is required to provide values for the contribution of the Power Station Auxiliaries (including Auxiliary Gas Turbines or Auxiliary Diesel Engines) to the fault current flowing through the Unit Transformer(s).

The data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.2.5.6(a) should be provided:-

- (i), (ii) and (v);
- (iii) if the associated Generating Unit step-up transformer can supply zero phase sequence current from the Generating Unit side to the GB Transmission System;
- (iv) if the value is not 1.0 p.u;

and the data items shall be provided in accordance with the detailed provisions of PC.A.2.5.6(c) - (f), and with the following parts of this PC.A.2.5.5.

- PC.A.2.5.5.2 Auxiliary motor short circuit current contribution and any **Auxiliary Gas Turbine Unit** contribution through the **Unit Transformers** must be represented as a combined short circuit current contribution at the **Generating Unit's** terminals, assuming a fault at that location.
- PC.A.2.5.5.3 If the **Power Station** or **DC Converter Station** has separate **Station Transformers**, data should be provided for the fault current contribution from each transformer at its high voltage terminals, assuming a fault at that location, as follows:-

The data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.2.5.6

(a) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi);

and the data items shall be provided in accordance with the detailed provisions of PC.A.2.5.6(b) - (f).

- PC.A.2.5.5.4 Data for the fault infeeds through both **Unit Transformers** and **Station Transformers** shall be provided for the normal running arrangement when the maximum number of **Generating Units** are **Synchronised** to the **System** or when all the **DC Converters** at a **DC Converter Station** are transferring **Rated MW** in either direction. Where there is an alternative running arrangement (or transfer in the case of a **DC Converter Station**) which can give a higher fault infeed through the **Station Transformers**, then a separate data submission representing this condition shall be made.
- PC.A.2.5.5.5 Unless the normal operating arrangement within the **Power Station** is to have the **Station** and **Unit Boards** interconnected within the **Power Station**, no account should be taken of the interconnection between the **Station Board** and the **Unit Board**.
- PC.A.2.5.5.6 Auxiliary motor short circuit current contribution and any auxiliary **DC Converter Station** contribution through the **Station Transformers** must be represented as a combined short circuit current contribution through the **Station Transformers**.
- PC.A.2.5.5.7 For each **Power Park Module** and each type of **Power Park Unit (**eg. Doubly Fed Induction Generator), including any **Auxiliaries**, positive, negative and zero sequence root mean square current values are to be provided of the contribution to the short circuit current flowing at
 - (i) the **Power Park Unit** terminals, or the **Common Collection Busbar** if an equivalent **Single Line Diagram** and associated data as described in PC.A.2.2.2 is provided, and
 - (ii) the Grid Entry Point, or User System Entry Point if Embedded

for the following solid faults at the **Grid Entry Point**, or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**:

- (i) a symmetrical three phase short circuit
- (ii) a single phase to earth short circuit
- (iii) a phase to phase short circuit
- (iv) a two phase to earth short circuit

For a **Power Park Module** in which one or more of the **Power Park Units** utilise a protective control such as a crowbar circuit, the data should indicate whether the protective control will act in each of the above cases and the effects of its action shall be included in the data. For any case in which the protective control will act, the data for the fault shall also be submitted for the limiting case in which the protective circuit will not act, which may involve the application of a non-solid fault, and the positive, negative and zero sequence retained voltages at

- (i) the **Power Park Unit** terminals, or the **Common Collection Busbar** if an equivalent **Single Line Diagram** and associated data is provided and
- (ii) the Grid Entry Point, or User System Entry Point if Embedded

in this limiting case shall be provided.

For each fault for which data is submitted, the data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.2.5.6(a) shall be provided:-

(iv), (vii), (viii), (ix), (x);

In addition, if an equivalent **Single Line Diagram** has been provided the data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.2.5.6(a) shall be provided:-

(xi), (xii), (xiii);

In addition, for a **Power Park Module** in which one or more of the **Power Park Units** utilise a protective control such as a crowbar circuit:-

the data items listed under the following parts of P.C.A.2.5.6(a) shall be provided:-

(xiv), (xv);

All of the above data items shall be provided in accordance with the detailed provisions of PC.A.2.5.6(c), (d), (f).

Should actual data in respect of fault infeeds be unavailable at the time of the application for a **CUSC Contract** or **Embedded Development Agreement**, a limited subset of the data, representing the maximum fault infeed that may result from all of the plant types being considered, shall be submitted. This data will, as a minimum, represent the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the fault current for both single phase and three phase solid faults at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**) at the time of fault application and 50ms following fault application. Actual data in respect of fault infeeds shall be submitted to **NGET** as soon as it is available, in line with PC.A.1.2

PC.A.2.5.6 Data Items

- (a) The following is the list of data utilised in this part of the **PC**. It also contains rules on the data which generally apply:-
 - (i) Root mean square of the symmetrical three-phase short circuit current infeed at the instant of fault, (I₁");
 - (ii) Root mean square of the symmetrical three-phase short circuit current after the subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed, (I₁');
 - the zero sequence source resistance and reactance values of the User's System as seen from the node on the Single Line Diagram provided under PC.A.2.2.1 (or Station Transformer high voltage terminals or Generating Unit terminals or DC Converter terminals, as appropriate) consistent with the infeed described in PC.A.2.5.1.(b);
 - (iv) root mean square of the pre-fault voltage at which the maximum fault currents were calculated;
 - (v) the positive sequence X/R ratio at the instant of fault;
 - (vi) the negative sequence resistance and reactance values of the User's System seen from the node on the Single Line Diagram provided under PC.A.2.2.1 (or Station Transformer high voltage terminals, or Generating Unit terminals or DC Converter terminals if appropriate) if substantially different from the values of positive sequence resistance and reactance which would be derived from the data provided above;
 - A continuous trace and a table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the short circuit current between zero and 140ms at 10ms intervals;
 - (viii) The Active Power being generated pre-fault by the Power Park Module and by each type of Power Park Unit;
 - (ix) The reactive compensation shown explicitly on the **Single Line Diagram** that is switched in;
 - (x) The **Power Factor** of the **Power Park Module** and of each **Power Park Unit** type;
 - (xi) The positive sequence X/R ratio of the equivalent at the **Common Collection Busbar**;
 - (xii) The minimum zero sequence impedance of the equivalent seen from the **Common Collection Busbar**;

- (xiii) The number of **Power Park Units** represented in the equivalent **Power Park Unit**;
- (xiv) The additional rotor resistance and reactance (if any) that is applied to the **Power Park Unit** under a fault condition;
- (xv) A continuous trace and a table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the retained voltage at the fault point and **Power Park Unit** terminals, or the **Common Collection Busbar** if an equivalent **Single Line Diagram** and associated data as described in **PC.A.2.2.2** is provided, representing the limiting case, which may involve the application of a non-solid fault, required to not cause operation of the protective control;
- (b) In considering this data, unless the **User** notifies **NGET** accordingly at the time of data submission, **NGET** will assume that the time constant of decay of the subtransient fault current corresponding to the change from I_1 " to I_1 ', (T") is not significantly different from 40ms. If that assumption is not correct in relation to an item of data, the **User** must inform **NGET** at the time of submission of the data.
- (c) The value for the X/R ratio must reflect the rate of decay of the d.c. component that may be present in the fault current and hence that of the sources of the initial fault current. All shunt elements and loads must therefore be deleted from any system model before the X/R ratio is calculated.
- (d) In producing the data, the **User** may use "time step analysis" or "fixed-point-in-time analysis" with different impedances.
- (e) If a fixed-point-in-time analysis with different impedances method is used, then in relation to the data submitted under (a) (i) above, the data will be required for "time zero" to give I_1 ". The figure of 120ms is consistent with a decay time constant T" of 40ms, and if that figure is different, then the figure of 120ms must be changed accordingly.
- (f) Where a "time step analysis" is carried out, the X/R ratio may be calculated directly from the rate of decay of the d.c. component. The X/R ratio is not that given by the phase angle of the fault current if this is based on a system calculation with shunt loads, but from the Thévenin equivalent of the system impedance at the instant of fault with all non-source shunts removed.

PC.A.3 GENERATING UNIT AND DC CONVERTER DATA

PC.A.3.1 Introduction

Directly Connected

PC.A.3.1.1 Each **Generator** and **DC Converter Station** owner with an existing, or proposed, **Power Station** or **DC Converter Station** directly connected, or to be directly connected, to the **GB Transmission System**, shall provide **NGET** with data relating to that **Power Station** or **DC Converter Station**, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.3.2 to PC.A.3.4.

Embedded

- PC.A.3.1.2 (a) Each Generator and DC Converter Station owner in respect of its existing, and/or proposed, Embedded Large Power Stations and/or Embedded DC Converter Stations and/or its Embedded Medium Power Stations subject to a Bilateral Agreement and each Network Operator in respect of its Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and/or Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and/or Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and/or Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and/or Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and/or Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement within such Network Operator's System in each case connected to the Subtransmission System, shall provide NGET with data relating to that Power Station or DC Converter Station, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.3.2 to PC.A.3.4.
 - (b) No data need be supplied in relation to any Small Power Station or any Medium Power Station or installations of direct current converters which do not form a DC Converter Station, connected at a voltage level below the voltage level of the Subtransmission System except:-
 - (i) in connection with an application for, or under, a **CUSC Contract**, or
 - (ii) unless specifically requested by **NGET** under PC.A.3.1.4.
- PC.A.3.1.3 (a) Each **Network Operator** shall provide **NGET** with the data specified in PC.A.3.2.2(c) and PC.A.3.2.2(i).
 - (b) Network Operators need not submit planning data in respect of an Embedded Small Power Station unless required to do so under PC.A.1.2(b) or unless specifically requested under PC.A.3.1.4 below, in which case they will supply such data.
- PC.A.3.1.4 (a) PC.A.4.2.4(b) and PC.A.4.3.2(a) explain that the forecast **Demand** submitted by each **Network Operator** must be net of the output of all **Small Power Stations** and **Medium Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plant** and all installations of direct current converters which do not form a **DC Converter Station**, **Embedded** within that **Network Operator's System**. The **Network Operator** must inform **NGET** of the number of such **Embedded Power Stations** and such **Embedded** installations of direct current converters (including the number of **Generating Units** or **Power**

Park Modules or DC Converters) together with their summated capacity.

(b) On receipt of this data, the Network Operator or Generator (if the data relates to Power Stations referred to in PC.A.3.1.2) may be further required, at NGET's reasonable discretion, to provide details of Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Plant and Embedded installations of direct current converters which do not form a DC Converter Station, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.3.2 to PC.A.3.4. Such requirement would arise where NGET reasonably considers that the collective effect of a number of such Embedded Power Stations and Customer Generating Plants and Embedded installations of direct current converters where NGET reasonably considers that the collective effect of a number of such Embedded power Stations and Customer Generating Plants and Embedded installations of direct current converters may have a significant system effect on the GB Transmission System.

Busbar Arrangements

PC.A.3.1.5 Where **Generating Units**, which term includes **CCGT Units** and **Power Park Modules**, and **DC Converters**, are connected to the **GB Transmission System** via a busbar arrangement which is or is expected to be operated in separate sections, the section of busbar to which each **Generating Unit**, **DC Converter** or **Power Park Module** is connected is to be identified in the submission.

Large Power Stations and Gensets

PC.A.3.2 Output Data

(a)

PC.A.3.2.1

Data items PC.A.3.2.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (h) are required with respect to each Large Power Station and each Generating Unit and Power Park Module of each Large Power Station and for each Genset (although (a) is not required for CCGT Units and (b), (d) and (e) are not normally required for CCGT Units and (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (h) are not normally required for Power Park Units).

(b) <u>Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power</u> <u>Stations</u>

Data item PC.A.3.2.2 (a) is required with respect to each **Embedded Small Power Station** and **Embedded Medium Power Station** and each **Generating Unit** and **Power Park Module** of each **Embedded Small Power Station** and **Embedded Medium Power Station** (although (a) is not required for **CCGT Units** or **Power Park Units**).

(c) <u>CCGT Units/Modules</u>

(i) Data item PC.A.3.2.2 (g) is required with respect to each **CCGT Unit**;

- (ii) data item PC.A.3.2.2 (a) is required with respect to each **CCGT Module**; and
- (iii) data items PC.A.3.2.2 (b), (c), (d) and (e) are required with respect to each CCGT Module unless NGET informs the relevant User in advance of the submission that it needs the data items with respect to each CCGT Unit for particular studies, in which case it must be supplied on a CCGT Unit basis.

Where any definition utilised or referred to in relation to any of the data items does not reflect **CCGT Units**, such definition shall be deemed to relate to **CCGT Units** for the purposes of these data items. Any **Schedule** in the DRC which refers to these data items shall be interpreted to incorporate the **CCGT Unit** basis where appropriate;

(d) Cascade Hydro Schemes

Data item PC.A.3.2.2(i) is required with respect to each **Cascade Hydro Scheme**.

(e) **Power Park Units/Modules**

Data items PC.A.3.2.2 (j) is required with respect to each $\ensuremath{\text{Power}}$ Park Module.

(f) DC Converters

Data items PC.A.3.2.2 (a), (b), (c), (d) (e) (f) (h) and (i) are required with respect to each **DC Converter Station** and each **DC Converter** in each **DC Converter Station**. For installations of direct current converters which do not form a **DC Converter Station** only data item PC.A.3.2.2.(a) is required.

- PC.A.3.2.2 Items (a), (b), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j) and (k) are to be supplied by each **Generator**, **DC Converter Station** owner or **Network Operator** (as the case may be) in accordance with PC.A.3.1.1, PC.A.3.1.2, PC.A.3.1.3 and PC.A.3.1.4. Item (c) is to be supplied by each **Network Operator** in all cases:-
 - (a) **Registered Capacity** (MW);
 - (b) **Output Usable** (MW) on a monthly basis;
 - (c) System Constrained Capacity (MW) ie. any constraint placed on the capacity of the Embedded Generating Unit, Embedded Power Park Module, or DC Converter at an Embedded DC Converter Station due to the Network Operator's System in which it is embedded. Where Generating Units (which term includes CCGT Units), Power Park Modules or DC Converters are connected to a Network Operator's User System via a busbar arrangement which is or is expected to be operated in separate sections, details of

busbar running arrangements and connected circuits at the substation to which the **Embedded Generating Unit**, **Embedded Power Park Module** or **Embedded DC Converter** is connected sufficient for **NGET** to determine where the **MW** generated by each **Generating Unit**, **Power Park Module** or **DC Converter** at that **Power Station** or **DC Converter Station** would appear onto the **GB Transmission System**;

- (d) **Minimum Generation** (MW);
- (e) MW obtainable from Generating Units, Power Park Modules or DC Converters at a DC Converter Station in excess of Registered Capacity;

(f) Generator Performance Chart:

- (i) at the **Synchronous Generating Unit** stator terminals
- (ii) at the electrical point of connection to the GB Transmission System (or User System if Embedded) for a Non Synchronous Generating Unit (excluding a Power Park Unit), Power Park Module and DC Converter at a DC Converter Station;
- (g) a list of the CCGT Units within a CCGT Module, identifying each CCGT Unit, and the CCGT Module of which it forms part, unambiguously. In the case of a Range CCGT Module, details of the possible configurations should also be submitted, together:-
 - (i) (in the case of a Range CCGT Module connected to the GB Transmission System) with details of the single Grid Entry Point (there can only be one) at which power is provided from the Range CCGT Module;
 - (ii) (in the case of an Embedded Range CCGT Module) with details of the single User System Entry Point (there can only be one) at which power is provided from the Range CCGT Module;

Provided that, nothing in this sub-paragraph (g) shall prevent the busbar at the relevant point being operated in separate sections;

- (h) expected running regime(s) at each Power Station or DC Converter Station and type of Generating Unit, eg. Steam Unit, Gas Turbine Unit, Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Unit, Power Park Module, Novel Units (specify by type), etc;
- a list of Power Stations and Generating Units within a Cascade Hydro Scheme, identifying each Generating Unit and Power Station and the Cascade Hydro Scheme of which each form part unambiguously. In addition:
 - details of the Grid Entry Point at which Active Power is provided, or if Embedded the Grid Supply Point(s) within which the Generating Unit is connected;

- (ii) where the **Active Power** output of a **Generating Unit** is split between more than one **Grid Supply Points** the percentage that would appear under normal and outage conditions at each **Grid Supply Point**.
- (j) The following additional items are only applicable to **DC Converters** at **DC Converter Stations**.

Registered Import Capacity (MW);

Import Usable (MW) on a monthly basis;

Minimum Import Capacity (MW);

MW that may be absorbed by a **DC Converter** in excess of **Registered Import Capacity** and the duration for which this is available;

- (k) the number and types of the Power Park Units within a Power Park Module, identifying each Power Park Unit, and the Power Park Module of which it forms part, unambiguously. In the case of a Power Station directly connected to the GB Transmission System with multiple Power Park Modules where Power Park Units can be selected to run in different Power Park Modules, details of the possible configurations should also be submitted.
- PC.A.3.2.3 Notwithstanding any other provision of this PC, the **CCGT Units** within a **CCGT Module**, details of which are required under paragraph (g) of PC.A.3.2.2, can only be amended in accordance with the following provisions:-
 - (a) if the CCGT Module is a Normal CCGT Module, the CCGT Units within that CCGT Module can only be amended such that the CCGT Module comprises different CCGT Units if NGET gives its prior consent in writing. Notice of the wish to amend the CCGT Units within such a CCGT Module must be given at least 6 months before it is wished for the amendment to take effect;
 - (b) if the **CCGT Module** is a **Range CCGT Module**, the **CCGT Units** within that **CCGT Module** and the **Grid Entry Point** at which the power is provided can only be amended as described in BC1.A1.6.4.
- PC.A.3.2.4 Notwithstanding any other provision of this **PC**, the **Power Park Units** within a **Power Park Module**, details of which are required under paragraph (j) of PC.A.3.2.2, can only be amended in accordance with the following provisions:-
 - (a) if the Power Park Units within that Power Park Module can only be amended such that the Power Park Module comprises different Power Park Units due to repair/replacement of individual Power Park Units if NGET gives its prior consent in writing. Notice of the wish to amend a Power Park Unit within such a Power Park Module must be given at least 4 weeks before it is wished for the amendment to take effect;

(b) if the **Power Park Units** within that **Power Park Module** can be selected to run in different **Power Park Modules** as an alternative operational running arrangement the **Power Park Units** within the **Power Park Module** and the **Grid Entry Point** at which the power is provided can only be amended as described in BC1.A.1.7.4.

PC.A.3.3. Rated Parameters Data

- PC.A.3.3.1 The following information is required to facilitate an early assessment, by **NGET**, of the need for more detailed studies;
 - (a) for all Generating Units(excluding Power Park Units) and Power Park Modules:

Rated MVA **Rated MW**;

(b) for each **Synchronous Generating Unit**:

Short circuit ratio Direct axis transient reactance; Inertia constant (for whole machine), MWsecs/MVA;

(c) for each **Synchronous Generating Unit** step-up transformer:

Rated MVA Positive sequence reactance (at max, min and nominal tap);

(d) for each DC Converter at a DC Converter Station or DC Converter connecting a Power Park Module

DC Converter type (e.g. current/voltage sourced) **Rated MW** per pole for import and export Number of poles and pole arrangement Rated DC voltage/pole (kV) Return path arrangement Remote AC connection arrangement

(e) for each type of **Power Park Unit** in a **Power Park Module** not connected to the **Total System** by a **DC Converter**:

Rated MVA Rated MW Rated terminal voltage Inertia constant, (MWsec/MVA) Additionally, for **Power Park Units** that are squirrel-cage or doubly-fed induction generators driven by wind turbines: Stator reactance. Magnetising reactance. Rotor resistance (at rated running) Rotor reactance (at rated running) The generator rotor speed range (minimum and maximum speeds in RPM) (for doubly-fed induction generators only) Converter MVA rating (for doubly-fed induction generators only)

For a **Power Park Unit** consisting of a synchronous machine in combination with a back-to-back **DC Converter**, or for a **Power Park Unit** not driven by a wind turbine, the data to be supplied shall be agreed with **NGET** in accordance with PC.A.7.

This information should only be given in the data supplied in accordance with PC.4.4 and PC.4.5.

PC.A.3.4 General Generating Unit Power Park Module and DC Converter Data

- PC.A.3.4.1 The point of connection to the **GB Transmission System** or the **Total System**, if other than to the **GB Transmission System**, in terms of geographical and electrical location and system voltage is also required.
- PC.A.3.4.2 (a) Type of Generating Unit (ie Synchronous Generating Unit, Nonsynchronous Generating Unit, DC Converter or Power Park Module).
 - (b) In the case of a **Synchronous Generating Unit** details of the **Exciter** category, for example whether it is a rotating **Exciter** or a static **Exciter** or in the case of a **Non-Synchronous Generating Unit** the voltage control system.
 - (c) Whether a **Power System Stabiliser** is fitted.

PC.A.4 DEMAND AND ACTIVE ENERGY DATA

- PC.A.4.1 Introduction
- PC.A.4.1.1 Each **User** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System** with **Demand** shall provide **NGET** with the **Demand** data, historic, current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.4.2 and PC.A.4.3. Paragraphs PC.A.4.1.2 and PC.A.4.1.3 apply equally to **Active Energy** requirements as to **Demand** unless the context otherwise requires.
- PC.A.4.1.2 Data will need to be supplied by:
 - (a) each **Network Operator**, in relation to **Demand** and **Active Energy** requirements on its **User System**;
 - (b) each **Non-Embedded Customer** (including **Pumped Storage Generators** with respect to Pumping **Demand**) in relation to its **Demand** and **Active Energy** requirements.
 - (c) each **DC Converter Station** owner, in relation to **Demand** and **Active Energy** transferred (imported) to its **DC Converter Station**.

Demand of **Power Stations** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System** is to be supplied by the **Generator** under PC.A.5.2.

- PC.A.4.1.3 References in this **PC** to data being supplied on a half hourly basis refer to it being supplied for each period of 30 minutes ending on the hour or half-hour in each hour.
- PC.A.4.1.4 Access Periods and Access Groups
- PC.A.4.1.4.1 Each **Connection Point** must belong to one, and only one, **Access Group.**
- PC.A.4.1.4.2 Each **Transmission Interface Circuit** must have an **Access Period**.

PC.A.4.1.4.3 The Access Period shall

- (a) normally be a minimum of 8 continuous weeks and can occur in any one of three maintenance years during the period from calendar week
 13 to calendar week 43 (inclusive) in each year; or,
- (b) exceptionally and provided that agreement is reached between **NGET** and the relevant **User(s)**, such agreement to be sought in accordance with PC.7, the **Access Period** may be of a period not less than 4 continuous weeks and can occur in any one of three maintenance years during the period from calendar week 10 to calendar week 43 (inclusive) in each year.

PC.A.4.1.4.4 **NGET** shall submit in writing no later than calendar week 6 in each year:

- (a) the calendar weeks defining the proposed start and finish of each **Access Period** for each **Transmission Interface Circuit**.; and
- (b) the **Connection Points** in each **Access Group**.

The submission by **NGET** under PC.A.4.1.4.4 (a) above shall commence in 2010 and shall then continue each year thereafter. The submission by **NGET** under PC.A.4.1.4.4 (b) shall commence in 2009 shall then continue each year thereafter.

- PC.A.4.1.4.5 It is permitted for Access Periods to overlap in the same Access Group and in the same maintenance year. However, where possible Access Periods will be sought by NGET that do not overlap with any other Access Period within that Access Group for each maintenance year. Where it is not possible to avoid overlapping Access Periods, NGET will indicate to Users by calendar week 6 its initial view of which Transmission Interface Circuits will need to be considered out of service concurrently for the purpose of assessing compliance to Licence Standards. The obligation on NGET to indicate which Transmission Interface Circuits will need to be considered out of service concurrently for the purpose of assessing compliance to Licence Standards shall commence in 2010 and shall continue each year thereafter.
- PC.A.4.1.4.6 Following the submission(s) by **NGET** by week 6 in each year and where required by either party, both **NGET** and the relevant **User**(s) shall use their reasonable endeavours to agree the appropriate **Access Group(s)** and **Access Period** for each **Transmission Interface Circuit** prior to week 17 in each year. The requirement on **NGET** and the relevant **User(s)** to agree, shall commence in respect of **Access Groups** only in 2010. This paragraph PC.A.4.1.4.6 shall apply in its entirety in 2011 and shall then continue each year thereafter.
- PC.A.4.1.4.7 In exceptional circumstances, and with the agreement of all parties concerned, where a **Connection Point** is specified for the purpose of the **Planning Code** as electrically independent **Subtransmission Systems**, then data submissions can be on the basis of two (or more) individual **Connection Points**.
- PC.A.4.2 User's User System Demand (Active Power) and Active Energy Data
- PC.A.4.2.1 Forecast daily **Demand** (Active Power) profiles, as specified in (a), (b) and (c) below, in respect of each of the User's User Systems (each summated over all Grid Supply Points in each User System) are required for:
 - (a) peak day on each of the User's User Systems (as determined by the User) giving the numerical value of the maximum Demand (Active Power) that in the Users' opinion could reasonably be imposed on the GB Transmission System;
 - (b) day of peak **GB Transmission System Demand** (Active Power) as notified by **NGET** pursuant to PC.A.4.2.2;
 - (c) day of minimum **GB Transmission System Demand** (Active **Power**) as notified by **NGET** pursuant to PC.A.4.2.2.

In addition, the total **Demand** (Active Power) in respect of the time of peak **GB Transmission System Demand** in the preceding **Financial Year** in respect of each of the **User's User Systems** (each summated over all **Grid Supply Points** in each **User System**) both outturn and weather corrected shall be supplied.

PC.A.4.2.2 No later than calendar week 17 each year **NGET** shall notify each **Network Operator** and **Non-Embedded Customer** in writing of the following, for the current **Financial Year** and for each of the following seven **Financial Years**, which will, until replaced by the following year's notification, be regarded as the relevant specified days and times under PC.A.4.2.1:

- a) the date and time of the annual peak of the **GB Transmission System Demand;**
- b) the date and time of the annual minimum of the **GB Transmission System Demand**;
- c) the relevant Access Period for each Transmission Interface Circuit; and,
- d) Concurrent Access Periods of two or more Transmission Interface Circuits (if any) that are situated in the same Access Group.

The submissions by **NGET** made under PC.A.4.2.1 (c) and PC.A.4.2.1 (d) above shall commence in 2010 and shall the continue in respect of each year thereafter.

- PC.A.4.2.3 The total Active Energy used on each of the Network Operators' or Non-Embedded Customers' User Systems (each summated over all Grid Supply Points in each User System) in the preceding Financial Year, both outturn and weather corrected, together with a prediction for the current financial year, is required. Each Active Energy submission shall be subdivided into the following categories of Customer tariff:
 - LV1 LV2 LV3 HV EHV Traction Lighting

In addition, the total **User System** losses and the **Active Energy** provided by **Embedded Small Power Stations** and **Embedded Medium Power Stations** shall be supplied.

- PC.A.4.2.4 All forecast **Demand** (Active Power) and Active Energy specified in PC.A.4.2.1 and PC.A.4.2.3 shall:
 - in the case of PC.A.4.2.1(a), (b) and (c), be such that the profiles comprise average **Active Power** levels in 'MW' for each time marked half hour throughout the day;
 - (b) in the case of PC.A.4.2.1(a), (b) and (c), be that remaining after any deductions reasonably considered appropriate by the User to take account of the output profile of all Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Plant and imports across Embedded External Interconnections including imports across Embedded installations of direct current converters which do not form a DC Converter

Station and Embedded DC Converter Stations with a Registered Capacity of less than 100MW;

(c) be based upon **Annual ACS Conditions** for times that occur during week 44 through to week 12 (inclusive) an based on **Average Conditions** for weeks 13 to 43 (inclusive).

PC.A.4.3 Connection Point Demand (Active and Reactive Power)

- PC.A.4.3.1 Forecast **Demand** (Active Power) and Power Factor (values of the Power Factor at maximum and minimum continuous excitation may be given instead where more than 95% of the total **Demand** at a **Connection Point** is taken by synchronous motors) to be met at each **Connection Point** within each Access Group is required for:
 - the time of the maximum **Demand** (Active Power) at the Connection Point (as determined by the User) that in the User's opinion could reasonably be imposed on the GB Transmission System;
 - (b) the time of peak **GB Transmission System Demand** as provided by **NGET** under PC.A.4.2.2;
 - (c) the time of minimum **GB Transmission System Demand** as provided by **NGET** under PC.A.4.2.2;
 - (d) the time of the maximum **Demand** (**Apparent Power**) at the **Connection Point** (as determined by the **User**) during the **Access Period** of each **Transmission Interface Circuit**;
 - (e) at a time specified by either **NGET** or a **User** insofar as such a request is reasonable.

Instead of such forecast **Demand** to be met at each **Connection Point** within each **Access Group** the **User** may (subject to PC.A.4.3.4) submit such **Demand** at each node on the **Single Line Diagram**.

In addition, the **Demand** in respect of each of the time periods referred to in PC.A.4.3.1 (a) to (e) in the preceding **Financial Year** in respect of each **Connection Point** within each **Access Group** both outturn and weather corrected shall be supplied. The "weather correction" shall normalise outturn figures to **Annual ACS Conditions** for times that occur during calendar week 44 through to calendar week 12 (inclusive) or **Average Conditions** for the period calendar weeks 13 to calendar week 43 (inclusive) and shall be performed by the relevant **User** on a best endeavours basis.

The submission by a **User** pursuant to PC.A.4.3.1 (d) shall commence in 2011 and shall then continue each year thereafter.

- PC.A.4.3.2 All forecast **Demand** specified in PC.A.4.3.1 shall:
 - (a) be that remaining after any deductions reasonably considered appropriate by the User to take account of the output of all Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power

Stations and Customer Generating Plant and imports across Embedded External Interconnections, including Embedded installations of direct current converters which do not form a DC Converter Station and Embedded DC Converter Stations and such deductions should be separately stated;

- (b) include any **User's System** series reactive losses but exclude any reactive compensation equipment specified in PC.A.2.4 and exclude any network susceptance specified in PC.A.2.3;
- (c) be based upon **Annual ACS Conditions** for times that occur during calendar week 44 through to calendar week 12 (inclusive) and based on **Average Conditions** for calendar weeks 13 to calendar week 43 (inclusive), both corrections being made on a best endeavours basis;
- (d) reflect the **User's** opinion of what could reasonably be imposed on the **GB Transmission System.**
- PC.A.4.3.3 The date and time of the forecast maximum **Demand** (**Apparent Power**) at the **Connection Point** as specified in PC.A.4.3.1 (a) and (d) is required.
- PC.A.4.3.4 Each **Single Line Diagram** provided under PC.A.2.2.2 shall include the **Demand (Active Power)** and **Power Factor** (values of the **Power Factor** at maximum and minimum continuous excitation may be given instead where more than 95% of the **Demand** is taken by synchronous motors) at the time of the peak **GB Transmission System Demand** (as provided under PC.A.4.2.2) at each node on the **Single Line Diagram**. These **Demands** shall be consistent with those provided under PC.A.4.3.1(b) above for the relevant year.
- PC.A.4.3.5 The **Single Line Diagram** must represent the **User's User System** layout under the period specified in PC.A.4.3.1(b) (at the time of peak **GB Transmission System Demand**). Should the **User's User System** layout during the other times specified in PC.A.4.3.1 be planned to be materially different from the **Single Line Diagram** submitted to **NGET** pursuant to PC.A.2.2.1 the **User** shall in respect of such other times submit:
 - i) an alternative **Single Line Diagram** that accurately reflects the revised layout and in such case shall also include appropriate associated data representing the relevant changes, or;
 - ii) submit an accurate and unambiguous description of the changes to the **Single Line Diagram** previously submitted for the time of peak **GB Transmission System Demand**.

Where a **User** does not submit any changes, **NGET** will assume that the **Single Line Diagram** (and associated circuit and node data) provided at the time of peak **GB Transmission System Demand** will be valid for all other times. In respect of such other times, where the **User** does not submit such nodal demands at the times defined in PC.A.4.3.1(a), (c), (d) and (e), the nodal demands will be pro-rata, to be consistent with the submitted **Connection Point Demands**.

PC.A.4.4 **NGET** will assemble and derive in a reasonable manner, the forecast information supplied to it under PC.A.4.2.1, PC.A.4.3.1, PC.A.4.3.4 and

PC.A.4.3.5 above into a cohesive forecast and will use this in preparing Forecast Demand information in the Seven Year Statement and for use in NGET'S Operational Planning. If any User believes that the cohesive forecast Demand information in the Seven Year Statement does not reflect its assumptions on Demand, it should contact NGET to explain its concerns and may require NGET, on reasonable request, to discuss these forecasts. In the absence of such expressions, NGET will assume that Users concur with NGET's cohesive forecast.

- PC.A.4.5 Post Fault User System Layout:
- PC.A.4.5.1 Where for the purposes of **NGET** assessing against the Licence Standards an **Access Group**, the **User** reasonably considers it appropriate that revised post fault **User System** layouts should be taken into account by **NGET**, the following information is required to be submitted by the **User**:
 - the specified Connection Point assessment period (PC.A.4.3.1,(a)-(e)) that is being evaluated;
 - ii) an accurate and unambiguous description of the **Transmission** Interface Circuits considered to be switched out due to a fault;
 - appropriate revised Single Line Diagrams and/or associated revised nodal Demand and circuit data detailing the revised User System(s) conditions;
 - iv) where the **User's** planned post fault action consists of more than one component, each component must be explicitly identified using the **Single Line Diagram** and associated nodal **Demand** and circuit data;
 - v) the arrangements for undertaking actions (eg the time taken, automatic or manual and any other appropriate information);.

The **User** must not submit any action that it does not have the capability or the intention to implement during the assessment period specified (subject to there being no further unplanned outages on the **User's User System**).

PC.A.4.6	Control of Demand or Reduction of Pumping Load Offered as Reserve			
	 Magnitude of Demand or pumping load which is tripped 	MW		
	- System Frequency at which tripping is initiated	Hz		
	- Time duration of System Frequency below trip setting for tripping to be initiated	S		
	- Time delay from trip initiation to tripping	S		

PC.A.4.7 <u>General Demand Data</u>

- PC.A.4.7.1 The following information is infrequently required and should be supplied (wherever possible) when requested by **NGET**:
 - (a) details of any individual loads which have characteristics significantly different from the typical range of Domestic, Commercial or Industrial loads supplied;
 - (b) the sensitivity of the Demand (Active and Reactive Power) to variations in voltage and Frequency on the GB Transmission System at the time of the peak Demand (Active Power). The sensitivity factors quoted for the Demand (Reactive Power) should relate to that given under PC.A.4.3.1 and, therefore, include any User's System series reactive losses but exclude any reactive compensation equipment specified in PC.A.2.4 and exclude any network susceptance specified in PC.A.2.3;
 - (c) details of any traction loads, e.g. connection phase pairs and continuous load variation with time;
 - (d) the average and maximum phase unbalance, in magnitude and phase angle, which the **User** would expect its **Demand** to impose on the **GB Transmission System**;
 - (e) the maximum harmonic content which the **User** would expect its **Demand** to impose on the **GB Transmission System**;
 - (f) details of all loads which may cause **Demand** fluctuations greater than those permitted under **Engineering Recommendation** P28, Stage 1 at a **Point of Common Coupling** including the **Flicker Severity (Short Term)** and the **Flicker Severity (Long Term)**.

<u> PART 2</u>

DETAILED PLANNING DATA

PC.A.5 <u>GENERATING UNIT, POWER PARK MODULE AND DC CONVERTER</u> DATA

PC.A.5.1 Introduction

Directly Connected

PC.A.5.1.1 Each **Generator**, with existing or proposed **Power Stations** directly connected, or to be directly connected, to the **GB Transmission System**, shall provide **NGET** with data relating to that **Plant** and **Apparatus**, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.5.2, PC.A.5.3, PC.A.5.4 and PC.A.5.7 as applicable. Each **DC Converter Station** owner, with existing or proposed **DC Converter Stations** directly connected, or to be directly connected, to the **GB Transmission System**, shall provide **NGET** with data relating to that **Plant** and **Apparatus**, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.5.2, and PC.A.5.4 and PC.A.

Embedded

- PC.A.5.1.2 Each Generator, in respect of its existing, or proposed, Embedded Large Power Stations and its Embedded Medium Power Stations subject to a Bilateral Agreement and each Network Operator in respect of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement within its **System** shall provide **NGET** with data relating to each of those Large Power Stations and Medium Power Stations, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.5.2, PC.A.5.3, PC.A.5.4 and PC.A.5.7 as applicable. Each DC Converter Station owner, or Network Operator in the case of an Embedded DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement within its System with existing or proposed DC Converter Stations shall provide NGET with data relating to each of those DC Converter Stations, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.5.2 and PC.A.5.4. However, no data need be supplied in relation to those Embedded Medium Power Stations or Embedded DC Converter Stations if they are connected at a voltage level below the voltage level of the Subtransmission System except in connection with an application for, or under a. CUSC Contract or unless specifically requested by NGET under PC.A.5.1.4.
- PC.A.5.1.3 Each **Network Operator** need not submit **Planning Data** in respect of **Embedded Small Power Stations** unless required to do so under PC.A.1.2(b) or unless specifically requested under PC.A.5.1.4 below, in which case they will supply such data.
- PC.A.5.1.4 PC.A.4.2.4(b) and PC.A.4.3.2(a) explained that the forecast **Demand** submitted by each **Network Operator** must be net of the output of all **Medium Power Stations** and **Small Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plant Embedded** within that **User's System**. In such cases (PC.A.3.1.4 also refers), the **Network Operator** must inform **NGET** of the number of such **Power Stations** (including the number of **Generating Units**) together with their summated capacity. On receipt of this data further details may be required at **NGET's** discretion as follows:

- (i) in the case of details required from the Network Operator for Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded DC Converters in each case within such Network Operator's System and Customer Generating Plant; and
- (ii) in the case of details required from the **Generator** of **Embedded Large Power Stations** and **Embedded Medium Power Stations** subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**; and
- (iii) in the case of details required from the **DC Converter Station** owner of an **Embedded DC Converter** or **DC Converter Station** subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**.

both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.5.2 and PC.A.5.3. Such requirement would arise when **NGET** reasonably considers that the collective effect of a number of such **Embedded Small Power Stations**, **Embedded Medium Power Stations**, **Embedded DC Converter Stations**, **DC Converters** and **Customer Generating Plants** may have a significant system effect on the **GB Transmission System**.

PC.A.5.2 Demand

- PC.A.5.2.1 For each **Generating Unit** which has an associated **Unit Transformer**, the value of the **Demand** supplied through this **Unit Transformer** when the **Generating Unit** is at **Rated MW** output is to be provided.
- PC.A.5.2.2 Where the **Power Station** or **DC Converter Station** has associated **Demand** additional to the unit-supplied **Demand** of PC.A.5.2.1 which is supplied from either the **GB Transmission System** or the **Generator's User System** the **Generator**, **DC Converter Station** owner or the **Network Operator** (in the case of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** within its **System**), as the case may be, shall supply forecasts for each **Power Station** or **DC Converter Station** of:
 - a) the maximum **Demand** that, in the **User's** opinion, could reasonably be imposed on the **GB Transmission System** or the **Generator's User System** as appropriate;
 - b) the **Demand** at the time of the peak **GB Transmission System Demand**;
 - c) the **Demand** at the time of minimum **GB Transmission System Demand**.
- PC.A.5.2.3 No later than calendar week 17 each year NGET shall notify each Generator in respect of its Large Power Stations and its Medium Power Stations and each DC Converter owner in respect of its DC Converter Station subject to a Bilateral Agreement and each Network Operator in respect of each Embedded Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and each Embedded DC Converter Station not

subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** within such **Network Operator's System** in writing of the following, for the current **Financial Year** and for each of the following seven **Financial Years**, which will be regarded as the relevant specified days and times under PC.A.5.2.2:

- a) the date and time of the annual peak of the **GB Transmission System Demand** at **Annual ACS Conditions**;
- b) the date and time of the annual minimum of the **GB Transmission System Demand** at **Average Conditions.**
- PC.A.5.2.4 At its discretion, **NGET** may also request further details of the **Demand** as specified in PC.A.4.6
- PC.A.5.3 Synchronous Generating Unit and Associated Control System Data
- PC.A.5.3.1 The data submitted below are not intended to constrain any **Ancillary** Services Agreement
- PC.A.5.3.2 The following **Synchronous Generating Unit** and **Power Station** data should be supplied:

(a) Synchronous Generating Unit Parameters

Rated terminal volts (kV)

- * Rated MVA
- * Rated MW
- * Minimum Generation MW
- Short circuit ratio
- Direct axis synchronous reactance
- Direct axis transient reactance
 Direct axis sub-transient reactance
 Direct axis short-circuit transient time constant.
 Direct axis short-circuit sub-transient time constant.
 Quadrature axis synchronous reactance
 Quadrature axis sub-transient reactance
 Quadrature axis short-circuit sub-transient time constant.
 Stator time constant
 Stator leakage reactance
 Armature winding direct-current resistance.
 - **Note:** The above data item relating to armature winding directcurrent resistance need only be supplied with respect to **Generating Units** commissioned after 1st March 1996 and in cases where, for whatever reason, the **Generator** or the **Network Operator**, as the case may be is aware of the value of the relevant parameter.
- * Turbogenerator inertia constant (MWsec/MVA) Rated field current (amps) at **Rated MW** and Mvar output and at rated terminal voltage.

Field current (amps) open circuit saturation curve for **Generating Unit** terminal voltages ranging from 50% to 120% of rated value in 10% steps as derived from appropriate manufacturers test certificates.

(b) Parameters for **Generating Unit** Step-up Transformers

 * Rated MVA Voltage ratio
 * Positive sequence reactance (at max, min, & nominal tap)
 Positive sequence resistance (at max, min, & nominal tap)
 Zero phase sequence reactance
 Tap changer range
 Tap changer step size
 Tap changer type: on load or off circuit

(c) <u>Excitation Control System parameters</u>

Note: The data items requested under Option 1 below may continue to be provided in relation to Generating Units on the System at 09 January 1995 (in this paragraph, the "relevant date") or the new data items set out under Option 2 may be provided. Generators or Network **Operators**, as the case may be, must supply the data as set out under Option 2 (and not those under Option 1) for Generating Unit excitation control systems commissioned after the relevant date, those Generating Unit excitation control systems recommissioned for any reason such as refurbishment after the relevant date and Generating Unit excitation control systems where, as a result of testing or other process, the Generator or Network Operator, as the case may be, is aware of the data items listed under Option 2 in relation to that Generating Unit.

Option 1

DC gain of **Excitation Loop** Rated field voltage Maximum field voltage Minimum field voltage Maximum rate of change of field voltage (rising) Maximum rate of change of field voltage (falling) Details of **Excitation Loop** described in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements. Dynamic characteristics of **Over-excitation Limiter**. Dynamic characteristics of **Under-excitation Limiter**

Option 2

Excitation System Nominal Response Rated Field Voltage No-Load Field Voltage Excitation System On-Load Positive Ceiling Voltage Excitation System No-Load Positive Ceiling Voltage Excitation System No-Load Negative Ceiling Voltage

Details of **Excitation System** (including **PSS** if fitted) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements.

Details of **Over-excitation Limiter** described in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements.

Details of **Under-excitation Limiter** described in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements.

(d) <u>Governor Parameters</u>

Incremental Droop values (in %) are required for each **Generating Unit** at six MW loading points (MLP1 to MLP6) as detailed in PC.A.5.5.1 (this data item needs only be provided for **Large Power Stations**)

Note: The data items requested under Option 1 below may continue to be provided by Generators in relation to Generating Units on the System at 09 January 1995 (in this paragraph, the "relevant date") or they may provide the new data items set out under Option 2. Generators must supply the data as set out under Option 2 (and not those under Option 1) for Generating Unit governor control systems commissioned after the relevant date, those Generating Unit governor control systems recommissioned for any reason such as refurbishment after the relevant date and Generating Unit governor control systems where, as a result of testing or other process, the Generator is aware of the data items listed under Option 2 in relation to that Generating Unit.

Option 1

(i) <u>Governor Parameters (for Reheat Steam Units)</u>

HP governor average gain MW/Hz Speeder motor setting range HP governor valve time constant

HP governor valve opening limits

HP governor valve rate limits

Reheater time constant (**Active Energy** stored in reheater)

IP governor average gain MW/Hz

IP governor setting range

IP governor valve time constant

IP governor valve opening limits

IP governor valve rate limits

Details of acceleration sensitive elements in HP & IP governor loop. A governor block diagram showing transfer functions of individual elements.

(ii) <u>Governor Parameters (for Non-Reheat Steam Units</u> and Gas Turbine Units)

Governor average gain Speeder motor setting range Time constant of steam or fuel governor valve Governor valve opening limits Governor valve rate limits Time constant of turbine Governor block diagram

The following data items need only be supplied for Large Power Stations:-

(iii) Boiler & Steam Turbine Data

Boiler Time Constant (Stored Active Energy)

- ---

HP turbine response ratio: proportion of **Primary Response** %

arising from HP turbine.

HP turbine response ratio: proportion of **High Frequency Response** % arising from HP turbine.

[End of Option 1]

Option 2

(i) <u>Governor and associated prime mover Parameters -</u> All **Generating Units**

Governor Block Diagram showing transfer function of individual elements including acceleration sensitive elements.

Governor Time Constant (in seconds)

Speeder Motor Setting Range (%)

Average Gain (MW/Hz)

Governor Deadband (this data item need only be provided for Large Power Stations)

- Maximum Setting ±Hz
- Normal Setting ±Hz
- Minimum Setting ±Hz

Where the **Generating Unit** governor does not have a selectable deadband facility, then the actual value of the deadband need only be provided

(ii) <u>Governor and associated prime mover Parameters -</u> <u>Steam Units</u>

> HP Valve Time Constant (in seconds) HP Valve Opening Limits (%) HP Valve Opening Rate Limits (%/second) HP Valve Closing Rate Limits (%/second)

- HP Turbine Time Constant (in seconds)
- IP Valve Time Constant (in seconds)
- IP Valve Opening Limits (%)
- IP Valve Opening Rate Limits (%/second)
- IP Valve Closing Rate Limits (%/second)
- IP Turbine Time Constant (in seconds)
- LP Valve Time Constant (in seconds)
- LP Valve Opening Limits (%)
- LP Valve Opening Rate Limits (%/second)
- LP Valve Closing Rate Limits (%/second)
- LP Turbine Time Constant (in seconds)

Reheater Time Constant (in seconds) Boiler Time Constant (in seconds) HP Power Fraction (%) IP Power Fraction (%)

<u>Governor and associated prime mover Parameters -</u> Gas Turbine Units

Inlet Guide Vane Time Constant (in seconds) Inlet Guide Vane Opening Limits (%) Inlet Guide Vane Opening Rate Limits (%/second) Inlet Guide Vane Closing Rate Limits (%/second)

(iii)

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Fuel Valve Constant (in seconds) Fuel Valve Opening Limits (%) Fuel Valve Opening Rate Limits (%/second) Fuel Valve Closing Rate Limits (%/second)

Waste Heat Recovery Boiler Time Constant (in seconds)

(iv) <u>Governor and associated prime mover Parameters -</u> <u>Hydro Generating Units</u>

> Guide Vane Actuator Time Constant (in seconds) Guide Vane Opening Limits (%) Guide Vane Opening Rate Limits (%/second) Guide Vane Closing Rate Limits (%/second) Water Time Constant (in seconds)

[End of Option 2]

(e) <u>Unit Control Options</u>

The following data items need only be supplied with respect to **Large Power Stations**:

Maximum Droop	%
Normal Droop	%
Minimum Droop	%
Maximum Frequency deadband	±Hz
Normal Frequency deadband	±Hz
Minimum Frequency deadband	±Hz
Maximum output deadband	±MW
Normal output deadband	±MW
Minimum output deadband	±MW

Frequency settings between which Unit Load Controller **Droop** applies:

-	Maximum	Hz
-	Normal	Hz
-	Minimum	Hz

State if sustained response is normally selected.

(f) <u>Plant Flexibility Performance</u>

The following data items need only be supplied with respect to **Large Power Stations**, and should be provided with respect to each **Genset**:
- # Run-up rate to **Registered Capacity**,
- # Run-down rate from **Registered Capacity**,
- # Synchronising Generation,
 - Regulating range

Load rejection capability while still Synchronised and able to supply Load.

Data items marked with a hash (#) should be applicable to a **Genset** which has been **Shutdown** for 48 hours.

Data items marked with an asterisk are already requested under part 1, PC.A.3.3.1, to facilitate an early assessment by **NGET** as to whether detailed stability studies will be required before an offer of terms for a **CUSC Contract** can be made. Such data items have been repeated here merely for completeness and need not, of course, be resubmitted unless their values, known or estimated, have changed.

- PC.A.5.4 Non-Synchronous Generating Unit and Associated Control System
 Data
- PC.A.5.4.1 The data submitted below are not intended to constrain any **Ancillary** Services Agreement
- PC.A.5.4.2 The following **Power Park Unit, Power Park Module** and **Power Station** data should be supplied in the case of a **Power Park Module** not connected to the **Total System** by a **DC Converter**:

(a) **Power Park Unit** model

A mathematical model of each type of **Power Park Unit** capable of representing its transient and dynamic behaviour under both small and large disturbance conditions. The model shall include non-linear effects and represent all equipment relevant to the dynamic performance of the **Power Park Unit** as agreed with **NGET**. The model shall be suitable for the study of balanced, root mean square, positive phase sequence timedomain behaviour, excluding the effects of electromagnetic transients, harmonic and sub-harmonic frequencies.

The model shall accurately represent the overall performance of the **Power Park Unit** over its entire operating range including that which is inherent to the **Power Park Unit** and that which is achieved by use of supplementary control systems providing either continuous or stepwise control. Model resolution should be sufficient to accurately represent **Power Park Unit** behaviour both in response to operation of transmission system protection and in the context of longer-term simulations.

The overall structure of the model shall include:

- (i) any supplementary control signal modules not covered by (c), (d) and
 (e) below.
- (ii) any blocking, deblocking and protective trip features that are part of

the **Power Park Unit** (e.g. "crowbar").

(iii) any other information required to model the **Power Park Unit** behaviour to meet the model functional requirement described above.

The model shall be submitted in the form of a transfer function block diagram and may be accompanied by dynamic and algebraic equations. This model shall display all the transfer functions and their parameter values, any non wind-up logic, signal limits and non-linearities.

The submitted **Power Park Unit** model shall have been validated and this shall be confirmed by the **Generator**. The validation shall be based on comparing the submitted model simulation results against measured test results. Validation evidence shall also be submitted and this shall include the simulation and measured test results. The latter shall include appropriate short-circuit tests. In the case of an **Embedded Medium Power Station** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** the **Network Operator** will provide **NGET** with the validation evidence if requested by **NGET**.

(b) **Power Park Unit** parameters

- * Rated MVA
- * Rated MW
- * Rated terminal voltage
- * Average site air density (kg/m³), maximum site air density (kg/m³) and minimum site air density (kg/m³) for the year Year for which the air density is submitted Number of pole pairs
 Blade swept area (m²)
 Gear box ratio

Mechanical drive train

For each **Power Park Unit**, details of the parameters of the drive train represented as an equivalent two mass model should be provided. This model should accurately represent the behaviour of the complete drive train for the purposes of power system analysis studies and should include the following data items:-

Equivalent inertia constant (MWsec/MVA) of the first mass (e.g. wind turbine rotor and blades) at minimum, synchronous and rated speeds

Equivalent inertia constant (MWsec/MVA) of the second mass (e.g. generator rotor) at minimum, synchronous and rated speeds

Equivalent shaft stiffness between the two masses (Nm/electrical radian)

Additionally, for **Power Park Units** that are induction generators (e.g. squirrel cage, doubly-fed) driven by wind turbines:

- * Stator resistance
- * Stator reactance
- * Magnetising reactance.
- * Rotor resistance.(at starting)
- * Rotor resistance. (at rated running)
- * Rotor reactance (at starting)
 - Rotor reactance (at rated running)

Additionally for doubly-fed induction generators only:

The generator rotor speed range (minimum and maximum speeds in RPM) The optimum generator rotor speed versus wind speed submitted in tabular format

Power converter rating (MVA)

The rotor power coefficient (C_p) versus tip speed ratio (λ) curves for a range of blade angles (where applicable) together with the corresponding values submitted in tabular format. The tip speed ratio (λ) is defined as $\Omega R/U$ where Ω is the angular velocity of the rotor, R is the radius of the wind turbine rotor and U is the wind speed.

The electrical power output versus generator rotor speed for a range of wind speeds over the entire operating range of the **Power Park Unit**, together with the corresponding values submitted in tabular format.

The blade angle versus wind speed curve together with the corresponding values submitted in tabular format.

The electrical power output versus wind speed over the entire operating range of the **Power Park Unit**, together with the corresponding values submitted in tabular format.

Transfer function block diagram, including parameters and description of the operation of the power electronic converter and fault ride through capability (where applicable).

For a **Power Park Unit** consisting of a synchronous machine in combination with a back to back **DC Converter**, or for a **Power Park Unit** not driven by a wind turbine, the data to be supplied shall be agreed with **NGET** in accordance with PC.A.7.

(c) Torque / speed and blade angle control systems and parameters

For the **Power Park Unit**, details of the torque / speed controller and blade angle controller in the case of a wind turbine and power limitation functions (where applicable) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements. (d) Voltage/Reactive Power/Power Factor control system parameters

For the **Power Park Unit** and **Power Park Module** details of voltage/**Reactive Power/Power Factor** controller (and **PSS** if fitted) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements.

(e) **Frequency** control system parameters

For the **Power Park Unit** and **Power Park Module** details of the **Frequency** controller described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements.

(f) Protection

Details of settings for the following protection relays (to include): Under **Frequency**, over **Frequency**, under voltage, over voltage, rotor over current, stator over current, high wind speed shut down level.

(g) Complete **Power Park Unit** model, parameters and controls

An alternative to PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f), is the submission of a single complete model that consists of the full information required under PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) provided that all the information required under PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) individually is clearly identifiable.

(h) Harmonic and flicker parameters

When connecting a **Power Park Module**, it is necessary for **NGET** to evaluate the production of flicker and harmonics on **NGET** and **User's Systems**. At **NGET's** reasonable request, the **User** (a **Network Operator** in the case of an **Embedded Power Park Module** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**) is required to submit the following data (as defined in IEC 61400-21 (2001)) for each **Power Park Unit**:-

Flicker coefficient for continuous operation. Flicker step factor. Number of switching operations in a 10 minute window. Number of switching operations in a 2 hour window. Voltage change factor. Current Injection at each harmonic for each **Power Park Unit** and for each **Power Park Module**

* Data items marked with an asterisk are already requested under part 1, PC.A.3.3.1, to facilitate an early assessment by **NGET** as to whether detailed stability studies will be required before an offer of terms for a **CUSC Contract** can be made. Such data items have been repeated here merely for completeness and need not, of course, be resubmitted unless their values, known or estimated, have changed.

PC.A.5.4.3 DC Converter

PC.A.5.4.3.1 For a **DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** or a **Power Park Module** connected to the **Total System** by a **DC Converter** the following information for each **DC Converter** and **DC Network** should be supplied:

- (a) **DC Converter** parameters
 - * Rated MW per pole for transfer in each direction;
 - * **DC Converter** type (i.e. current or voltage source);
 - * Number of poles and pole arrangement;
 - * Rated DC voltage/pole (kV);
 - Return path arrangement;
- (b) DC Converter transformer parameters Rated MVA Nominal primary voltage (kV); Nominal secondary (converter-side) voltage(s) (kV); Winding and earthing arrangement; Positive phase sequence reactance at minimum, maximum and nominal tap; Positive phase sequence resistance at minimum, maximum and nominal tap; Zero phase sequence reactance; Tap-changer range in %; number of tap-changer steps;
- (c) **DC Network** parameters

Network:

Rated DC voltage per pole; Rated DC current per pole; Single line diagram of the complete **DC Network**; Details of the complete **DC Network**, including resistance, inductance and capacitance of all DC cables and/or DC lines; Details of any DC reactors (including DC reactor resistance), DC capacitors and/or DC-side filters that form part of the **DC**

(d) AC filter reactive compensation equipment parameters

Note: The data provided pursuant to this paragraph must not include any contribution from reactive compensation plant owned by **NGET.**

Total number of AC filter banks.

Type of equipment (e.g. fixed or variable)

Single line diagram of filter arrangement and connections;

- **Reactive Power** rating for each AC filter bank ,capacitor bank or operating range of each item of reactive compensation equipment, at rated voltage;
- Performance chart showing **Reactive Power** capability of the **DC Converter**, as a function of MW transfer, with all filters and reactive compensation plant, belonging to the **DC Converter Station** working correctly.

Note: Details in PC.A.5.4.3.1 are required for each **DC Converter** connected to the **DC Network**, unless each is identical or where the data has already been submitted for an identical **DC Converter** at another **Connection Point**.

Note: For a **Power Park Module** connected to the **Grid Entry point** or (**User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**) by a **DC Converter** the equivalent inertia and fault infeed at the **Power Park Unit** should be given.

DC Converter control system models

- PC.A.5.4.3.2 The following data is required by **NGET** to represent **DC Converters** and associated **DC Networks** in dynamic power system simulations, in which the AC power system is typically represented by a positive sequence equivalent. **DC Converters** are represented by simplified equations and are not modeled to switching device level.
 - (i) Static V_{DC} - I_{DC} (DC voltage DC current) characteristics, for both the rectifier and inverter modes for a current source converter. Static V_{DC} - P_{DC} (DC voltage - DC power) characteristics, for both the rectifier and inverter modes for a voltage source converter. Transfer function block diagram including parameters representation of the control systems of each **DC Converter** and of the **DC Converter Station**, for both the rectifier and inverter modes. A suitable model would feature the **DC Converter** firing angle as the output variable.
 - (ii) Transfer function block diagram representation including parameters of the **DC Converter** transformer tap changer control systems, including time delays
 - (iii) Transfer function block diagram representation including parameters of AC filter and reactive compensation equipment control systems, including any time delays.
 - (iv) Transfer function block diagram representation including parameters of any **Frequency** and/or load control systems.
 - (v) Transfer function block diagram representation including parameters of any small signal modulation controls such as power oscillation damping controls or sub-synchronous oscillation damping controls, that have not been submitted as part of the above control system data
 - (vi) Transfer block diagram representation of the **Reactive Power** control at converter ends for a voltage source converter.

Plant Flexibility Performance

- PC.A.5.4.3.3 The following information on plant flexibility and performance should be supplied:
 - (i) Nominal and maximum (emergency) loading rate with the **DC Converter** in rectifier mode.
 - (ii) Nominal and maximum (emergency) loading rate with the DC Converter in inverter mode.
 - (iii) Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following an AC system fault or severe voltage depression.
 - (iv) Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following a transient **DC Network** fault.

PC.A.5.4.3.4 Harmonic Assessment Information

DC Converter owners shall provide such additional further information as required by **NGET** in order that compliance with CC.6.1.5 can be demonstrated.

* Data items marked with an asterisk are already requested under part 1, PC.A.3.3.1, to facilitate an early assessment by NGET as to whether detailed stability studies will be required before an offer of terms for a CUSC Contract can be made. Such data items have been repeated here merely for completeness and need not, of course, be resubmitted unless their values, known or estimated, have changed.

PC.A.5.5 Response data for **Frequency** changes

The information detailed below is required to describe the actual frequency response capability profile as illustrated in Figure CC.A.3.1 of the **Connection Conditions**, and need only be provided for each:

- (i) **Genset** at Large Power Stations; and
- (ii) Generating Unit, Power Park Module or CCGT Module at a Medium Power Station or DC Converter Station that has agreed to provide Frequency response in accordance with a CUSC Contract.

In the case of (ii) above for the rest of this PC.A.5.5 where reference is made to **Gensets**, it shall include such **Generating Units**, **CCGT Modules**, **Power Park Modules** and **DC Converters** as appropriate.

In this **PC.A.5.5**, for a **CCGT Module** with more than one **Generating Unit**, the phrase **Minimum Generation** applies to the entire **CCGT Module** operating with all **Generating Units Synchronised** to the **System**. Similarly for a **Power Park Module** with more than one **Power Park Unit**, the phrase **Minimum Generation** applies to the entire **Power Park Module** operating with all **Power Park Units Synchronised** to the

System.

PC.A.5.5.1 MW loading points at which data is required

Response values are required at six MW loading points (MLP1 to MLP6) for each **Genset**. **Primary** and **Secondary Response** values need not be provided for MW loading points which are below **Minimum Generation**. MLP1 to MLP6 must be provided to the nearest MW.

Prior to the **Genset** being first **Synchronised**, the MW loading points must take the following values :-

- MLP1Designed Minimum Operating LevelMLP2Minimum GenerationMLP370% of Registered CapacityMLP490% of Registered Capacity
- MLP4 80% of **Registered Capacity**
- MLP5 95% of **Registered Capacity**
- MLP6 Registered Capacity

When data is provided after the **Genset** is first **Synchronised**, the MW loading points may take any value between **Designed Minimum Operating Level** and **Registered Capacity** but the value of the **Designed Minimum Operating Level** must still be provided if it does not form one of the MW loading points.

PC.A.5.5.2 Primary and Secondary Response to Frequency fall

Primary and **Secondary Response** values for a -0.5Hz ramp are required at six MW loading points (MLP1 to MLP6) as detailed above

PC.A.5.5.3 High Frequency Response to Frequency rise

High Frequency Response values for a +0.5Hz ramp are required at six MW loading points (MLP1 to MLP6) as detailed above.

PC.A.5.6 Mothballed Generating Unit Mothballed Power Park Module or Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station and Alternative Fuel Information

Data identified under this section PC.A.5.6 must be submitted as required under PC.A.1.2 and at **NGET**'s reasonable request.

In the case of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** and **Embedded DC Converter Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**, upon request from **NGET** each **Network Operator** shall provide the information required in PC.A.5.6.1, PC.A.5.6.2, PC.A.5.6.3 and PC.A.5.6.4 on respect of such **Embedded Medium Power Stations** and **Embedded DC Converters Stations** with their **System**.

PC.A.5.6.1 Mothballed Generating Unit Information

Generators and DC Converter Station owners must supply with respect to each Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module or Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station the estimated MW output which could be returned to service within the following time periods from the time that a decision to return was made:

- < 1 month;
- 1-2 months;
- 2-3 months;
- 3-6 months;
- 6-12 months; and
- >12 months.

The return to service time should be determined in accordance with **Good Industry Practice** assuming normal working arrangements and normal plant procurement lead times. The MW output values should be the incremental values made available in each time period as further described in the **DRC**.

- PC.A.5.6.2 Generators and DC Converter Station owners must also notify NGET of any significant factors which may prevent the Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module or Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station achieving the estimated values provided under PC.A.5.6.1 above, excluding factors relating to Transmission Entry Capacity.
- PC.A.5.6.3 <u>Alternative Fuel Information</u>

The following data items must be supplied with respect to each **Generating Unit** whose main fuel is gas.

For each alternative fuel type (if facility installed):

- (a) Alternative fuel type e.g. oil distillate, alternative gas supply
- (b) For the changeover from main to alternative fuel:
 - Time to carry out off-line and on-line fuel changeover (minutes).
 - Maximum output following off-line and on-line changeover (MW).
 - Maximum output during on-line fuel changeover (MW).
 - Maximum operating time at full load assuming typical and maximum possible stock levels (hours).
 - Maximum rate of replacement of depleted stocks (MWh electrical/day) on the basis of **Good Industry Practice.**
 - Is changeover to alternative fuel used in normal operating arrangements?

- Number of successful changeovers carried out in the last **NGET Financial Year** (choice of 0, 1-5, 6-10, 11-20, >20).
- (c) For the changeover back to main fuel:
 - Time to carry out off-line and on-line fuel changeover (minutes).
 - Maximum output during on-line fuel changeover (MW).
- PC.A.5.6.4 **Generators** must also notify **NGET** of any significant factors and their effects which may prevent the use of alternative fuels achieving the estimated values provided under PC.A.5.6.3 above (e.g. emissions limits, distilled water stocks etc.)

PC.A.5.7 Black Start Related Information

Data identified under this section PC.A.5.7 must be submitted as required under PC.A.1.2. This information may also be requested by **NGET** during a **Black Start** and should be provided by **Generators** where reasonably possible. **Generators** in this section PC.A.5.7 means **Generators** only in respect of their **Large Power Stations**.

The following data items/text must be supplied, from each **Generator** to **NGET**, with respect to each **BM Unit** at a **Large Power Station** (excluding the **Generating Units** that are contracted to provide **Black Start Capability**, **Power Park Modules** or **Generating Units** with an **Intermittent Power Source**);

- (a) Expected time for each BM Unit to be Synchronised following a Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown. The assessment should include the Power Station's ability to re-synchronise all BM Units, if all were running immediately prior to the Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown. Additionally this should highlight any specific issues (i.e. those that would impact on the BM Unit's time to be Synchronised) that may arise, as time progresses without external supplies being restored.
- (b) Block Loading Capability. This should be provided in either graphical or tabular format showing the estimated block loading capability from 0MW to Registered Capacity. Any particular 'hold' points should also be identified. The data of each BM Unit should be provided for the condition of a 'hot' unit that was Synchronised just prior to the Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown and also for the condition of a 'cold' unit. The block loading assessment should be done against a frequency variation of 49.5Hz – 50.5Hz.

PC.A.6 USERS' SYSTEM DATA

- PC.A.6.1 Introduction
- PC.A.6.1.1 Each **User**, whether connected directly via an existing **Connection Point** to the **GB Transmission System** or seeking such a direct connection, shall provide **NGET** with data on its **User System** which relates to the **Connection Site** containing the **Connection Point** both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.6.2 to PC.A.6.6.
- PC.A.6.1.2 Each **User** must reflect the system effect at the **Connection Site(s)** of any third party **Embedded** within its **User System** whether existing or proposed.
- PC.A.6.1.3 PC.A.6.2, and PC.A.6.4 to PC.A.6.6 consist of data which is only to be supplied to **NGET** at **NGET**'s reasonable request. In the event that **NGET** identifies a reason for requiring this data, **NGET** shall write to the relevant **User**(s), requesting the data, and explaining the reasons for the request. If the **User**(s) wishes, **NGET** shall also arrange a meeting at which the request for data can be discussed, with the objective of identifying the best way in which **NGET**'s requirements can be met.

PC.A.6.2 <u>Transient Overvoltage Assessment Data</u>

- PC.A.6.2.1 It is occasionally necessary for **NGET** to undertake transient overvoltage assessments (e.g. capacitor switching transients, switchgear transient recovery voltages, etc). At **NGET**'s reasonable request, each **User** is required to provide the following data with respect to the **Connection Site**, current and forecast, together with a **Single Line Diagram** where not already supplied under PC.A.2.2.1, as follows:-
 - (a) busbar layout plan(s), including dimensions and geometry showing positioning of any current and voltage transformers, through bushings, support insulators, disconnectors, circuit breakers, surge arresters, etc. Electrical parameters of any associated current and voltage transformers, stray capacitances of wall bushings and support insulators, and grading capacitances of circuit breakers;
 - (b) Electrical parameters and physical construction details of lines and cables connected at that busbar. Electrical parameters of all plant e.g., transformers (including neutral earthing impedance or zig-zag transformers, if any), series reactors and shunt compensation equipment connected at that busbar (or to the tertiary of a transformer) or by lines or cables to that busbar;
 - (c) Basic insulation levels (BIL) of all **Apparatus** connected directly, by lines or by cables to the busbar;
 - (d) characteristics of overvoltage **Protection** devices at the busbar and at the termination points of all lines, and all cables connected to the busbar;

- (e) fault levels at the lower voltage terminals of each transformer connected directly or indirectly to the **GB Transmission System** without intermediate transformation;
- (f) the following data is required on all transformers operating at Supergrid Voltage throughout Great Britain and, in Scotland, also at 132kV: three or five limb cores or single phase units to be specified, and operating peak flux density at nominal voltage;
- (g) an indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions.

PC.A.6.3 User's Protection Data

PC.A.6.3.1 Protection

The following information is required which relates only to **Protection** equipment which can trip or inter-trip or close any **Connection Point** circuit-breaker or any **Transmission** circuit-breaker. This information need only be supplied once, in accordance with the timing requirements set out in PC.A.1.4(b), and need not be supplied on a routine annual basis thereafter, although **NGET** should be notified if any of the information changes

- (a) a full description, including estimated settings, for all relays and **Protection** systems installed or to be installed on the **User's System;**
- (b) a full description of any auto-reclose facilities installed or to be installed on the **User's System**, including type and time delays;
- (c) a full description, including estimated settings, for all relays and **Protection** systems or to be installed on the generator, generator transformer, **Station Transformer** and their associated connections;
- (d) for Generating Units (other than Power Park Units) or Power Park Modules or DC Converters at a DC Converter Station having (or intended to have) a circuit breaker at the generator terminal voltage, clearance times for electrical faults within the Generating Unit (other than a Power Park Unit) or Power Park Module zone;
- (e) the most probable fault clearance time for electrical faults on any part of the **User's System** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System**.

PC.A.6.4 <u>Harmonic Studies</u>

PC.A.6.4.1 It is occasionally necessary for NGET to evaluate the production/magnification of harmonic distortion on NGET and User's Systems, especially when NGET is connecting equipment such as capacitor banks. At NGET's reasonable request, each User is required to

submit data with respect to the **Connection Site**, current and forecast, and where not already supplied under PC.A.2.2.4 and PC.A.2.2.5, as follows:-

PC.A.6.4.2 Overhead lines and underground cable circuits of the **User's Subtransmission System** must be differentiated and the following data provided separately for each type:-

> Positive phase sequence resistance; Positive phase sequence reactance; Positive phase sequence susceptance;

and for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA; Voltage Ratio; Positive phase sequence resistance; Positive phase sequence reactance;

and at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance;

- Connection voltage and Mvar rating of any capacitor bank and component design parameters if configured as a filter;
- Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points;
- The minimum and maximum **Demand** (both MW and Mvar) that could occur;
- Harmonic current injection sources in Amps at the Connection voltage points. Where the harmonic injection current comes from a diverse group of sources, the equivalent contribution may be established from appropriate measurements;
- Details of traction loads, eg connection phase pairs, continuous variation with time, etc;
- An indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions.

PC.A.6.5 Voltage Assessment Studies

It is occasionally necessary for **NGET** to undertake detailed voltage assessment studies (e.g., to examine potential voltage instability, voltage control co-ordination or to calculate voltage step changes). At **NGET**'s reasonable request, each **User** is required to submit the following data where not already supplied under PC.A.2.2.4 and PC.A.2.2.5:-

For all circuits of the User's Subtransmission System:-

Positive Phase Sequence Reactance; Positive Phase Sequence Resistance; Positive Phase Sequence Susceptance; Mvar rating of any reactive compensation equipment; and for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA; Voltage Ratio; Positive phase sequence resistance; Positive Phase sequence reactance; Tap-changer range; Number of tap steps; Tap-changer type: on-load or off-circuit; AVC/tap-changer time delay to first tap movement; AVC/tap-changer inter-tap time delay;

and at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance;
Mvar rating of any reactive compensation equipment;
Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points;
The maximum **Demand** (both MW and Mvar) that could occur;
Estimate of voltage insensitive (constant power) load content in % of total load at both winter peak and 75% off-peak load conditions.

- PC.A.6.6 Short Circuit Analysis:
- PC.A.6.6.1 Where prospective short-circuit currents on equipment owned, operated or managed by **NGET** are greater than 90% of the equipment rating, and in **NGET**'s reasonable opinion more accurate calculations of short-circuit currents are required, then at **NGET**'s request each **User** is required to submit data with respect to the **Connection Site**, current and forecast, and where not already supplied under PC.A.2.2.4 and PC.A.2.2.5, as follows:
- PC.A.6.6.2 For all circuits of the User's Subtransmission System:-

Positive phase sequence resistance; Positive phase sequence reactance; Positive phase sequence susceptance; Zero phase sequence resistance (both self and mutuals); Zero phase sequence reactance (both self and mutuals); Zero phase sequence susceptance (both self and mutuals);

and for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA; Voltage Ratio; Positive phase sequence resistance (at max, min and nominal tap); Positive Phase sequence reactance (at max, min and nominal tap); Zero phase sequence reactance (at nominal tap); Tap changer range; Earthing method: direct, resistance or reactance; Impedance if not directly earthed; and at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

The maximum **Demand** (in MW and Mvar) that could occur; Short-circuit infeed data in accordance with PC.A.2.5.6 unless the **User**'s lower voltage network runs in parallel with the **User**'s **Subtransmission System**, when to prevent double counting in each node infeed data, a π equivalent comprising the data items of PC.A.2.5.6 for each node together with the positive phase sequence interconnection impedance between the nodes shall be submitted.

PC.A.7 ADDITIONAL DATA FOR NEW TYPES OF **POWER STATIONS**, **DC CONVERTER STATIONS** AND CONFIGURATIONS

Notwithstanding the **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** set out in this Appendix, as new types of configurations and operating arrangements of **Power Stations** and **DC Converter Stations** emerge in future, **NGET** may reasonably require additional data to represent correctly the performance of such **Plant** and **Apparatus** on the **System**, where the present data submissions would prove insufficient for the purpose of producing meaningful **System** studies for the relevant parties.

<u> PART 3</u>

NETWORK DATA

PC.A.8 To allow a **User** to model the **GB Transmission System**, **NGET** will provide, upon request, the following **Network Data** to **Users**, calculated in accordance with **Good Industry Practice**:-

PC.A.8.1 Single Point of Connection

For a **Single Point of Connection** to a **User's System**, as an equivalent 400kV or 275kV source and also in Scotland as an equivalent 132kV source, the data (as at the HV side of the **Point of Connection** reflecting data given to **NGET** by **Users**) will be given to a **User** as follows:-

The data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.8.3:-

(a) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi)

and the data items shall be provided in accordance with the detailed provisions of PC.A.8.3 (b) - (e).

PC.A.8.2 Multiple Point of Connection

For a **Multiple Point of Connection** to a **User's System** equivalents suitable for use in loadflow and fault level analysis shall be provided. These equivalents will normally be in the form of a π model or extension with a source (or demand for a loadflow equivalent) at each node and a linking impedance. The boundary nodes for the equivalent shall be either at the **Connection Point** or (where **NGET** agrees) at suitable nodes (the nodes to be agreed with the **User**) within the **GB Transmission System**. The data at the **Connection Point** will be given to a **User** as follows:-

The data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.8.3:-

(a) (i), (ii), (iv), (v), (vi), (vii), (viii), (ix), (x) and (xi)

and the data items shall be provided in accordance with the detailed provisions of PC.A.8.3 (b) - (e).

When an equivalent of this form is not required **NGET** will not provide the data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.8.3:-

(a) (vii), (viii), (ix), (x) and (xi)

PC.A.8.3 Data Items

- (a) The following is a list of data utilised in this part of the **PC**. It also contains rules on the data which generally apply.
 - (i) symmetrical three-phase short circuit current infeed at the instant of fault from the **GB Transmission System**, (l₁");

- symmetrical three-phase short circuit current from the GB Transmission System after the subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed, (l₁');
- the zero sequence source resistance and reactance values at the **Point of Connection**, consistent with the maximum infeed below;
- (iv) the pre-fault voltage magnitude at which the maximum fault currents were calculated;
- (v) the positive sequence X/R ratio at the instant of fault;
- (vi) the negative sequence resistance and reactance values of the GB Transmission System seen from the Point of Connection, if substantially different from the values of positive sequence resistance and reactance which would be derived from the data provided above;
- (vii) the initial positive sequence resistance and reactance values of the two (or more) sources and the linking impedance(s) derived from a fault study constituting the (π) equivalent and evaluated without the **User** network and load and where appropriate without elements of the **GB Transmission System** between the **User** network and agreed boundary nodes;
- (viii) the positive sequence resistance and reactance values of the two (or more) sources and the linking impendence(s) derived from a fault study, considering the short circuit current contributions after the subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed, constituting the (π) equivalent and evaluated without the **User** network and load, and where appropriate without elements of the **GB Transmission System** between the **User** network and agreed boundary nodes;
- (ix) the corresponding zero sequence impedance values of the (π) equivalent produced for use in fault level analysis;
- (x) the **Demand** and voltage at the boundary nodes and the positive sequence resistance and reactance values of the linking impedance(s) derived from a loadflow study considering **GB Transmission System** peak **Demand** constituting the (π) loadflow equivalent; and,
- (xi) where the agreed boundary nodes are not at a Connection Point, the positive sequence and zero sequence impedances of all elements of the GB Transmission System between the User network and agreed boundary nodes that are not included in the equivalent.
- (b) To enable the model to be constructed, **NGET** will provide data based on the following conditions.

- (c) The initial symmetrical three phase short circuit current and the transient period three phase short circuit current will normally be derived from the fixed impedance studies. The latter value should be taken as applying at times of 120ms and longer. Shorter values may be interpolated using a value for the subtransient time constant of 40ms. These fault currents will be obtained from a full **System** study based on load flow analysis that takes into account any existing flow across the point of connection being considered.
- (d) Since the equivalent will be produced for the 400kV or 275kV and also in Scotland 132kV parts of the GB Transmission System NGET will provide the appropriate supergrid transformer data.
- (e) The positive sequence X/R ratio and the zero sequence impedance value will correspond to the NGET source network only, that is with the section of network if any with which the equivalent is to be used excluded. These impedance values will be derived from the condition when all Generating Units are Synchronised to the GB Transmission System or a User's System and will take account of active sources only including any contribution from the load to the fault current. The passive component of the load itself or other system shunt impedances should not be included.
- (f) A User may at any time, in writing, specifically request for an equivalent to be prepared for an alternative System condition, for example where the User's System peak does not correspond to the GB Transmission System peak, and NGET will, insofar as such request is reasonable, provide the information as soon as reasonably practicable following the request.

PLANNING CODE APPENDIX B

Single Line Diagram

The diagrams below show three examples of single line diagrams, showing the detail that should be incorporated in the diagram. The first example is for an **Network Operator** connection, the second for a **Generator** connection, the third for a **Power Park Module** electrically equivalent system.





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Power Park Module Single Line Diagram



Notes:

- The electrically equivalent Power Park Unit consists of a number of actual Power Park Units of the same type ie. any equipment external to the Power Park Unit terminals is considered as part of the Equivalent Network. Power Park Units of different types shall be included in separate electrically equivalent Power Park Units. The total number of equivalent Power Park Units shall represent all of the actual Power Park Units in the Power Park Module.
- 2) Separate electrically equivalent networks are required for each different type of electrically equivalent **Power Park Unit**. The electrically equivalent network shall include all equipment between the **Power Park Unit** terminals and the **Common Collection Busbar**.
- 3) All **Plant** and **Apparatus** including the circuit breakers, transformers, lines, cables and reactive compensation plant between the **Common Collection Busbar** and Substation A shall be shown.

PLANNING CODE APPENDIX C

- C1.1 Planning and design of the **SPT** and **SHETL Transmission Systems** is based generally, but not totally, on criteria which evolved from joint consultation among various **Transmission Licensees** responsible for design of the **GB Transmission System**.
- C1.2 The above criteria are set down within the standards, memoranda, recommendations and reports and are provided as a guide to system planning. It should be noted that each scheme for reinforcement or modification of the **Transmission System** is individually designed in the light of economic and technical factors associated with the particular system limitations under consideration.
- C1.3 The tables below identify the literature referred to above, together with the main topics considered within each document.

ITEM	DOCUMENT	REFERENCE
NO.	CP Coouvity and Quality of Cumply Standard	No.
1	GB Security and Quality of Supply Standard	version I
2	System Phasing	TPS 13/4
3	not used	
4	Planning Limits for Voltage Fluctuations Caused by Industrial,	ER P28
	Commercial and Domestic Equipment in the United Kingdom	
5	EHV or HV Supplies to Induction Furnaces	ER P16
	Voltage unbalance limits	(Supported by
	Voltage unbulance innto.	No.48)
	Harmonic current limits.	,
6	Planning Levels for Harmonic Voltage Distortion and the	ER G5/4
	Connection of Non-Linear Loads to Transmission Systems and	(Supported by
	Public Electricity Supply Systems in the United Kingdom	ACE Report
	Harmonic distortion (waveform)	NO.73)
	Harmonic voltage distortion.	
	Harmonic current distortion.	
	Stage 1 limits.	
	Stage 2 limits.	
	Stage 3 Limits	
	Addition of Harmonics	
	Short Duration Harmonics	
	Site Measurements	

PART 1 – SHETL'S TECHNICAL AND DESIGN CRITERIA

ITEM	DOCUMENT	REFERENCE
INO.		INO.
1	AC Traction Supplies to British Rail	ER P24
	— • • • • • • • •	
	I ype of supply point to railway system.	
	Estimation of traction loads.	
	Nature of traction current.	
	System disturbance estimation.	
	Earthing arrangements.	
8	Operational Memoranda	(SOM)
	Main System operating procedure.	SOM 1
	Operational standards of security.	SOM 3
	Voltage and reactive control on main system.	SOM 4
	System warnings and procedures for instructed load reduction.	SOM 7
	Continuous tape recording of system control telephone messages and instructions.	SOM 10
	Emergency action in the event of an exceptionally serious breakdown of the main system.	SOM 15
9	Planning Limits for Voltage Unbalance in the United Kingdom.	ER P29

	DOCUMENT	Reference
INO.		NO.
1	GB Security and Quality of Supply Standard	Version 1
2	System Phasing	TDM 13/10,002
		Issue 4
3	not used	
4	Planning Limits for Voltage Fluctuations Caused by Industrial, Commercial and	ER P28
	Domestic Equipment in the United Kingdom	
5	EHV or HV Supplies to Induction Furnaces	ER P16
		(Supported by ACE
	Voltage Unbalance limits.	Report No.48)
		1 ,
	Harmonic current limits.	
6	Planning Levels for Harmonic Voltage Distortion and the Connection of Non-Linear	ER G5/4
	Loads to Transmission Systems and Public Electricity Supply Systems in the	Supported by ACE
		Report No.73)
	Harmonic distortion (waveform)	
	Harmonic voltage distortion.	
	Harmonic current distortion.	
	Stago 1 limite	
	Stage T minus.	
	Stage 2 limits.	
	Stage 3 Limits	
	Addition of Harmonics	
	Chart Duration Hormonics	
	Short Duration Harmonics	
	Site Measurements	
7	AC Traction Supplies to British Bail	FR P24
	Type of supply point to railway system.	
	Estimation of traction loads.	
	Nature of traction current.	
	System disturbance estimation	
	Earthing arrangements.	
/	AC Traction Supplies to British Rail Type of supply point to railway system. Estimation of traction loads. Nature of traction current. System disturbance estimation. Earthing arrangements.	ER P24

PART 2 – SPT'S TECHNICAL AND DESIGN CRITERIA

< End of Planning Code (PC) >

DATA REGISTRATION CODE

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DATA REGISTRATION CODE

DRC.1 INTRODUCTION

- DRC.1.1 The **Data Registration Code** ("**DRC**") presents a unified listing of all data required by **NGET** from **Users** and by **Users** from **NGET**, from time to time under the **Grid Code**. The data which is specified in each section of the **Grid Code** is collated here in the **DRC**. Where there is any inconsistency in the data requirements under any particular section of the **Grid Code** and the **Data Registration Code** the provisions of the particular section of the **Grid Code** shall prevail.
- DRC.1.2 The **DRC** identifies the section of the **Grid Code** under which each item of data is required.
- DRC.1.3 The Code under which any item of data is required specifies procedures and timings for the supply of that data, for routine updating and for recording temporary or permanent changes to that data. All timetables for the provision of data are repeated in the **DRC**.
- DRC.1.4 Various sections of the **Grid Code** also specify information which the **Users** will receive from **NGET**. This information is summarised in a single schedule in the **DRC** (Schedule 9).

DRC.2 <u>OBJECTIVE</u>

The objective of the **DRC** is to:

- DRC.2.1 List and collate all the data to be provided by each category of **User** to **NGET** under the **Grid Code**.
- DRC.2.2 List all the data to be provided by **NGET** to each category of **User** under the **Grid Code**.

DRC.3 <u>SCOPE</u>

- DRC.3.1 The **DRC** applies to **NGET** and to **Users**, which in this **DRC** means:-
 - (a) **Generators**;
 - (b) **Network Operators**;
 - (c) **DC Converter Station** owners
 - (d) **Suppliers**;
 - (e) **Non-Embedded Customers** (including, for the avoidance of doubt, a **Pumped Storage Generator** in that capacity);
 - (f) Externally Interconnected System Operators;

- (g) Interconnector Users; and
- (h) **BM Participants**.
- DRC.4 DATA CATEGORIES AND STAGES IN REGISTRATION
- DRC.4.1.1 Within the **DRC** each data item is allocated to one of the following three categories:
 - (a) Standard Planning Data (SPD)
 - (b) Detailed Planning Data (DPD)
 - (c) **Operational Data**
- DRC.4.2 Standard Planning Data (SPD)
- DRC.4.2.1 The **Standard Planning Data** listed and collated in this **DRC** is that data listed in Part 1 of the Appendix to the PC.
- DRC.4.2.2 **Standard Planning Data** will be provided to **NGET** in accordance with PC.4.4 and PC.A.1.2.
- DRC.4.3 Detailed Planning Data (DPD)
- DRC.4.3.1 The **Detailed Planning Data** listed and collated in this **DRC** is that data listed in Part 2 of the Appendix to the **PC**.
- DRC.4.3.2 **Detailed Planning Data** will be provided to **NGET** in accordance with PC.4.4, PC.4.5 and PC.A.1.2.
- DRC.4.4 **Operational Data**
- DRC.4.4.1 **Operational Data** is data which is required by the **Operating Codes** and the **Balancing Codes**. Within the **DRC**, **Operational Data** is sub-categorised according to the **Code** under which it is required, namely **OC1**, **OC2**, **BC1** or **BC2**.
- DRC.4.4.2 **Operational Data** is to be supplied in accordance with timetables set down in the relevant **Operating Codes** and **Balancing Codes** and repeated in tabular form in the schedules to the **DRC**.

DRC.5 PROCEDURES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

DRC.5.1 Responsibility for Submission and Updating of Data

In accordance with the provisions of the various sections of the **Grid Code**, each **User** must submit data as summarised in DRC.6 and listed and collated in the attached schedules.

DRC.5.2 <u>Methods of Submitting Data</u>

- DRC.5.2.1 Wherever possible the data schedules to the **DRC** are structured to serve as standard formats for data submission and such format must be used for the written submission of data to **NGET**.
- DRC.5.2.2 Data must be submitted to the **Transmission Control Centre** notified by **NGET** or to such other department or address as **NGET** may from time to time advise. The name of the person at the **User** who is submitting each schedule of data must be included.
- DRC.5.2.3 Where a computer data link exists between a **User** and **NGET**, data may be submitted via this link. **NGET** will, in this situation, provide computer files for completion by the **User** containing all the data in the corresponding **DRC** schedule.

Data submitted can be in an electronic format using a proforma to be supplied by **NGET** or other format to be agreed annually in advance with **NGET**. In all cases the data must be complete and relate to, and relate only to, what is required by the relevant section of the **Grid Code**.

- DRC.5.2.4 Other modes of data transfer, such as magnetic tape, may be utilised if **NGET** gives its prior written consent.
- DRC.5.3 Changes to Users' Data
- DRC.5.3.1 Whenever a **User** becomes aware of a change to an item of data which is registered with **NGET** the **User** must notify **NGET** in accordance with each section of the **Grid Code**. The method and timing of the notification to **NGET** is set out in each section of the **Grid Code**.
- DRC.5.4 Data not Supplied
- DRC.5.4.1 Users and NGET are obliged to supply data as set out in the individual sections of the Grid Code and repeated in the DRC. If a User fails to supply data when required by any section of the Grid Code, NGET will estimate such data if and when, in the NGET's view, it is necessary to do so. If NGET fails to supply data when required by any section of the Grid Code, the User to whom that data ought to have been supplied, will estimate such data if and when, in that User's view, it is necessary to do so. Such estimates will, in each case, be based upon data supplied previously for the same Plant or Apparatus or upon corresponding data for similar Plant or Apparatus or upon such other information as NGET or that User, as the case may be, deems appropriate.
- DRC.5.4.2 **NGET** will advise a **User** in writing of any estimated data it intends to use pursuant to DRC.5.4.1 relating directly to that **User's Plant** or **Apparatus** in the event of data not being supplied.
- DRC.5.4.3 A **User** will advise **NGET** in writing of any estimated data it intends to use pursuant to DRC.5.4.1 in the event of data not being supplied.

DRC.5.5 <u>Substituted Data</u>

- DRC.5.5.1 In the case of PC.A.4 only, if the data supplied by a **User** does not in **NGET**'s reasonable opinion reflect the equivalent data recorded by **NGET**, **NGET** may estimate such data if and when, in the view of NGET, it is necessary to do so. Such estimates will, in each case, be based upon data supplied previously for the same **Plant** or **Apparatus** or upon corresponding data for similar **Plant** or **Apparatus** or upon such other information as **NGET** deems appropriate.
- DRC.5.5.2 **NGET** will advise a **User** in writing of any estimated data it intends to use pursuant to DRC.5.5.1 relating directly to that **User's Plant** or **Apparatus** where it does not in **NGET's** reasonable opinion reflect the equivalent data recorded by **NGET**. Such estimated data will be used by **NGET** in place of the appropriate data submitted by the **User** pursuant to PC.A.4 and as such shall be deemed to accurately represent the **User's** submission until such time as the **User** provides data to **NGET's** reasonable satisfaction.

DRC.6 DATA TO BE REGISTERED

- DRC.6.1 Schedules 1 to 15 attached cover the following data areas.
- DRC.6.1.1 SCHEDULE 1 GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT Module), POWER PARK MODULE and DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA.

Comprising Generating Unit (and CCGT Module), Power Park Module and DC Converter fixed electrical parameters.

- DRC.6.1.2 SCHEDULE 2 GENERATION PLANNING PARAMETERS
- Comprising the **Genset** parameters required for **Operational Planning** studies. DRC.6.1.3 SCHEDULE 3 - **LARGE POWER STATION** OUTAGE PROGRAMMES, OUTPUT USABLE AND INFLEXIBILITY INFORMATION.

Comprising generation outage planning, **Output Usable** and inflexibility information at timescales down to the daily **BM Unit Data** submission.

DRC.6.1.4 SCHEDULE 4 - LARGE POWER STATION DROOP AND RESPONSE DATA.

Comprising data on governor **Droop** settings and **Primary**, **Secondary** and **High Frequency Response** data for **Large Power Stations**.

DRC.6.1.5 SCHEDULE 5 - USER'S SYSTEM DATA.

Comprising electrical parameters relating to **Plant** and **Apparatus** connected to the **GB Transmission System**.

DRC.6.1.6 SCHEDULE 6 - USERS OUTAGE INFORMATION.

Comprising the information required by **NGET** for outages on the **Users System**, including outages at **Power Stations** other than outages of **Gensets**

DRC.6.1.7 SCHEDULE 7 - LOAD CHARACTERISTICS.

Comprising the estimated parameters of load groups in respect of, for example, harmonic content and response to frequency.

- DRC.6.1.8 SCHEDULE 8 **BM UNIT** DATA.
- DRC.6.1.9 SCHEDULE 9 DATA SUPPLIED BY **NGET** TO **USERS**.
- DRC.6.1.10 SCHEDULE 10 **DEMAND** PROFILES AND **ACTIVE ENERGY** DATA

Comprising information relating to the **Network Operators**' and **Non-Embedded Customers**' total **Demand** and **Active Energy** taken from the **GB Transmission System**

DRC.6.1.11 SCHEDULE 11 - CONNECTION POINT DATA

Comprising information relating to **Demand**, demand transfer capability and a summary of the **Small Power Station**, **Medium Power Station** and **Customer** generation connected to the **Connection Point**

DRC.6.1.12 SCHEDULE 12 - **DEMAND CONTROL** DATA

Comprising information related to **Demand Control**

DRC.6.1.13 SCHEDULE 13 - FAULT INFEED DATA

Comprising information relating to the Short Circuit contribution to the **GB Transmission System** from **Users** other than **Generators** and **DC Converter Station** owners.

DRC.6.1.14 SCHEDULE 14 - FAULT INFEED DATA

Comprising information relating to the Short Circuit contribution to the **GB Transmission System** from **Generators** and **DC Converter Station** owners.

DRC.6.1.15 SCHEDULE 15 – MOTHBALLED GENERATING UNIT, MOTHBALLED POWER PARK MODULE, MOTHBALLED DC CONVERTERS AT A DC CONVERTER STATION AND ALTERNATIVE FUEL DATA

> Comprising information relating to estimated return to service times for Mothballed Generating Units, Mothballed Power Park Modules and Mothballed DC Converters at a DC Converter Station and the capability of gas-fired Generating Units to operate using alternative fuels.

DRC.6.1.16 SCHEDULE 16 – **BLACK START** INFORMATION

Comprising information relating to **Black Start**.

DRC.6.1.17 SCHEDULE 17 – ACCESS PERIOD SCHEDULE

Comprising Access Period information for Transmission Interface Circuits within an Access Group.

DRC.6.2 The **Schedules** applicable to each class of **User** are as follows:

Generators with Large Power Stations	Sched 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 14, 15, 16
Generators with Medium Power Stations (See notes 2, 3, 4)	Sched 1, 2 (part), 9, 14, 15
Generators with Small Power Stations directly connected to the GB Transmission System	Sched 1, 6, 14, 15
All Users connected directly to GB Transmission System	Sched 5, 6, 9
All Users connected directly to the GB Transmission System other than Generators	Sched 10,11,13,17
All Users connected directly to GB Transmission System with Demand	Sched 7, 9
A Pumped Storage Generator, Externally Interconnected System Operator and Interconnector Users	Sched12 (as marked)
All Suppliers	Sched 12
All Network Operators	Sched 12
All BM Participants	Sched 8
All DC Converter Station owners	Sched 1, 4, 9, 14, 15

Notes:

- 1. Network Operators must provide data relating to Small Power Stations and/or Customer Generating Plant Embedded in their Systems when such data is requested by NGET pursuant to PC.A.3.1.4 or PC.A.5.1.4.
- 2. The data in schedules 1, 14 and 15 need not be supplied in relation to **Medium Power Stations** connected at a voltage level below the voltage level of the **Subtransmission System** except in connection with a **CUSC Contract** or unless specifically requested by **NGET**.
- 3. Each Network Operator within whose System an Embedded Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement is situated shall provide the data to NGET in respect of each such Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station.

4. In the case of Schedule 2, Generators, DC Converter Station owners or Network Operators in the case of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement, would only be expected to submit data in relation to Standard Planning Data as required by the Planning Code.

DATA REGISTRATION CODE

SCHEDULE 1 Page 1 of 15

GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE) TECHNICAL DATA

POWER STATION NAME: _____

DATE: _____

	UNITS	DATA CAT	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION DATA				DATA		
		••••	FYr 0	FYr 1	FYr 2	FYr 3	FYr 4	FYr 5	FYr 6
GENERATING STATION DEMANDS:									
Demand associated with the Power Station supplied through the GB Transmission System or the Generator's User System									
- The maximum Demand that could occur.	MW	DPD							
 Demand at specified time of annual peak half hour of GB Transmission System Demand at Annual ACS Conditions. 	MW MW Mvar	DPD DPD DPD							
 Demand at specified time of annual minimum half-hour of GB Transmission System Demand. 	MW Mvar	DPD DPD							
(Additional Demand supplied through the unit transformers to be provided below)									
INDIVIDUAL GENERATING UNIT (OR AS THE CASE MAY BE, CCGT MODULE) DATA			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Point of connection to the GB Transmission System (or the Total System if embedded) of the Generating Unit (other than a CCGT Unit) or the CCGT Module , as the case may be in terms of geographical and electrical location and system voltage	Text	SPD							
If the busbars at the Connection Point are normally run in separate sections identify the section to which the Generating Unit (other than a CCGT Unit) or CCGT Module , as the case may be is connected	Section Number	SPD							
Type of Unit (steam, Gas Turbine Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Unit, tidal, wind, etc.)									
A list of the CCGT Units within a CCGT Module, identifying each CCGT Unit, and the CCGT Module of which it forms part, unambiguously. In the case of a Range CCGT Module, details of the possible configurations should also be submitted.		SPD							

ABBREVIATIONS:

SPD % on MVA	 Standard Planning Data % on Rated MVA 	DPD RC	 Detailed Planning Data Registered Capacity
% on 100	= % on 100 MVA	OC1, BC1, etc	= Grid Code for which
			data is required

Note:

All parameters, where applicable, are to be measured at nominal System Frequency

- + these SPD items should only be given in the data supplied with the application for a CUSC Contract.
- * Asterisk items are not required for Small Power Stations and Medium Power Stations

Information is to be given on a **Unit** basis, unless otherwise stated. Where references to **CCGT Modules** are made, the columns "G1" etc should be amended to read "M1" etc, as appropriate.

SCHEDULE 1 Page 3 of 15

		DATA	A GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT					GT				
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNITS CAT.		MODULE, AS THE CASE					MAY	MAY BE)		
			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	SIN			
Rated MVA	MVA	SPD+										
Rated MW	MW	SPD+										
Rated terminal voltage	kV	DPD										
*Performance Chart at Generating Unit stator		SPD	(see	OC2 f	or spe	cifica	tion)					
*Output Usable (on a monthly basis)	MW	SPD	(exce	ent in r	elatio	n to C	CGT	Mod	ules			
		••• =	when	requi	red or	naun	it bas	is une	der the			
			Grid	Code	, this c	data it	tem m	iay be	;			
			supp	lied ur	nder S	ched	ule 3)	1				
Turbo-Generator inertia constant (for synchronous	MW secs	SPD+										
Short circuit ratio (synchronous machines)	/IVIVA	SPD+										
Normal auxiliary load supplied by the Generating	MW	DPD										
Unit at rated MW output	Mvar	DPD										
Rated field current at rated MW and Mvar output	A	DPD										
and at rated terminal voltage												
Field current open circuit saturation curve (as												
certificates).												
120% rated terminal volts	А	DPD										
110% rated terminal volts	А	DPD										
100% rated terminal volts	Α	DPD										
90% rated terminal volts	A	DPD										
80% rated terminal volts	A	DPD										
70% rated terminal volts	A A	DPD										
50% rated terminal volts	Â	DPD										
IMPEDANCES:		DPD										
(Unsaturated)												
Direct axis synchronous reactance	% on MVA	DPD						1				
Direct axis transient reactance	% on MVA	SPD+										
Direct axis sub-transient reactance	% on MVA	DPD										
Quad axis synch reactance	% on MVA	DPD										
Quad axis sub-transient reactance	% on MVA	DPD										
Stator leakage reactance	% on MVA	DPD										
Amature winding direct current	% on M\/A	חפח						1				
In Scotland, negative sequence resistance	% on MVA											
Note:- the above data item relating to armature win	ding direct-cu	rrent resi	stance	need	only I	be pro	ovideo	d by				
Generators in relation to Generating Units	commissione	d after 1s	st Marc	ch 199	6 and	in ca	ses w	here,	for			
whatever reason, the Generator is aware of	the value of t	he data i	tem.	1	1	1	1	1				
SCHEDULE 1 Page 4 of 15

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNITS DATA G		GENERATING UNIT OR STATION DAT							
			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN		
TIME CONSTANTS (Short-circuit and Unsaturated)											
Direct axis transient time constant Direct axis sub-transient time constant	S S	DPD SPD									
Quadrature axis sub-transient time	S	DPD									
Stator time constant	S	DPD									
GENERATING UNIT STEP-UP TRANSFORMER											
Rated MVA Voltage Ratio Positive sequence reactance: Max tap	MVA - % on MVA	SPD+ DPD SPD+									
Nominal tap Nominal tap Positive sequence resistance: Max tap	% on MVA % on MVA	SPD+ SPD+									
Min tap Nominal tap Zero phase sequence reactance	% on MVA % on MVA % on MVA	DPD DPD DPD									
Tap change range Tap change step size Tap changer type, on-load or	+% / -% %	DPD DPD									
off-circuit <u>EXCITATION:</u>	On/Off	DPD									

Note: The data items requested under Option 1 below may continue to be provided by **Generators** in relation to **Generating Units** on the **System** at 9 January 1995 (in this paragraph, the "relevant date") or they may provide the new data items set out under Option 2. **Generators** must supply the data as set out under Option 2 (and not those under Option 1) for **Generating Unit** excitation control systems commissioned after the relevant date, those **Generating Unit** excitation control systems recommissioned for any reason such as refurbishment after the relevant date and **Generating Unit** excitation control systems where, as a result of testing or other process, the **Generator** is aware of the data items listed under Option 2 in relation to that **Generating Unit**.

Option 1							
DC gain of Excitation Loop		DPD					
Max field voltage	V	DPD					
Min field voltage	V	DPD					
Rated field voltage	V	DPD					
Max rate of change of field volts:							
Rising	V/Sec	DPD					
Falling	V/Sec	DPD					
Details of Excitation Loop	Diagram	DPD	(plea	se atta	ach)		
Described in block diagram form showing transfer							
iunctions of marvidual elements			1 1				
Dynamic characteristics of over-		DPD					
excitation limiter							
Dynamic characteristics of under-		DPD					
excitation limiter							

			DATA	G	ENER	ATINC) UNI	T OR	STAT	ΓΙΟΝ
DATA DESCRIPTION		UNITS	CAT.				DAT	A		
				G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Option 2										
		_								
Exciter category, e.g. Rotating		lext	SPD							
Exciter, or Static Exciter etc										
Excitation System Nominal	V	aaa ⁻¹	000							
Response Response	VE	Sec								
Rated Field Voltage	U _{fN}	V								
NO-1000 FIEID VOITAGE	U _{fO}	v	טייט							
Excitation System On-Load		V	000							
Evolution System No. Lood	U _{pL+}	v	DPD							
Positivo Coiling Voltago		V								
Evolution System No. Lood	U _{pO+}	v	DPD							
Negative Calling Veltage		V	000							
Negative Centing Voltage	U _{pO-}	v	DPD							
fitted		Vaa/Na								
Inteo		res/ino	540							
Details of Excitation System										
(including DSS if fitted) described	in block									
diagram form showing transfer fur	IN DIOCK									
individual elements		Diagram	חפח							
individual elements.		Diagram								
Details of Over-excitation Limiter										
described in block diagram form s	howing									
transfer functions of individual ele	ments.	Diagram	DPD							
Details of Under-excitation Limiter										
described in block diagram form s	howing									
transfer functions of individual eler	ments.	Diagram	DPD							
		Ŭ								

SCHEDULE 1 Page 6 of 15

	UNITS	DATA CAT.	GENE	RATII	NG U	NIT C	R STA	ATION	DATA
DATA DESCRIPTION			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
GOVERNOR AND ASSOCIATED PRIME MOVER F	ARAMET	ERS							
Note: The data items requested under Option 1 be Generating Units on the System at 9 Janu provide the new data items set out under O Option 2 (and not those under Option 1) for the relevant date, those Generating Unit ge as refurbishment after the relevant date and of testing or other process, the Generator is Generating Unit.	elow may o lary 1995 (ption 2. G Generati overnor co d Generati s aware of	continue in this pa enerato ng Unit of ntrol sys ng Unit the data	to be pro aragraph, rs must s governor tems rec governor a items lis	videc , the " upply contro ommi- contri ted u	by G relevant the coll system soll system nder	ant da data a tems ed for stems Option	ators i ate") or s set c comm r any re where n 2 in r	n relat they r out und issione eason e, as a relatior	ion to nay ler ed after such result to that
Option 1									
GOVERNOR PARAMETERS (REHEAT UNITS)									
HP Governor average gain Speeder motor setting range HP governor valve time constant HP governor valve opening limits HP governor valve rate limits Re-heat time constant (stored Active Energy in reheater) IP governor average gain IP governor setting range IP governor setting range IP governor valve opening limits IP governor valve opening limits IP governor valve rate limits Details of acceleration sensitive elements HP & IP in governor loop Governor block diagram showing transfer functions of individual elements	MW/Hz Hz S MW/Hz Hz S	DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD	(please (please	attacl	h) h)				
Governor average gain Speeder motor setting range Time constant of steam or fuel governor valve Governor valve opening limits Governor valve rate limits Time constant of turbine Governor block diagram	MW/Hz S S	DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD	(please	attac	h)				

SCHEDULE 1 Page 7 of 15

		DATA CAT	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION DATA								
		0/11.	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN		
BOILER & STEAM TURBINE DATA*											
Boiler time constant (Stored Active Energy)	S	DPD									
HP turbine response ratio: (Proportion of Primary Response arising from HP turbine)	%	DPD									
HP turbine response ratio: (Proportion of High Frequency Response arising from HP turbine)	%	DPD									
	End o	of Option	1								
Option 2											
All Generating Units											
Governor Block Diagram showing transfer function of individual elements including acceleration sensitive elements		DPD									
Governor Time Constant #Governor Deadband	Sec	DPD									
- Maximum Setting	±Hz +⊔z										
- Minimum Setting	±Hz	DPD									
Speeder Motor Setting Range	%	DPD									
Average Gain	MW/Hz	DPD									
Steam Units											
HP Valve Time Constant HP Valve Opening Limits HP Valve Opening Rate Limits HP Valve Closing Rate Limits HP Turbine Time Constant	sec % %/sec %/sec sec	DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD									
IP Valve Time Constant IP Valve Opening Limits IP Valve Opening Rate Limits IP Valve Closing Rate Limits IP Turbine Time Constant	sec % %/sec %/sec sec	DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD									
LP Valve Time Constant LP Valve Opening Limits LP Valve Opening Rate Limits LP Valve Closing Rate Limits LP Turbine Time Constant	sec % %/sec %/sec sec	DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD									
Reheater Time Constant Boiler Time Constant HP Power Fraction IP Power Fraction	sec sec % %	DPD DPD DPD DPD									

Where the generating unit governor does not have a selectable deadband facility, then the actual value of the deadband need only be provided.

SCHEDULE 1 Page 8 of 15

		DATA CAT	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION DA							
	onno	0/11	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN	
Gas Turbine Units										
Inlet Guide Vane Time Constant Inlet Guide Vane Opening Limits Inlet Guide Vane Opening Rate Limits Inlet Guide Vane Closing Rate Limits	sec % %/sec %/sec	DPD DPD DPD DPD								
Fuel Valve Time Constant Fuel Valve Opening Limits Fuel Valve Opening Rate Limits Fuel Valve Closing Rate Limits	sec % %/sec %/sec	DPD DPD DPD DPD								
Waste Heat Recovery Boiler Time Constant										
Hydro Generating Units										
Guide Vane Actuator Time Constant Guide Vane Opening Limits Guide Vane Opening Rate Limits Guide Vane Closing Rate Limits	sec % %/sec %/sec	DPD DPD DPD DPD								
Water Time Constant	sec	DPD								
	End o	f Option 2	 2 							
UNIT CONTROL OPTIONS*										
Maximum droop Normal droop Minimum droop	% % %	DPD DPD DPD								
Maximum frequency deadband Normal frequency deadband Minimum frequency deadband	±Hz ±Hz ±Hz	DPD DPD DPD								
Maximum Output deadband Normal Output deadband Minimum Output deadband	±MW ±MW ±MW	DPD DPD DPD								
Frequency settings between which Unit Load Controller droop applies:										
Maximum Normal Minimum	Hz Hz Hz	DPD DPD DPD								
Sustained response normally selected	Yes/No	DPD								

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.	POWER PARK UNIT (OR POWER PA MODULE, AS THE CASE MAY BE					PARK BE)	
			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	ŚTN
Dower Dark Module Dated M//A	N4)/A	CDD .							
Power Park Module Rated MW	MW	SPD+							
*Performance Chart of a at Power Park Module at the		SPD	(see	OC2 fo	or spe	cificati	on)		
connection point			,				,		
*Output Usable (on a monthly basis)	MW	SPD	(exce	pt in r	elation	to CC	GT M	odule	S
			wnen Grid	Code	rea on this d	a unit	Dasis	under	the
			suppl	lied un	ider So	chedul	e 3)	y DC	
Number & Type of Power Park Units within each Power Park Module									
Power Park Unit Model - A validated mathematical	Transfer	חפח							
model in accordance with PC.5.4.2 (a)	function block								
	diagram and								
	algebraic								
	simulation								
	and								
	measured								
	test results								
Power Park Unit Data (where applicable)									
Rated MVA	MVA	SPD+							
Rated MW	MW	SPD+							
Rated terminal voltage	V ka/m ³	SPD+							
Site maximum air density	kg/m ³	5PD+ SPD+							
Site average air density	kg/m ³	SPD+							
Year for which air density data is submitted	g ,	SPD+							
Number of pole pairs	0	DPD							
Blade swept area	m²	DPD							
Gear box ratio	% on MVA	DPD SDD							
Stator Reactance.	% on MVA	SPD+							
Magnetising Reactance	% on MVA	SPD+							
Rotor Resistance (at starting).	% on MVA	DPD							
Rotor Resistance (at rated running)	% on MVA	SPD+							
HOTOR HEACTANCE (AT STATTING).	% on MVA	DPD							
Equivalent inertia constant of the first mass (e.g. wind	MW secs /	SPD+							
turbine rotor and blades) at minimum speed	MVA	0.01							
Equivalent inertia constant of the first mass (e.g. wind	MW secs /	SPD+							
turbine rotor and blades) at synchronous speed	MVA	SDD.							
turbine rotor and blades) at rated speed	MVA	350+							
Equivalent inertia constant of the second mass (e.g.	MW secs /	SPD+							
generator rotor) at minimum speed	MVA	000							
Equivalent inertia constant of the second mass (e.g. denerator rotor) at synchronous speed	IVIVV SECS / M\/A	5PD+							
Equivalent inertia constant of the second mass (e.g.	MW secs /	SPD+							
generator rotor) at rated speed	MVA								
Equivalent shaft stiffness between the two masses	Nm /	SPD+							
	radian								

		DATA							
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	CAT.	PAF	RK MC	DULI	E, AS	IHE (CASE	MAY
Minimum generator rotor speed (Doubly Fed	RPM	SPD+	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Induction Generators) Maximum generator rotor speed (Doubly Fed Induction Generators)	RPM	SPD+							
The optimum generator rotor speed versus wind speed	tabular format	DPD							
Power Converter Rating (Doubly Fed Induction Generators)	MVA	SPD+							
The rotor power coefficient (C_p) versus tip speed ratio (λ) curves for a range of blade angles (where applicable)	Diagram + tabular format	DPD							
The electrical power output versus generator rotor speed for a range of wind speeds over the entire operating range of the Power Park Unit .	Diagram + tabular format	DPD							
The blade angle versus wind speed curve	Diagram + tabular format	DPD							
The electrical power output versus wind speed over the entire operating range of the Power Park Unit .	Diagram + tabular format	DPD							
Transfer function block diagram, parameters and description of the operation of the power electronic converter including fault ride through capability (where applicable).	Diagram	DPD							
For a Power Park Unit consisting of a synchronous machine in combination with a back to back DC Converter , or for a Power Park Unit not driven by a wind turbine, the data to be supplied shall be agreed with NGET in accordance with PC.A.7.		1	<u> </u>					L	

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		DATA	POWER PARK UNIT (OR POW						WER
DATA DESCRIPTION		UAT.	P <i>F</i>		M	AY B	no if E)		AGE
	D'		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
and parameters	Diagram	DPD							
For the Power Park Unit , details of the torque / speed controller and blade angle controller in the case of a wind turbine and power limitation functions (where applicable) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements									
Voltage/ Reactive Power/Power Factor control system parameters	Diagram	DPD							
For the Power Park Unit and Power Park Module details of Voltage/Reactive Power/Power Factor controller (and PSS if fitted) described in block diagram form including parameters showing transfer functions of individual elements.									
Frequency control system parameters	Diagram	DPD							
For the Power Park Unit and Power Park Module details of the Ffrequency controller described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements.									
As an alternative to PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f), is the submission of a single complete model that consists of the full information required under PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d) (e) and (f) provided that all the information required under PC.A.5.4.2 (a), b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) individually is clearly identifiable.	Diagram	DPD							
Harmonic Assessment Information									
(as defined in IEC 61400-21 (2001)) for each Power Park Unit :- Flicker coefficient for continuous operation Flicker step factor Number of switching operations in a 10 minute window Number of switching operations in a 2 hour window		DPD DPD DPD DPD							
Current Injection at each harmonic for each Power Park Unit and for each Power Park Module	Tabular format	DPD							

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DC CONVERTER STATION TECHNICAL DATA

DC CONVERTER STATION NAME

DATE:_____

Data Description	Units	Data Category	DC Converter Station Data
DC CONVERTER STATION DEMANDS:			
Demand supplied through Station Transformers associated with the DC Converter Station [PC.A.4.1]			
- Demand with all DC Converters operating at Rated MW import.	MW Mvar	DPD DPD	
- Demand with all DC Converters operating at Rated MW export.	MW Mvar	DPD DPD	
Additional Demand associated with the DC Converter Station supplied through the GB Transmission System. [PC.A.4.1]			
- The maximum Demand that could occur.	MW Mvar		
- Demand at specified time of annual peak half hour of NGET Demand at Annual ACS Conditions.	MW Mvar	DPD DPD	
 Demand at specified time of annual minimum half-hour of NGET Demand. 	MW Mvar	DPD DPD	
DC CONVERTER STATION DATA			
Number of poles, i.e. number of DC Converters	Text	SPD+	
Pole arrangement (e.g. monopole or bipole)	Text	SPD+	
Details of each viable operating configuration		epp.	
Configuration 1 Configuration 2 Configuration 3 Configuration 4 Configuration 5 Configuration 6	Diagram Diagram Diagram Diagram Diagram Diagram	540+	
Remote ac connection arrangement	Diagram	SPD	

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Data Description	Units	Data Category	Operating Configuration					
		e alogely	1	2	3	4	5	6
DC CONVERTER STATION DATA								
DC Converter Type (e.g. current or Voltage source)	Text	SPD						
Point of connection to the NGET Transmission System (or the Total System if embedded) of the DC Converter Station configuration in terms of geographical and electrical location and system voltage	Text	SPD						
If the busbars at the Connection Point are normally run in separate sections identify the section to which the DC Converter Station configuration is connected	Section Number	SPD						
Rated MW import per pole [PC.A.3.3.1]	MW	SPD+						
Rated MW export per pole [PC.A.3.3.1]	MW	SPD+						
ACTIVE POWER TRANSFER CAPABILITY (PC.A.3.2.2)								
Registered Capacity Registered Import Capacity	MW MW	SPD SPD						
Minimum Generation Minimum Import Capacity	MW MW	SPD SPD						
Import MW available in excess of Registered Import	MW	SPD						
Time duration for which MW in excess of Registered Import Capacity is available	Min	SPD						
Export MW available in excess of Registered Capacity .	MW	SPD						
Capacity is available	Min	SPD						
DC CONVERTER TRANSFORMER [PC.A.5.4.3.1								
Rated MVA	MVA	DPD						
Nominal primary voltage Nominal secondary (converter-side) voltage(s)	KV KV	DPD DPD						
Positive sequence reactance Maximum tap	% on MVA	DPD DPD						
Minimum tap Positive sequence resistance	% on MVA	DPD						
Maximum tap Nominal tap	% on MVA % on MVA							
Minimum tap Zero phase sequence reactance Tap change range	% on MVA % on MVA +% / -%	DPD						
Number of steps	1707 70	DPD						

Data Description	Units	Data Category	Opera	ating co	onfigura	ation		
			1	2	3	4	5	6
DC NETWORK [PC.A.5.4.3.1 (c)]								
Rated DC voltage per pole Rated DC current per pole	KV A	DPD DPD						
Details of the DC Network described in diagram form including resistance, inductance and capacitance of all DC cables and/or DC lines. Details of any line reactors (including line reactor resistance), line capacitors, DC filters, earthing electrodes and other conductors that form part of the DC Network should be shown.	Diagram	DPD						
DC CONVERTER STATION AC HARMONIC FILTER AND REACTIVE COMPENSATION EQUIPMENT [PC.A.5.4.3.1 (d)] For all switched reactive compensation equipment Total number of AC filter banks Diagram of filter connections Type of equipment (e.g. fixed or variable) Capacitive rating; or Inductive rating; or Operating range Reactive Power capability as a function of various MW transfer levels	Diagram Text Diagram Text Mvar Mvar Mvar Table	SPD SPD SPD DPD DPD DPD DPD						

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Data Description	Units	Data	Opera	Operating configuration				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
		Calegory	1	2	3	4	5	6
CONTROL SYSTEMS [PC.A.5.4.3.2]								
$\begin{array}{l} Static \ V_{DC} - P_{DC} \ (DC \ voltage - DC \ power) \ or \\ Static \ V_{DC} - I_{DC} \ (DC \ voltage - DC \ current) \\ characteristic \ (as \ appropriate) \ when \ operating \ as \\ -Rectifier \\ -Inverter \end{array}$	Diagram Diagram	DPD DPD						
Details of rectifier mode control system, in block diagram form together with parameters showing transfer functions of individual elements.	Diagram	DPD						
Details of inverter mode control system, in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	DPD						
Details of converter transformer tap changer control system in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters. (Only required for DC converters connected to the GB Transmission System .)	Diagram	DPD						
Details of AC filter and reactive compensation equipment control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters. (Only required for DC converters connected to the GB Transmission System .)	Diagram	DPD						
Details of any frequency and/or load control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	DPD						
Details of any large or small signal modulating controls, such as power oscillation damping controls or sub-synchronous oscillation damping controls, that have not been submitted as part of the above control system data.	Diagram	DPD						
Transfer block diagram representation of the reactive power control at converter ends for a voltage source converter.	Diagram	DPD						
LOADING PARAMETERS [PC.A.5.4.3.3]								
MW Export Nominal loading rate Maximum (emergency) loading rate	MW/s MW/s	DPD DPD						
MW Import Nominal loading rate Maximum (emergency) loading rate Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following an AC system fault or severe voltage	MW/s MW/s s							
depression. Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following a transient DC Network fault.	S	DPD						

NOTE:

Users are referred to Schedules 5 & 14 which set down data required for all **Users** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System**, including **Power Stations**.

GENERATION PLANNING PARAMETERS

This schedule contains the **Genset Generation Planning Parameters** required by **NGET** to facilitate studies in **Operational Planning** timescales.

For a **Generating Unit** (other than a **Power Park Unit**) at a **Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a unit basis and for a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** at a **Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a module basis, unless otherwise stated.

Where references to **CCGT Modules** or **Power Park Modules** at a **Large Power Station** are made, the columns "G1" etc should be amended to read "M1" etc, as appropriate.

Power Station:

Generation Planning Parameters

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA GENSET OR STATION DATA					N DATA		
			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
OUTPUT CAPABILITY									
Registered Capacity on a station and unit basis (on a station and module basis in the case of a CCGT Module or Power Park Module at a Large Power Station) Minimum Generation (on a module basis in the case of a CCGT Module or Power Park Module at a Large Power Station)	MW MW	SPD SPD							
MW available from Generating Units or Power Park Modules in excess of Registered Capacity	MW	SPD							
REGIME UNAVAILABILITY									
These data blocks are provided to allow fixed periods of unavailability to be registered.									
Expected Running Regime. Is Power Station normally available for full output 24 hours per day, 7 days per week? If No please provide details of unavailability below.		SPD							
Earliest Synchronising time: Monday Tuesday – Friday Saturday – Sunday	hr/min hr/min hr/min	OC2 OC2 OC2							- - -
Latest De-Synchronising time: Monday – Thursday Friday Saturday – Sunday	hr/min hr/min hr/min	OC2 OC2 OC2							- - -
SYNCHRONISING PARAMETERS									
Notice to Deviate from Zero (NDZ) after 48 hour Shutdown	Mins	OC2							
Station Synchronising Intervals (SI) after 48 hour Shutdown	Mins		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Synchronising Group (if applicable)	1 to 4	OC2							-

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.	GENSET OR STATION DATA						
			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Synchronising Generation (SYG) after 48 hour Shutdown	MW	DPD & OC2							-
De-Synchronising Intervals (Single value)	Mins	OC2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
RUNNING AND SHUTDOWN PERIOD LIMITATIONS:									
Minimum Non Zero time (MNZT) after 48 hour Shutdown	Mins	OC2							
Minimum Zero time (MZT)	Mins	OC2							
Two Shifting Limit (max. per day)	No.	OC2							
Existing AGR Plant Flexibility Limit (Existing AGR Plant only)	No.	OC2							
80% Reactor Thermal Power (expressed as Gross-Net MW) (Existing AGR Plant only)	MW	OC2							
Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit (Frequency Sensitive AGR Units only)	No.	OC2							
RUN-UP PARAMETERS									
Run-up rates (RUR) after 48 hour Shutdown:	(Note that	for DPD Gen to	l) only a o Regis	l single tered	value Capacii	l of run-u ty is rec	l up rate quired)	from	Synch
(See note 2 page 3) MW Level 1 (MWL1) MW Level 2 (MWL2)	MW MW	OC2 OC2							-
RUR from Synch. Gen to MWL1 RUR from MWL1 to MWL2 RUR from MWL2 to RC	MW/Mins MW/Mins MW/Mins	DPD & OC2 OC2 OC2							
Run-Down Rates (RDR):	(Note th	at for DF Register	D only ed Cap	a sing acity t	jle valu o de-sy	e of rur nch is i	h-dowr require	n rate f ed)	rom
MWL2 RDR from RC to MWL2	MW MW/Min	OC2 DPD & OC2							
MWL1 RDR from MWL2 to MWL1 RDR from MWL1 to de-synch	MW MW/Min MW/Min	OC2 OC2 OC2							

		DATA	CENSET OF STATION DATA						
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	CAT.	<u>C1</u>	GENS					OTN
REGULATION PARAMETERS			GI	GZ	GS	G4	Go	Go	5111
Regulating Range Load rejection capability while still Synchronised and able to supply Load.	MW MW	DPD DPD							
GAS TURBINE LOADING PARAMETERS:									
Fast loading	MW/Min	OC2							
Slow loading		002							
CCGT MODULE PLANNING MATRIX		OC2	(pleas	se attac	h)	ı I	 		
POWER PARK MODULE PLANNING MATRIX		OC2	C2 (please attach)						I
Power Park Module Active Power Output/ Intermittent Power Source Curve (eg MW output / Wind speed)		OC2	OC2 (please attach)						

NOTES:

- 1. To allow for different groups of **Gensets** within a **Power Station** (eg. **Gensets** with the same operator) each **Genset** may be allocated to one of up to four **Synchronising Groups**. Within each such **Synchronising Group** the single synchronising interval will apply but between **Synchronising Groups** a zero synchronising interval will be assumed.
- 2. The run-up of a **Genset** from synchronising block load to **Registered Capacity** is represented as a three stage characteristic in which the run-up rate changes at two intermediate loads, MWL1 and MWL2. The values MWL1 & MWL2 can be different for each **Genset**.

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LARGE POWER STATION OUTAGE PROGRAMMES, OUTPUT USABLE AND INFLEXIBILITY INFORMATION

(Also outline information on contracts involving External Interconnections)

For a **Generating Unit at a Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a unit basis and for a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** at a **Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a module basis, unless otherwise stated

DATA DESCRIPTION		UNITS	TIME COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT.
Power Station name: Generating Unit (or CCGT Modu Large Power Station) number: Registered Capacity:	 Ie or Power Park Module at a				
Large Power Station OUTAGE PROGRAMME	Large Power Station OUTPUT USABLE				
	PLANNING FOR YEARS 3	- 7 AHEAI	<u>)</u>		1
	Monthly average OU	MW	F. yrs 5 - 7	Week 24	SPD
Provisional outage programme comprising:			C. yrs 3 - 5	Week 2	OC2
duration		weeks			
earliest start		date	"	"	"
latest finish		date	"	"	"
	Weekly OU	MW	"	"	"
(NGET response as o (Users ' response to I outages)	detailed in OC2 NGET suggested changes or poter	ntial	C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week12) Week14)	
Updated provisional outage programme comprising:			C. yrs 3 - 5	Week 25	OC2
duration		weeks	"	"	"
preferred start		date date			
latest finish		date		"	"
	Updated weekly OU	MW	"	"	"
(NGET response as o (Users ' response potential outages)	l detailed in OC2 for to NGET suggested changes or u)	pdate of	C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week28) Week31)	
(NGET further sug in OC2 for	ggested revisions etc. (as detailed	1	C. yrs 3 - 5) Week42)	
Agreement of final			C. yrs 3 - 5	Week 45	OC2
Generation Outage Programme					
	PLANNING FOR YEARS 1	- 2 AHEAI			1
Update of previously agreed Final Generation Outage Programme			C. yrs 1 - 2	Week 10	OC2
	Weekly OU	MW	"	"	"

DATA DESCRIPTION		UNITS	TIME COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT.
(NGET response as (Users ' response to or update of potent	detailed in OC2 for NGET suggested changes ial outages)	1	C. yrs 1 - 2 C. yrs 1 - 2	Week 12) Week 14)	
	Revised weekly OU		C. yrs 1 - 2	Week 34	OC2
(NGET response as (Users ' response to or update of potent	detailed in OC2 for NGET suggested changes ial outages)	1	C. yrs 1 - 2 C. yrs 1 - 2	Week 39) Week 46)	
Agreement of final Generation Outage Programme			C. yrs 1 - 2	Week 48	OC2
	<u>PLANNING FOR Y</u>	EAR 0	1	1	1
Updated Final Generation Outage Programme			C. yr 0 Week 2 ahead to year end	1600 Weds.	OC2
	OU at weekly peak	MW	"	"	"
(NGET response as ((detailed in OC2 for		C. yrs 0 Weeks 2 to 52 ahead	1600) Friday))	
(NGET response as (detailed in OC2 for	1	Weeks 2 - 7 ahead	1600) Thurs)	
Forecast return to services (Planned Outage or breakdown)		date	days 2 to 14 ahead	0900 daily	OC2
	OU (all hours)	MW	"	"	OC2
(NGET response as (detailed in OC2 for	' 	days 2 to 14 ahead	1600) daily)	
	INFLEXIBILIT	l Y	1		
	Genset inflexibility	Min MW (Weekly)	Weeks 2 - 8 ahead	1600 Tues	OC2
(NGET response or (Power Margin	Negative Reserve Active	1	"	1200) Friday)	
	Genset inflexibility	Min MW (daily)	days 2 -14 ahead	0900 daily	OC2
(NGET response or (Power Margin	Negative Reserve Active	I	"	1600) daily)	

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	TIME COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT.
OUTPUT PROFILE	<u> </u> <u>=S</u>			1
In the case of Large Power Stations whose output may be expected to vary in a random manner (eg. wind power) or to some other pattern (eg. Tidal) sufficient information is required to enable an understanding of the possible profile	MW	F. yrs 1 - 7	Week 24	SPD

 \underline{Notes} : 1. The week numbers quoted in the Update Time column refer to standard weeks in the current year.

<u>SCHEDULE 4</u> Page 1 of 1

GOVERNOR DROOP AND RESPONSE

The Data in this Schedule 4 is to be supplied by **Generators** with respect to all **Large Power Stations** and by **DC Convertor Station** owners (where agreed), whether directly connected or **Embedded**

DATA	NORMAL VALUE	MW	DATA	[DROOP%	6	RI	ESPONSE CAPAE	BILITY
DESCRIPTION			CAT	Unit 1	Unit 2	, RESPONSE CAPAE	High Frequency		
MLP1	Designed Minimum Operating Level (for a CCGT Module or Power Park Module, on a modular basis assuming all units are Synchronised)								
MLP2	Minimum Generation (for a CCGT Module or Power Park Module, on a modular basis assuming all units are								
MLP3	70% of Registered Capacity								
MLP4	80% of Registered Capacity								
MLP5	95% of Registered Capacity								
MLP6	Registered Capacity								

Notes:

- 1. The data provided in this Schedule 4 is not intended to constrain any Ancillary Services Agreement.
- 2. Registered Capacity should be identical to that provided in Schedule 2.
- 3. The Governor Droop should be provided for each Generating Unit(excluding Power Park Units), Power Park Module or DC Converter. The Response Capability should be provided for each Genset or DC Converter.
- 4. Primary, Secondary and High Frequency Response are defined in CC.A.3.2 and are based on a frequency ramp of 0.5Hz over 10 seconds. Primary Response is the minimum value of response between 10s and 30s after the frequency ramp starts, Secondary Response between 30s and 30 minutes, and High Frequency Response is the minimum value after 10s on an indefinite basis.
- 5. For plants which have not yet **Synchronised**, the data values of MLP1 to MLP6 should be as described above. For plants which have already **Synchronised**, the values of MLP1 to MLP6 can take any value between **Designed Operating Minimum Level** and **Registered Capacity**. If MLP1 is not provided at the **Designed Minimum Operating Level**, the value of the **Designed Minimum Operating Level** should be separately stated.

DATA REGISTRATION CODE

USERS SYSTEM DATA

The data in this Schedule 5 is required from **Users** who are connected to the **GB Transmission System** via a **Connection Point** (or who are seeking such a connection)

DATA I	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CATEGORY
USERS	S SYSTEM LAYOUT		
A Sing require	le Line Diagram showing all or part of the User's System is d. This diagram shall include:-		SPD
(a)	all parts of the User's System , whether existing or proposed, operating at Supergrid Voltage , and in Scotland, also all parts of the User System operating at 132kV		
(b)	all parts of the User's System operating at a voltage of 50kV, and in Scotland greater than 30kV, or higher which can interconnect Connection Points , or split bus-bars at a single Connection Point ,		
(c)	all parts of the User's System between Embedded Medium Power Stations or Large Power Stations connected to the User's Subtransmission System and the relevant Connection Point,		
(d)	all parts of the User's System at a Transmission Site.		
The Sin User's connec voltage User's Subtra	ngle Line Diagram may also include additional details of the Subtransmission System, and the transformers sting the User's Subtransmission System to a lower with NGET's agreement, it may also include details of the System at a voltage below the voltage of the nsmission System.		
This Si the exis to both electric transfo addition Scotlar shall be	ngle Line Diagram shall depict the arrangement(s) of all of sting and proposed load current carrying Apparatus relating existing and proposed Connection Points , showing al circuitry (ie. overhead lines, underground cables, power rmers and similar equipment), operating voltages. In n, for equipment operating at a Supergrid Voltage , and in nd also at 132kV, circuit breakers and phasing arrangements e shown.		

USERS SYSTEM DATA

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CATEGORY
REACTIVE COMPENSATION		
For independently switched reactive compensation equipment not owned by a Transmission Licensee connected to the User's System at 132kV and above, and also in Scotland, connected at 33kV and above, other than power factor correction equipment associated with a customers Plant or Apparatus :		
Type of equipment (eg. fixed or variable) Capacitive rating; or Inductive rating; or Operating range	Text Mvar Mvar Mvar	SPD SPD SPD SPD
Details of automatic control logic to enable operating characteristics to be determined	text and/or diagrams	SPD
Point of connection to User's System (electrical location and system voltage)	Text	SPD
SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE		
For the infrastructure associated with any User's equipment at a Substation owned by a Transmission Licensee or operated or managed by NGET :-		
Rated 3-phase rms short-circuit withstand current Rated 1-phase rms short-circuit withstand current Rated Duration of short-circuit withstand Rated rms continuous current	kA kA s A	SPD SPD SPD SPD
LUMPED SUSCEPTANCES		
 Equivalent Lumped Susceptances required for all parts of the User's Subtransmission System which are not included in the Single Line Diagram. This should not include: (a) independently switched reactive compensation equipment identified above (b) any susceptance of the User's System inherent in the Demand (Reactive Power) data provided in Schedule 1 (Generator Data) or Schedule 11 (Connection Point data). 		
Equivalent lumped shunt susceptance at nominal Frequency	% on 100 MVA	SPD

USER'S SYSTEM DATA

Circuit Parameters

The data below is all **Standard Planning Data**. Details are to be given for all circuits shown on the **Single Line Diagram**

Years Valid	Node 1	Node 2	Rated Voltage kV	Operating Voltage kV	Positive Phase Sequence % on 100 MVA			Zero Pha %	ase Sequer on 100 M	nce (self) /A	Zero Phase Sequence (mutu % on 100 MVA			
					R	Х	В	R	Х	В	R	Х	В	

<u>Notes</u>

1. Data should be supplied for the current, and each of the seven succeeding Financial Years. This should be done by showing for which years the data is valid in the first column of the Table.

Issue 3

USERS SYSTEM DATA

Transformer Data

The data below is all **Standard Planning Data**, and details should be shown below of all transformers shown on the **Single Line Diagram**. Details of Winding Arrangement, Tap Changer and earthing details are only required for transformers connecting the **User's** higher voltage system with its **Primary Voltage System**.

Years valid	Name of Node or	Trans- former	Rating MVA	y Voltage Ratio Positive Phase Sequence Reactance % on Rating % on		Т	Earthin g Details (delete										
	ection Point			HV	LV	Max. Tap	Min. Tap	Nom. Tap	Max. Tap	Min. Tap	Nom. Tap	% on Rating		range +% to -%	step size %	type (delete	as app.) *
																ON/ OFF	Direct/ Res/ Rea
																OFF ON/	Direct/ Res/ Rea
																ON/ OFF	Direct /Res/ Rea
																ON/ OFF	Direct/ Res/ Rea
																ON/ OFF ON/OF	Direct/ Res/ Rea

*If Resistance or Reactance please give impedance value

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Notes

- 1. Data should be supplied for the current, and each of the seven succeeding Financial Years. This should be done by showing for which years the data is valid in the first column of the Table
- 2. For a transformer with two secondary windings, the positive and zero phase sequence leakage impedances between the HV and LV1, HV and LV2, and LV1 and LV2 windings are required.

USER'S SYSTEM DATA

Switchgear Data

The data below is all **Standard Planning Data**, and should be provided for all switchgear (ie. circuit breakers, load disconnectors and disconnectors) operating at a **Supergrid Voltage**, and also in Scotland, operating at 132kV. In addition, data should be provided for all circuit breakers irrespective of voltage located at a **Connection Site** which is owned by a **Transmission Licensee** or operated or managed by **NGET**.

Connect-ion Point	Description Switch No. Rated Voltage kV rms Operating Voltage kV rms Rated short-circuit breaking current		Rated short making	-circuit peak current	Rated rms continuous current (A)	DC time constant at testing of asymmetric al breaking			
				3 Phase kA rms	1 Phase kA rms	3 Phase kA peak	1 Phase kA peak		ability(s)
	Connect-ion Point	Connect-ion Switch Point Switch No. Subscription	Connect-ion Point Switch No. Rated Voltage kV rms Voltage kV rms Image: Amage: Am	Connect-ion PointSwitch No.Rated Voltage kV rmsOperating Voltage kV rmsImage: Subscript of the second seco	Connect-ion Point Switch No. Rated Voltage kV rms Operating Voltage kV rms Rated sh breaking 3 Phase kA rms 3 Phase kA rms Image: State of the	Connect-ion Point Switch No. Rated Voltage kV rms Operating Voltage kV rms Rated short-circuit breaking current 3 Phase kA rms 1 Phase kA rms 1 Phase kA rms	Connect-ion Point Switch No. Rated Voltage kV rms Operating Voltage kV rms Rated short-circuit breaking current Rated short- making 3 Phase kA rms 1 Phase kA rms 1 Phase kA rms 3 Phase kA rms 3 Phase kA rms 3 Phase kA rms	Connect-ion Point Switch No. Rated Voltage kV rms Operating Voltage kV rms Rated short-circuit breaking current Rated short-circuit peak making current 3 Phase KA rms 1 Phase KA rms 3 Phase KA rms 3 Phase KA peak 1 Phase KA peak Image: Subscript of the state short current Image: Subscript of the state short current	Connect-ion Point Switch No. Rated Voltage kV rms Operating Voltage kV rms Rated short-circuit breaking current Rated short-circuit peak making current Rated short-circuit peak making current Rated rms continuous current (A) 3 Phase KA rms 1 Phase KA rms 3 Phase KA rms 3 Phase KA peak 1 Phase KA peak 1 Phase KA peak 1 Phase 1 Phase Image: Substructure Image: Sub

<u>Notes</u>

- 1. Rated Voltage should be as defined by IEC 694.
- 2. Data should be supplied for the current, and each of the seven succeeding Financial Years. This should be done by showing for which years the data is valid in the first column of the Table

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USERS SYSTEM DATA

DATA	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	
PROT	ECTION SYSTEMS		CATEGONT
The fol whic brea infor timin sup be r	llowing information relates only to Protection equipment ch can trip or inter-trip or close any Connection Point circuit aker or any GB Transmission System circuit breaker. The rmation need only be supplied once, in accordance with the ng requirements set out in PC.A.1.4 (b) and need not be plied on a routine annual thereafter, although NGET should notified if any of the information changes.		
(a)	A full description, including estimated settings, for all relays and Protection systems installed or to be installed on the User's System;		DPD
(b)	A full description of any auto-reclose facilities installed or to be installed on the User's System , including type and time delays;		DPD
(C)	A full description, including estimated settings, for all relays and Protection systems installed or to be installed on the Power Park Module or Generating Unit's generator transformer, unit transformer, station transformer and their associated connections;		DPD
(d)	For Generating Units (other than Power Park Units) having a circuit breaker at the generator terminal voltage clearance times for electrical faults within the Generating Unit zone must be declared.		DPD
(e)	Fault Clearance Times: Most probable fault clearance time for electrical faults on any part of the Users System directly connected to the GB Transmission System .	mSec	DPD

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CATEGORY
POWER PARK MODULE/UNIT PROTECTION SYSTEMS		
Details of settings for the Power Park Module/Unit		
protection relays (to include):		
(a) Under frequency,		DPD
(b) Over Frequency,		DPD
(c) Under Voltage, Over Voltage,		DPD
(d) Rotor Over current		DPD
(e) Stator Over current,.		DPD
(f) High Wind Speed Shut Down Level		DPD
(g) Rotor Underspeed		DPD
(h) Rotor Overspeed		DPD

USER'S SYSTEM DATA

Information for Transient Overvoltage Assessment (DPD)

The information listed below may be requested by **NGET** from each **User** with respect to any **Connection Site** between that **User** and the **GB Transmission System**. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **Users System** should be reflected.

- (a) Busbar layout plan(s), including dimensions and geometry showing positioning of any current and voltage transformers, through bushings, support insulators, disconnectors, circuit breakers, surge arresters, etc. Electrical parameters of any associated current and voltage transformers, stray capacitances of wall bushings and support insulators, and grading capacitances of circuit breakers;
- (b) Electrical parameters and physical construction details of lines and cables connected at that busbar. Electrical parameters of all plant e.g., transformers (including neutral earthing impedance or zig-zag transformers if any), series reactors and shunt compensation equipment connected at that busbar (or to the tertiary of a transformer) or by lines or cables to that busbar;
- (c) Basic insulation levels (BIL) of all **Apparatus** connected directly, by lines or by cables to the busbar;
- (d) Characteristics of overvoltage **Protection** devices at the busbar and at the termination points of all lines, and all cables connected to the busbar;
- (e) Fault levels at the lower voltage terminals of each transformer connected directly or indirectly to the **GB Transmission System** without intermediate transformation;
- (f) The following data is required on all transformers operating at Supergrid Voltage and also in Scotland, operating at 132kV: three or five limb cores or single phase units to be specified, and operating peak flux density at nominal voltage.
- (g) An indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions.

Harmonic Studies (**DPD**)

The information given below, both current and forecast, where not already supplied in this Schedule 5 may be requested by **NGET** from each **User** if it is necessary for **NGET** to evaluate the production/magnification of harmonic distortion on **GB Transmission System** and **User's** systems. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **User's System** should be reflected:-

(a) Overhead lines and underground cable circuits of the **User's Subtransmission System** must be differentiated and the following data provided separately for each type:-

Positive phase sequence resistance Positive phase sequence reactance Positive phase sequence susceptance

(b) for all transformers connecting the User's Subtransmission System to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA Voltage Ratio Positive phase sequence resistance Positive phase sequence reactance

(c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance Connection voltage and Mvar rating of any capacitor bank and component design parameters if configured as a filter Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points The Minimum and maximum **Demand** (both MW and Mvar) that could occur Harmonic current injection sources in Amps at the Connection voltage points Details of traction loads, eg connection phase pairs, continuous variation with time, etc.

(d) an indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions

Voltage Assessment Studies (DPD)

The information listed below, where not already supplied in this Schedule 5, may be requested by **NGET** from each **User** with respect to any **Connection Site** if it is necessary for **NGET** to undertake detailed voltage assessment studies (eg to examine potential voltage instability, voltage control co-ordination or to calculate voltage step changes). The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **Users System** should be reflected:-

(a) For all circuits of the User's Subtransmission System:-

Positive Phase Sequence Reactance Positive Phase Sequence Resistance Positive Phase Sequence Susceptance Mvar rating of any reactive compensation equipment

(b) for all transformers connecting the User's Subtransmission System to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA Voltage Ratio Positive phase sequence resistance Positive Phase sequence reactance Tap-changer range Number of tap steps Tap-changer type: on-load or off-circuit AVC/tap-changer time delay to first tap movement AVC/tap-changer inter-tap time delay

(c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance Mvar rating of any reactive compensation equipment Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points The maximum **Demand** (both MW and Mvar) that could occur Estimate of voltage insensitive (constant power) load content in % of total load at both winter peak and 75% off-peak load conditions

Short Circuit Analyses:(DPD)

The information listed below, both current and forecast, and where not already supplied under this Schedule 5, may be requested by **NGET** from each **User** with respect to any **Connection Site** where prospective shortcircuit currents on equipment owned by a **Transmission Licensee** or operated or managed by **NGET** are close to the equipment rating. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **User's System** should be reflected:-

 (a) For all circuits of the User's Subtransmission System:-Positive phase sequence resistance Positive phase sequence reactance Positive phase sequence susceptance Zero phase sequence resistance (both self and mutuals) Zero phase sequence reactance (both self and mutuals) Zero phase sequence susceptance (both self and mutuals) (b) for all transformers connecting the User's Subtransmission System to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA Voltage Ratio Positive phase sequence resistance (at max, min and nominal tap) Positive Phase sequence reactance (at max, min and nominal tap) Zero phase sequence reactance (at nominal tap) Tap changer range Earthing method: direct, resistance or reactance Impedance if not directly earthed

(c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

The maximum **Demand** (in MW and Mvar) that could occur

Short-circuit infeed data in accordance with PC.A.2.5.6(a) unless the **User**'s lower voltage network runs in parallel with the **Subtransmission System**, when to prevent double counting in each node infeed data, a π equivalent comprising the data items of PC.A.2.5.6(a) for each node together with the positive phase sequence interconnection impedance between the nodes shall be submitted.

USERS OUTAGE INFORMATION

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	TIMESCALE	UPDATE	DATA
		COVERED	LIME	CAI.
Details are required from Network Operators of proposed outages in their User Systems and from Generators with respect to their outages, which may affect the performance of the Total System (eg. at a Connection Point or constraining Embedded Large Power Stations)		Years 2-5	Week 8 (Network Operator etc) Week 13 (Generators)	OC2 OC2
(NGET advises Network Operators of GB Transmission System outages (affecting their Systems		Years 2-5	Week 28))	
Network Operator informs NGET if unhappy with proposed outages)		"	Week 30	OC2
(NGET draws up revised GB Transmission System (outage plan advises Users of operational effects		"	Week 34))	
Generators and Non-Embedded Customers provide Details of Apparatus owned by them (other than Gensets) at each Grid Supply Point		Year 1	Week 13	OC2
(NGET advises Network Operators of outages affecting (their Systems		Year 1	Week 28))	
Network Operator details of relevant outages affecting the Total System		Year 1	Week 32	OC2
(NGET informs Users of aspects that may affect (their Systems		Year 1	Week 34))	
Users inform NGET if unhappy with aspects as notified		Year 1	Week 36	OC2
(NGET issues final GB Transmission System (outage plan with advice of operational (effects on Users System		Year 1	Week 49	OC2)))
Generator, Network Operator and Non-Embedded Customers to inform NGET of changes to outages previously requested		Week 8 ahead to year end	As occurring	OC2
Details of load transfer capability of 12MW or more between Grid Supply Points in England and Wales and 10MW or more between Grid Supply Points in Scotland.		Within Yr 0	As NGET request	OC2

Note: **Users** should refer to **OC2** for full details of the procedure summarised above and for the information which **NGET** will provide on the **Programming Phase.**

LOAD CHARACTERISTICS AT GRID SUPPLY POINTS

All data in this schedule 7 is categorised as **Standard Planning Data** (**SPD**) and is required for existing and agreed future connections. This data is only required to be updated when requested by **NGET**.

			DA	TA FOF	R FUTU	RE YE/	ARS	
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Yr 4	Yr 5	Yr 6	Yr 7
FOR ALL TYPES OF DEMAND FOR EACH GRID SUPPLY POINT								
The following information is required infrequently and should only be supplied, wherever possible, when requested by NGET								
Details of individual loads which have Characteristics significantly different from the typical range of domestic or commercial and industrial load supplied:		(Ple	ase Att	ach)				
Sensitivity of demand to fluctuations in voltage And frequency on GB Transmission System at time of peak Connection Point Demand (Active Power)								
Voltage Sensitivity	MW/kV Mvar/kV							
Frequency Sensitivity	MW/Hz Mvar/Hz							
Reactive Power sensitivity should relate to the Power Factor information given in Schedule 11 (or for Generators , Schedule 1) and note 6 on Schedule 11 relating to Reactive Power therefore applies:								
Phase unbalance imposed on the GB Transmission System - maximum - average	%							
Maximum Harmonic Content imposed on GB Transmission System	%							
Details of any loads which may cause Demand Fluctuations greater than those permitted under Engineering Recommendation P28, Stage 1 at the Point of Common Coupling including Flicker Severity (Short Term) and Flicker Severity (Long Term)								

DATA SUPPLIED BY **BM PARTICIPANTS**

CODE	DESCRIPTION
BC1	Physical Notifications
BC1	Quiescent Physical Notifications
BC1 & BC2	Export and Import Limits
BC1	Bid-Offer Data
BC1	Dynamic Parameters (Day Ahead)
BC2	Dynamic Parameters (For use in Balancing Mechanism)
BC1 & BC2	Other Relevant Data
BC1	Joint BM Unit Data

DATA SUPPLIED BY NGET TO USERS

(Example of data to be supplied)

CODE	DESCRIPTION
сс	Operation Diagram
сс	Site Responsibility Schedules
PC	Day of the peak GB Transmission System Demand
	Day of the minimum GB Transmission System Demand
OC2	Surpluses and OU requirements for each Generator over varying timescales
	Equivalent networks to Users for Outage Planning
	Negative Reserve Active Power Margins (when necessary)
	Operating Reserve information
BC1	Demand Estimates, Indicated Margin and Indicated Imbalance, indicative Synchronising and Desynchronising times of Embedded Power Stations to Network Operators, special actions.
BC2	Bid-Offer Acceptances, Ancillary Services instructions to relevant Users, Emergency Instructions
BC3	Location, amount, and Low Frequency Relay settings of any Low Frequency Relay initiated Demand reduction for Demand which is Embedded .

DATA TO BE SUPPLIED BY NGET TO USERS

PURSUANT TO THE TRANSMISSION LICENCE

1. The **Transmission Licence** requires **NGET** to publish annually the **Seven Year Statement** which is designed to provide **Users** and potential Users with information to enable them to identify opportunities for continued and further use of the **GB Transmission System**.

When a **User** is considering a development at a specific site, certain additional information may be required in relation to that site which is of such a level of detail that it is inappropriate to include it in the **Seven Year Statement**. In these circumstances the **User** may contact **NGET** who will be pleased to arrange a discussion and the provision of such additional information relevant to the site under consideration as the **User** may reasonably require.

2. The **Transmission Licence** also requires **NGET** to offer terms for an agreement for connection to and use of the **GB Transmission System** and further information will be given by **NGET** to the potential **User** in the course of the discussions of the terms of such an agreement.

DEMAND PROFILES AND ACTIVE ENERGY DATA

The following information is required from each **Network Operator** and from each **Non-Embedded Customer**. The data should be provided in calendar week 24 each year (although **Network Operators** may delay the submission until calendar week 28).

DATA DESCRIPTION	F. Yr. 0	F. Yr. 1	F. Yr. 2	F. Yr. 3	F. Yr. 4	F. Yr. 5	F. Yr. 6	F. Yr. 7	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT
Demand Profiles										
Total User's system profile (please delete as applicable)	Day of U Day of ar Day of ar	ser's anr nnual pea nnual min	ual Maxi k of GB ⁻ imum GB	mum den Transmis 3 Transn	nand at Ar ssion Sys nission Sy	nnual ACS tem Dema /stem Der	6 Condition and at An mand at a	ons (MV nual AC verage d	/) S Conditio conditions (f	ns (MW) MW)
0000 : 0030 0030 : 0100 0100 : 0130 0130 : 0200 0200 : 0230 0230 : 0300 0300 : 0330 0300 : 0330 0330 : 0400 0400 : 0430 0430 : 0500 0500 : 0530 0530 : 0600 0600 : 0630 0630 : 0700 0700 : 0730 0730 : 0800 0800 : 0830 0830 : 0900 0900 : 0930 0930 : 1000 1000 : 1030 1100 : 1130 1130 : 1200 1230 : 1300 1330 : 1400 1400 : 1430 1430 : 1500 1500 : 1530 1530 : 1600	Day of ar	nual min	imum GE	<u>3 Transn</u>	hission Sy	<u>estem Der</u>	nand at a	verage	Wk.24	SPD SPD
1600 : 1630 1630 : 1700 1700 : 1730 1730 : 1800 1800 : 1830 1830 : 1900 1900 : 1930 1930 : 2000 2000 : 2030 2030 : 2100 2100 : 2130 2130 : 2200 2200 : 2230 2230 : 2300 2300 : 2330 2330 : 0000										

DATA DESCRIPTION	Out-	turn	F.Yr.	Update	Data		
	Actual	Weath	0	Time	Cat		
		corr.					
Active Energy Data				Week 24	SPD		
Total annual Active Energy requirements under average conditions of each Network							
Operator and each Non-Embedded							
Customer in the following categories							
of Customer Tariff:-							
LV1							
LV2							
Traction							
Lighting							
User System Losses							
Active Energy from Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power Stations							

NOTES:

- 1. 'F. yr.' means 'Financial Year'
- 2. Demand and Active Energy Data (General)

Demand and **Active Energy** data should relate to the point of connection to the **GB Transmission System** and should be net of the output (as reasonably considered appropriate by the **User**) of all **Embedded Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plant**. Auxiliary demand of **Embedded Power Stations** should be included in the demand data submitted by the **User** at the **Connection Point**. **Users** should refer to the **PC** for a full definition of the **Demand** to be included.

- 3. Demand profiles and Active Energy data should be for the total System of the Network Operator, including all Connection Points, and for each Non-Embedded Customer. Demand Profiles should give the numerical maximum demand that in the User's opinion could reasonably be imposed on the GB Transmission System.
- 4. In addition the demand profile is to be supplied for such days as **NGET** may specify, but such a request is not to be made more than once per calendar year.

DATA REGISTRATION CODE

CONNECTION POINT DATA

The following information is required from each **Network Operator** and from each **Non-Embedded Customer**. The data should be provided in calendar week 24 each year (although **Network Operators** may delay the submission until calendar week 28).

Connection Point:

	· .										1
Connection Point Demand at the time of -	a) maximum Demand									CET)	
(Provide data for each Access Period	c) minimum) peak do transmission System Demand (specified by NGET)									
associated with the Connection Point)	d) maximum	Demand of	durina		ess	Peri	od	u (3	Decin		y NGET)
,	e) specified	by either NO	GET o	or a L	Jser		•••				
Name of Transmission Interface Circuit out of											PC A 4 1 4 2
service during Access Period (if reqd).											
	Outturn	Outturn	E Vr	E Vr	E Vr	E Vr	E Vr	E Vr	E Vr	E Vr	
		Weather	1	1.11	1.11.	1.11.	1.11.	1.11	1.11	1.11	DATA CAT
		Corrected	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Date of a), b), c), d) or e) as denoted above.											PC.A.4.3.3
Time of a), b), c), d) or e) as denoted above.											PC.A.4.3.3
Connection Point Demand (MW)											PC.A.4.3.1
Connection Point Demand (MVAr)											PC.A.4.3.1
Deduction made at Connection Point for						1	1				
Small Power Stations, Medium Power											PC.A.4.3.2(a)
Stations and Customer Generating Plant											
Reference to valid Single Line Diagram			E								PC.A.4.3.5
Reference to node and branch data.											PC.A.2.2
	a thread and in the second					<u> </u>					
Note: The following data block can be repeated for each post fault r	network revision th	at may impact o	n the Tr	ansmis	ssion a	system	1.		1	1	
Reference to post-fault revision of Single Li	ne										
Diagram											FC.A.4.5
Reference to post-fault revision of the node	and										
branch data associated with the Single Line	•										PC.A.4.5
Diagram											
Reference to the description of the actions a	nd										
timescales involved in effecting the post-faul	t										PC.A.4.5
actions (e.g. auto-switching, manual,	oto)										
teleswitching, overload protection operation	elc)										
Access Group											
Note: The following data block to be repeated for each Connection	Point with the Ac	cess Group									
Name of appended Connection Delivery		coco oroup.									
the same Access Group:	In										PC.A.4.3.1
Demand at associated Connection Point (MW)											PC.A.4.3.1
Demand at associated Connection Point (MVAr)											PC.A.4.3.1
Deduction made at associated Connection Point for Small Power Stations , Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Plant (MW)											PC.A.4.3.2(a)

Page 2 of 2

Embedded Generation Data												
Connection Point:												
DATA DESCRIPTION	Outturn	Outturn	F.Yr	F.Yr	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr	F.Yr	F.Yr	DATA CAT	
		Weather Corrected	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
<u>Small Power Station,</u> <u>Medium Power Station</u> and <u>Customer</u> <u>Generation Summary</u>	For each C Medium Pe information	onnection Po ower Stations is required:	int where or Custo	e there a omer G	are Eml enerati	bedded ng Stati	Small I ions the	Power \$ e followi	Station: ng	s,		
No. of Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations or Customer Power Stations											PC.A.3.1.4(a)	
Number of Generating											PC.A.3.1.4(a)	

Number of Generating Units within these stations						PC.A.3.1.4(a))
Summated Capacity of all these Generating Units						PC.A.3.1.4(a))

Where the Network Operator's System places a constraint on the capacity of an Embedded Large Power Station												
Station Name											PC.A.3.2.2(c	:
Generating Unit											PC.A.3.2.2(d	;)
System Constrained Capacity											PC.A.3.2.2(0	:)

NOTES:

DATA D

- 'F.Yr.' means 'Financial Year'. F.Yr. 1 refers to the current financial year. 1
- 2. All Demand data should be net of the output (as reasonably considered appropriate by the User) of all Embedded Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Plant. Generation and / or Auxiliary demand of Embedded Large Power Stations should not be included in the demand data submitted by the User. Users should refer to the PC for a full definition of the Demand to be included.
- Peak Demand should relate to each Connection Point individually and should give the maximum demand that in 3. the User's opinion could reasonably be imposed on the GB Transmission System. Users my submit the Demand data at each node on the Single Line Diagram instead of at a Connection Point as long the user reasonably believe such data relates to the peak (or minimum) at the Connection Point.

In deriving Demand any deduction made by the User (as detailed in note 2 above) to allow for Embedded Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Plant is to be specifically stated as indicated on the Schedule.

- NGET may at its discretion require details of any Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power 4. Stations whose output can be expected to vary in a random manner (eg. wind power) or according to some other pattern (eg. tidal power)
- 5. Where more than 95% of the total Demand at a Connection Point is taken by synchronous motors, values of the Power Factor at maximum and minimum continuous excitation may be given instead. Power Factor data should allow for series reactive losses on the User's System but exclude reactive compensation network susceptance specified separately in Schedule 5.
DEMAND CONTROL

The following information is required from each **Network Operator** and where indicated with an asterisk from **Externally Interconnected System Operators** and/or **Interconnector Users** and a **Pumped Storage Generator**. Where indicated with a double asterisk, the information is only required from **Suppliers**.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS		UPDATE TIM	E
Demand Control Demand met or to be relieved by Demand Control (averaging at the Demand Control Notification Level				
Connection Point.				
Demand Control at time of GB Transmission System weekly peak demand				
amount duration	MW Min)F.yrs 0 to 5)	Week 24	OC1
For each half hour	MW	Wks 2-8 ahead	1000 Mon	OC1
For each half hour	MW	Days 2-12 ahead	1200 Wed	OC1
For each half hour	MW	Previous calendar day	0600 daily	OC1
**Customer Demand Management (at the Customer Demand Management Notification Level or more at the Connection Point)				
For each half hour	MW	Any time in Control Phase		OC1
For each half hour	MW	Remainder of period	When changes occur to previous plan	OC1
For each half hour	MW	Previous calendar	0600 daily	OC1
**In Scotland, Load Management Blocks For each block of 5MW or more, for each half hour	MW	For the next day	11:00	OC1

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	TIME COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT.
*Demand Control or Pump Tripping Offered as Reserve				
Magnitude of Demand or pumping load which is tripped	MW	Year ahead from week 24	Week 24	DPD
System Frequency at which tripping is initiated	Hz	"	"	"
Time duration of System Frequency below trip setting for tripping to be initiated	S	n	n	"
Time delay from trip initiation to Tripping	S	n	"	"
Emergency Manual Load Disconnection				
Method of achieving load disconnection	Text	Year ahead from week 24	Annual in week 24	OC6
Annual ACS Peak Demand (Active Power) at Connection Point (requested under Schedule 11 - repeated here for reference)	MW	n	n	"
Cumulative percentage of Connection Point Demand (Active Power) which can be disconnected by the following times from an instruction from NGET				
5 mins 10 mins 15 mins 20 mins 25 mins 30 mins	% % % %	11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11 11	
Automatic Low Frequency Disconnection				
Magnitude of Demand disconnected, and frequency at which Disconnection is initiated, for each frequency setting for each Grid Supply Point	MW Hz	Year ahead from week 24	Annual in week 24	OC6

Notes

1. **Network Operators** may delay the submission until calendar week 28.

FAULT INFEED DATA

The data in this Schedule 13 is all **Standard Planning Data**, and is required from all **Users** other than **Generators** who are connected to the **GB Transmission System** via a **Connection Point** (or who are seeking such a connection). A data submission is to be made each year in Week 24 (although **Network Operators** may delay the submission until Week 28). A separate submission is required for each node included in the **Single Line Diagram** provided in Schedule 5.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr 0	F.Yr. 1	F.Yr. 2	F.Yr. 3	F.Yr. 4	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr. 6	F.Yr. 7
SHORT CIRCUIT INFEED TO THE	GB								
TRANSMISSION SYSTEM FROM US	SERS								
SYSTEM AT A CONNECTION POIN	T								
Name of node or Connection Point									
Symmetrical three phase short-circuit current infeed									
- at instant of fault	kA								
 after subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed 	kA								
Zero sequence source impedances as seen from the Point of Connection or node on the Single Line Diagram (as appropriate) consistent with the maximum infeed above:									
- Resistance	% on 100								
- Reactance	% on 100								
Positive sequence X/R ratio at instance of fault									
Pre-Fault voltage magnitude at which the maximum fault currents were calculated	p.u.								
Negative sequence impedances of User's System as seen from the Point of Connection or node on the Single Line Diagram (as appropriate). If no data is given, it will be assumed that they are equal to the positive sequence values.									
- Resistance	% on 100								
- Reactance	% on 100								

DATA REGISTRATION CODE

SCHEDULE 14

FAULT INFEED DATA

The data in this Schedule 14 is all **Standard Planning Data**, and is to be provided by **Generators**, with respect to all directly connected **Power Stations**, all **Embedded Large Power Stations** and all **Embedded Medium Power Stations** connected to the **Subtransmission System**. A data submission is to be made each year in Week 24.

Fault infeeds via Unit Transformers

A submission should be made for each **Generating Unit** with an associated **Unit Transformer**. Where there is more than one **Unit Transformer** associated with a **Generating Unit**, a value for the total infeed through all **Unit Transformers** should be provided. The infeed through the **Unit Transformer(s)** should include contributions from all motors normally connected to the **Unit Board**, together with any generation (eg **Auxiliary Gas Turbines**) which would normally be connected to the **Unit Board**, and should be expressed as a fault current at the **Generating Unit** terminals for a fault at that location.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr. 0	F.Yr. 1	F.Yr 2	F.Yr. 3	F.Yr. 4	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr. 6	F.Yr. 7
Name of Power Station									
Number of Unit Transformer									
Symmetrical three phase short- circuit current infeed through the Unit Transformers (s) for a fault at the Generating Unit terminals									
- at instant of fault	kA								
 after subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed 	kA								
Positive sequence X/R ratio at instance of fault									
Subtransient time constant (if significantly different from 40ms)	ms								
Pre-fault voltage at fault point (if different from 1.0 p.u.)									
The following data items need only be supplied if the Generating Unit Step-up Transformer can supply zero sequence current from the Generating Unit side to the GB Transmission System									
Zero sequence source impedances as seen from the Generating Unit terminals consistent with the maximum infeed above:									
- Resistance	% on 100								
- Reactance	% on 100								

Fault infeeds via Station Transformers

A submission is required for each **Station Transformer** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System**. The submission should represent normal operating conditions when the maximum number of **Gensets** are **Synchronised** to the **System**, and should include the fault current from all motors normally connected to the **Station Board**, together with any Generation (eg **Auxiliary Gas Turbines**) which would normally be connected to the **Station Board**. The fault infeed should be expressed as a fault current at the hv terminals of the **Station Transformer** for a fault at that location.

If the submission for normal operating conditions does not represent the worst case, then a separate submission representing the maximum fault infeed that could occur in practice should be made.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr.							
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Name of Power Station									
Number of Station Transformer									
Symmetrical three phase short-circuit current infeed for a fault at the Connection Point									
- at instant of fault	kA								
 after subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed 	kA								
Positive sequence X/R ratio At instance of fault									
Subtransient time constant (if significantly different from 40ms)	mS								
Pre-fault voltage (if different from 1.0 p.u.) at fault point (See note 1)									
Zero sequence source Impedances as seen from the Point of Connection Consistent with the maximum Infeed above:									
- Resistance	% on 100								
- Reactance	% on 100								

Note 1. The pre-fault voltage provided above should represent the voltage within the range 0.95 to 1.05 that gives the highest fault current

Note 2. % on 100 is an abbreviation for % on 100 MVA

Fault infeeds from Power Park Modules

A submission is required for the whole **Power Park Module** and for each **Power Park Unit** type or equivalent. The submission shall represent operating conditions that result in the maximum fault infeed. The fault current from all motors normally connected to the **Power Park Unit's electrical system** shall be included. The fault infeed shall be expressed as a fault current at the terminals of the **Power Park Unit**, or the **Common Collection Busbar** if an equivalent **Single Line Diagram** and associated data as described in PC.A.2.2.2 is provided, and the **Grid Entry Point**, or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**, for a fault at the **Grid Entry Point** if **Embedded**.

Should actual data in respect of fault infeeds be unavailable at the time of the application for a **CUSC Contract** or **Embedded Development Agreement**, a limited subset of the data, representing the maximum fault infeed that may result from all of the plant types being considered, shall be submitted. This data will, as a minimum, represent the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the fault current for both single phase and three phase solid faults at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**) at the time of fault application and 50ms following fault application. Actual data in respect of fault infeeds shall be submitted to **NGET** as soon as it is available, in line with PC.A.1.2

DATA DESCRIPTION	<u>UNITS</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	F.Yr.	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>
Name of Power Station		<u>U</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u> </u>	<u>0</u>	<u> </u>
Neme of Dewer Derk Medule									
Name of Power Park Module									
Power Park Unit type									
A submission shall be provided for the contribution of the entire Power Park Module and each type of Power Park Unit or equivalent to the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the short circuit current at the Power Park Unit terminals, or Common Collection Busbar , and Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point if Embedded for (i) a solid symmetrical three phase short circuit (ii) a solid single phase to earth short circuit (iii) a solid phase to phase short circuit (iv) a solid two phase to earth short circuit at the Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point if Embedded .									
If protective controls are used and active for the above conditions, a submission shall be provided in the limiting case where the protective control is not active. This case may require application of a non-solid fault, resulting in a retained voltage at the fault point.									

- A continuous time trace and table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the fault current from the time of fault inception to 140ms after fault inception at 10ms intervals	Graphical and tabular kA versus s				
- A continuous time trace and table showing the positive, negative and zero sequence components of retained voltage at the terminals or Common Collection Busbar , if appropriate	p.u. versus s				
- A continuous time trace and table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of retained voltage at the fault point, if appropriate	p.u. versus s				
For Power Park Units that utilise a protective control, such as a crowbar circuit,					
 additional rotor resistance applied to the Power Park Unit under a fault situation 	% on MVA				
 additional rotor reactance applied to the Power Park Unit under a fault situation. 	% on MVA				
Positive sequence X/R ratio of the equivalent at time of fault at the Common Collection Busbar					
Minimum zero sequence impedance of the equivalent at Common Collection Busbar					
Active Power generated pre-fault	MW				
Number of Power Park Units in equivalent generator					
Power Factor (lead or lag)					
Pre-fault voltage (if different from 1.0 p.u.) at fault point (See note 1)	p.u.				
Items of reactive compensation switched in pre-fault			 	 	

Note 1. The pre-fault voltage provided above should represent the voltage within the range 0.95 to 1.05 that gives the highest fault current

MOTHBALLED GENERATING UNIT MOTHBALLED POWER PARK MODULE OR MOTHBALLED DC CONVERTER AT A DC CONVERTER STATION INFORMATION

The following data items must be supplied with respect to each Mothballed Generating Unit Mothballed Power Park Module or Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter station

Power Station_____ Generating Unit, Power Park Module or DC Converter Name (e.g. Unit 1)

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT	GENERATING UNIT DATA						
			<1 month	1-2 months	2-3 months	3-6 months	6-12 months	>12 months	Total MW being returned
MW output that can be returned to service	MW	DPD							

Notes

- 1. The time periods identified in the above table represent the estimated time it would take to return the **Mothballed Generating Unit**, **Mothballed Power Park Module** or **Mothballed DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** to service once a decision to return has been made.
- 2. Where a **Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module** or **Mothballed DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** can be physically returned in stages covering more than one of the time periods identified in the above table then information should be provided for each applicable time period.
- 3. The estimated notice to physically return MW output to service should be determined in accordance with **Good Industry Practice** assuming normal working arrangements and normal plant procurement lead times.
- 4. The MW output values in each time period should be incremental MW values, e.g. if 150MW could be returned in 2 3 months and an additional 50MW in 3 6 months then the values in the columns should be Nil, Nil, 150, 50, Nil, Nil, 200 respectively.
- 5. Significant factors which may prevent the **Mothballed Generating Unit**, **Mothballed Power Park Module** or **Mothballed DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** achieving the estimated values provided in this table, excluding factors relating to **Transmission Entry Capacity**, should be appended separately.

ALTERNATIVE FUEL INFORMATION

The following data items for alternative fuels need only be supplied with respect to each **Generating Unit** whose primary fuel is gas.

Power Station

Generating Unit Name (e.g. Unit 1)

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT	GENERATING UNIT DATA				
			1	2	3	4	
Alternative Fuel Type (*please specify)	Text	DPD	Oil distillate	Other gas*	Other*	Other*	
CHANGEOVER TO ALTERNATIVE FUEL							
For off-line changeover:							
Time to carry out off-line fuel changeover	Minutes	DPD					
Maximum output following off-line changeover	MW	DPD					
For on-line changeover:							
Time to carry out on-line fuel changeover	Minutes	DPD					
Maximum output during on-line fuel changeover	MW	DPD					
Maximum output following on-line changeover	MW	DPD					
Maximum operating time at full load assuming:							
Typical stock levels	Hours	DPD					
Maximum possible stock levels	Hours	DPD					
Maximum rate of replacement of depleted stocks of alternative fuels on the basis of Good Industry Practice	MWh(electrical) /day	DPD					
Is changeover to alternative fuel used in normal operating arrangements?	Text	DPD					
Number of successful changeovers carried out in the last NGET Financial Year (** delete as appropriate)	Text	DPD	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	

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<u>SCHEDULE 15</u> Page 2 of 3

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT		GENERATING UNIT DATA		
			1	2	3	4
CHANGEOVER BACK TO MAIN FUEL						
For off-line changeover:						
Time to carry out off-line fuel changeover	Minutes					
For on-line changeover:						
Time to carry out on-line fuel changeover	Minutes					
Maximum output during on-line fuel changeover	MW					

Notes

- 1. Where a **Generating Unit** has the facilities installed to generate using more than one alternative fuel type details of each alternative fuel should be given.
- 2. Significant factors and their effects which may prevent the use of alternative fuels achieving the estimated values provided in this table (e.g. emissions limits, distilled water stocks etc.) should be appended separately.

DATA REGISTRATION CODE

BLACK START INFORMATION

The following data/text items are required from each **Generator** for each **BM Unit** at a **Large Power Station** as detailed in PC.A.5.7. Data is not required for **Generating Units** that are contracted to provide **Black Start Capability**, **Power Park Modules** or **Generating Units** that have an **Intermittent Power Source**. The data should be provided in accordance with PC.A.1.2 and also, where possible, upon request from **NGET** during a **Black Start**.

Data Description	Units	Data Category
Assuming all BM Units were running immediately prior to the Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown and in the event of loss of all external power supplies, provide the following information:		
a) Expected time for the first and subsequent BM Units to be Synchronised , from the restoration of external power supplies, assuming external power supplies are not available for up to 24hrs	Tabular or Graphical	DPD
b) Describe any likely issues that would have a significant impact on a BM Unit's time to be Synchronised arising as a direct consequence of the inherent design or operational practice of the Power Station and/or BM Unit , e.g. limited barring facilities, time from a Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown at which batteries would be discharged.	Text	DPD
Block Loading Capability:		
c) Provide estimated Block Loading Capability from 0MW to Registered Capacity of each BM Unit based on the unit being 'hot' (run prior to shutdown) and also 'cold' (not run for 48hrs or more prior to the shutdown). The Block Loading Capability should be valid for a frequency deviation of 49.5Hz – 50.5Hz. The data should identify any required 'hold' points.	Tabular or Graphical	DPD

DATA REGISTRATION CODE ACCESS PERIOD DATA

SCHEDULE 17 Page 1 of 1

Submissions by **Users** using this Schedule 17 shall commence in 2011 and shall then continue in each year thereafter

Access Group

Asset Identifier	Start Week	End Week	Maintenance Year (1, 2 or 3)	Duration	Potential Concurrent Outage (Y/N)

Comments

< End of Data Registration Code (DRC) >

Revision 27

CODE	PAGE	CLAUSE
G&D	12	Definition of Emergency Deenergisation Instruction added
BC2	13	BC2.9.1.2(e)(ii) amended
	13	BC2.9.1.2(e)(iii) added
	14	BC2.9.2.2(i) created from existing text
	14	BC2.9.2.2(ii) added
	14	BC2.9.2.5 added

Revision 28

Effective Date: 7 July 2008

CODE	PAGE	CLAUSE
G&D	4	Definition of Block Load Capability added
	24	Definition of Local Joint Restoration Plan amended
	35	Definition of Re-synchronisation amended
	40	Definition of Synchronised amended
PC	38	PC.A.5.1.1 amended
	38	PC.A.5.1.2 amended
	55	PC.A.5.7 added
OC9	1	OC9.1.2 amended
	2	OC9.2.5 amended
	2	OC9.4.1 heading deleted
	2	OC.9.4 new sub-heading added
	2	OC.9.4.2. heading deleted
	3	OC9.4.4 amended
	3	OC9.4.5.2 amended
	3	OC9.4.6 amended

	4	OC9.4.7.2 amended
	4	OC9.4.7.4 (a) amended
	7	New OC9.7.9 added
	7	Previous OC9.4.7.9 renumbered to OC9.4.7.10 and amended
	7	Previous OC9.4.7.10 renumbered to OC9.4.7.11
	7	Previous OC9.4.7.11 renumbered to OC9.4.7.12 and amended
	8	OC9.4.7.12(b)(viii) amended
	9	OC9.4.7.12(b)(xi) amended
	9	OC9.4.7.12(b)(xii) added
	10	OC9.4.7.12(c)(viii) amended
	10	OC9.4.7.12(c)(xi) amended
	10	OC9.4.7.12(c)(xii) added
	11	OC9.5 amended
	11	OC9.5.1(d) amended
	16	OC9.5.6 added
BC2	14	BC2.9.2.2(ii) amended
	14	BC2.9.2.2(iii) added
	14	BC2.9.2.6 added
DRC	5	DRC.6.1.16 added
	5	DRC.6.2 amended
	58	Schedule 16 added

Revision 29

Effective Date: 1 September 2008

CODE	PAGE	CLAUSE
CC	18	CC.6.3.4 amended

CODE	PAGE	CLAUSE
	72	CC.A.7.2.2.4 amended
		CC.A.7.2.2.7 amended

Revision 30

Effective Date: 1 October 2008

CODE	PAGE	CLAUSE
G&D	1	Definitions of Access Group and Access Period added.
	43	Definition of Transmission Interface Circuit added.
PC	11-12	PC7 (and sub-clauses) created
	15	PC.A.1.6: Paragraph reference amended
	18	PC.A.2.2.2: Single Line Diagram references updated
	34	PC.A.4.1: References to other clauses updated
	34-35	PC.A.4.1.4 (and subclauses): New clauses added on Access Periods and Access Groups
	36	PC.A.4.2.2: New sub-clauses (c) and (d) added
	37	PC.A.4.2.4(c): Clause amended
	37	PC.A.4.3.1: clause amended, new sub-clauses (d) and (e) added.
	38	PC.A.4.3.2: new sub-clauses (c) and (d) added.
	38	PC.A.4.3.3: clause amended
	38	PC.A.4.3.5: clause amended
	38	PC.A.4.4: references in clause updated
	39	PC.A.4.5 (and sub-clauses): existing text in clause deleted and revised text inserted
	64	PC.A.8: Clause amended
	64	PC.A.8.2: Clause amended
	65	PC.A.8.3: sub-clauses (vii), (viii) amended, sub-clauses (ix), (x) and (xi) added.
DRC	3	DRC.5.2.3 amended
	4	DRC.5.5 (and sub-clauses) added
	5	DRC.6.1.17: reference to new Schedule 17 added

CODE	PAGE	CLAUSE
	6	Update to list of schedules applicable to "All Users connected directly to the GB Transmission System other than Generators"
	31	Addition of lumped susceptance data to Schedule 5
	45&46	Deletion of previous Schedule 11, addition of new Schedule 11
	58	Addition of new Schedule 17