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All Recipients of the Serviced Grid Code

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18 March 2021

Dear Sir/Madam

THE SERVICED GRID CODE - ISSUE 6 REVISION 1

Issue 6 Revision 1 of the Grid Code has been approved by the Authority for implementation on **18 March 2021.**

In order to ensure your copy of the Grid Code remains up to date, you will need to replace the section affected with the revised version available on the National Grid Electricity System Operator website.

The revisions document provides an overview of the changes made to the Grid Code since the previous issue.

Yours faithfully

Rachel Beaufoy

Frameworks Officer Code Administrator Markets

national gridESO

THE GRID CODE - ISSUE 6 REVISION 1

INCLUSION OF REVISED SECTIONS

- Glossary Definitions
- Operating Code 2
- Data Registration Code
- General Conditions

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

The changes arise from the implementation of modifications proposed in the following Consultation Paper:

 GC0130 – OC2 Change for simplifying 'output useable' data submission and utilising REMIT data

Summary of GC0130 and Impact:

This modification is responding to feedback from the industry on the current use of the OC2 process to provide Generator Output Useable (GOU) and outage data. The proposed solution will simplify the data submission process such that Generators/Interconnectors will be able to submit OC2 data either via REMIT, or a new National Grid Electricity System Operator (NGESO) platform (previously TOGA-GOAMP), removing duplication for many. Changes to the OC2 requirements will lead to improved data quality on which calculations of Margin and Surplus will be made and reported to industry.

Impact:

Low: Most Generators who already meet REMIT obligations would no longer also need to submit data to the NGESO platform. Generators/Interconnectors can submit data via the new NGESO platform if they do not have REMIT obligations.

The process of moving Generators to either the new NGESO platform or REMIT system is a separate process which is being managed outside the Grid Code

When OC2 is updated, data can be submitted by Generators either via REMIT or the new NGESO platform. This will create simplifications for both NGESO and Generators.

THE GRID CODE

ISSUE 6

REVISION 1

18 March 2021

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GLOSSARY & DEFINITIONS

(GD)

GD.1 In the Grid Code the following words and expressions shall, unless the subject matter or context otherwise requires or is inconsistent therewith, bear the following meanings:

Access Group	A group of Connection Points within which a User declares under the Planning Code
	(a) An interconnection and/or
	(b) A need to redistribute Demand between those Connection Points either pre-fault or post-fault
	Where a single Connection Point does not form part of an Access Group in accordance with the above, that single Connection Point shall be considered to be an Access Group in its own right.
Access Period	A period of time in respect of which each Transmission Interface Circuit is to be assessed as whether or not it is capable of being maintained as derived in accordance with PC.A.4.1.4. The period shall commence and end on specified calendar weeks.
Act	The Electricity Act 1989 (as amended by the Utilities Act 2000 and the Energy Act 2004).
Active Energy	The electrical energy produced, flowing or supplied by an electric circuit during a time interval, being the integral with respect to time of the instantaneous power, measured in units of watt-hours or standard multiples thereof, ie:
	1000 Wh = 1 kWh
	1000 kWh = 1 MWh
	1000 MWh = 1 GWh
	1000 GWh = 1 TWh
Active Power	The product of voltage and the in-phase component of alternating current measured in units of watts and standard multiples thereof, ie:
	1000 Watts = 1 kW
	1000 kW = 1 MW
	1000 MW = 1 GW
	1000 GW = 1 TW

Additional BM Unit	Has the meaning as set out in the PSC
Additional DIVI Unit	Has the meaning as set out in the BSC
Affiliate	In relation to any person, any holding company or subsidiary of such person or any subsidiary of a holding company of such person, in each case within the meaning of Section 736, 736A and 736B of the Companies Act 1985 as substituted by section 144 of the Companies Act 1989 and, if that latter section is not in force at the Transfer Date , as if such section were in force at such date.
AF Rules	Has the meaning given to "allocation framework" in section 13(2) of the Energy Act 2013.
Agency	As defined in The Company's Transmission Licence .
Aggregator	A BM Participant who controls one or more Additional BM Units or Secondary BM Units.
Aggregator Impact Matrix	Defined for an Additional BM Unit or a Secondary BM Unit. Provides data allowing The Company to model the result of a Bid-Offer Acceptance on each of the Grid Supply Points within the GSP Group over which the Additional BM Unit or Secondary BM Unit is defined.
Alternate Member	Shall mean an alternate member for the Panel Members elected or appointed in accordance with this GR.7.2(a) or (b).
Ancillary Service	A System Ancillary Service and/or a Commercial Ancillary Service, as the case may be. An Ancillary Service may include one or more Demand Response Services.
Ancillary Services Agreement	An agreement between a User and The Company for the payment by The Company to that User in respect of the provision by such User of Ancillary Services .
Annual Average Cold Spell Conditions or ACS Conditions	A particular combination of weather elements which gives rise to a level of peak Demand within a Financial Year which has a 50% chance of being exceeded as a result of weather variation alone.
Apparatus	Other than in OC8, means all equipment in which electrical conductors are used, supported or of which they may form a part. In OC8, it means High Voltage electrical circuits forming part of a System on which Safety Precautions may be applied to allow work and/or testing to be carried out on a System.
Apparent Power	The product of voltage and of alternating current measured in units of voltamperes and standard multiples thereof, ie: 1000 VA = 1 kVA 1000 kVA = 1 MVA
Approved Fast Track Proposal	Has the meaning given in GR.26.7, provided that no objection is received pursuant to GR.26.12.

Approved Grid Code Self-Governance Proposal	Has the meaning given in GR.24.10.
Approved Modification	Has the meaning given in GR.22.7
Authorised Certifier	An entity that issues Equipment Certificates and Power Generating Module Documents and whose accreditation is given by the national affiliate of the European cooperation for Accreditation ('EA'), established in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council (1).
Authorised Electricity Operator	Any person (other than The Company) who is authorised under the Act to generate, participate in the transmission of, distribute or supply electricity which shall include any Interconnector Owner or Interconnector User .
Authority-Led Modification	A Grid Code Modification Proposal in respect of a Significant Code Review, raised by the Authority pursuant to GR.17
Authority-Led Modification Report	Has the meaning given in GR.17.4.
Authority for Access	An authority which grants the holder the right to unaccompanied access to sites containing exposed HV conductors.
Authority, The	The Authority established by section 1 (1) of the Utilities Act 2000.
Automatic Voltage Regulator or AVR	The continuously acting automatic equipment controlling the terminal voltage of a Synchronous Generating Unit or Synchronous Power Generating Module by comparing the actual terminal voltage with a reference value and controlling by appropriate means the output of an Exciter , depending on the deviations.
Auxiliaries	Any item of Plant and/or Apparatus not directly a part of the boiler plant or Power Generating Module or Generating Unit or DC Converter or HVDC Equipment or Power Park Module, but required for the boiler plant's or Power Generating Module's or Generating Unit's or DC Converter's or HVDC Equipment's or Power Park Module's functional operation.
Auxiliary Diesel Engine	A diesel engine driving a Power Generating Module or Generating Unit which can supply a Unit Board or Station Board , which can start without an electrical power supply from outside the Power Station within which it is situated.
Auxiliary Gas Turbine	A Gas Turbine Unit, which can supply a Unit Board or Station Board, which can start without an electrical power supply from outside the Power Station within which it is situated.
Average Conditions	That combination of weather elements within a period of time which is the average of the observed values of those weather elements during equivalent periods over many years (sometimes referred to as normal weather).
Back-Up Protection	A Protection system which will operate when a system fault is not cleared by other Protection .

Balancing and Settlement Code or BSC	The code of that title as from time to time amended.
Balancing Code or BC	That portion of the Grid Code which specifies the Balancing Mechanism process.
Balancing Mechanism	Has the meaning set out in The Company's Transmission Licence
Balancing Mechanism Reporting Agent or BMRA	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .
Balancing Mechanism Reporting Service or BMRS	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .
Balancing Principles Statement	A statement prepared by The Company in accordance with Condition C16 of The Company's Transmission Licence .
Baseline Forecast	Has the meaning given to the term 'baseline forecast' in Section G of the BSC .
Bid-Offer Acceptance	(a) A communication issued by The Company in accordance with BC2.7; or
	(b) an Emergency Instruction to the extent provided for in BC2.9.2.3.
Bid-Offer Data	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .
Bilateral Agreement	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC.
Black Start	The procedure necessary for a recovery from a Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown .
Black Start Capability	In the case of a Black Start Station, is the ability for at least one of its Gensets to Start-Up from Shutdown and to energise a part of the System and be Synchronised to the System upon instruction from The Company, within two hours, without an external electrical power supply. In the case of a Black Start HVDC System is the ability of an HVDC System to Start-Up from Shutdown and to energise a part of the System and be Synchronised to the System upon instruction from The Company, within two hours, without an external electrical power supply from the GB Synchronous Area.
Black Start Contract	An agreement between a Black Start Service Provider and The Company under which the Black Start Service Provider provides Black Start Capability and other associated services;
Black Start HVDC System	An HVDC System or DC Converter Station which are registered, pursuant to the Bilateral Agreement with a User, as having a Black Start Capability.
Black Start HVDC Test	A Black Start Test carried out by an HVDC System Owner or DC Converter Station Owner with a Black Start HVDC System while the Black Start HVDC System is disconnected from all external electrical power supplies from the GB Synchronous Area.
Black Start Service Provider	A Generator with a Black Start Station or an HVDC System Owner or DC Converter Station Owner with a Black Start HVDC System.

Black Start Stations	Power Stations which are registered, pursuant to the Bilateral Agreement with a User, as having a Black Start Capability.
Black Start Station Test	A Black Start Test carried out by a Generator with a Black Start Station while the Black Start Station is disconnected from all external electrical power supplies from the GB Synchronous Area.
Black Start Test	A Black Start Test carried out by a Black Start Service Provider on the instructions of The Company, in order to demonstrate that a Black Start Station or a Black Start HVDC System has a Black Start Capability. For the avoidance of doubt, a Black Start Test could comprise a Black Start Station Test, a Black Start Unit Test or Black Start HVDC Test.
Black Start Unit Test	A Black Start Test carried out on a Generating Unit or a CCGT Unit or a Power Generating Module, as the case may be, at a Black Start Station while the Black Start Station remains connected to an external alternating current electrical supply.
Block Loading Capability	The incremental Active Power steps, from no load to Rated MW , which a Generating Unit or Power Generating Module or Power Park Module or HVDC System or DC Converter Station can instantaneously supply without causing it to trip or go outside the Frequency range of 47.5Hz – 52Hz (or an otherwise agreed Frequency range). The time between each incremental step shall also be provided.
BM Participant	A person who is responsible for and controls one or more BM Units or where a Bilateral Agreement specifies that a User is required to be treated as a BM Participant for the purposes of the Grid Code. For the avoidance of doubt, it does not imply that they must be active in the Balancing Mechanism .
BM Unit	Has the meaning set out in the BSC , except that for the purposes of the Grid Code the reference to "Party" in the BSC shall be a reference to User .
BM Unit Data	The collection of parameters associated with each BM Unit , as described in Appendix 1 of BC1 .
Boiler Time Constant	Determined at Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity (as applicable), the boiler time constant will be construed in accordance with the principles of the IEEE Committee Report "Dynamic Models for Steam and Hydro Turbines in Power System Studies" published in 1973 which apply to such phrase.
British Standards or BS	Those standards and specifications approved by the British Standards Institution.
BSCCo	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .
BSC Panel	Has meaning set out for "Panel" in the BSC .
Black Start Unit Test	A Black Start Test carried out on a Generating Unit or a CCGT Unit or a Power Generating Module, as the case may be, at a Black Start Station while the Black Start Station remains connected to an external alternating current electrical supply.
Business Day	Any week day (other than a Saturday) on which banks are open for domestic business in the City of London.

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Cancellation of National Electricity Transmission System Warning	The notification given to Users when a National Electricity Transmission System Warning is cancelled.	
Capacity Market Documents	The Capacity Market Rules, The Electricity Capacity Regulations 2014 and any other Regulations made under Chapter 3 of Part 2 of the Energy Act 2013 which are in force from time to time.	
Capacity Market Rules	The rules made under section 34 of the Energy Act 2013 as modified from time to time in accordance with that section and The Electricity Capacity Regulations 2014.	
Cascade Hydro Scheme	Two or more hydro-electric Generating Units , owned or controlled by the same Generator , which are located in the same water catchment area and are at different ordnance datums and which depend upon a common source of water for their operation, known as:	
	(a) Moriston	
	(b) Killin	
	I Garry	
	(d) Conon	
	(e) Clunie	
	(f) Beauly	
	which will comprise more than one Power Station .	
Cascade Hydro Scheme Matrix	The matrix described in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading Cascade Hydro Scheme Matrix .	
Category 1 Intertripping Scheme	A System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme arising from a Variation to Connection Design following a request from the relevant User which is consistent with the criteria specified in the Security and Quality of Supply Standard.	
Category 2 Intertripping	A System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme which is:-	
Scheme	(i) required to alleviate an overload on a circuit which connects the Group containing the User's Connection Site to the National Electricity Transmission System; and	
	(ii) installed in accordance with the requirements of the planning criteria of the Security and Quality of Supply Standard in order that measures can be taken to permit maintenance access for each transmission circuit and for such measures to be economically justified,	
	and the operation of which results in a reduction in Active Power on the overloaded circuits which connect the User's Connection Site to the rest of the National Electricity Transmission System which is equal to the reduction in Active Power from the Connection Site (once any system losses or third party system effects are discounted).	
Category 3 Intertripping Scheme	A System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme which, where agreed by The Company and the User , is installed to alleviate an overload on, and as an alternative to, the reinforcement of a third party system, such as the Distribution System of a Public Distribution System Operator .	

Category 4 Intertripping Scheme	A System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme installed to enable the disconnection of the Connection Site from the National Electricity Transmission System in a controlled and efficient manner in order to facilitate the timely restoration of the National Electricity Transmission System.
Caution Notice	A notice conveying a warning against interference.
CENELEC	European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation.
Citizens Advice	Means the National Association of Citizens Advice Bureaux.
Citizens Advice Scotland	Means the Scottish Association of Citizens Advice Bureaux.
CfD Counterparty	A person designated as a "CfD counterparty" under section 7(1) of the Energy Act 2013.
CfD Documents	The AF Rules , The Contracts for Difference (Allocation) Regulations 2014, The Contracts for Difference (Definition of Eligible Generator) Regulations 2014 and The Contracts for Difference (Electricity Supplier Obligations) Regulations 2014 and any other regulations made under Chapter 2 of Part 2 of the Energy Act 2013 which are in force from time to time.
CfD Settlement Services Provider	means any person: (i) appointed for the time being and from time to time by a CfD Counterparty; or (ii) who is designated by virtue of Section C1.2.1B of the Balancing and Settlement Code, in either case to carry out any of the CFD settlement activities (or any successor entity performing CFD settlement activities).
CCGT Module Matrix	The matrix described in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading CCGT Module Matrix.
CCGT Module Planning Matrix	A matrix in the form set out in Appendix 3 of OC2 showing the combination of CCGT Units within a CCGT Module which would be running in relation to any given MW output.
Closed Distribution System or CDSO	A distribution system classified pursuant to Article 28 of Directive 2009/72/EC as a Closed Distribution System by the Authority which distributes electricity within a geographically confined industrial, commercial or shared services site and does not supply household Customers , without prejudice to incidental use by a small number of households located within the area served by the System and with employment or similar associations with the owner of the System .
CM Administrative Parties	The Secretary of State, the CM Settlement Body, and any CM Settlement Services Provider.
CM Settlement Body	the Electricity Settlements Company Ltd or such other person as may from time to time be appointed as Settlement Body under regulation 80 of the Electricity Capacity Regulations 2014.

CM Settlement Services Provider	any person with whom the CM Settlement Body has entered into a contract to provide services to it in relation to the performance of its functions under the Capacity Market Documents .
Code Administration	Means the code of practice approved by the Authority and:
Code of Practice	(a) developed and maintained by the code administrators in existence from time to time; and
	(b) amended subject to the Authority's approval from time to time; and
	(c) re-published from time to time;
Code Administrator	Means The Company carrying out the role of Code Administrator in accordance with the General Conditions.
Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Module or CCGT Module	A collection of Generating Units (registered as a CCGT Module (which could be within a Power Generating Module) under the PC) comprising one or more Gas Turbine Units (or other gas based engine units) and one or more Steam Units where, in normal operation, the waste heat from the Gas Turbines is passed to the water/steam system of the associated Steam Unit or Steam Units and where the component units within the CCGT Module are directly connected by steam or hot gas lines which enable those units to contribute to the efficiency of the combined cycle operation of the CCGT Module .
Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Unit or CCGT Unit	A Generating Unit within a CCGT Module.
Commercial Ancillary Services	Ancillary Services, other than System Ancillary Services, utilised by The Company in operating the Total System if a User (or other person such as a Demand Response Provider) has agreed to provide them under an Ancillary Services Agreement or under a Bilateral Agreement with payment being dealt with under an Ancillary Services Agreement or in the case of Externally Interconnected System Operators or Interconnector Users, under any other agreement (and in the case of Externally Interconnected System Operators and Interconnector Users includes Ancillary Services equivalent to or similar to System Ancillary Services).
Commercial Boundary	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC
Committed Level	The expected Active Power output from a BM Unit after accepting a Bid-Offer Acceptance or RR Instruction or a combination of Bid-Offer Acceptances and RR Instructions.
Committed Project Planning Data	Data relating to a User Development once the offer for a CUSC Contract is accepted.
Common Collection Busbar	A busbar within a Power Park Module to which the higher voltage side of two or more Power Park Unit generator transformers are connected.

Completion Date	Has the meaning set out in the Bilateral Agreement with each User to that term or in the absence of that term to such other term reflecting the date when a User is expected to connect to or start using the National Electricity Transmission System . In the case of an Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station or Embedded HVDC System having a similar meaning in relation to the Network Operator's System as set out in the Embedded Development Agreement .
Complex	A Connection Site together with the associated Power Station and/or Network Operator substation and/or associated Plant and/or Apparatus, as appropriate.
Compliance Processes or CP	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the Compliance Processes .
Compliance Statement	A statement completed by the relevant User confirming compliance with each of the relevant Grid Code provisions, and the supporting evidence in respect of such compliance, of its:
	Generating Unit(s); or,
	Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules and/or Electricity Storage Modules); or,
	CCGT Module(s); or,
	Power Park Module(s); or,
	DC Converter(s); or
	HVDC Systems; or
	Plant and Apparatus at an EU Grid Supply Point owned or operated by a Network Operator; or
	Network Operator's entire distribution System where such Network Operator's distribution System comprises solely of Plant and Apparatus procured on or after 7 September 2018 and was connected to the National Electricity Transmission System on or after 18 August 2019. In this case, all connections to the National Electricity Transmission System would comprise only of EU Grid Supply Points; or
	Plant and Apparatus at an EU Grid Supply Point owned or operated by a Non-Embedded Customer where such Non-Embedded Customer is defined as an EU Code User;
	In the form provided by The Company to the relevant User or another format as agreed between the User and The Company .
Configuration 1 AC Connected Offshore Power Park Module	One or more Offshore Power Park Modules that are connected to an AC Offshore Transmission System and that AC Offshore Transmission System is connected to only one Onshore substation and which has one or more Transmission Interface Points.
Configuration 2 AC Connected Offshore Power Park Module	One or more Offshore Power Park Modules that are connected to a meshed AC Offshore Transmission System and that AC Offshore Transmission System is connected to two or more Onshore substations at its Transmission Interface Points.

Configuration 1 DC Connected Power Park Module	One or more DC Connected Power Park Modules that are connected to an HVDC System or Transmission DC Converter and that HVDC System or Transmission DC Converter is connected to only one Onshore substation and which has one or more Transmission Interface Points.
Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module	One or more DC Connected Power Park Modules that are connected to an HVDC System or Transmission DC Converter and that HVDC System or Transmission DC Converter is connected to more than one Onshore substation at its Transmission Interface Points.
Connection Conditions or CC	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the Connection Conditions being applicable to GB Code Users .
Connection Entry Capacity	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC.
Connected Planning Data	Data which replaces data containing estimated values assumed for planning purposes by validated actual values and updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for Forecast Data items such as Demand .
Connection Point	A Grid Supply Point or Grid Entry Point, as the case may be.
Connection Site	A Transmission Site or User Site , as the case may be.
Construction Agreement	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC
Consumer Representative	Means the person appointed by the Citizens Advice or the Citizens Advice Scotland (or any successor body) representing all categories of customers, appointed in accordance with GR.4.2(b)
Contingency Reserve	The margin of generation over forecast Demand which is required in the period from 24 hours ahead down to real time to cover against uncertainties in Large Power Station availability and against both weather forecast and Demand forecast errors.
Control Calls	A telephone call whose destination and/or origin is a key on the control desk telephone keyboard at a Control Centre and which, for the purpose of Control Telephony , has the right to exercise priority over (ie. disconnect) a call of a lower status.
Control Centre	A location used for the purpose of control and operation of the National Electricity Transmission System or DC Converter Station owner's System or HVDC System Owner's System or a User System other than a Generator's System or an External System .
Control Engineer	A person nominated by the relevant party for the control of its Plant and Apparatus .
Control Person	The term used as an alternative to "Safety Co-ordinator" on the Site Responsibility Schedule only.
Control Phase	The Control Phase follows on from the Programming Phase and covers the period down to real time.

Control Point	The point from which:-	
	(a) A Non-Embedded Customer's Plant and Apparatus is controlled; or	
	(b) A BM Unit at a Large Power Station or at a Medium Power Station or representing a Cascade Hydro Scheme or with a Demand Capacity with a magnitude of:	
	(i) 50MW or more in NGET's Transmission Area ; or	
	(ii) 30MW or more in SPT's Transmission Area ; or	
	(iii) 10MW or more in SHETL's Transmission Area,	
	(iv) 10MW or more which is connected to an Offshore Transmission System	
	is physically controlled by a BM Participant; or	
	(c) In the case of any other BM Unit or Generating Unit (which could be part of a Power Generating Module), data submission is coordinated for a BM Participant and instructions are received from The Company ,	
	as the case may be. For a Generator , this will normally be at a Power Station but may be at an alternative location agreed with The Company . In the case of a DC Converter Station or HVDC System , the Control Point will be at a location agreed with The Company . In the case of a BM Unit of an Interconnector User , the Control Point will be the Control Centre of the relevant Externally Interconnected System Operator .	
Control Telephony	The principal method by which a User's Responsible Engineer/Operator and The Company's Control Engineer(s) speak to one another for the purposes of control of the Total System in both normal and emergency operating conditions.	
Core Industry Document	As defined in the Transmission Licence	
Core Industry Document Owner	In relation to a Core Industry Document , the body(ies) or entity(ies) responsible for the management and operation of procedures for making changes to such document	
cusc	Has the meaning set out in The Company's Transmission Licence	
CUSC Contract	One or more of the following agreements as envisaged in Standard Condition C1 of The Company's Transmission Licence : (a) the CUSC Framework Agreement ;	
	(b) a Bilateral Agreement;	
	(c) a Construction Agreement	
	or a variation to an existing Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement ;	
CUSC Framework Agreement	Has the meaning set out in The Company's Transmission Licence .	
CUSC Party	As defined in the The Company's Transmission Licence and "CUSC Parties" shall be construed accordingly.	

Customer	A person to whom electrical power is provided (whether or not he is the same person as the person who provides the electrical power).
Customer Demand Management	Reducing the supply of electricity to a Customer or disconnecting a Customer in a manner agreed for commercial purposes between a Supplier and its Customer .
Customer Demand Management Notification Level	The level above which a Supplier has to notify The Company of its proposed or achieved use of Customer Demand Management which is 12 MW in England and Wales and 5 MW in Scotland.
Customer Generating Plant	A Power Station or Generating Unit or Power Generating Module of a Customer to the extent that it operates the same exclusively to supply all or part of its own electricity requirements, and does not export electrical power to any part of the Total System .
Data Registration Code or DRC	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the Data Registration Code .
Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules	The rules relating to validity and consistency of data, and default data to be applied, in relation to data submitted under the Balancing Codes , to be applied by The Company under the Grid Code as set out in the document "Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules" - Issue 8, dated 25 th January 2012. The document is available on the National Grid website or upon request from The Company .
DC Connected Power Park Module	A Power Park Module that is connected to one or more HVDC Interface Points.
DC Converter	Any Onshore DC Converter or Offshore DC Converter as applicable to GB Code User's.
DC Converter Station	An installation comprising one or more Onshore DC Converters connecting a direct current interconnector:
	to the National Electricity Transmission System; or,
	(if the installation has a rating of 50MW or more) to a User System ,
	and it shall form part of the External Interconnection to which it relates.
DC Network	All items of Plant and Apparatus connected together on the direct current side of a DC Converter or HVDC System .
DCUSA	The Distribution Connection and Use of System Agreement approved by the Authority and required to be maintained in force by each Electricity Distribution Licence holder.
Defence Service Provider	A User with a legal or contractual obligation to provide a service contributing to one or several measures of the System Defence Plan.
De-Load	The condition in which a Genset has reduced or is not delivering electrical power to the System to which it is Synchronised .
Δf	Deviation from Target Frequency
Demand	The demand of MW and MVAr of electricity (i.e. both Active and Reactive Power), unless otherwise stated.

Demand Aggregation	A process where one or more Demand Facilities or Closed Distribution Systems can be controlled by a Demand Response Provider either as a single facility or Closed Distribution System for the purposes of offering one or more Demand Response Services .
Demand Capacity	Has the meaning as set out in the BSC .
Demand Control	Any or all of the following methods of achieving a Demand reduction:
	(a) Customer voltage reduction initiated by Network Operators (other than following an instruction from The Company);
	(b) Customer Demand reduction by Disconnection initiated by Network Operators (other than following an instruction from The Company);
	(c) Demand reduction instructed by The Company ;
	(d) automatic low Frequency Demand Disconnection;
	(e) emergency manual Demand Disconnection .
Demand Control Notification Level	The level above which a Network Operator has to notify The Company of its proposed or achieved use of Demand Control which is 12 MW in England and Wales and 5 MW in Scotland.
Demand Facility	A facility which consumes electrical energy and is connected at one or more Grid Supply Points to the National Electricity Transmission System or connection points to a Network Operator's System. A Network Operator's System and/or auxiliary supplies of a Power Generating Module do no constitute a Demand Facility.
Demand Facility Owner	A person who owns or operates one or more Demand Units within a Demand Facility . A Demand Facility Owner who owns or operates a
	Demand Facility which is directed connected to the Transmission System
Down and Down area	shall be treated as a Non-Embedded Customer.
Demand Response Active Power Control	Demand within a Demand Facility or Closed Distribution System that is available for modulation by The Company or Network Operator or Relevant Transmission Licensee, which results in an Active Power modification.
Demand Response Provider	A party (other than The Company) who owns, operates, controls or manages Main Plant and Apparatus (excluding storage equipment) which was first connected to the Total System on or after 18 August 2019 and who had placed Purchase Contracts for its Main Plant and Apparatus on or after 7 September 2018 or is the subject of a Substantial Modification on or after 18 August 2019 and has an agreement with The Company to provide a Demand Response Service (s). The party may be one or more Customers , a Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer or EU Code User contracting bilaterally with The Company for the provision of services, or may be a third party providing Demand Aggregation from many individual Customers .
Demand Response Reactive Power Control	A Demand Response Service derived from Reactive Power or Reactive Power compensation devices in a Demand Facility or Closed Distribution System that are available for modulation by The Company or Network Operator or Relevant Transmission Licensee .
Demand Response Transmission Constraint Management	A Demand Response Service derived from Demand within a Demand Facility or Closed Distribution System that is available for modulation by The Company or Network Operator or Relevant Transmission Licensee to manage transmission constraints within the System .

Demand Response Service	A Demand Response Service includes one of more of the following services:
Gervice	(a) Demand Response Active Power Control; (b) Demand Response Reactive Power Control; (c) Demand Response Transmission Constraint Management; (d) Demand Response System Frequency Control; (e) Demand Response Very Fast Active Power Control. The above Demand Response Services are not exclusive and do not preclude Demand Response Providers from negotiating other services for demand response capability with The Company. Where such services are negotiated they would still be treated as a Demand Response Service.
Demand Response Services Code (DRSC)	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the Demand Response Services Code being applicable to Demand Response Providers .
Demand Response System Frequency Control	A Demand Response Service derived from a Demand within one or more Demand Facilities or Closed Distribution Systems that is available for the reduction or increase in response to Frequency fluctuations, made by an autonomous response from those Demand Facilities or Closed Distribution Systems to diminish these fluctuations.
Demand Response Unit Document (DRUD)	A document, issued either by the Non-Embedded Customer , Demand Facility Owner or the CDSO to The Company or the Network Operator (as the case may be) for Demand Units with demand response and providing a Demand Response Service which confirms the compliance of the Demand Unit with the technical requirements set out in the Grid Code and provides the necessary data and statements, including a statement of compliance.
Demand Response Very Fast Active Power Control	A Demand Response Service derived from a Demand within a Demand Facility or Closed Distribution System that can be modulated very fast in response to a Frequency deviation, which results in a very fast Active Power modification.
Demand Unit	An indivisible set of installations containing equipment which can be actively controlled at one or more sites by a Demand Response Provider , Demand Facility Owner , CDSO or by a Non Embedded Customer , either individually or commonly as part of Demand Aggregation through a third party who has agreed to provide Demand Response Services .
Designed Minimum Operating Level	The output (in whole MW) below which a Genset or a DC Converter at a DC Converter Station (in any of its operating configurations) has no High Frequency Response capability.
De-Synchronise	(a) The act of taking a Power Generating Module (including a DC Connected Power Park Module), Generating Unit, Power Park Module, HVDC System or DC Converter off a System to which it has been Synchronised, by opening any connecting circuit breaker; or
	(b) The act of ceasing to consume electricity at an importing BM Unit ;
	and the term "De-Synchronising" shall be construed accordingly.
De-synchronised Island(s)	Has the meaning set out in OC9.5.1(a).
Detailed Planning Data	Detailed additional data which The Company requires under the PC in support of Standard Planning Data , comprising DPD I and DPD II .
Detailed Planning Data Category I or DPD I	The Detailed Planning Data categorised as such in the DRC , and submitted in accordance with PC.4.4.2 or PC.4.4.4 as applicable.

Detailed Planning Data Category II or DPD II	The Detailed Planning Data categorised as such in the DRC , and submitted in accordance with PC.4.4.2 or PC.4.4.4 as applicable.
Disconnection	The physical separation of Users (or Customers) from the National Electricity Transmission System or a User System as the case may be.
Discrimination	The quality where a relay or protective system is enabled to pick out and cause to be disconnected only the faulty Apparatus .
Disputes Resolution Procedure	The procedure described in the CUSC relating to disputes resolution.
Distribution Code	The distribution code required to be drawn up by each Electricity Distribution Licence holder and approved by the Authority , as from time to time revised with the approval of the Authority .
Droop	The ratio of the per unit steady state change in speed (or Frequency), to the per unit steady state change in Active Power output. Whilst not mandatory, it is often common practice to express Droop in percentage terms.
Dynamic Parameters	Those parameters listed in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading BM Unit Data – Dynamic Parameters .
E&W Offshore Transmission System	An Offshore Transmission System with an Interface Point in England and Wales.
E&W Offshore Transmission Licensee	A person who owns or operates an E&W Offshore Transmission System pursuant to a Transmission Licence .
E&W Transmission System	Collectively NGET's Transmission System and any E&W Offshore Transmission Systems.
E&W User	A User in England and Wales or any Offshore User who owns or operates Plant and/or Apparatus connected (or which will at the OTSUA Transfer Time be connected) to an E&W Offshore Transmission System.
Earth Fault Factor	At a selected location of a three-phase System (generally the point of installation of equipment) and for a given System configuration, the ratio of the highest root mean square phase-to-earth power Frequency voltage on a sound phase during a fault to earth (affecting one or more phases at any point) to the root mean square phase-to-earth power Frequency voltage which would be obtained at the selected location without the fault.

Earthing	A way of providing a connection between conductors and earth by an Earthing Device which is either:
	(a) Immobilised and Locked in the earthing position. Where the Earthing Device is Locked with a Safety Key, the Safety Key must be secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key must be, where reasonably practicable, given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable the Key Safe Key must be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator in safe custody; or
	(b) maintained and/or secured in position by such other method which must be in accordance with the Local Safety Instructions of NGET or the Safety Rules of the Relevant Transmission Licensee or that User, as the case may be.
Earthing Device	A means of providing a connection between a conductor and earth being of adequate strength and capability.
Elected Panel Members	Shall mean the following Panel Members elected in accordance with GR4.2(a):
	(a) the representative of the Suppliers ;
	(b) the representative of the Onshore Transmission Licensees;
	(c) the representative of the Offshore Transmission Licensees; and
	(d) the representatives of the Generators
Electrical Standard	A standard listed in the Annex to the General Conditions .
Electricity Council	That body set up under the Electricity Act, 1957.
Electricity Distribution Licence	The licence granted pursuant to Section 6(1) (c) of the Act .
Electricity Regulation	As defined in the Transmission Licence .
Electricity Storage	The conversion of electrical energy into a form of energy which can be stored, the storing of that energy, and the subsequent reconversion of that energy back into electrical energy.
Electricity Storage Module	Is either one or more Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit(s) or Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit(s) which could also be part of a Power Generating Module. For the avoidance of doubt, Non-Controllable Electricity Storage Equipment would not be considered to be classed as an Electricity Storage Module or as an Electricity Storage Unit.
Electricity Storage Unit	A Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit or Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit.
Electricity Supply Industry Arbitration Association	The unincorporated members' club of that name formed inter alia to promote the efficient and economic operation of the procedure for the resolution of disputes within the electricity supply industry by means of arbitration or otherwise in accordance with its arbitration rules.
Electricity Supply Licence	The licence granted pursuant to Section 6(1) (d) of the Act .
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Electromagnetic Compatibility Level	Has the meaning set out in Engineering Recommendation G5.
Embedded	Having a direct connection to a User System or the System of any other User to which Customers and/or Power Stations are connected, such connection being either a direct connection or a connection via a busbar of another User or of a Relevant Transmission Licensee (but with no other connection to the National Electricity Transmission System).
Embedded Development	Has the meaning set out in PC.4.4.3(a).
Embedded Development Agreement	An agreement entered into between a Network Operator and an Embedded Person , identifying the relevant site of connection to the Network Operator's System and setting out other site specific details in relation to that use of the Network Operator's System .
Embedded Person	The party responsible for a Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or HVDC System not subject to a Bilateral Agreement connected to or proposed to be connected to a Network Operator's System .
Emergency Deenergisation Instruction	An Emergency Instruction issued by The Company to De-Synchronise a Power Generating Module (including a DC Connected Power Park Module), Generating Unit, Power Park Module, HVDC System or DC Converter in circumstances specified in the CUSC.
Emergency Instruction	An instruction issued by The Company in emergency circumstances, pursuant to BC2.9, to the Control Point of a User . In the case of such instructions applicable to a BM Unit , it may require an action or response which is outside the Dynamic Parameters or Other Relevant Data , and may include an instruction to trip a Genset .
EMR Administrative Parties	Has the meaning given to "administrative parties" in The Electricity Capacity Regulations 2014 and each CfD Counterparty and CfD Settlement Services Provider.
EMR Documents	The Energy Act 2013, The Electricity Capacity Regulations 2014, the Capacity Market Rules , The Contracts for Difference (Allocation) Regulations 2014, The Contracts for Difference (Definition of Eligible Generator) Regulations 2014, The Contracts for Difference (Electricity Supplier Obligations) Regulations 2014, The Electricity Market Reform (General) Regulations 2014, the AF Rules and any other regulations or instruments made under Chapter 2 (contracts for difference), Chapter 3 (capacity market) or Chapter 4 (investment contracts) of Part 2 of the Energy Act 2013 which are in force from time to time.
EMR Functions	Has the meaning given to "EMR functions" in Chapter 5 of Part 2 of the Energy Act 2013.
Engineering Recommendations	The documents referred to as such and issued by the Energy Networks Association or the former Electricity Council.
Engineering Recommendation G5	Means Engineering Recommendation G5/5.

Energisation Operational Notification or EON	A notification (in respect of Plant and Apparatus (including OTSUA) which is directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System) from The Company to a User confirming that the User can in accordance with the Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement , energise such User's Plant and Apparatus (including OTSUA) specified in such notification.
Equipment Certificate	A document issued by an Authorised Certifier for equipment used by a Power Generating Module , Demand Unit , Network Operators System , Non-Embedded Customers System , Demand Facility or HVDC System . The Equipment Certificate defines the scope of its validity at a national or other level at which a specific value is selected from the range allowed at a European level. For the purpose of replacing specific parts of the compliance process, the Equipment Certificate may include models or equivalent information that have been verified against actual test results.
Estimated Registered Data	Those items of Standard Planning Data and Detailed Planning Data which either upon connection will become Registered Data , or which for the purposes of the Plant and/or Apparatus concerned as at the date of submission are Registered Data , but in each case which for the seven succeeding Financial Years will be an estimate of what is expected.

EU Code User

A **User** who is any of the following:-

- (a) A Generator in respect of a Power Generating Module (excluding a DC Connected Power Park Module) or OTSDUA (in respect of an AC Offshore Transmission System) whose Main Plant and Apparatus is connected to the System on or after 27 April 2019 and who concluded Purchase Contracts for its Main Plant and Apparatus on or after 17 May 2018
- (b) A **Generator** in respect of any **Type C** or **Type D Power Generating Module** which is the subject of a **Substantial Modification** which is effective on or after 27 April 2019.
- (c) A Generator in respect of any DC Connected Power Park Module whose Main Plant and Apparatus is connected to the System on or after 8 September 2019 and who had concluded Purchase Contracts for its Main Plant and Apparatus on or after 28 September 2018.
- (d) A Generator in respect of any DC Connected Power Park Module which is the subject of a Substantial Modification which is effective on or after 8 September 2019.
- (e) An HVDC System Owner or OTSDUA (in respect of a DC Offshore Transmission System including a Transmission DC Converter) whose Main Plant and Apparatus is connected to the System on or after 8 September 2019 and who had concluded Purchase Contracts for its Main Plant and Apparatus on or after 28 September 2018.
- (f) An HVDC System Owner or OTSDUA (in respect of a DC Offshore Transmission System including a Transmission DC Converter) whose HVDC System or DC Offshore Transmission System including a Transmission DC Converter) is the subject of a Substantial Modification on or after 8 September 2019.
- (g) A **User** which the **Authority** has determined should be considered as an **EU Code User**.
- (h) A Network Operator whose entire distribution System was first connected to the National Electricity Transmission System on or after 18 August 2019 and who had placed Purchase Contracts for its Main Plant and Apparatus in respect of its entire distribution System on or after 7 September 2018. For the avoidance of doubt, a Network Operator will be an EU Code User if its entire distribution System is connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at EU Grid Supply Points only.
- (i) A Non Embedded Customer whose Main Plant and Apparatus at each EU Grid Supply Point was first connected to the National Electricity Transmission System on or after 18 August 2019 and who had placed Purchase Contracts for its Main Plant and Apparatus at each EU Grid Supply Point on or after 7 September 2018 or is the subject of a Substantial Modification on or after 18 August 2019.
- (j) A Storage User in respect of an Electricity Storage Module whose Main Plant and Apparatus is connected to the System on or after 20 May 2020 and who concluded Purchase Contracts for its Main Plant and Apparatus on or after 20 May 2019.

EU Generator	A Generator or OTSDUA who is also an EU Code User.
EU Grid Supply Point	A Grid Supply Point where either:-
	(i) (a) the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer had placed Purchase Contracts for all of its Plant and Apparatus at that Grid Supply Point on or after 7 September 2018, and
	(b) All of the Network Operator's or Non-Embedded Customer's Plant and Apparatus at that Grid Supply Point was first connected to the Transmission System on or after 18 August 2019; or
	(ii) the Network Operator's or Non-Embedded Customer's Plant and Apparatus at a Grid Supply Point is the subject of a Substantial Modification which is effective on or after 18 August 2019.
EU Transparency Availability Data	Such data as Customers and Generators are required to provide under Articles 7.1(a) and 7.1(b) and Articles 15.1(a), 15.1(b), 15.1(c), 15.1(d) of European Commission Regulation (EU) No. 543/2013 respectively (known as the Transparency Regulation), and which also forms part of DRC Schedule 6 (Users ' Outage Data).
European Compliance Processes or ECP	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the European Compliance Processes .
European Connection Conditions or ECC	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the European Connection Conditions being applicable to EU Code Users .
European Regulation (EU) 2016/631	Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/631 of 14 April 2016 establishing a Network Code on Requirements of Generators.
European Regulation (EU) 2016/1388	Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/1388 of 17 August 2016 establishing a Network Code on Demand Connection.
European Regulation (EU) 2016/1447	Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/1447 of 26 August 2016 establishing a network code on requirements for Grid Connection of High Voltage Direct Current Systems and Direct Current-connected Power Park Modules.
European Regulation (EU) 2017/1485	Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/1485 establishing a guideline on electricity transmission system operation.
European Regulation (EU) 2017/2195	Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2195 of 17 December 2017 establishing a guideline on electricity balancing.
European Regulation (EU) 2017/2196	Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2196 of 24 November 2017 establishing a network code on emergency and restoration.
European Specification	A common technical specification, a British Standard implementing a European standard or a European technical approval. The terms "common technical specification", "European standard" and "European technical approval" shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in the Regulations .

Event	An unscheduled or unplanned (although it may be anticipated) occurrence on, or relating to, a System (including Embedded Power Stations) including, without limiting that general description, faults, incidents and breakdowns and adverse weather conditions being experienced.
Exciter	The source of the electrical power providing the field current of a synchronous machine.
Excitation System	The equipment providing the field current of a machine, including all regulating and control elements, as well as field discharge or suppression equipment and protective devices.
Excitation System No- Load Negative Ceiling Voltage	The minimum value of direct voltage that the Excitation System is able to provide from its terminals when it is not loaded, which may be zero or a negative value.
Excitation System Nominal Response	Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in IEC 34-16-1:1991 [equivalent to British Standard BS 4999 Section 116.1: 1992]. The time interval applicable is the first half-second of excitation system voltage response.
Excitation System On- Load Positive Ceiling Voltage	Shall have the meaning ascribed to the term 'Excitation system on load ceiling voltage' in IEC 34-16-1:1991[equivalent to British Standard BS4999 Section 116.1: 1992].
Excitation System No- Load Positive Ceiling Voltage	Shall have the meaning ascribed to the term 'Excitation system no load ceiling voltage' in IEC 34-16-1:1991[equivalent to British Standard BS4999 Section 116.1: 1992].
Exemptable	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC.
Existing AGR Plant	The following nuclear advanced gas cooled reactor plant (which was commissioned and connected to the Total System at the Transfer Date):- (a) Dungeness B (b) Hinkley Point B (c) Heysham 1 (d) Heysham 2 (e) Hartlepool (f) Hunterston B (g) Torness

Existing AGR Plant Flexibility Limit	In respect of each Genset within each Existing AGR Plant which has a safety case enabling it to so operate, 8 (or such lower number which when added to the number of instances of reduction of output as instructed by The Company in relation to operation in Frequency Sensitive Mode totals 8) instances of flexibility in any calendar year (or such lower or greater number as may be agreed by the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate and notified to The Company) for the purpose of assisting in the period of low System NRAPM and/or low Localised NRAPM provided that in relation to each Generating Unit each change in output shall not be required to be to a level where the output of the reactor is less than 80% of the reactor thermal power limit (as notified to The Company and which corresponds to the limit of reactor thermal power as contained in the "Operating Rules" or "Identified Operating Instructions" forming part of the safety case agreed with the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate).
Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant	Both Existing Magnox Reactor Plant and Existing AGR Plant.
Existing Magnox Reactor Plant	The following nuclear gas cooled reactor plant (which was commissioned and connected to the Total System at the Transfer Date):- (a) Calder Hall (b) Chapelcross (c) Dungeness A (d) Hinkley Point A (e) Oldbury-on-Severn (f) Bradwell (g) Sizewell A (h) Wylfa
Export and Import Limits	Those parameters listed in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading BM Unit Data – Export and Import Limits.
External Interconnection	Apparatus for the transmission of electricity to or from the National Electricity Transmission System or a User System into or out of an External System. For the avoidance of doubt, a single External Interconnection may comprise several circuits operating in parallel.
External Interconnection Circuit	Plant or Apparatus which comprises a circuit and which operates in parallel with another circuit and which forms part of the External Interconnection.
Externally Interconnected System Operator or EISO	A person who operates an External System which is connected to the National Electricity Transmission System or a User System by an External Interconnection.
External System	In relation to an Externally Interconnected System Operator means the transmission or distribution system which it owns or operates which is located outside the National Electricity Transmission System Operator Area any Apparatus or Plant which connects that system to the External Interconnection and which is owned or operated by such Externally Interconnected System Operator.

Fast Fault Current	A current delivered by a Power Park Module or HVDC System during and after a voltage deviation caused by an electrical fault within the System with the aim of identifying a fault by network Protection systems at the initial stage of the fault, supporting System voltage retention at a later stage of the fault and System voltage restoration after fault clearance.
Fault Current Interruption Time	The time interval from fault inception until the end of the break time of the circuit breaker (as declared by the manufacturers).
Fault Ride Through	The capability of Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules) and HVDC Systems to be able to remain connected to the System and operate through periods of low voltage at the Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point caused by secured faults.
Fast Start	A start by a Genset with a Fast Start Capability .
Fast Start Capability	The ability of a Genset to be Synchronised and Loaded up to full Load within 5 minutes.
Fast Track Criteria	A proposed Grid Code Modification Proposal that, if implemented,
	(a) would meet the Self-Governance Criteria ; and
	(b) is properly a housekeeping modification required as a result of some error or factual change, including but not limited to:
	(i) updating names or addresses listed in the Grid Code ;
	(ii) correcting any minor typographical errors;
	(iii) correcting formatting and consistency errors, such as paragraph numbering; or
	(iv) updating out of date references to other documents or paragraphs
Fault Current Interruption Time	The time interval from fault inception until the end of the break time of the circuit breaker (as declared by the manufacturers).
Fault Ride Through	The capability of Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules) and HVDC Systems to be able to remain connected to the System and operate through periods of low voltage at the Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point caused by secured faults.
Final Generation Outage Programme	An outage programme as agreed by The Company with each Generator and each Interconnector Owner at various stages through the Operational Planning Phase and Programming Phase which does not commit the parties to abide by it, but which at various stages will be used as the basis on which National Electricity Transmission System outages will be planned.

Final Operational Notification or FON	A notification from The Company to a Generator or DC Converter Station owner or HVDC System Owner or Network Operator or Non-
	Embedded Customer confirming that the User has demonstrated compliance:
	(a) with the Grid Code, (or where they apply, that relevant derogations have been granted), and
	(b) where applicable, with Appendices F1 to F5 of the Bilateral Agreement ,
	in each case in respect of the Plant and Apparatus specified in such notification.
Final Physical Notification Data	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .
Final Report	A report prepared by the Test Proposer at the conclusion of a System Test for submission to The Company (if it did not propose the System Test) and other members of the Test Panel .
Financial Year	Bears the meaning given in Condition A1 (Definitions and Interpretation) of The Company's Transmission Licence .
Fixed Proposed Implementation Date	The proposed date(s) for the implementation of a Grid Code Modification Proposal or Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification such date to be a specific date by reference to an assumed date by which a direction from the Authority approving the Grid Code Modification Proposal or Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification is required in order for the Grid Code Modification Proposal or any Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification , if it were approved, to be implemented by the proposed date.
Flicker Severity (Long Term)	A value derived from 12 successive measurements of Flicker Severity (Short Term) (over a two hour period) and a calculation of the cube root of the mean sum of the cubes of 12 individual measurements, as further set out in Engineering Recommendation P28 as current at the Transfer Date .
Flicker Severity (Short Term)	A measure of the visual severity of flicker derived from the time series output of a flickermeter over a 10 minute period and as such provides an indication of the risk of Customer complaints.
Forecast Data	Those items of Standard Planning Data and Detailed Planning Data which will always be forecast.
Frequency	The number of alternating current cycles per second (expressed in Hertz) at which a System is running.
Frequency Containment Reserves (FCR)	means, in the context of Balancing Services , the Active Power reserves available to contain System Frequency after the occurrence of an imbalance.
Frequency Response Deadband	An interval used intentionally to make the Frequency control unresponsive.
	In the case of mechanical governor systems, the Frequency Response Deadband is the same as Frequency Response Insensitivity .

Frequency Response Insensitivity	The inherent feature of the control system specified as the minimum magnitude of change in the Frequency or input signal that results in a change of output power or output signal.
Frequency Restoration Reserves (FRR)	Means, in the context of Balancing Services , the Active Power reserves available to restore System Frequency to the nominal Frequency .
Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit	Each Generating Unit in an Existing AGR Plant for which the Generator has notified The Company that it has a safety case agreed with the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate enabling it to operate in Frequency Sensitive Mode, to the extent that such unit is within its Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit. Each such Generating Unit shall be treated as if it were operating in accordance with BC3.5.1 provided that it is complying with its Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit.
Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit	In respect of each Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit , 8 (or such lower number which when added to the number of instances of flexibility for the purposes of assisting in a period of low System or Localised NRAPM totals 8) instances of reduction of output in any calendar year as instructed by The Company in relation to operation in Frequency Sensitive Mode (or such greater number as may be agreed between The Company and the Generator), for the purpose of assisting with Frequency control, provided the level of operation of each Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit in Frequency Sensitive Mode shall not be outside that agreed by the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate in the relevant safety case.
Frequency Sensitive Mode	A Genset, or Type C Power Generating Module or Type D Power Generating Module or DC Connected Power Park Module or HVDC System operating mode which will result in Active Power output changing, in response to a change in System Frequency, in a direction which assists in the recovery to Target Frequency, by operating so as to provide Primary Response and/or Secondary Response and/or High Frequency Response.
Fuel Security Code	The document of that title designated as such by the Secretary of State , as from time to time amended.
Gas Turbine Unit	A Generating Unit driven by a gas turbine (for instance by an aeroengine).
Gas Zone Diagram	A single line diagram showing boundaries of, and interfaces between, gasinsulated HV Apparatus modules which comprise part, or the whole, of a substation at a Connection Site (or in the case of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, Transmission Interface Site), together with the associated stop valves and gas monitors required for the safe operation of the National Electricity Transmission System or the User System, as the case may be.
Gate Closure	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .

GB Code User	A User in respect of:-
	(a) A Generator or OTSDUA whose Main Plant and Apparatus (excluding a DC Connected Power Park Module) is connected to the System before 27 April 2019, or who had concluded Purchase Contracts for its Main Plant and Apparatus before 17 May 2018, or whose Plant and Apparatus is not the subject of a Substantial Modification which is effective on or after 27 April 2019; or
	(b) A DC Converter Station owner whose Main Plant and Apparatus is connected to the System before 8 September 2019, or who had concluded Purchase Contracts for its Main Plant and Apparatus before 28 September 2018, or whose Plant and Apparatus is not the subject of a Substantial Modification which is effective on or after 8 September 2019; or
	(c) A Non-Embedded Customer whose Main Plant and Apparatus was connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at a GB Grid Supply Point before 18 August 2019 or who had placed Purchase Contracts for its Main Plant and Apparatus before 7 September 2018 or that Non-Embedded Customer is not the subject of a Substantial Modification which is effective on or after 18 August 2019; or
	(d) A Network Operator whose entire distribution System was connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at one or more GB Grid Supply Points before 18 August 2019 or who had placed Purchase Contracts for its Main Plant and Apparatus in respect of its entire distribution System before 7 September 2018 or its entire distribution System is not the subject of a Substantial Modification which is effective on or after 18 August 2019. For the avoidance of doubt, a Network Operator would still be classed as a GB Code User where its entire distribution System was connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at one or more GB Grid Supply Points, even where that entire distribution System may have one or more EU Grid Supply Points but still comprises of GB Grid Supply Points.
GB Generator	A Generator, or OTSDUA, who is also a GB Code User.
GB Grid Supply Point	A Grid Supply Point which is not an EU Grid Supply Point.
GB Synchronous Area	The AC power System in Great Britain which connects User's , Relevant Transmission Licensee's whose AC Plant and Apparatus is considered to operate in synchronism with each other at each Connection Point or User System Entry Point and at the same System Frequency .
GCDF	Means the Grid Code Development Forum.
General Conditions or GC	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the General Conditions .
Generating Plant Demand Margin	The difference between Output Usable and forecast Demand .
Generating Unit	An Onshore Generating Unit and/or an Offshore Generating Unit which could also be part of a Power Generating Module .

Generating Unit Data	The Physical Notification, Export and Import Limits and Other Relevant Data only in respect of each Generating Unit (which could be part of a Power Generating Module):
	(a) which forms part of the BM Unit which represents that Cascade Hydro Scheme ;
	(b) at an Embedded Exemptable Large Power Station , where the relevant Bilateral Agreement specifies that compliance with BC1 and/or BC2 is required:
	(i) to each Generating Unit , or
	(ii) to each Power Park Module where the Power Station comprises Power Park Modules .
Generation Capacity	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .
Generation Planning Parameters	Those parameters listed in Appendix 2 of OC2 .
Generator	A person who generates electricity or undertakes Electricity Storage under licence or exemption under the Act , acting in its capacity as a generator in Great Britain or Offshore . The term Generator includes a EU Generator and a GB Generator .
Generator Performance Chart	A diagram which shows the MW and MVAr capability limits within which a Generating Unit will be expected to operate under steady state conditions.
Genset	A Power Generating Module (including a DC Connected Power Park Module and/or Electricity Storage Module), Generating Unit, Power Park Module or CCGT Module at a Large Power Station or any Power Generating Module (including a DC Connected Power Park Module), Generating Unit, Power Park Module or CCGT Module which is directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System.
Good Industry Practice	The exercise of that degree of skill, diligence, prudence and foresight which would reasonably and ordinarily be expected from a skilled and experienced operator engaged in the same type of undertaking under the same or similar circumstances.
Governance Rules or GR	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the Governance Rules .
Governor Deadband	An interval used intentionally to make the frequency control unresponsive.
Great Britain or GB	The landmass of England and Wales and Scotland, including internal waters.
Grid Code Fast Track Proposals	A proposal to modify the Grid Code which is raised pursuant to GR.26 and has not yet been approved or rejected by the Grid Code Review Panel .
Grid Code Modification Fast Track Report	A report prepared pursuant to GR.26
Grid Code Modification Register	Has the meaning given in GR.13.1.

Grid Code Modification Report	Has the meaning given in GR.22.1.
Grid Code Modification Procedures	The procedures for the modification of the Grid Code (including the implementation of Approved Modifications) as set out in the Governance Rules .
Grid Code Modification Proposal	A proposal to modify the Grid Code which is not yet rejected pursuant to GR.15.5 or GR.15.6 and has not yet been implemented.
Grid Code Modification Self- Governance Report	Has the meaning given in GR.24.5
Grid Code Objectives	Means the objectives referred to in Paragraph 1b of Standard Condition C14 of The Company's Transmission Licence .
Grid Code Review Panel or Panel	The panel with the functions set out in GR.1.2.
Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote	The vote of Panel Members undertaken by the Panel Chairman in accordance with Paragraph GR.22.4 as to whether in their view they believe each proposed Grid Code Modification Proposal , or Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification would better facilitate achievement of the Grid Code Objective(s) and so should be made.
Grid Code Review Panel Self-Governance Vote	The vote of Panel Members undertaken by the Panel Chairman in accordance with GR.24.9 as to whether they believe each proposed Grid Code Modification Proposal, as compared with the then existing provisions of the Grid Code and any Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification set out in the Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report , would better facilitate achievement of the Grid Code Objective(s) .
Grid Code Self- Governance Proposals	Grid Code Modification Proposals which satisfy the Self Governance Criteria.
Grid Entry Point	An Onshore Grid Entry Point or an Offshore Grid Entry Point.
Grid Supply Point	A point of supply from the National Electricity Transmission System to Network Operators or Non-Embedded Customers which could be a GB Grid Supply Point or an EU Grid Supply Point.
Group	Those National Electricity Transmission System sub-stations bounded solely by the faulted circuit(s) and the overloaded circuit(s) excluding any third party connections between the Group and the rest of the National Electricity Transmission System, the faulted circuit(s) being a Secured Event.
GSP Group	Has the meaning as set out in the BSC .
Headroom	The Power Available (in MW) less the actual Active Power exported from the Power Park Module (in MW).

High Frequency Response	An automatic reduction in Active Power output in response to an increase in System Frequency above the Target Frequency (or such other level of Frequency as may have been agreed in an Ancillary Services Agreement). This reduction in Active Power output must be in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Ancillary Services Agreement which will provide that it will be released increasingly with time over the period 0 to 10 seconds from the time of the Frequency increase on the basis set out in the Ancillary Services Agreement and fully achieved within 10 seconds of the time of the start of the Frequency increase and it must be sustained at no lesser reduction thereafter. The interpretation of the High Frequency Response to a + 0.5 Hz frequency change is shown diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.3 and Figure ECC.A.3.3.
High Voltage or HV	For E&W Transmission Systems , a voltage exceeding 650 volts. For Scottish Transmission Systems , a voltage exceeding 1000 volts.
Historic Frequency Data	System Frequency data at a maximum of one second intervals for the whole month, published by The Company as detailed in OC3.4.4.
Houseload Operation	Operation which ensures that a Power Station is able to continue to supply its in-house load in the event of System faults resulting in Power-Generating Modules being disconnected from the System and tripped onto their auxiliary supplies
HP Turbine Power Fraction	Ratio of steady state mechanical power delivered by the HP turbine to the total steady state mechanical power delivered by the total steam turbine at Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity .
HV Connections	Apparatus connected at the same voltage as that of the National Electricity Transmission System, including Users' circuits, the higher voltage windings of Users' transformers and associated connection Apparatus.
HVDC Converter	Any EU Code User Apparatus used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. An HVDC Converter is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, reactors, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion. In a bipolar arrangement, an HVDC Converter represents the bipolar configuration.
HVDC Converter Station	Part of an HVDC System which consists of one or more HVDC Converters installed in a single location together with buildings, reactors, filters reactive power devices, control, monitoring, protective, measuring and auxiliary equipment.
HVDC Equipment	Collectively means an HVDC System and a DC Connected Power Park Module and a Remote End HVDC Converter Station.
HVDC Interface Point	A point at which HVDC Plant and Apparatus is connected to an AC System at which technical specifications affecting the performance of the Plant and Apparatus can be prescribed.
HVDC System	An electrical power system which transfers energy in the form of high voltage direct current between two or more alternating current (AC) buses and comprises at least two HVDC Converter Stations with DC Transmission lines or cables between the HVDC Converter Stations .
HVDC System Owner	A party who owns and is responsible for an HVDC System. For the avoidance of doubt a DC Connected Power Park Module owner would be treated as a Generator.

IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission.
IEC Standard	A standard approved by the International Electrotechnical Commission.
Implementation Date	Is the date and time for implementation of an Approved Modification as specified in accordance with Paragraph GR.25.3.
Implementing Safety Co-ordinator	The Safety Co-ordinator implementing Safety Precautions.
Import Usable	That portion of Registered Import Capacity which is expected to be available and which is not unavailable due to a Planned Outage .
Incident Centre	A centre established by The Company or a User as the focal point in The Company or in that User , as the case may be, for the communication and dissemination of information between the senior management representatives of The Company , or of that User , as the case may be, and the relevant other parties during a Joint System Incident in order to avoid overloading The Company's , or that User's , as the case may be, existing operational/control arrangements.
Independent Back-Up Protection	A Back-Up Protection system which utilises a discrete relay, different current transformers and an alternate operating principle to the Main Protection systems(s) such that it can operate autonomously in the event of a failure of the Main Protection .
Independent Main Protection	A Main Protection system which utilises a physically discrete relay and different current transformers to any other Main Protection .
Indicated Constraint Boundary Margin	The difference between a constraint boundary transfer limit and the difference between the sum of BM Unit Maximum Export Limits and the forecast of local Demand within the constraint boundary.
Indicated Imbalance	The difference between the sum of Physical Notifications for BM Units comprising Generating Units or CCGT Modules or Power Generating Modules and the forecast of Demand for the whole or any part of the System.
Indicated Margin	The difference between the sum of BM Unit Maximum Export Limits submitted and the forecast of Demand for the whole or any part of the System .
Installation Document	A simple structured document containing information about a Type A Power Generating Module or a Demand Unit , with demand response connected below 1000 V, and confirming its compliance with the relevant requirements
Instructor Facilities	A device or system which gives certain Transmission Control Centre instructions with an audible or visible alarm, and incorporates the means to return message acknowledgements to the Transmission Control Centre .
Integral Equipment Test or IET	A test on equipment, associated with Plant and/or Apparatus , which takes place when that Plant and/or Apparatus forms part of a Synchronised System and which, in the reasonable judgement of the person wishing to perform the test, may cause an Operational Effect .

Intellectual Property" or "IPRs	Patents, trade marks, service marks, rights in designs, trade names, copyrights and topography rights (whether or not any of the same are registered and including applications for registration of any of the same) and rights under licences and consents in relation to any of the same and all rights or forms of protection of a similar nature or having equivalent or similar effect to any of the same which may subsist anywhere in the world.
Interconnection Agreement	An agreement made between The Company and an Externally Interconnected System Operator and/or an Interconnector User and/or other relevant persons for the External Interconnection relating to an External Interconnection and/or an agreement under which an Interconnector User can use an External Interconnection.
Interconnector Export Capacity	In relation to an External Interconnection means the (daily or weekly) forecast value (in MW) at the time of the (daily or weekly) peak demand, of the maximum level at which the External Interconnection can export to the Grid Entry Point .
Interconnector Import Capacity	In relation to an External Interconnection means the (daily or weekly) forecast value (in MW) at the time of the (daily or weekly) peak demand of the maximum level at which the External Interconnection can import from the Grid Entry Point .
Interconnector Owner	Has the meaning given to the term in the Connection and Use of System Code.
Interconnector User	Has the meaning set out in the BSC .
Interface Agreement	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC.
Interface Point	As the context admits or requires either;
	(a) the electrical point of connection between an Offshore Transmission System and an Onshore Transmission System , or
	(b) the electrical point of connection between an Offshore Transmission System and a Network Operator 's User System .
Interface Point Capacity	The maximum amount of Active Power transferable at the Interface Point as declared by a User under the OTSDUW Arrangements expressed in whole MW.
Interface Point Target Voltage/Power factor	The nominal target voltage/power factor at an Interface Point which a Network Operator requires The Company to achieve by operation of the relevant Offshore Transmission System.

Interim Operational Notification or ION	A notification from The Company to a Generator or DC Converter Station owner or HVDC System Owner or Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer acknowledging that the User has demonstrated compliance, except for the Unresolved Issues ;
	(a) with the Grid Code, and
	(b) where applicable, with Appendices F1 to F5 of the Bilateral Agreement ,
	in each case in respect of the Plant and Apparatus (including OTSUA) specified in such notification and provided that in the case of the OTSDUW Arrangements such notification shall be provided to a Generator in two parts dealing with the OTSUA and Generator's Plant and Apparatus (called respectively "Interim Operational Notification Part A" or "ION A" and "Interim Operational Notification Part B" or "ION B") as provided for in the CP or ECP.
Intermittent Power Source	The primary source of power for a Generating Unit or Power Generating Module that cannot be considered as controllable, e.g. wind, wave or solar. For the avoidance of doubt, the output from an Electricity Storage Module would not be considered to be an Intermittent Power Source .
Intertripping	 (a) The tripping of circuit-breaker(s) by commands initiated from Protection at a remote location independent of the state of the local Protection; or (b) Operational Intertripping.
Intertrip Apparatus	Apparatus which performs Intertripping.
IP Turbine Power Fraction	Ratio of steady state mechanical power delivered by the IP turbine to the total steady state mechanical power delivered by the total steam turbine at Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity .
Isolating Device	A device for achieving Isolation .

Isolation	The disconnection of HV Apparatus (as defined in OC8A.1.6.2 and OC8B.1.7.2) from the remainder of the System in which that HV Apparatus is situated by either of the following:
	(a) an Isolating Device maintained in an isolating position. The isolating position must either be:
	(i) maintained by immobilising and Locking the Isolating Device in the isolating position and affixing a Caution Notice to it. Where the Isolating Device is Locked with a Safety Key, the Safety Key must be secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key must be, where reasonably practicable, given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-Ordinator and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable the Key Safe Key must be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator in safe custody; or
	(ii) maintained and/or secured by such other method which must be in accordance with the Local Safety Instructions or the Safety Rules of the Relevant Transmission Licensee or that User, as the case may be; or
	(b) an adequate physical separation which must be in accordance with and maintained by the method set out in the Local Safety Instructions or the Safety Rules of the Relevant Transmission Licensee or that User, as the case may be.
Joint System Incident	An Event wherever occurring (other than on an Embedded Medium Power Station or an Embedded Small Power Station) which, in the opinion of The Company or a User, has or may have a serious and/or widespread effect, in the case of an Event on a User(s) System(s) (other than on an Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded Small Power Station), on the National Electricity Transmission System, and in the case of an Event on the National Electricity Transmission System, on a User(s) System(s) (other than on an Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded Small Power Station).
Key Safe	A device for the secure retention of keys.
Key Safe Key	A key unique at a Location capable of operating a lock, other than a control lock, on a Key Safe .

Large Power Station	A Power Station which is
	(a) directly connected to:
	(i) NGET's Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 100MW or more; or
	(ii) SPT's Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 30MW or more; or
	(iii) SHETL's Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 10MW or more; or
	 (iv) an Offshore Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 10MW or more;
	or,
	(b) Embedded within a User System (or part thereof) where such User System (or part thereof) is connected under normal operating conditions to:
	(i) NGET's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 100MW or more; or
	(ii) SPT's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 30MW or more; or
	(iii) SHETL's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 10MW or more;
	or,
	(c) Embedded within a User System (or part thereof) where the User System (or part thereof) is not connected to the National Electricity Transmission System, although such Power Station is in:
	(i) NGET's Transmission Area where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 100MW or more; or
	(ii) SPT's Transmission Area where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 30MW or more; or
	(iii) SHETL's Transmission Area where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 10MW or more;
	For the avoidance of doubt, a Large Power Station could comprise of Type A, Type B, Type C or Type D Power Generating Modules.
Legal Challenge	Where permitted by law, a judicial review in respect of the Authority's decision to approve or not to approve a Grid Code Modification Proposal .
Licence	Any licence granted to The Company or a Relevant Transmission Licensee or a User , under Section 6 of the Act .
Licence Standards	Those standards set out or referred to in Condition C17 of The Company's Transmission Licence and/or Condition D3 and/or Condition E16 of a Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission Licence .

Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode	A mode whereby the operation of the Genset or Power Generating Module (or DC Converter at a DC Converter Station or HVDC Systems exporting Active Power to the Total System) is Frequency insensitive except when the System Frequency exceeds 50.4Hz, from which point Limited High Frequency Response must be provided. For Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules) and HVDC Systems, operation in Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode would require Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode — Overfrequency (LFSM-O) capability and Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode — Underfrequency (LFSM-U) capability.
Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode – Overfrequency or LFSM-O	A Power Generating Module (including a DC Connected Power Park Module) or HVDC System operating mode which will result in Active Power output reduction in response to a change in System Frequency above a certain value.
Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode – Underfrequency or LFSM-U	A Power Generating Module (including a DC Connected Power Park Module) or HVDC System operating mode which will result in Active Power output increase in response to a change in System Frequency below a certain value.
Limited High Frequency Response	A response of a Genset (or DC Converter at a DC Converter Station exporting Active Power to the Total System) to an increase in System Frequency above 50.4Hz leading to a reduction in Active Power in accordance with the provisions of BC3.7.2.1.
Limited Membership Workgroup	A Workgroup having less than five (5) but more than two (2) persons that have nominated themselves for membership in addition to the Code Administrator representative and the chair of the Workgroup . Members of a Limited Membership Workgroup where employed by companies that are considered to be an Affiliate of each other will be considered to be a single workgroup member for the purposes of fulfilling this minimum requirement.
Limited Operational Notification or LON	A notification from The Company to a Generator or DC Converter Station owner or HVDC System Owner or Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer stating that the User's Plant and/or Apparatus specified in such notification may be, or is, unable to comply: (a) with the provisions of the Grid Code specified in the notice, and (b) where applicable, with Appendices F1 to F5 of the Bilateral Agreement, and specifying the Unresolved Issues.
Load	The Active , Reactive or Apparent Power , as the context requires, generated, transmitted or distributed.
Loaded	Supplying electrical power to the System .
Load Factor	The ratio of the actual output of a Generating Unit or Power Generating Module to the possible maximum output of that Generating Unit or Power Generating Module .
Load Management Block	A block of Demand controlled by a Supplier or other party through the means of radio teleswitching or by some other means.

Local Joint Restoration Plan	A plan produced under OC9.4.7.12 detailing the agreed method and procedure by which a Black Start Service Provider will energise part of the Total System and meet complementary blocks of local Demand so as to form a Power Island . In Scotland, the plan may also: cover more than one Black Start Service Provider ; including Gensets other than those at a Black Start Station and cover the creation of one or more Power Islands .
Local Safety Instructions	For safety co-ordination in England and Wales, instructions on each User Site and Transmission Site, approved by NGET's or User's relevant manager, setting down the methods of achieving the objectives of NGET's or the User's Safety Rules, as the case may be, to ensure the safety of personnel carrying out work or testing on Plant and/or Apparatus on which his Safety Rules apply and, in the case of a User, any other document(s) on a User Site which contains rules with regard to maintaining or securing the isolating position of an Isolating Device, or maintaining a physical separation or maintaining or securing the position of an Earthing Device.
Local Switching Procedure	A procedure produced under OC7.6 detailing the agreed arrangements in respect of carrying out of Operational Switching at Connection Sites and parts of the National Electricity Transmission System adjacent to those Connection Sites .
Localised Negative Reserve Active Power Margin or Localised NRAPM	That margin of Active Power sufficient to allow transfers to and from a System Constraint Group (as the case may be) to be contained within such reasonable limit as The Company may determine.
Location	Any place at which Safety Precautions are to be applied.
Locked	A condition of HV Apparatus that cannot be altered without the operation of a locking device.
Locking	The application of a locking device which enables HV Apparatus to be Locked .
Low Frequency Relay	Has the same meaning as Under Frequency Relay .
Low Voltage or LV	For E&W Transmission Systems a voltage not exceeding 250 volts. For Scottish Transmission Systems , a voltage exceeding 50 volts but not exceeding 1000 volts.
LV Side of the Offshore Platform	Unless otherwise specified in the Bilateral Agreement , the busbar on the Offshore Platform (typically 33kV) at which the relevant Offshore Grid Entry Point is located.

Main Plant and Apparatus	In respect of a Power Station (including Power Stations comprising of DC Connected Power Park Modules and Electricity Storage Modules) is one or more of the principal items of Plant or Apparatus required to convert or re-convert the primary source of energy into electricity.
	In respect of HVDC Systems or DC Converters or Transmission DC Converters is one of the principal items of Plant or Apparatus used to convert high voltage direct current to high voltage alternating current or vice versa.
	In respect of a Network Operator's equipment or a Non-Embedded Customer's equipment, is one of the principal items of Plant or Apparatus required to facilitate the import or export of Active Power or Reactive Power to or from a Network Operator's or Non-Embedded Customer's System .
Main Protection	A Protection system which has priority above other Protection in initiating either a fault clearance or an action to terminate an abnormal condition in a power system.
Manufacturer's Data & Performance Report	A report submitted by a manufacturer to The Company relating to a specific version of a Power Park Unit demonstrating the performance characteristics of such Power Park Unit in respect of which The Company has evaluated its relevance for the purposes of the Compliance Processes .
Manufacturer's Test Certificates	A certificate prepared by a manufacturer which demonstrates that its Power Generating Module has undergone appropriate tests and conforms to the performance requirements expected by The Company in satisfying its compliance requirements and thereby satisfies the appropriate requirements of the Grid Code and Bilateral Agreement .
Market Operation Data Interface System (MODIS)	A computer system operated by The Company and made available for use by Customers connected to or using the National Electricity Transmission System for the purpose of submitting EU Transparency Availability Data to The Company .
Market Suspension Threshold	Has the meaning given to the term 'Market Suspension Threshold' in Section G of the BSC .
Material Effect	An effect causing The Company or a Relevant Transmission Licensee to effect any works or to alter the manner of operation of Transmission Plant and/or Transmission Apparatus at the Connection Site (which term shall, in this definition and in the definition of " Modification " only, have the meaning ascribed thereto in the CUSC) or the site of connection or a User to effect any works or to alter the manner of operation of its Plant and/or Apparatus at the Connection Site or the site of connection which in either case involves that party in expenditure of more than £10,000.
Materially Affected Party	Any person or class of persons designated by the Authority as such.
Maximum Export Capability	The maximum continuous Active Power that a Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer can export to the Transmission System at the Grid Supply Point , as specified in the Bilateral Agreement .
Maximum Export Capacity	The maximum continuous Apparent Power expressed in MVA and maximum continuous Active Power expressed in MW which can flow from an Offshore Transmission System connected to a Network Operator's User System , to that User System .

Maximum Capacity or P _{max}	The maximum continuous Active Power which a Power Generating Module can supply to the Total System , less any demand associated solely with facilitating the operation of that Power Generating Module and not fed into the System . In the case of an Electricity Storage Module , the Maximum Capacity is the maximum continuous Active Power which an Electricity Storage Module can export to the Total System less any demand associated with facilitating the operation of that Electricity Storage Module when fully charged and operating in a mode analogous to Generation .
Maximum Generation Service or MGS	A service utilised by The Company in accordance with the CUSC and the Balancing Principles Statement in operating the Total System .
Maximum Generation Service Agreement	An agreement between a User and The Company for the payment by The Company to that User in respect of the provision by such User of a Maximum Generation Service .
Maximum HVDC Active Power Transmission Capacity (PHmax)	The maximum continuous Active Power which an HVDC System can exchange with the network at each Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point as specified in the Bilateral Agreement or as agreed between The Company and the HVDC System Owner .
Maximum Import Capability	The maximum continuous Active Power that a Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer can import from the Transmission System at the Grid Supply Point , as specified in the Bilateral Agreement .
Maximum Import Capacity	The maximum continuous Apparent Power expressed in MVA and maximum continuous Active Power expressed in MW which can flow to an Offshore Transmission System connected to a Network Operator's User System , from that User System .
Maximum Import Power	The maximum continuous Active Power which an Electricity Storage Module can import from the Total System , when fully discharged and operating in a mode analogous to Demand .
Medium Power Station	A Power Station which is
	(a) directly connected to NGET's Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 50MW or more but less than 100MW; or,
	(b) Embedded within a User System (or part thereof) where such User System (or part thereof) is connected under normal operating conditions to NGET's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 50MW or more but less than 100MW;
	or, (c) Embedded within a User System (or part thereof) where the User System (or part thereof) is not connected to the National Electricity Transmission System, although such Power Station is in NGET's Transmission Area and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 50MW or more but less than 100MW. For the avoidance of doubt a Medium Power Station could comprise of Type A, Type B, Type C or Type D Power Generating Modules.

Medium Voltage or MV	For E&W Transmission Systems a voltage exceeding 250 volts but not exceeding 650 volts.
Mills	Milling plant which supplies pulverised fuel to the boiler of a coal fired Power Station .
Minimum Generation	The minimum output (in whole MW) which a Genset can generate or DC Converter at a DC Converter Station or Electricity Storage Module can import or export to the Total System under stable operating conditions, as registered with The Company under the PC (and amended pursuant to the PC). For the avoidance of doubt, the output may go below this level as a result of operation in accordance with BC3.7.
Minimum Active Power Transmission Capacity (PHmin)	The minimum continuous Active Power which an HVDC System can exchange with the System at each Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point as specified in the Bilateral Agreement or as agreed between The Company and the HVDC System Owner .
Minimum Import Capacity	The minimum input (in whole MW) into a DC Converter at a DC Converter Station or HVDC System at an HVDC Converter (in any of its operating configurations) at the Onshore Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded DC Converter or an Embedded HVDC Converter at the User System Entry Point) at which a DC Converter or HVDC Converter can operate in a stable manner, as registered with The Company under the PC (and amended pursuant to the PC).
Minimum Regulating Level	The minimum Active Power, as specified in the Bilateral Agreement or as agreed between The Company and the Generator or HVDC System Owner, down to which the Power Generating Module (including a DC Connected Power Park Module) or HVDC System can control Active Power.
Minimum Stable Operating Level	The minimum Active Power, as specified in the Bilateral Agreement or as agreed between The Company and the Generator, at which the Power Generating Module can be operated stably for an unlimited time.
Modification	Any actual or proposed replacement, renovation, modification, alteration or construction by or on behalf of a User or The Company to either that User's Plant or Apparatus or Transmission Plant or Apparatus , as the case may be, or the manner of its operation which has or may have a Material Effect on The Company or a User , as the case may be, at a particular Connection Site .
Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Module	A DC Connected Power Park Module that has previously generated which the Generator plans not to use to generate for the remainder of the current Financial Year but which could be returned to service.
Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station	A DC Converter at a DC Converter Station that has previously imported or exported power which the DC Converter Station Owner plans not to use to import or export power for the remainder of the current Financial Year but which could be returned to service.
Mothballed HVDC System	An HVDC System that has previously imported or exported power which the HVDC System Owner plans not to use to import or export power for the remainder of the current Financial Year but which could be returned to service.

Mothballed HVDC Converter	An HVDC Converter which is part of an HVDC System that has previously imported or exported power which the HVDC System Owner plans not to use to import or export power for the remainder of the current Financial Year but which could be returned to service.
Mothballed Generating Unit	A Generating Unit that has previously generated which the Generator plans not to use to generate for the remainder of the current Financial Year but which could be returned to service. For the avoidance of doubt a Mothballed Generating Unit could be part of a Power Generating Module.
Mothballed Power Generating Module	A Power Generating Module that has previously generated which the Generator plans not to use to generate for the remainder of the current Financial Year but which could be returned to service.
Mothballed Power Park Module	A Power Park Module that has previously generated which the Generator plans not to use to generate for the remainder of the current Financial Year but which could be returned to service.
Multiple Point of Connection	A double (or more) Point of Connection , being two (or more) Points of Connection interconnected to each other through the User's System .
MSID	Has the meaning a set out in the BSC , covers Metering System Identifier.
National Demand	The amount of electricity supplied from the Grid Supply Points plus:-
	that supplied by Embedded Large Power Stations, and
	National Electricity Transmission System Losses,
	minus:-
	the Demand taken by Station Transformers and, Pumped Storage Units' and Electricity Storage Modules'.
	and, for the purposes of this definition, does not include:-
	any exports from the National Electricity Transmission System across External Interconnections.
National Electricity Transmission System	The Onshore Transmission System and, where owned by Offshore Transmission Licensees, Offshore Transmission Systems.
National Electricity	The amount of electricity supplied from the Grid Supply Points plus:-
Transmission System Demand	that supplied by Embedded Large Power Stations, and
	exports from the National Electricity Transmission System across External Interconnections, and
	National Electricity Transmission System Losses,
	and, for the purposes of this definition, includes:-
	the Demand taken by Station Transformers and, Pumped Storage Units and Electricity Storage Modules'.
National Electricity Transmission System Losses	The losses of electricity incurred on the National Electricity Transmission System.

National Electricity Transmission System Operator Area	Has the meaning set out in Schedule 1 of The Company's Transmission Licence.
National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data File	A computer file produced by The Company which in The Company 's view provides an appropriate representation of the National Electricity Transmission System for a specific point in time. The computer file will contain information and data on Demand on the National Electricity Transmission System and on Large Power Stations including Genset power output consistent with Output Usable and The Company's view of prevailing system conditions.
National Electricity Transmission System Warning	A warning issued by The Company to Users (or to certain Users only) in accordance with OC7.4.8.2, which provides information relating to System conditions or Events and is intended to:
	(a) alert Users to possible or actual Plant shortage, System problems and/or Demand reductions;
	(b) inform of the applicable period;
	(c) indicate intended consequences for Users ; and
	(d) enable specified Users to be in a state of readiness to receive instructions from The Company .
National Electricity Transmission System Warning - Demand Control Imminent	A warning issued by The Company , in accordance with OC7.4.8.7, which is intended to provide short term notice, where possible, to those Users who are likely to receive Demand reduction instructions from The Company within 30 minutes.
National Electricity Transmission System Warning - High Risk of Demand Reduction	A warning issued by The Company , in accordance with OC7.4.8.6, which is intended to alert recipients that there is a high risk of Demand reduction being implemented and which may normally result from an Electricity Margin Notice .
National Electricity Transmission System Warning - Electricity Margin Notice	A warning issued by The Company , in accordance with OC7.4.8.5, which is intended to invite a response from and to alert recipients to a decreased System Margin .
National Electricity Transmission System Warning - Risk of System Disturbance	A warning issued by The Company , in accordance with OC7.4.8.8, which is intended to alert Users of the risk of widespread and serious System disturbance which may affect Users .
Network Data	The data to be provided by The Company to Users in accordance with the PC , as listed in Part 3 of the Appendix to the PC .
Network Operator	A person with a User System directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System to which Customers and/or Power Stations (not forming part of the User System) are connected, acting in its capacity as an operator of the User System , but shall not include a person acting in the capacity of an Externally Interconnected System Operator or a Generator in respect of OTSUA .
NGET	National Grid Electricity Transmission plc (NO: 2366977) whose registered office is at 1-3 Strand, London, WC2N 5EH.

No-Load Field Voltage	Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in IEC 34-16-1:1991 [equivalent to British Standard BS4999 Section 116.1 : 1992].
No System Connection	As defined in OC8A.1.6.2 and OC8B.1.7.2.
Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Module	A Power Park Module comprising soley of one or more Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Units.
Notification of User's Intention to Operate	A notification from a Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer to The Company informing The Company of the date upon which any Network Operator's or Non-Embedded Customer's Plant and Apparatus at an EU Grid Supply Point will be ready to be connected to the Transmission System.
Notification of User's Intention to Synchronise	A notification from a Generator or DC Converter Station owner or HVDC System Owner to The Company informing The Company of the date upon which any OTSUA , a Generating Unit (s), CCGT Module (s), Power Park Module (s), Power Generating Module (s) (including a DC Connected Power Park Module (s)), HVDC System or DC Converter (s) will be ready to be Synchronised to the Total System .
Non-Controllable Electricity Storage Equipment	An item of storage Plant, including but not limited to a Synchronous Flywheel or Synchronous Compensation Equipment or Regenerative Braking whose active output power cannot be independently controlled.
Non-Dynamic Frequency Response Service	A Demand Response Service in which the Demand is controlled through discrete switching rather than through continuous load changes in response to System Frequency changes.
Non-Embedded Customer	A Customer in Great Britain, except for a Network Operator acting in its capacity as such, receiving electricity direct from the Onshore Transmission System irrespective of from whom it is supplied.
Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Module	A Power Park Module comprising solely of one or more Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Units.
Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit	A Power Park Unit which can produce electrical energy by converting or re-converting another source of energy such that the frequency of the generated voltage is not inherently in synchronism with the frequency of the System .
Non-Synchronous Generating Unit	An Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit or Offshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit which could form part of a Power Generating Module.
Normal CCGT Module	A CCGT Module other than a Range CCGT Module.
Novel Unit	A tidal, wave, wind, geothermal, or any similar, Generating Unit.
OC9 De-synchronised Island Procedure	Has the meaning set out in OC9.5.4.
Offshore	Means wholly or partly in Offshore Waters , and when used in conjunction with another term and not defined means that the associated term is to be read accordingly.

Offshore DC Converter	Any User Apparatus located Offshore used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. An Offshore DC Converter is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion.
Offshore HVDC Converter	Any User Apparatus located Offshore used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. An Offshore HVDC Converter is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion.
Offshore Development Information Statement	A statement prepared by The Company in accordance with Special Condition C4 of The Company's Transmission Licence .
Offshore Generating Unit	Unless otherwise provided in the Grid Code, any Apparatus located Offshore which produces electrical energy by converting or re-converting another source of energy, including, an Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit or Offshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit which could also be part of a Power Generating Module or Electricity Storage Module
Offshore Grid Entry Point	In the case of:- (a) an Offshore Generating Unit or an Offshore Synchronous Power Generating Module or an Offshore DC Converter or an Offshore HVDC Converter, as the case may be, which is directly connected to an Offshore Transmission System, the point at which it connects to that Offshore Transmission System, or; (b) an Offshore Power Park Module which is directly connected to an Offshore Transmission System, the point where one Power Park String (registered by itself as a Power Park Module) or the collection of points where a number of Offshore Power Park Strings (registered as a single Power Park Module) connects to that Offshore Transmission System, or; (c) an External Interconnection which is directly connected to an Offshore Transmission System, the point at which it connects to that Offshore Transmission System, the point at which it connects to that Offshore Transmission System.
Offshore Non- Synchronous Generating Unit	An Offshore Generating Unit that is not an Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit including for the avoidance of doubt a Power Park Unit or Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit located Offshore.
Offshore Platform	A single structure comprising of Plant and Apparatus located Offshore which includes one or more Offshore Grid Entry Points .

Offshore Power Park Module	A collection of one or more Offshore Power Park Strings (registered as a Power Park Module under the PC). There is no limit to the number of Power Park Strings within the Power Park Module , so long as they either:
	(a) connect to the same busbar which cannot be electrically split; or
	(b) connect to a collection of directly electrically connected busbars of the same nominal voltage and are configured in accordance with the operating arrangements set out in the relevant Bilateral Agreement .
Offshore Power Park String	A collection of Offshore Generating Units or Power Park Units or Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit that are powered by an Intermittent Power Source, joined together by cables forming part of a User System with a single point of connection to an Offshore Transmission System. The connection to an Offshore Transmission System may include a DC Converter or HVDC Converter.
Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit	A Generating Unit or Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit located Offshore which could be part of an Offshore Synchronous Power Generating Module in which, under all steady state conditions, the rotor rotates at a mechanical speed equal to the electrical frequency of the National Electricity Transmission System divided by the number of pole pairs of the Generating Unit.
Offshore Synchronous Power Generating Module	A Synchronous Power Generating Module or Synchronous Electricity Storage Module located Offshore.
Offshore Tender Process	The process followed by the Authority to make, in prescribed cases, a determination on a competitive basis of the person to whom an offshore transmission licence is to be granted.
Offshore Transmission Distribution Connection Agreement	An agreement entered into by The Company and a Network Operator in respect of the connection to and use of a Network Operator's User System by an Offshore Transmission System .
Offshore Transmission Licensee	Such person in relation to whose Transmission Licence the standard conditions in Section E (offshore transmission owner standard conditions) of such Transmission Licence have been given effect, or any person in that prospective role who has acceded to the STC .
Offshore Transmission System	A system consisting (wholly or mainly) of high voltage electric lines and used for the transmission of electricity from one Power Station to a substation or to another Power Station or between sub-stations, and includes any Plant and Apparatus (including OTSUA) and meters in connection with the transmission of electricity but does not include any Remote Transmission Assets . An Offshore Transmission System extends from the Interface Point , or the Offshore Grid Entry Point(s) and may include Plant and Apparatus located Onshore and Offshore and, where the context permits, references to the Offshore Transmission System includes OTSUA .
Offshore Transmission System Development User Works or OTSDUW	In relation to a particular User where the OTSDUW Arrangements apply, means those activities and/or works for the design, planning, consenting and/or construction and installation of the Offshore Transmission System to be undertaken by the User as identified in Part 2 of Appendix I of the relevant Construction Agreement .

Offshore Transmission System User Assets or OTSUA	OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus constructed and/or installed by a User under the OTSDUW Arrangements which form an Offshore Transmission System that once transferred to a Relevant Transmission Licensee under an Offshore Tender Process will become part of the National Electricity Transmission System.
Offshore Waters	Has the meaning given to "offshore waters" in Section 90(9) of the Energy Act 2004.
Offshore Works Assumptions	In relation to a particular User , means those assumptions set out in Appendix P of the relevant Construction Agreement as amended from time to time.
Onshore	Means within Great Britain , and when used in conjunction with another term and not defined means that the associated term is to be read accordingly.
Onshore DC Converter	Any User Apparatus located Onshore with a Completion Date after 1 st April 2005 used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. An Onshore DC Converter is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion. In a bipolar arrangement, an Onshore DC Converter represents the bipolar configuration.
Onshore Generating Unit	Unless otherwise provided in the Grid Code, any Apparatus located Onshore which produces electrical energy by converting or re-converting another source of energy, including, an Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit or Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit which could also be part of a Power Generating Module or an Electricity Storage Module.
Onshore Grid Entry Point	A point at which a Onshore Generating Unit or a CCGT Module or a CCGT Unit or an Onshore Power Generating Module or a Onshore DC Converter or an Onshore HVDC Converter or a Onshore Power Park Module or an Onshore Electricity Storage Module or an External Interconnection, as the case may be, which is directly connected to the Onshore Transmission System connects to the Onshore Transmission System.
Onshore HVDC Converter	Any User Apparatus located Onshore used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. An Onshore HVDC Converter is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion. In a bipolar arrangement, an Onshore HVDC Converter represents the bipolar configuration.
Onshore Non- Synchronous Generating Unit	A Generating Unit located Onshore that is not a Synchronous Generating Unit or Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit including for the avoidance of doubt a Power Park Unit or Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit located Onshore.

Onshore Power Park Module	A collection of Non-Synchronous Generating Units that are powered by an Intermittent Power Source or connected through power electronic conversion technology or Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Units, joined together by a System (registered as a Power Park Module under the PC) with a single electrical point of connection directly to the Onshore Transmission System (or User System if Embedded) with no intermediate Offshore Transmission System connections. The connection to the Onshore Transmission System (or User System if Embedded) may include a DC Converter or HVDC Converter.
Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit	An Onshore Generating Unit or Onshore Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit (which could also be part of an Onshore Power Generating Module) including, for the avoidance of doubt, a CCGT Unit or Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit in which, under all steady state conditions, the rotor rotates at a mechanical speed equal to the electrical frequency of the National Electricity Transmission System divided by the number of pole pairs of the Generating Unit.
Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Module	A Synchronous Power Generating Module or Synchronous Electricity Storage Module located Onshore.
Onshore Transmission Licensee	NGET, SPT, or SHETL.
Onshore Transmission System	The system consisting (wholly or mainly) of high voltage electric lines owned or operated by Onshore Transmission Licensees or operated by The Company and used for the transmission of electricity from one Power Station to a substation or to another Power Station or between substations or to or from Offshore Transmission Systems or to or from any External Interconnection , and includes any Plant and Apparatus and meters owned or operated by any Onshore Transmission Licensee in connection with the transmission of electricity but does not include any Remote Transmission Assets .
On-Site Generator Site	A site which is determined by the BSC Panel to be a Trading Unit under the BSC by reason of having fulfilled the Class 1 or Class 2 requirements as such terms are used in the BSC .
Operating Code or OC	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the Operating Code .
Operating Margin	Contingency Reserve plus Operating Reserve.
Operating Reserve	The additional output from Large Power Stations or the reduction in Demand , which must be realisable in real-time operation to respond in order to contribute to containing and correcting any System Frequency fall to an acceptable level in the event of a loss of generation or a loss of import from an External Interconnection or mismatch between generation and Demand .
Operation	A scheduled or planned action relating to the operation of a System (including an Embedded Power Station).
Operational Data	Data required under the Operating Codes and/or Balancing Codes .
Operational Day	The period from 0500 hours on one day to 0500 on the following day.

Diagrams which are a schematic representation of the HV Apparatus and the connections to all external circuits at a Connection Site (and in the case of OTSDUM, Transmission Interface Site), incorporating its numbering, nomenclature and labelling. Operational Effect Any effect on the operation of the relevant other System which causes the National Electricity Transmission System or the System of the other User or Users, as the case may be, to operate (or be at a materialy increased risk of operating) differently to the way in which they would or may have operated in the absence of that effect. Operational Intertripping The automatic tripping of circuit-breakers to prevent abnormal system conditions occurring, such as over voltage, overload. System instability, etc. after the tripping of other circuit-breakers following power System conditions occurring, such as over voltage, overload. System instability, etc. after the tripping of other circuit-breakers following power System foundlies, System to Power Park Module, System to Electricity Storage Module, System to Power Park Module, System to Electricity Storage Module, System to Power Park Module, System to Demand intertripping schemes. Operational Notification insued from The Company to a User. Operational Planning Planning through various timescales the matching of generation output with forecast National Electricity Transmission System Demand together with a reserve of generation to provide a margin, taking into a part of User Systems to Mich Power Stations and/or Customers account outages of certain Generating Units or Power Generating Modules, of parts of the National Electricity Transmission Licence, each Relevant Transmission Licence, as the case may be. Operational Planning Diesertional Planning An operational planning margin set by The Company. Margin Operational Planning The period from 8 weeks to the end of the 5th year ahead of real time operation. Operational Procedures Management instructions and procedures, both in support of the Saf		
National Electricity Transmission System or the System of the other User or Users, as the case may be, to operate (or be at a materially increased risk of operating) differently to the way in which they would or may have operated in the absence of that effect. Operational Intertripping	Operation Diagrams	the connections to all external circuits at a Connection Site (and in the case of OTSDUW , Transmission Interface Site), incorporating its
Intertripping conditions occurring, such as over voltage, overload, System instability, etc. after the tripping of other circuit-breakers following power System fault(s) which includes System to Generating Unit, System to CCGT Module, System to DC Converter, System to Power Generating Module, System to DC Converter, System to Power Generating Module, System to HVDC Converter and System to Demand intertripping schemes. Operational Notification, Final Operational Notification, Interim Operational Notification, Final Operational Notification or Limited Operational Notification issued from The Company to a User. Operational Planning Planning through various timescales the matching of generation output with forecast National Electricity Transmission System Demand together with a reserve of generating Units or Power Generating Modules, of parts of the National Electricity Transmission System and of parts of User Systemstowhich Power Stations and/or Customers are connected, carried out to achieve, so far as possible, the standards of security set out in The Company's Transmission Licence, each Relevant Transmission Licence, as the case may be. Operational Planning An operational planning margin set by The Company. An operational planning margin set by The Company. Margin The period from 8 weeks to the end of the 5th year ahead of real time operation. Operational Procedures Management instructions and procedures, both in support of the Safety Rules and for the local and remote operation of Plant and Apparatus issued in connection with the actual operation of Plant and/or Apparatus at or from a Connection Site. Operational Switching Operation of Plant and/or Apparatus to the instruction of the relevant Control Engineer. For the avoidance of doubt, the operation of Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus forming part of the National Electricity Transmission System will be to the instruction of the Relevant Transmission Licensee.	Operational Effect	National Electricity Transmission System or the System of the other User or Users, as the case may be, to operate (or be at a materially increased risk of operating) differently to the way in which they would or
Notifications Notification, Final Operational Notification or Limited Operational Notification issued from The Company to a User. Planning through various timescales the matching of generation output with forecast National Electricity Transmission System Demand together with a reserve of generation to provide a margin, taking into account outages of certain Generating Units or Power Generating Modules, of parts of the National Electricity Transmission System and of parts of User Systemsto which Power Stations and/or Customers are connected, carried out to achieve, so far as possible, the standards of security set out in The Company's Transmission Licence, each Relevant Transmission Licence, as the case may be. Operational Planning An operational planning margin set by The Company. Operational Planning Phase Operational Procedures Management instructions and procedures, both in support of the Safety Rules and for the local and remote operation of Plant and Apparatus, issued in connection with the actual operation of Plant and Apparatus at or from a Connection Site. Operational Switching Operation of Plant and/or Apparatus to the instruction of the relevant Control Engineer. For the avoidance of doubt, the operation of Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus forming part of the National Electricity Transmission System will be to the instruction of the Relevant Transmission Licensee.		conditions occurring, such as over voltage, overload, System instability, etc. after the tripping of other circuit-breakers following power System fault(s) which includes System to Generating Unit, System to CCGT Module, System to Power Park Module, System to Electricity Storage Module, System to DC Converter, System to Power Generating Module, System to HVDC Converter and System to Demand
with forecast National Electricity Transmission System Demand together with a reserve of generation to provide a margin, taking into account outages of certain Generating Units or Power Generating Modules, of parts of the National Electricity Transmission System and of parts of User Systemsto which Power Stations and/or Customers are connected, carried out to achieve, so far as possible, the standards of security set out in The Company's Transmission Licence, each Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission Licence or Electricity Distribution Licence, as the case may be. Operational Planning Phase The period from 8 weeks to the end of the 5th year ahead of real time operation. Operational Procedures Management instructions and procedures, both in support of the Safety Rules and for the local and remote operation of Plant and Apparatus, issued in connection with the actual operation of Plant and/or Apparatus at or from a Connection Site. Operational Switching Operation of Plant and/or Apparatus to the instruction of the relevant Control Engineer. For the avoidance of doubt, the operation of Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus forming part of the National Electricity Transmission System will be to the instruction of the Relevant Transmission Licensee.		Notification, Final Operational Notification or Limited Operational
Operational Planning Phase The period from 8 weeks to the end of the 5th year ahead of real time operation. Operational Procedures Management instructions and procedures, both in support of the Safety Rules and for the local and remote operation of Plant and Apparatus, issued in connection with the actual operation of Plant and/or Apparatus at or from a Connection Site. Operational Switching Operation of Plant and/or Apparatus to the instruction of the relevant Control Engineer. For the avoidance of doubt, the operation of Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus forming part of the National Electricity Transmission System will be to the instruction of the Relevant Transmission Licensee.	Operational Planning	with forecast National Electricity Transmission System Demand together with a reserve of generation to provide a margin, taking into account outages of certain Generating Units or Power Generating Modules, of parts of the National Electricity Transmission System and of parts of User Systems to which Power Stations and/or Customers are connected, carried out to achieve, so far as possible, the standards of security set out in The Company's Transmission Licence, each Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission Licence or
Operational Procedures Management instructions and procedures, both in support of the Safety Rules and for the local and remote operation of Plant and Apparatus, issued in connection with the actual operation of Plant and/or Apparatus at or from a Connection Site. Operational Switching Operation of Plant and/or Apparatus to the instruction of the relevant Control Engineer. For the avoidance of doubt, the operation of Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus forming part of the National Electricity Transmission System will be to the instruction of the Relevant Transmission Licensee.		An operational planning margin set by The Company .
Rules and for the local and remote operation of Plant and Apparatus, issued in connection with the actual operation of Plant and/or Apparatus at or from a Connection Site. Operational Switching Operation of Plant and/or Apparatus to the instruction of the relevant Control Engineer. For the avoidance of doubt, the operation of Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus forming part of the National Electricity Transmission System will be to the instruction of the Relevant Transmission Licensee.		l :
Control Engineer. For the avoidance of doubt, the operation of Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus forming part of the National Electricity Transmission System will be to the instruction of the Relevant Transmission Licensee.	Operational Procedures	Rules and for the local and remote operation of Plant and Apparatus, issued in connection with the actual operation of Plant and/or Apparatus
Other Relevant Data The data listed in BC1.4.2(f) under the heading Other Relevant Data.	Operational Switching	Control Engineer. For the avoidance of doubt, the operation of Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus forming part of the National Electricity Transmission System will be to the instruction of the
	Other Relevant Data	The data listed in BC1.4.2(f) under the heading Other Relevant Data .

OTSDUW Arrangements	The arrangements whereby certain aspects of the design, consenting, construction, installation and/or commissioning of transmission assets are capable of being undertaken by a User prior to the transfer of those assets to a Relevant Transmission Licensee under an Offshore Tender Process .
OTSDUW Data and Information	The data and information to be provided by Users undertaking OTSDUW , to The Company in accordance with Appendix F of the Planning Code .
OTSDUW DC Converter	A Transmission DC Converter designed and/or constructed and/or installed by a User under the OTSDUW Arrangements and/or operated by the User until the OTSUA Transfer Time .
OTSDUW Development and Data Timetable	The timetable for both the delivery of OTSDUW Data and Information and OTSDUW Network Data and Information as referred to in Appendix F of the Planning Code and the development of the scope of the OTSDUW .
OTSDUW Network Data and Information	The data and information to be provided by The Company to Users undertaking OTSDUW in accordance with Appendix F of the Planning Code .
OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus	Plant and Apparatus , including any OTSDUW DC Converter , designed by the User under the OTSDUW Arrangements .
OTSUA Transfer Time	The time and date at which the OTSUA are transferred to a Relevant Transmission Licensee.
Out of Synchronism	The condition where a System or Generating Unit or Power Generating Module cannot meet the requirements to enable it to be Synchronised .
Output Usable or OU	The (daily or weekly) forecast value (in MW), at the time of the (daily or weekly) peak demand, of the maximum level at which the Genset can export to the Grid Entry Point , or in the case of Embedded Power Stations , to the User System Entry Point . In addition, for a Genset powered by an Intermittent Power Source the forecast value is based upon the Intermittent Power Source being at a level which would enable the Genset to generate at Registered Capacity .
	For the purpose of OC2 only, the term Output Usable shall include the terms Interconnector Export Capacity and Interconnector Import Capacity where the term Output Usable is being applied to an External Interconnection .
Over-excitation Limiter	Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in IEC 34-16-1:1991 [equivalent to British Standard BS4999 Section 116.1: 1992].
Panel Chairman	A person appointed as such in accordance with GR.4.1.
Panel Member	Any of the persons identified as such in GR.4.
Panel Members' Recommendation	The recommendation in accordance with the "Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote".
Panel Secretary	A person appointed as such in accordance with GR.3.1.2(d).

Part 1 System Ancillary Services	Ancillary Services which are required for System reasons and which must be provided by Users in accordance with the Connection Conditions. An exhaustive list of Part 1 System Ancillary Services is included in that part of CC.8.1 or ECC.8.1 headed Part 1.
Part 2 System Ancillary Services	Ancillary Services which are required for System reasons and which must be provided by a User if the User has agreed to provide them under a Bilateral Agreement. A non-exhaustive list of Part 2 System Ancillary Services is included in that part of CC.8.1 or ECC.8.1 headed Part 2.
Part Load	The condition of a Genset , or Cascade Hydro Scheme which is Loaded but is not running at its Maximum Export Limit.
Permit for Work for proximity work	In respect of E&W Transmission Systems , a document issued by the Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee or an E&W User in accordance with its respective Safety Rules to enable work to be carried out in accordance with OC8A.8 and which provides for Safety Precautions to be applied and maintained. An example format of a Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee 's permit for work is attached as Appendix E to OC8A .
	In respect of Scottish Transmission Systems, a document issued by a Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee or a Scottish User in accordance with its respective Safety Rules to enable work to be carried out in accordance with OC8B.8 and which provides for Safety Precautions to be applied and maintained. Example formats of Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensees' permits for work are attached as Appendix E to OC8B.
Partial Shutdown	The same as a Total Shutdown except that all generation has ceased in a separate part of the Total System and there is no electricity supply from External Interconnections or other parts of the Total System to that part of the Total System and, therefore, that part of the Total System is shutdown, with the result that it is not possible for that part of the Total System to begin to function again without The Company's directions relating to a Black Start .
Pending Grid Code Modification Proposal	A Grid Code Modification Proposal in respect of which, at the relevant time, the Authority has not yet made a decision as to whether to direct such Grid Code Modification Proposal to be made pursuant to the Transmission Licence (whether or not a Grid Code Modification Report has been submitted in respect of such Grid Code Modification Proposal) or, in the case of a Grid Code Self Governance Proposals, in respect of which the Grid Code Review Panel has not yet voted whether or not to approve.
Phase (Voltage) Unbalance	The ratio (in percent) between the rms values of the negative sequence component and the positive sequence component of the voltage.
Physical Notification	Data that describes the BM Participant 's best estimate of the expected input or output of Active Power of a BM Unit and/or (where relevant) Generating Unit , the accuracy of the Physical Notification being commensurate with Good Industry Practice .
Planning Code or PC	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the Planning Code .

Planned Maintenance Outage	An outage of The Company's electronic data communication facilities as provided for in CC.6.5.8 or ECC.6.5.8 and The Company's associated computer facilities of which normally at least 5 days notice is given, but in any event of which at least twelve hours notice has been given by The Company to the User and which is anticipated to last no longer than 2 hours. The length of such an outage may in exceptional circumstances be extended where at least 24 hours notice has been given by The Company to the User . It is anticipated that normally any planned outage would only last around one hour.
Planned Outage	An outage of a Large Power Station or of part of the National Electricity Transmission System, or of part of a User System, co-ordinated by The Company under OC2.
Plant	Fixed and movable items used in the generation and/or supply and/or transmission of electricity, other than Apparatus .
Point of Common Coupling	That point on the National Electricity Transmission System electrically nearest to the User installation at which either Demands or Loads are, or may be, connected.
Point of Connection	An electrical point of connection between the National Electricity Transmission System and a User's System.
Point of Isolation	The point on Apparatus (as defined in OC8A.1.6.2 and OC8B.1.7.2) at which Isolation is achieved.
Post-Control Phase	The period following real time operation.
Power Available	A signal prepared in accordance with good industry practice, representing the instantaneous sum of the potential Active Power available from each individual Power Park Unit within the Power Park Module calculated using any applicable combination of electrical or mechanical or meteorological data (including wind speed) measured at each Power Park Unit at a specified time. Power Available shall be a value between 0MW and Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity which is the sum of the potential Active Power available of each Power Park Unit within the Power Park Module. A unit that is not generating or supplying power will be considered as not available. For the avoidance of doubt, the Power Available signal would be the Active Power output that a Power Park Module could reasonably be expected to export at the Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point taking all the above criteria into account including Power Park Unit constraints such as optimisation modes but would exclude a reduction in the Active Power export of the Power Park Module instructed by The Company (for example) for the purposes selecting a Power Park Module to operate in Frequency Sensitive Mode or when an Emergency Instruction has been issued.
Power Factor	The ratio of Active Power to Apparent Power.
Power-Generating Module	Either a Synchronous Power Generating Module, a Synchronous Electricity Storage Module, a Power Park Module or a Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Module owned or operated by an EU Generator.

Power-Generating Module Document (PGMD)	A document provided by the Generator to The Company for a Type B or Type C Power Generating Module which confirms that the Power Generating Module's compliance with the technical criteria set out in the Grid Code has been demonstrated and provides the necessary data and statements, including a statement of compliance.
Power Generating Module Performance Chart	A diagram showing the Real Power (MW) and Reactive Power (MVAr) capability limits within which a Synchronous Power Generating Module or Power Park Module at its Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point will be expected to operate under steady state conditions.
Power Island	Gensets at an isolated Power Station , together with complementary local Demand . In Scotland a Power Island may include more than one Power Station .
Power Park Module	Any Onshore Power Park Module or Offshore Power Park Module.
Power Park Module Availability Matrix	The matrix described in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading Power Park Module Availability Matrix.
Power Park Module Planning Matrix	A matrix in the form set out in Appendix 4 of OC2 showing the combination of Power Park Units within a Power Park Module which would be expected to be running under normal conditions.
Power Park Unit	A Generating Unit within a Power Park Module.
Power Station	An installation comprising one or more Generating Units or Power Park Modules or Power Generating Modules or Electricity Storage Modules (even where sited separately) owned and/or controlled by the same Generator , which may reasonably be considered as being managed as one Power Station .
Power Station Power System Stabiliser or PSS	Modules or Power Generating Modules or Electricity Storage Modules (even where sited separately) owned and/or controlled by the same Generator, which may reasonably be considered as being managed as
Power System Stabiliser	Modules or Power Generating Modules or Electricity Storage Modules (even where sited separately) owned and/or controlled by the same Generator, which may reasonably be considered as being managed as one Power Station. Equipment controlling the Exciter output via the voltage regulator in such a way that power oscillations of the synchronous machines are dampened. Input variables may be speed, frequency or power (or a combination of
Power System Stabiliser or PSS	Modules or Power Generating Modules or Electricity Storage Modules (even where sited separately) owned and/or controlled by the same Generator, which may reasonably be considered as being managed as one Power Station. Equipment controlling the Exciter output via the voltage regulator in such a way that power oscillations of the synchronous machines are dampened. Input variables may be speed, frequency or power (or a combination of these). The preface to the Grid Code (which does not form part of the Grid Code

The automatic increase in Active Power output of a Genset or, a case may be, the decrease in Active Power Demand in response System Frequency fall. This increase in Active Power output or, a case may be, the decrease in Active Power Demand must be accordance with the provisions of the relevant Ancillary Ser Agreement which will provide that it will be released increasingly with over the period 0 to 10 seconds from the time of the start of the Frequency fall on the basis set out in the Ancillary Services Agreement and available by the latter, and sustainable for at least a further 20 seconds.	e to a s the pe in vices a time ency
The interpretation of the Primary Response to a - 0.5 Hz frequenchange is shown diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.2 and F ECC.A.3.2	onds. ency igure
Private Network A network which connects to a Network Operator's System and network belongs to a User who is not classified as a Generator, Net Operator or Non-Embedded Customer.	
Programming Phase The period between the Operational Planning Phase and the Co Phase. It starts at the 8 weeks ahead stage and finishes at 17:00 o day ahead of real time.	
Proposal Notice A notice submitted to The Company by a User which would li undertake a System Test.	ce to
Proposal Report A report submitted by the Test Panel which contains:	
(a) proposals for carrying out a System Test (including the mann which the System Test is to be monitored);	er in
(b) an allocation of costs (including un-anticipated costs) between affected parties (the general principle being that the Test Prop will bear the costs); and	
(c) such other matters as the Test Panel considers appropriate.	
The report may include requirements for indemnities to be given in re of claims and losses arising from a System Test .	spect
Proposed Implementation Date The proposed date(s) for the implementation of a Grid Code Modification Proposal or Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification date(s) to be either (i) described by reference to a specified period a direction from the Authority approving the Grid Code Modification or Fixed Proposed Implementation Date.	such fter a ation
Proposer In relation to a particular Grid Code Modification Proposal, the power who makes such Grid Code Modification Proposal.	erson
Protection The provisions for detecting abnormal conditions on a System initiating fault clearance or actuating signals or indications.	and
The providence for detecting deficitions on a cyclem	
initiating fault clearance or actuating signals or indications. Protection Apparatus A group of one or more Protection relays and/or logic elements.	nents

Pumped Storage Generator	A Generator which owns and/or operates any Pumped Storage Plant.
Pumped Storage Plant	A Power Station comprising Pumped Storage Generating Units.
Pumped Storage Unit	A Generating Unit within a Pumped Storage Plant . For the avoidance of doubt, a Pumped Storage Unit is not considered to form part of an Electricity Storage Unit unless specifically declared by the Generator .
Purchase Contracts	A final and binding contract for the purchase of the Main Plant and Apparatus .
Q/Pmax	The ratio of Reactive Power to the Maximum Capacity . The relationship between Power Factor and Q/Pmax is given by the formula:-
	Power Factor = Cos $\left[\arctan\left[\frac{Q}{Pmax}\right]\right]$
	For example, a Power Park Module with a Q/P value of +0.33 would equate to a Power Factor of Cos(arctan0.33) = 0.95 Power Factor lag.
Quick Resynchronisation Capability	The capability of a Type C or Type D Power Generating Module as defined in ECC.6.3.5.6. For the avoidance of doubt this requirement only applies to EU Code Generators who own or operate a Type C or Type D Power Generating Module .
Quick Resynchronisation Unit Test	A test undertaken on Generating Unit forming part of a Type C or Type D Power Generating Module as detailed in OC5.7.1 and OC5.7.4 necessary to determine its ability to demonstrate a Quick Resynchronisation Capability .
Range CCGT Module	A CCGT Module where there is a physical connection by way of a steam or hot gas main between that CCGT Module and another CCGT Module or other CCGT Modules , which connection contributes (if open) to efficient modular operation, and which physical connection can be varied by the operator.
Rated Field Voltage	Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in IEC 34-16-1:1991 [equivalent to British Standard BS4999 Section 116.1: 1992].

Rated MW	The "rating-plate" MW output of a Power Generating Module , Generating Unit , Power Park Module , Electricity Storage Module , HVDC Converter or DC Converter , being:
	 (a) that output up to which the Generating Unit was designed to operate (Calculated as specified in British Standard BS EN 60034 – 1: 1995); or
	(b) the nominal rating for the MW output of a Power Park Module or Power Generating Module being the maximum continuous electric output power which the Power Park Module or Power Generating Module was designed to achieve under normal operating conditions; or
	(c) the nominal rating for the MW import capacity and export capacity (if at a DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter Station) of a DC Converter or HVDC Converter.
	(d) in an importing mode, is that input up to which an Electricity Storage Module was designed to operate being the maximum continuous electric input which the Electricity Storage Module was designed to achieve under normal operating conditions. In an exporting mode is:-
	 that output up to which the Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit was designed to operate (Calculated as specified in British Standard BS EN 60034 – 1: 1995); or
	(ii) the nominal rating for the MW output of a Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Module being the maximum continuous electric output power which the Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Module was designed to achieve under normal operating conditions.
Reactive Despatch Instruction	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC.
Reactive Despatch Network Restriction	A restriction placed upon an Embedded Power Generating Module, Embedded Generating Unit, Embedded Power Park Module or DC Converter at an Embedded DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter at an Embedded HVDC Converter Station by the Network Operator that prevents the Generator or DC Converter Station owner or HVDC System Owner in question (as applicable) from complying with any Reactive Despatch Instruction with respect to that Power Generating Module, Generating Unit, Power Park Module or DC Converter at a DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter at a HVDC Converter Station, whether to provide MVArs over the range referred to in CC 6.3.2, ECC.6.3.2 or otherwise.
Reactive Despatch to Zero Mvar Network Restriction	A Reactive Despatch Network Restriction which prevents an Embedded Power Generating Module, an Embedded Generating Unit, Embedded Power Park Module, Embedded HVDC System, HVDC Converter at an Embedded HVDC Converter Station or DC Converter at an Embedded DC Converter Station from supplying power at zero MVAr at all Active Power output levels up to and including Rated MW at the Grid Entry Point (or User System Entry Point if Embedded).
Reactive Energy	The integral with respect to time of the Reactive Power .

Reactive Power	The product of voltage and current and the sine of the phase angle between them measured in units of voltamperes reactive and standard multiples thereof, ie: 1000 VAr = 1 kVAr 1000 kVAr = 1 MVAr
Record of Inter-System Safety Precautions or RISSP	A written record of inter-system Safety Precautions to be compiled in accordance with the provisions of OC8 .
Regenerative Braking	A method of braking in which energy is extracted from the parts braked, which may be returned directly to the System and the purpose of the braking is motion control.

Registered Capacity

(a)

- In the case of a **Generating Unit** other than that forming part of a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **Power Generating Module**, the normal full load capacity of a **Generating Unit** as declared by the **Generator**, less the MW consumed by the **Generating Unit** through the **Generating Unit**'s **Unit Transformer** when producing the same (the resultant figure being expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place).
- (b) In the case of a CCGT Module or Power Park Module owned or operated by a GB Generator, the normal full load capacity of the CCGT Module or Power Park Module (as the case may be) as declared by the GB Generator, being the Active Power declared by the GB Generator as being deliverable by the CCGT Module or Power Park Module at the Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded CCGT Module or Power Park Module, at the User System Entry Point), expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place. For the avoidance of doubt Maximum Capacity would apply to Power Generating Modules which form part of a Large, Medium or Small Power Station.
- (c) In the case of a **Power Station**, the maximum amount of **Active Power** deliverable by the **Power Station** at the **Grid Entry Point** (or in the case of an **Embedded Power Station** at the **User System Entry Point**), as declared by the **Generator**, expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place. The maximum **Active Power** deliverable is the maximum amount deliverable simultaneously by the **Power Generating Modules** and/or **Generating Units** and/or **CCGT Modules** and/or **Power Park Modules** less the MW consumed by the **Power Generating Modules** and/or **Generating Units** and/or **CCGT Modules** in producing that **Active Power** and forming part of a **Power Station**.
- (d) In the case of a DC Converter at a DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter at an HVDC Converter Station, the normal full load amount of Active Power transferable from a DC Converter or HVDC Converter at the Onshore Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded DC Converter Station or an Embedded HVDC Converter Station at the User System Entry Point), as declared by the DC Converter Station owner or HVDC System Owner, expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place.
- (e) In the case of a DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter Station, the maximum amount of Active Power transferable from a DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter Station at the Onshore Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded DC Converter Station or Embedded HVDC Converter Station at the User System Entry Point), as declared by the DC Converter Station owner or HVDC System Owner, expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place.
- (f) In the case of an Electricity Storage Module, the normal full load amount of Active Power transferable from an Electricity Storage Module at the Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded Electricity Storage Module at the User System Entry Point), as declared by the Generator, expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place.

Registered Data

Those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** which upon connection become fixed (subject to any subsequent changes).

Registered Import Capability	In the case of a DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter Station containing DC Converters or HVDC Converters connected to an External System, the maximum amount of Active Power transferable into a DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter Station at the Onshore Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded DC Converter Station or Embedded HVDC Converter Station at the User System Entry Point), as declared by the DC Converter Station owner or HVDC System Owner, expressed in whole MW. In the case of a DC Converter or HVDC Converter connected to an External System and in a DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter Station, the normal full load amount of Active Power transferable into a DC Converter or HVDC Converter at the Onshore Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded DC Converter Station or Embedded HVDC Converter Station at the User System Entry Point), as declared by the DC Converter owner or HVDC System Owner, expressed in whole MW. In the case of an Electricity Storage Module, the maximum amount of Active Power transferable into an Electricity Storage Module at the Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded Electricity Storage Module at the User System Entry Point), as declared by the Generator, expressed in whole MW.
Regulations	The Utilities Contracts Regulations 1996, as amended from time to time.
Regulated Sections	Parts of the Grid Code that are referenced in Governance Rules Annex GR.B as amended from time to time with the approval of the Authority .
Reheater Time Constant	Determined at Registered Capacity , the reheater time constant will be construed in accordance with the principles of the IEEE Committee Report "Dynamic Models for Steam and Hydro Turbines in Power System Studies" published in 1973 which apply to such phrase.
Rejected Grid Code Modification Proposal	A Grid Code Modification Proposal in respect of which the Authority has decided not to direct The Company to modify the Grid Code pursuant to The Company's Transmission Licence in the manner set out herein or, in the case of a Grid Code Self Governance Proposals, in respect of which the Grid Code Review Panel has voted not to approve.
Related Person	Means, in relation to an individual, any member of his immediate family, his employer (and any former employer of his within the previous 12 months), any partner with whom he is in partnership, and any company or Affiliate of a company in which he or any member of his immediate family controls more than 20% of the voting rights in respect of the shares of the company;
Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee	As the context requires NGET and/or an E&W Offshore Transmission Licensee .
Relevant Party	Has the meaning given in GR15.10(a).
Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee	As the context requires SPT and/or SHETL and/or a Scottish Offshore Transmission Licensee.
Relevant Transmission Licensee	Means National Grid Electricity Transmission plc (NGET) in its Transmission Area or SP Transmission plc (SPT) in its Transmission Area or Scottish Hydro-Electric Transmission Ltd (SHETL) in its Transmission Area or any Offshore Transmission Licensee in its Transmission Area.

Relevant Unit	As defined in the STC , Schedule 3.
Remote End HVDC Converter Station	An HVDC Converter Station which forms part of an HVDC System and is not directly connected to the AC part of the GB Synchronous Area.
Remote Transmission Assets	Any Plant and Apparatus or meters owned by NGET which: (a) are Embedded in a User System and which are not directly connected by Plant and/or Apparatus owned by NGET to a substation owned by NGET; and
	(b) are by agreement between NGET and such User operated under the direction and control of such User .
Replacement Reserves (RR)	Means, in the context of Balancing Services , the Active Power reserves available to restore or support the required level of FRR to be prepared for additional system imbalances, including generation reserves;
Requesting Safety Co- ordinator	The Safety Co-ordinator requesting Safety Precautions.
Responsible Engineer/ Operator	A person nominated by a User to be responsible for System control.
Responsible Manager	A manager who has been duly authorised by a User or a Relevant Transmission Licensee to sign Site Responsibility Schedules on behalf of that User or Relevant Transmission Licensee as the case may be.
Restoration Service Provider	A Black Start Service Provider or User with a legal or contractual obligation to provide a service contributing to one or several measures of the System Restoration Plan.
Re-synchronisation	The bringing of parts of the System which have become Out of Synchronism with any other System back into Synchronism , and like terms shall be construed accordingly.
RR Acceptance	The results of the TERRE auction for each BM Participant.
Restricted	Applies to a TERRE Bid which has been marked so that it will be passed to the TERRE Central Platform but will not be used in the auction.
RR Instruction	Replacement Reserve Instruction – used for instructing BM Participants after the results of the TERRE auction. An RR Instruction has the same format as a Bid-Offer Acceptance but has type field indicating it is for TERRE.

Safety Co-ordinator	A person or persons nominated by a Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee and each E&W User in relation to Connection Points (or in the case of OTSUA operational prior to the OTSUA Transfer Time, Transmission Interface Points) on an E&W Transmission System and/or by the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee and each Scottish User in relation to Connection Points (or in the case of OTSUA operational prior to the OTSUA Transfer Time, Transmission Interface Points) on a Scottish Transmission System to be responsible for the co-ordination of Safety Precautions at each Connection Point (or in the case of OTSUA operational prior to the OTSUA Transfer Time, Transmission Interface Points) when work (which includes testing) is to be carried out on a System which necessitates the provision of Safety Precautions on HV Apparatus (as defined in OC8A.1.6.2 and OC8B.1.7.2), pursuant to OC8.
Safety From The System	That condition which safeguards persons when work is to be carried out on or near a System from the dangers which are inherent in the System .
Safety Key	A key unique at the Location capable of operating a lock which will cause an Isolating Device and/or Earthing Device to be Locked .
Safety Log	A chronological record of messages relating to safety co-ordination sent and received by each Safety Co-ordinator under OC8 .
Safety Precautions	Isolation and/or Earthing.
Safety Rules	The rules of the Relevant Transmission Licensee or a User that seek to ensure that persons working on Plant and/or Apparatus to which the rules apply are safeguarded from hazards arising from the System .
Scottish Offshore Transmission System	An Offshore Transmission System with an Interface Point in Scotland.
Scottish Offshore Transmission Licensee	A person who owns or operates a Scottish Offshore Transmission System pursuant to a Transmission Licence .
Scottish Transmission System	Collectively SPT's Transmission System and SHETL's Transmission System and any Scottish Offshore Transmission Systems.
Scottish User	A User in Scotland or any Offshore User who owns or operates Plant and/or Apparatus connected (or which will at the OTSUA Transfer Time be connected) to a Scottish Offshore Transmission System .
Secondary BM Unit	Has the same meaning set out in the BSC .
Secondary Response	The automatic increase in Active Power output of a Genset or, as the case may be, the decrease in Active Power Demand in response to a System Frequency fall. This increase in Active Power output or, as the case may be, the decrease in Active Power Demand must be in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Ancillary Services Agreement which will provide that it will be fully available by 30 seconds from the time of the start of the Frequency fall and be sustainable for at least a further 30 minutes. The interpretation of the Secondary Response to a -0.5 Hz frequency change is shown diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.2 or Figure ECC.A.3.2.

Secured Event	Has the meaning set out in the Security and Quality of Supply Standard .
Security and Quality of Supply Standard (SQSS)	The version of the document entitled 'Security and Quality of Supply Standard' established pursuant to the Transmission Licence in force at the time of entering into the relevant Bilateral Agreement .
Self-Governance	A proposed Modification that, if implemented,
Criteria	(a) is unlikely to have a material effect on:
	(i) existing or future electricity consumers; and
	 (ii) competition in the generation, storage, distribution, or supply of electricity or any commercial activities connected with the generation, storage, distribution or supply of electricity; and
	(iii) the operation of the National Electricity Transmission System ; and
	 (iv) matters relating to sustainable development, safety or security of supply, or the management of market or network emergencies; and
	(v) the Grid Code 's governance procedures or the Grid Code 's modification procedures, and
	(b) is unlikely to discriminate between different classes of Users.
	(c) other than where the modification meets the Fast Track Criteria , will not constitute an amendment to the Regulated Sections of the Grid Code.
Self-Governance Modifications	A Grid Code Modification Proposal that does not fall within the scope of a Significant Code Review and that meets the Self-Governance Criteria or which the Authority directs is to be treated as such any direction under GR.24.4.
Self-Governance Statement	The statement made by the Grid Code Review Panel and submitted to the Authority :
	(a) confirming that, in its opinion, the Self-Governance Criteria are met and the proposed Grid Code Modification Proposal is suitable for the Self-Governance route; and
	(b) providing a detailed explanation of the Grid Code Review Panel 's reasons for that opinion.
Setpoint Voltage	The value of voltage at the Grid Entry Point , or User System Entry Point if Embedded , on the automatic control system steady state operating characteristic, as a percentage of the nominal voltage, at which the transfer of Reactive Power between a Power Park Module , DC Converter , HVDC Converter or Non-Synchronous Generating Unit and the Transmission System , or Network Operator's system if Embedded , is zero.
Settlement Period	A period of 30 minutes ending on the hour and half-hour in each hour during a day.

Seven Year Statement	A statement, prepared by The Company in accordance with the terms of The Company's Transmission Licence , showing for each of the seven succeeding Financial Years , the opportunities available for connecting to and using the National Electricity Transmission System and indicating those parts of the National Electricity Transmission System most suited to new connections and transport of further quantities of electricity.
SF ₆ Gas Zone	A segregated zone surrounding electrical conductors within a casing containing ${\sf SF}_6$ gas.
SHETL	Scottish Hydro-Electric Transmission Limited.
Shutdown	In the case of a Generating Unit is the condition of a Generating Unit where the generator rotor is at rest or on barring.
	In the case of an HVDC System or DC Converter Station, is the condition of an HVDC System or DC Converter Station where the HVDC System or DC Converter Station is de-energised and therefore not importing or exporting Apparent Power to or from the Total System.
Significant Code Review	Means the period commencing on the start date of a Significant Code Review as stated in the notice issued by the Authority , and ending in the circumstances described in GR.16.6 or GR.16.7, as appropriate.
Significant Code Review Phase	Means the period commencing on the start date of a Significant Code Review as stated in the notice issued by the Authority , and ending in the circumstances described in GR.16.6 or GR.16.7, as appropriate.
Significant Event	An Event , as defined in OC3.4.1.
Significant Incident	An Event which either:
	(a) was notified by a User to The Company under OC7 , and which The Company considers has had or may have had a significant effect on the National Electricity Transmission System , and The Company requires the User to report that Event in writing in accordance with OC10 and notifies the User accordingly; or
	(b) was notified by The Company to a User under OC7 , and which that User considers has had or may have had a significant effect on that User's System , and that User requires The Company to report that Event in writing in accordance with the provisions of OC10 and notifies The Company accordingly.
Simultaneous Tap Change	A tap change implemented on the generator step-up transformers of Synchronised Gensets , effected by Generators in response to an instruction from The Company issued simultaneously to the relevant Power Stations . The instruction, preceded by advance notice, must be effected as soon as possible, and in any event within one minute of receipt from The Company of the instruction.
Single Line Diagram	A schematic representation of a three-phase network in which the three phases are represented by single lines. The diagram shall include (but not necessarily be limited to) busbars, overhead lines, underground cables, power transformers and reactive compensation equipment. It shall also show where Large Power Stations are connected, and the points at which Demand is supplied.
Single Point of Connection	A single Point of Connection , with no interconnection through the User's System to another Point of Connection .

Site Common Drawings	Drawings prepared for each Connection Site (and in the case of OTSDUW, Transmission Interface Site) which incorporate Connection Site (and in the case of OTSDUW, Transmission Interface Site) layout drawings, electrical layout drawings, common protection/ control drawings and common services drawings.
Site Responsibility Schedule	A schedule containing the information and prepared on the basis of the provisions set out in Appendix 1 of the CC and Appendix E1 of the ECC .
Slope	The ratio of the steady state change in voltage, as a percentage of the nominal voltage, to the steady state change in Reactive Power output, in per unit of Reactive Power capability. For the avoidance of doubt, the value indicates the percentage voltage reduction that will result in a 1 per unit increase in Reactive Power generation.
Small Participant	Has the meaning given in the CUSC.
Small Power Station	A Power Station which is
	(a) directly connected to:
	(i) NGET's Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 50MW; or
	(ii) SPT's Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 30MW; or
	(iii) SHETL's Transmission System where such a Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 10 MW; or
	(iv) an Offshore Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 10MW;
	or,
	(b) Embedded within a User System (or part thereof) where such User System (or part thereof) is connected under normal operating conditions to:
	(i) NGET's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 50MW; or
	(ii) SPT's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 30MW; or
	(iii) SHETL's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 10MW;
	or,
	(c) Embedded within a User System (or part thereof) where the User System (or part thereof) is not connected to the National Electricity Transmission System, although such Power Station is in:
	(i) NGET's Transmission Area and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 50MW; or
	(ii) SPT's Transmission Area and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 30MW; or
	(iii) SHETL's Transmission Area and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 10MW;
	For the avoidance of doubt, a Small Power Station could comprise of Type A , Type B , Type C or Type D Power Generating Modules .

Speeder Motor Setting Range	The minimum and maximum no-load speeds (expressed as a percentage of rated speed) to which the turbine is capable of being controlled, by the speeder motor or equivalent, when the Generating Unit terminals are on open circuit.
SPT	SP Transmission Limited plc
Standard Contract Terms	The standard terms and conditions applicable to Ancillary Services provided by Demand Response Providers and published on the Website from time to time.
Standard Modifications	A Grid Code Modification Proposal that does not fall within the scope of a Significant Code Review subject to any direction by the Authority pursuant to GR.16.3 and GR.16.4, nor meets the Self-Governance Criteria subject to any direction by the Authority pursuant to GR.24.4 and in accordance with any direction under GR.24.2. A Grid Code Modification Proposal that constitutes an amendment to the Regulated Sections of the Grid Code shall be a Standard Modification except where it is an Urgent Modification or where it meets the Fast Track Criteria.
Standard Planning Data	The general data required by The Company under the PC . It is generally also the data which The Company requires from a User in an application for a CUSC Contract , as reflected in the PC .
Standard Product	Means a harmonised balancing product defined by all EU TSOs for the exchange of balance services.
Specific Product	Means in the context of Balancing Services a product that is not a standard product.
Start Time	The time named as such in an instruction issued by The Company pursuant to the BC .
Start-Up	In the case of a Generating Unit is the action of bringing a Generating Unit from Shutdown to Synchronous Speed .
	In the case of an HVDC System or DC Converter Station, is the action of bringing the HVDC System or DC Converter Station from Shutdown to a state where it is energised.
Statement of Readiness	Has the meaning set out in the Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement .
Station Board	A switchboard through which electrical power is supplied to the Auxiliaries of a Power Station , and which is supplied by a Station Transformer . It may be interconnected with a Unit Board .
Station Transformer	A transformer supplying electrical power to the Auxiliaries of
	(a) a Power Station , which is not directly connected to the Generating Unit terminals (typical voltage ratios being 132/11kV or 275/11kV), or
	(b) a DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter Station.
STC Committee	The committee established under the STC.
Steam Unit	A Generating Unit whose prime mover converts the heat-energy in steam to mechanical energy.

Storage User	A Generator who owns or operates one or more Electricity Storage Modules . For the avoidance of doubt:
	(a) European Regulation (EU) 2016/631, European Regulation 2016/1388 and European Regulation 2016/1485 shall not apply to Storage Users; and
	(b) the European Connection Conditions (ECC's) shall apply to Storage Users on the basis set out in Paragraph ECC1.1(d).
Subtransmission System	The part of a User's System which operates at a single transformation below the voltage of the relevant Transmission System .
Substantial Modification	A Modification in relation to modernisation or replacement of the User's Main Plant and Apparatus which impacts its technical capabilities, which, following notification by the relevant User to The Company , results in substantial amendment to the Bilateral Agreement .
Supergrid Voltage	Any voltage greater than 200kV.
Supplier	(a) A person supplying electricity under an Electricity Supply Licence ; or
	(b) A person supplying electricity under exemption under the Act ;
	in each case acting in its capacity as a supplier of electricity to Customers in Great Britain .
Surplus	A MW figure equal to the total Output Usable :
	(a) minus the forecast of Active Power Demand , and
	(b) minus the Operational Planning Margin .
Synchronised	(a) The condition where an incoming Power Generating Module, Generating Unit or Power Park Module or DC Converter or HVDC Converter or System is connected to the busbars of another System so that the Frequencies and phase relationships of that Power Generating Module, Generating Unit, Power Park Module, DC Converter, HVDC Converter or System, as the case may be, and the System to which it is connected are identical, like terms shall be construed accordingly e.g. "Synchronism".
	(b) The condition where an importing BM Unit is consuming electricity.
Synchronous Electricity Storage Module	A Synchronous Power Generating Module which can convert or reconvert electrical energy from another source of energy such that the frequency of the generated voltage, the rotor speed and the frequency of network voltage are in a constant ratio and thus in synchronism. For the avoidance of doubt a Synchronous Electricity Storage Module could comprise of one or more Synchronous Electricity Storage Units .
Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit	A Synchronous Generating Unit which can supply or absorb electrical energy such that the frequency of the generated voltage, the rotor speed and the frequency of the equipment are in constant ratio and thus in synchronism with the network.

Synchronising Generation	The amount of MW (in whole MW) produced at the moment of synchronising.
Synchronising Group	A group of two or more Gensets) which require a minimum time interval between their Synchronising or De-Synchronising times.
Synchronous Area	An area covered by synchronously interconnected Transmission Licensees , such as the Synchronous Areas of Continental Europe, Great Britain, Ireland-Northern Ireland and Nordic and the power systems of Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia, together referred to as 'Baltic' which are part of a wider Synchronous Area ;
Synchronous Compensation	The operation of rotating synchronous Apparatus for the specific purpose of either the generation or absorption of Reactive Power .
Synchronous Compensation Equipment	Apparatus which has the function of providing Synchronous Compensation. For the avoidance of doubt, one or more Synchronous Compensation units would not constitute an Electricity Storage Module unless it could be operated in a controllable manner.
Synchronous Electricity Storage Module	A Synchronous Power Generating Module which can convert and reconvert electrical energy from another source of energy such that the frequency of the generated voltage, the rotor speed and the frequency of network voltage are in a constant ratio and thus in synchronism. For the avoidance of doubt a Synchronous Electricity Storage Module could comprise of one or more Synchronous Electricity Storage Units .
Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit	A Synchronous Generating Unit which can supply and absorb electrical energy such that the frequency of the generated voltage, the rotor speed and the frequency of the equipment are in constant ratio and thus in synchronism with the network.
Synchronous Flywheel	An item of synchronously rotating Plant for the specific purpose of contributing inertia to the System . One or more Synchronous Flywheels would not be considered to form an Electricity Storage Module unless it could be operated in a controllable manner for its AC input and output power.
Synchronous Generating Unit	Any Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit or Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit.
Synchronous Generating Unit Performance Chart	A diagram showing the Real Power (MW) and Reactive Power (MVAr) capability limits within which a Synchronous Generating Unit at its stator terminals (which is part of a Synchronous Power Generating Module) will be expected to operate under steady state conditions.
Synchronous Power- Generating Module	An indivisible set of installations which can convert or re-convert electrical energy from another source of energy such that the frequency of the supplied voltage, the rotor speed and the frequency of network voltage are in a constant ratio and thus in synchronism. For the avoidance of doubt, a Synchronous Power Generating Module could comprise of one or more Synchronous Generating Units or one or more Synchronous Electricity Storage Units.
Synchronous Power Generating Module Matrix	The matrix described in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading Synchronous Power Generating Module Matrix.

Synchronous Power Generating Module Planning Matrix	A matrix in the form set out in Appendix 5 of OC2 showing the combination of Synchronous Generating Units within a Synchronous Power Generating Module which would be running in relation to any given MW output.
Synchronous Power Generating Unit	Has the same meaning as a Synchronous Generating Unit and would be considered to be part of a Power Generating Module .
Synchronous Speed	That speed required by a Generating Unit to enable it to be Synchronised to a System .
System	Any User System and/or the National Electricity Transmission System , as the case may be.
System Ancillary Services	Collectively Part 1 System Ancillary Services and Part 2 System Ancillary Services.
System Constraint	A limitation on the use of a System due to lack of transmission capacity or other System conditions.
System Constrained Capacity	That portion of Registered Capacity or Regis tered Import Capacity not available due to a System Constraint .
System Constraint Group	A part of the National Electricity Transmission System which, because of System Constraints , is subject to limits of Active Power which can flow into or out of (as the case may be) that part.
System Defence Plan	A document prepared by The Company , as published on its Website , outlining how the requirements of the "defence plan" (as provided for in European Regulation (EU) 2017/2196) has been implemented within the GB Synchronous Area .
System Fault Dependability Index or Dp	A measure of the ability of Protection to initiate successful tripping of circuit-breakers which are associated with a faulty item of Apparatus . It is calculated using the formula:
	$Dp = 1 - F_1/A$
	Where:
	A = Total number of System faults $F_1 = \text{Number of } \text{System faults where there was a failure to trip a circuit}$
	breaker.
System Incidents Report	A report submitted to the GCRP on a monthly basis, containing, but not limited to, a list of Significant Events , as detailed in OC3.4.1.
System Margin	The margin in any period between
	(a) the sum of Maximum Export Limits and
	(b) forecast Demand and the Operating Margin ,
	for that period.
System Negative Reserve Active Power Margin or System NRAPM	That margin of Active Power sufficient to allow the largest loss of Load at any time.

System Operator - Transmission Owner Code or STC	Has the meaning set out in The Company's Transmission Licence
System Restoration Plan	A document prepared by The Company , as published on its Website , outlining how the requirements of the "restoration plan" (as defined in European Regulation (EU) 2017/2196) has been implemented within the GB Synchronous Area .
System Telephony	An alternative method by which a User's Responsible Engineer/Operator and The Company's Control Engineer(s) speak to one and another for the purposes of control of the Total System in both normal operating conditions and where practicable, emergency operating conditions.
System Tests	Tests which involve simulating conditions, or the controlled application of irregular, unusual or extreme conditions, on the Total System , or any part of the Total System , but which do not include commissioning or recommissioning tests or any other tests of a minor nature.
System to Demand Intertrip Scheme	An intertrip scheme which disconnects Demand when a System fault has arisen to prevent abnormal conditions occurring on the System .
System to Generator Operational Intertripping	A Balancing Service involving the initiation by a System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme of automatic tripping of the User's circuit breaker(s), or Relevant Transmission Licensee's circuit breaker(s) where agreed by The Company, the User and the Relevant Transmission Licensee, resulting in the tripping of BM Unit(s) or (where relevant) Generating Unit(s) comprised in a BM Unit to prevent abnormal system conditions occurring, such as over voltage, overload, System instability, etc, after the tripping of other circuit-breakers following power System fault(s).
System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme	A System to Generating Unit or System to CCGT Module or System to Power Park Module or System to Power Generating Module or System to Electricity Storage Module Intertripping Scheme forming a condition of connection and specified in Appendix F3 of the relevant Bilateral Agreement, being either a Category 1 Intertripping Scheme, Category 2 Intertripping Scheme, Category 3 Intertripping Scheme or Category 4 Intertripping Scheme.
Target Frequency	That Frequency determined by The Company , in its reasonable opinion, as the desired operating Frequency of the Total System . This will normally be 50.00Hz plus or minus 0.05Hz, except in exceptional circumstances as determined by The Company , in its reasonable opinion when this may be 49.90 or 50.10Hz. An example of exceptional circumstances may be difficulties caused in operating the System during disputes affecting fuel supplies.
Technical Specification	In relation to Plant and/or Apparatus,
	(a) the relevant European Specification ; or
	(b) if there is no relevant European Specification , other relevant standards which are in common use in the European Community.

TERRE	Trans European Replacement Reserves Exchange – a market covering the procurement of replacement reserves across Europe as described European Regulation (EU) 2017/2195 (EBGL) and European Regulation (EU) 2017/1485 (SOGL).
TERRE Activation Period	A period of time lasting 15 minutes and starting at either 0, 15, 30 or 45 minutes past the hour (e.g. 10:00 to 10:15). There are 4 TERRE Activation Periods in one TERRE Auction Period .
TERRE Auction Period	A period of time lasting one hour and starting and ending on the hour (e.g. from 10:00 to 11:00). Hence there are 24 TERRE Auction Periods in a day.
TERRE Bid	A submission by a BM Participant covering the price and MW deviation offered into the TERRE auction (please note — in the Balancing Mechanism the term bid has a different meaning — in this case a bid can be an upward or downward MW change).
TERRE Central Platform	An IT system which implements the TERRE auction.
TERRE Data Validation and Consistency Rules	A document produced by the central TERRE project detailing the correct format of submissions for TERRE .
TERRE Gate Closure	60 minutes before the start of the TERRE Auction Period (note still ongoing discussions if this may become 55 minutes).
TERRE Instruction Guide	Details specific rules for creating an RR Instruction from an RR Acceptance.
Test Co-ordinator	A person who co-ordinates System Tests .
Test Panel	A panel, whose composition is detailed in OC12, which is responsible, inter alia, for considering a proposed System Test, and submitting a Proposal Report and a Test Programme.
Test Programme	A programme submitted by the Test Panel to The Company , the Test Proposer , and each User identified by The Company under OC12.4.2.1, which states the switching sequence and proposed timings of the switching sequence, a list of those staff involved in carrying out the System Test (including those responsible for the site safety) and such other matters as the Test Panel deems appropriate.
Test Proposer	The person who submits a Proposal Notice .
The Company	National Grid Electricity System Operator Limited (NO: 11014226) whose registered office is at 1-3 Strand, London, WC2N5EH as the person whose Transmission Licence Section C of such Transmission Licence has been given effect.
The Company Control Engineer	The nominated person employed by The Company to direct the operation of the National Electricity Transmission System or such person as nominated by The Company .
The Company Operational Strategy	The Company's operational procedures which form the guidelines for operation of the National Electricity Transmission System.

Total Shutdown	The situation existing when all generation has ceased and there is no electricity supply from External Interconnections and, therefore, the Total System has shutdown with the result that it is not possible for the Total System to begin to function again without The Company's directions relating to a Black Start .
Total System	The National Electricity Transmission System and all User Systems in the National Electricity Transmission System Operator Area.
Trading Point	A commercial and, where so specified in the Grid Code, an operational interface between a User and The Company , which a User has notified to The Company .
Transfer Date	Such date as may be appointed by the Secretary of State by order under section 65 of the Act .
Transmission	Means, when used in conjunction with another term relating to equipment or a site, whether defined or not, that the associated term is to be read as being part of or directly associated with the National Electricity Transmission System , and not of or with the User System .
Transmission Area	Has the meaning set out in the Transmission Licence of a Transmission Licensee .
Transmission Connected Demand Facilities	A Demand Facility which has a Grid Supply Point to the National Electricity Transmission System.
Transmission DC Converter	Any Transmission Licensee Apparatus (or OTSUA that will become Transmission Licensee Apparatus at the OTSUA Transfer Time) used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. A Transmission Network DC Converter (which could include an HVDC System owned by an Offshore Transmission Licensee or Generator in respect of OTSUA) is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion.
Transmission Entry Capacity	Has the meaning set out in the CUSC.
Transmission Interface Circuit	In NGET's Transmission Area, a Transmission circuit which connects a System operating at a voltage above 132kV to a System operating at a voltage of 132kV or below
	In SHETL's Transmission Area and SPT's Transmission Area, a Transmission circuit which connects a System operating at a voltage of 132kV or above to a System operating at a voltage below 132kV.
Transmission Interface Point	Means the electrical point of connection between the Offshore Transmission System and an Onshore Transmission System.
Transmission Interface Site	The site at which the Transmission Interface Point is located.
Transmission Licence	A licence granted under Section 6(1)(b) of the Act .

Transmission Licensee	The Company and any Onshore Transmission Licensee or Offshore Transmission Licensee.
Transmission Site	Means a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by a Relevant Transmission Licensee in which there is a Connection Point . For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by a User but occupied by the Relevant Transmission Licensee as aforesaid, is a Transmission Site .
Transmission System	Has the same meaning as the term "licensee's transmission system" in the Transmission Licence of a Transmission Licensee .
Turbine Time Constant	Determined at Registered Capacity , the turbine time constant will be construed in accordance with the principles of the IEEE Committee Report "Dynamic Models for Steam and Hydro Turbines in Power System Studies" published in 1973 which apply to such phrase.
Type A Power Generating Module	A Power-Generating Module (including an Electricity Storage Module) with a Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point below 110 kV and a Maximum Capacity of 0.8 kW or greater but less than 1MW;
Type B Power Generating Module	A Power-Generating Module (including an Electricity Storage Module) with a Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point below 110 kV and a Maximum Capacity of 1MW or greater but less than 10MW;
Type C Power Generating Module	A Power-Generating Module (including an Electricity Storage Module) with a Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point below 110 kV and a Maximum Capacity of 10MW or greater but less than 50MW;
Type D Power Generating Module	A Power-generating Module: (including an Electricity Storage Module): with a Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point at, or greater than, 110 kV; or with a Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point below 110 kV and with Maximum Capacity of 50MW or greater
Unbalanced Load	The situation where the Load on each phase is not equal.
Under-excitation Limiter	Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in IEC 34-16-1:1991 [equivalent to British Standard BS4999 Section 116.1: 1992].
Under Frequency Relay	An electrical measuring relay intended to operate when its characteristic quantity (Frequency) reaches the relay settings by a decrease in Frequency .
Unit Board	A switchboard through which electrical power is supplied to the Auxiliaries of a Generating Unit and which is supplied by a Unit Transformer . It may be interconnected with a Station Board .
Unit Transformer	A transformer directly connected to a Generating Unit's terminals, and which supplies power to the Auxiliaries of a Generating Unit . Typical voltage ratios are 23/11kV and 15/6.6kV.
Unit Load Controller Response Time Constant	The time constant, expressed in units of seconds, of the power output increase which occurs in the Secondary Response timescale in response to a step change in System Frequency .

Unresolved Issues	Any relevant Grid Code provisions or Bilateral Agreement requirements identified by The Company with which the relevant User has not demonstrated compliance to The Company's reasonable satisfaction at the date of issue of the Preliminary Operational Notification and/or Interim Operational Notification and/or Limited Operational Notification and/or Interim Operational Notification and/or Interim Operational Notification and/or Limited Operational Notification.
Urgent Modification	A Grid Code Modification Proposal treated or to be treated as an Urgent Modification in accordance with GR.23.
User	A term utilised in various sections of the Grid Code to refer to the persons using the National Electricity Transmission System , as more particularly identified in each section of the Grid Code concerned. In the Preface and the General Conditions the term means any person to whom the Grid Code applies. The term User includes an EU Code User and a GB Code User .
User Data File Structure	The file structure given at DRC 18 which will be specified by The Company which a Generator or DC Converter Station owner or HVDC System Owner must use for the purposes of the CP or the ECP to submit DRC data Schedules and information demonstrating compliance with the Grid Code and, where applicable, with the CUSC Contract(s), unless otherwise agreed by The Company.
User Development	In the PC means either User's Plant and/or Apparatus to be connected to the National Electricity Transmission System, or a Modification relating to a User's Plant and/or Apparatus already connected to the National Electricity Transmission System, or a proposed new connection or Modification to the connection within the User System.
User Self Certification of Compliance	A certificate, in the form attached at CP.A.2.(1) or ECP.A.2.(1) completed by a Generator or DC Converter Station owner or HVDC System Owner to which the Compliance Statement is attached which confirms that such Plant and Apparatus complies with the relevant Grid Code provisions and where appropriate, with the CUSC Contract (s), as identified in the Compliance Statement and, if appropriate, identifies any Unresolved Issues and/or any exceptions to such compliance and details the derogation(s) granted in respect of such exceptions.
User Site	A site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by a User in which there is a Connection Point . For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by a Relevant Transmission Licensee but occupied by a User as aforesaid, is a User Site .

User System	Any system owned or operated by a User comprising:-
	(a) Power Generating Modules or Generating Units; and/or
	(b) Systems consisting (wholly or mainly) of electric lines used for the distribution of electricity from Grid Supply Points or Generating Units or Power Generating Modules or other entry points to the point of delivery to Customers, or other Users;
	and Plant and/or Apparatus (including prior to the OTSUA Transfer Time, any OTSUA) connecting:-
	(c) The system as described above; or
	(d) Non-Embedded Customers equipment;
	to the National Electricity Transmission System or to the relevant other User System , as the case may be.
	The User System includes any Remote Transmission Assets operated by such User or other person and any Plant and/or Apparatus and meters owned or operated by the User or other person in connection with the distribution of electricity but does not include any part of the National Electricity Transmission System.
User System Entry Point	A point at which a Power Generating Module , Generating Unit , a CCGT Module or a CCGT Unit or a Power Park Module , or an Electricity Storage Module or a DC Converter or an HVDC Converter , as the case may be, which is Embedded connects to the User System .
Water Time Constant	Bears the meaning ascribed to the term "Water inertia time" in IEC 308.
Website	The site established by The Company on the World-Wide Web for the exchange of information among Users and other interested persons in accordance with such restrictions on access as may be determined from time to time by The Company .
Weekly ACS Conditions	Means that particular combination of weather elements that gives rise to a level of peak Demand within a week, taken to commence on a Monday and end on a Sunday, which has a particular chance of being exceeded as a result of weather variation alone. This particular chance is determined such that the combined probabilities of Demand in all weeks of the year exceeding the annual peak Demand under Annual ACS Conditions is 50%, and in the week of maximum risk the weekly peak Demand under Weekly ACS Conditions is equal to the annual peak Demand under Annual ACS Conditions .
WG Consultation Alternative Request	Any request from an Authorised Electricity Operator; the Citizens Advice or the Citizens Advice Scotland, The Company or a Materially Affected Party for a Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification to be developed by the Workgroup expressed as such and which contains the information referred to at GR.20.16. For the avoidance of doubt, any WG Consultation Alternative Request does not constitute either a Grid Code Modification Proposal or a Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification.
Workgroup	A Workgroup established by the Grid Code Review Panel pursuant to GR.20.1;
Workgroup Consultation	As defined in GR.20.13, and any further consultation which may be directed by the Grid Code Review Panel pursuant to GR.20.20;

Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification	An alternative modification to the Grid Code Modification Proposal developed by the Workgroup under the Workgroup terms of reference (either as a result of a Workgroup Consultation or otherwise) and which is believed by a majority of the members of the Workgroup or by the chairman of the Workgroup to better facilitate the Grid Code Objectives than the Grid Code Modification Proposal or the current version of the Grid Code ;
Zonal System Security Requirements	That generation required, within the boundary circuits defining the System Zone , which when added to the secured transfer capability of the boundary circuits exactly matches the Demand within the System Zone .

A number of the terms listed above are defined in other documents, such as the **Balancing and Settlement Code** and the **Transmission Licence**. Appendix 1 sets out the current definitions from the other documents of those terms so used in the Grid Code and defined in other documents for ease of reference, but does not form part of the Grid Code.

GD.2 Construction of References

GD.2.1 In the Grid Code:

- a table of contents, a Preface, a Revision section, headings, and the Appendix to this Glossary and Definitions are inserted for convenience only and shall be ignored in construing the Grid Code;
- unless the context otherwise requires, all references to a particular paragraph, subparagraph, Appendix or Schedule shall be a reference to that paragraph, sub-paragraph Appendix or Schedule in or to that part of the Grid Code in which the reference is made;
- (iii) unless the context otherwise requires, the singular shall include the plural and vice versa, references to any gender shall include all other genders and references to persons shall include any individual, body corporate, corporation, joint venture, trust, unincorporated association, organisation, firm or partnership and any other entity, in each case whether or not having a separate legal personality;
- (iv) references to the words "include" or "including" are to be construed without limitation to the generality of the preceding words;
- (v) unless there is something in the subject matter or the context which is inconsistent therewith, any reference to an Act of Parliament or any Section of or Schedule to, or other provision of an Act of Parliament shall be construed at the particular time, as including a reference to any modification, extension or re-enactment thereof then in force and to all instruments, orders and regulations then in force and made under or deriving validity from the relevant Act of Parliament;
- (vi) where the Glossary and Definitions refers to any word or term which is more particularly defined in a part of the Grid Code, the definition in that part of the Grid Code will prevail (unless otherwise stated) over the definition in the Glossary & Definitions in the event of any inconsistency;
- (vii) a cross-reference to another document or part of the Grid Code shall not of itself impose any additional or further or co-existent obligation or confer any additional or further or coexistent right in the part of the text where such cross-reference is contained;
- (viii) nothing in the Grid Code is intended to or shall derogate from **The Company's** statutory or licence obligations;
- (ix) a "holding company" means, in relation to any person, a holding company of such person within the meaning of section 736, 736A and 736B of the Companies Act 1985 as substituted by section 144 of the Companies Act 1989 and, if that latter section is not in force at the **Transfer Date**, as if such latter section were in force at such date;

- (x) a "subsidiary" means, in relation to any person, a subsidiary of such person within the meaning of section 736, 736A and 736B of the Companies Act 1985 as substituted by section 144 of the Companies Act 1989 and, if that latter section is not in force at the **Transfer Date**, as if such latter section were in force at such date;
- (xi) references to time are to London time; and
- (xii) (a) Save where (b) below applies, where there is a reference to an item of data being expressed in a whole number of MW, fractions of a MW below 0.5 shall be rounded down to the nearest whole MW and fractions of a MW of 0.5 and above shall be rounded up to the nearest whole MW;
 - (b) In the case of the definition of **Registered Capacity** or **Maximum Capacity**, fractions of a MW below 0.05 shall be rounded down to one decimal place and fractions of a MW of 0.05 and above shall be rounded up to one decimal place.
- (xiii) For the purposes of the Grid Code, physical quantities such as current or voltage are not defined terms as their meaning will vary depending upon the context of the obligation. For example, voltage could mean positive phase sequence root mean square voltage, instantaneous voltage, phase to phase voltage, phase to earth voltage. The same issue equally applies to current, and therefore the terms current and voltage should remain undefined with the meaning depending upon the context of the application. **European Regulation (EU) 2016/631** defines requirements of current and voltage but they have not been adopted as part of EU implementation for the reasons outlined above.

< END OF GLOSSARY & DEFINITIONS>

OPERATING CODE NO. 2

(OC2)

OPERATIONAL PLANNING AND DATA PROVISION

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OC2.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

OC2.1.1 Operating Code No. 2 ("OC2") is concerned with:

- (a) the co-ordination of the release of **Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**), **Synchronous Generating Units** and **Power Park Modules**, **External Interconnections**, the **National Electricity Transmission System** and **Network Operators' Systems** for construction, repair and maintenance;
- (b) provision by **The Company** of the **Surplus** for the **National Electricity Transmission System**;
- (c) the provision by Generators of Generation Planning Parameters for Gensets, including Synchronous Power Generating Module Planning Matrices, CCGT Module Planning Matrices and Power Park Module Planning Matrices, to The Company for planning purposes only; and
- (d) the agreement for release of **Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant** for outages in certain circumstances.
- OC2.1.2 (a) Operational Planning involves planning, through various timescales, the matching of generation output with forecast National Electricity Transmission System Demand together with a reserve of generation to provide a margin, taking into account outages of certain Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules), Generating Units, Power Park Modules, External Interconnections, HVDC Systems and DC Converters, and of parts of the National Electricity Transmission System and of parts of Network Operators' Systems which is carried out to achieve, so far as possible, the standards of security set out in The Company's Transmission Licence, each Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission Licence or Electricity Distribution Licence as the case may be.
 - (b) In general terms, there is an "envelope of opportunity" for the release of Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules), Synchronous Generating Units, Power Park Modules and External Interconnections, and for the release of parts of the National Electricity Transmission System and parts of the Network Operator's User Systems for outages. The envelope is defined by the difference between the total generation output expected from Large Power Stations, Medium Power Stations and Demand, the operational planning margin and taking into account External Interconnections.
- In this **OC2**, for the purpose of **Generator** and **Interconnector Owner** outage co-ordination, Year 0 means the current calendar year at any time, Year 1 means the next calendar year at any time, Year 2 means the calendar year after Year 1, etc. For the purpose of **Transmission** outage planning, Year 0 means the current **Financial Year** at any time, Year 1 means the next **Financial Year** at any time, Year 2 means the **Financial Year** after Year 1, etc. References to 'weeks' in **OC2** are to calendar weeks as defined in ISO 8601.
- OC2.1.4 References in **OC2** to a **Generator's** and **Interconnector Owner's** "best estimate" shall be that **Generator's** or **Interconnector Owner's** best estimate acting as a reasonable and prudent **Generator** or **Interconnector Owner** in all the circumstances.
- OC2.1.5 References to **The Company** planning the **National Electricity Transmission System** outage programme on the basis of the **Final Generation Outage Programme**, are to **The Company** planning against the **Final Generation Outage Programme** current at the time it so plans.
- Where in **OC2**, data is required to be submitted or information is to be given on a particular weekday, that data does not need to be submitted and that information does not need to be given on that day if it is not a **Business Day** or it falls within a holiday period (the occurrence and length of which shall be determined by **The Company**, in its reasonable discretion, and notified to **Users**). Instead, that data shall be submitted and/or that information shall be given on such other **Business Day** as **The Company** shall, in its reasonable discretion, determine. However, **The Company** may determine that that data and/or information need not be submitted or given at all, in which case it shall notify each **User** as appropriate.

OC2.1.7 In Scotland, it may be possible with the agreement of **The Company** to reduce the administrative burden for **Users** in producing planning information where either the output or demand is small.

OC2.2 OBJECTIVE

- OC2.2.1 (a) The objective of OC2 is to seek to enable The Company to harmonise outages of Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules), Generating Units, Power Park Modules and External Interconnections in order that such outages are co-ordinated (taking account of Embedded Medium Power Stations) between Generators and Network Operators, and that such outages are co-ordinated taking into account National Electricity Transmission System outages and other System outages, so far as possible to minimise the number and effect of constraints on the National Electricity Transmission System or any other System.
 - (b) In the case of Network Operator' User Systems directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System, this means in particular that there will also need to be harmonisation of outages of Embedded Power Generating Modules, Embedded Synchronous Generating Units and Embedded Power Park Modules, and National Electricity Transmission System outages, with Network Operators in respect of their outages on those Systems.
- OC2.2.2 The objective of **OC2** is also to enable the provision by **The Company** of the **Surplus** for the **National Electricity Transmission System**.
- OC2.2.3 A further objective of **OC2** is to provide for the agreement for outages for **Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant** in certain circumstances and to enable a process to be followed in order to provide for that.
- OC2.3 SCOPE
- OC2.3.1 OC2 applies to The Company and to Users which in OC2 means:
 - (a) Generators, only in respect of their Large Power Stations or their Power Stations which are directly connected to National Electricity Transmission System (and the term Generator in this OC2 shall be construed accordingly);
 - (b) Network Operators; and
 - (c) Non-Embedded Customers; and
 - (d) HVDC System Owners and DC Converter Station owners; and
 - (e) Interconnector Owners in respect of their External Interconnections.
- OC2.3.2 The Company may provide to the Relevant Transmission Licensees any data which has been submitted to The Company by any Users in respect of Relevant Units pursuant to the following paragraphs of the OC2.

OC2.4.1.2.1

OC2.4.1.3.2 (a)

OC2.4.1.3.2 (b)

OC2.4.1.3.3

OC2.4.2.1 (a)

- OC2.3.3 For the purpose of OC2 only, the term Output Usable shall include the terms Interconnector Export Capacity and Interconnector Import Capacity where the term Output Usable is being applied to an External Interconnection.
- OC2.4 PROCEDURE
- OC2.4.1 Co-ordination of Outages
- OC2.4.1.1 Under **OC2** the interaction between **The Company** and **Users** will be as follows:

(a) Each **Generator**, and each **Interconnector Owner** and **The Company**

In respect of outages of Power Generating
Modules (including DC Connected Power Park
Modules), Synchronous Generating Units, Power
Park Modules and External Interconnection
Circuits and in respect of outages of other Plant
and/or Apparatus directly connected to the
National Electricity Transmission System;

(b) The Company and each
Generator and each
Inteconnector Owner

in respect of National Electricity Transmission System outages relevant to each Generator (other than in respect of Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations) and Interconnector Owner:

(c) The Company and each Network Operator

in respect of outages of all **Embedded Large Power Stations** and in respect of outages of other **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** relating to such **Embedded Large Power Stations**;

(d) The Company and each
Network Operator and each
Non-Embedded Customer

in respect of National Electricity Transmission

System outages relevant to the particular Network

Operator or Non-Embedded Customers;

(e) Each Network Operator and each Non-Embedded Customer and The Company

Each **Network Operator** and in respect of **User System** outages relevant to **The** each **Non-Embedded Company**; and

in respect of **Network Operators** only, outages of the **Network Operator's User System** that may impact upon an **Offshore Transmission System** connected to that **Network Operator's User System**.

OC2.4.1.2 <u>Data Provison of Output Usable of Power Generating Modules, Generating Units.</u> <u>External Interconnection Circuits and Power Park Modules and the Publication of National Surplus.</u>

OC2.4.1.2.1 In the event that:

- a) a Generator referred to in OC2.3.1(a) experiences any unplanned change to the availability of a Generating Unit and/or Power-Generating Module and/or Power Park Module or makes a future plan which would impact the availability of a Generating Unit and/or Power-Generating Module and/or Power Park Module resulting in a change of level in the Output Usable of that Generating Unit and/or Power-Generating Module and/or Power Park Module below or above its previously notified availability, which is expected to last one Settlement Period or longer and up to three years ahead; or
- b) an Interconnector Owner referred to in OC2.3.1(e) experiences any unplanned change to the availability of an External Interconnection Circuit or makes a future plan which would impact the availability of an External Interconnection Circuit resulting in any change in the Output Usable of that External Interconnection Circuit below or above its previously notified availability, which is expected to last one Settlement Period or longer and up to three years ahead;

The **Generator** or **Interconnector Owner** shall provide **The Company** with the best estimate of the revised available **Output Usable** profile using one of **The Company's** recommended platforms.

For **Generators** subject to EU Transparency Regulations the **Generator** shall provide the data within 1 hour of the unplanned change in availability occurring, and for a planned change to the availability, the **Generator** shall provide the data within 1 hour of planning the availability change in line with EU Transparency Regulations. For **Generators** not subject to EU Transparency Regulations the **Generator** shall provide the data within 24 hours of the unplanned change in availability occurring, and for a planned change to the availability, the **Generator** shall provide the data within 24 hours of planning the availability change.

For an unplanned change in availability, the **Interconnector Owner** shall provide the data within 1 hour of the unplanned change in availability occurring, and for a planned change to the availability, the **Interconnector Owner** shall provide the data within 1 hour of planning the availability change in line with EU Transparency Regulations.

If the **Generator** referred to in OC2.3.1(a) provides information relating to multi-shaft **Generating Units** then the detail of the individual shaft availability levels, that have been summed to produce the **Output Usable** should also be defined within 24 hours.

In the case of an **External Interconnection Circuit**, the details of the individual pole-capacity levels that have been summed to produce the **Output Usable** should also be defined within 24 hours.

The Company may, as appropriate, contact each Generator and each Interconnector Owner who has supplied information to seek clarification on their Output Usable submissions.

OC2.4.1.2.2 At a regular time interval, at least once per day (by 1600 hours) and up to every hour:

The Company will:

- (i) having taken into account the information notified to it by **Generators** and **Interconnector Owners** via the process defined in OC2.4.1.2.1 and taking into account:
 - (1) Demand forecasts and details of proposed use of Demand Control received under OC1, and an Operational Planning Margin requirement set by The Company (the "OPMR").
 - (2) National Electricity Transmission System constraints and outages,
 - (3) Network Operator System constraints and outages, known to The Company, and
 - (4) the **Output Usable** required, in its view, to meet daily total MW requirements,

Provide each **Generator** and each **Interconnector Owner** (where required by **The Company**) in writing with any suggested amendments to the provisional **Output Usable** supplied by the **Generator** and **Interconnector Owner** which **The Company** believes necessary, and will advise **Generators** with **Large Power Stations** of the **Surpluses** for the **National Electricity Transmission System** and potential export limitations, which would occur without such amendments:

- (ii) calculate and submit to BMRA:
 - 1. total generating **Output Usable** from **Generating Units** assumed to be available to the **Total System** (National **Output Useable**);
 - generating Output Usable by fuel type from Generating Units assumed to be available to the Total System (Output Useable by fuel type);
 - 3. generating **Output Usable** by individual **Generating Units** assumed to be available to the **Total System** (**Output Useable** by **Generating Unit**);
 - 4. total **Generating Plant Demand Margin** assumed to be available to the **Total System** (National Margin);
 - 5. total **Generating Surplus** assumed to be available to the **Total System** (National Surplus);

with daily resolution, for at least the peak **Demand** of each day for 2 day-ahead to 14 day-ahead time scope, and

with weekly resolution, for at least peak **Demand** of each week for 2 week-ahead up to 3 year-ahead time scope.

The calculation under (ii) will effectively define the envelope of opportunity for outages of Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules), Synchronous Generating Units and Power Park Modules covering both Embedded and directly connected Large Power Stations.

The Company may, as appropriate, contact each Generator and each Interconnector Owner who has supplied information to seek clarification on outages and suggest amendments.

- (iii) Where a Generator or Interconnector Owner or a Network Operator is unhappy with the suggested amendments to its provisional outage programme (in the case of a Generator or Interconnector Owner) or such potential outages (in the case of a Network Operator) it may contact The Company to explain its concerns and The Company and that Generator, Interconnector Owner or Network Operator will then discuss the problem and seek to resolve it.
- (iv) The possible resolution of the problem may require The Company or a User to contact other Generators, Interconnector Owner or Network Operators, and joint meetings of all parties may, if any User feels it would be helpful, be convened by The Company. The need for further discussions, be they on the telephone or at meetings, can only be determined at the time.

Each **Generator** will provide **The Company** with updated **Output Usable** as per OC2.4.1 resulting from the above for **Generating Unit**, **Power Generating Module** and **Power Part Module** outage programme covering both **Embedded** and non-**Embedded Large Power Stations**.

The Company will then consider the updated **Output Usable** and takes this into account in the next calculation and submission to **BMRA**.

- OC2.4.1.2.3 The Company retains the right to contact Generators with Large Power Stations, Interconnector Owners and Network Operators in reference to planned outages of their assets in timescales beyond the European Requirements (3 years) up to the 5 year ahead period to assist in the operational planning of National Electricity Transmisson System outages.
- OC2.4.1.3 Planning of National Electricity Transmission System Outages
- OC2.4.1.3.1 Operational Planning Phase Planning for Financial Years 2 to 5 inclusive ahead

The Company shall plan National Electricity Transmission System outages required in Years 2 to 5 inclusive required as a result of construction or refurbishment works. This contrasts with the planning of National Electricity Transmission System outages required in Years 0 and 1 ahead, when The Company also takes into account National Electricity Transmission System outages required as a result of maintenance.

Users should bear in mind that The Company will be planning the National Electricity Transmission System outage programme on the basis of the previous year's Final Generation Outage Programme and if in the event a Generator's, an Interconnector Owner's or Network Operator's outages differ from those contained in the Final Generation Outage Programme, or in the case of Network Operators, those known to The Company, in any way conflict with the National Electricity Transmission System outage programme, The Company need not alter the National Electricity Transmission System outage programme.

OC2.4.1.3.2 In each calendar year:

(a) By the end of week 8

Each Network Operator will notify The Company in writing of details of proposed outages in Years 2-5 ahead in its User System which may affect the performance of the Total System (which includes but is not limited to outages of User System Apparatus at Grid Supply Points and outages which constrain the output of Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules) and/or Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules Embedded within that User System).

Each **Network Operator** will notify **The Company** in writing of details of proposed outages in Years 2-5 ahead in its **User System** which may affect the declared values of **Maximum Export Capacity** and/or **Maximum Import Capacity** for each **Interface Point** within its **User System** together with the **Network Operator's** revised best estimate of the **Maximum Export Capacity** and/or **Maximum Import Capacity** during such outages. **Network Operators** will also notify **The Company** of any automatic and/or manual post fault actions that it intends to utilise or plans to utilise during such outages.

(b) By the end of week 13

Each Generator will inform The Company in writing of proposed outages in Years 2 - 5 ahead of Generator owned Apparatus (eg. busbar selectors) other than Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules) and/or Synchronous Generating Units, and/or Power Park Modules, at each Grid Entry Point.

The Company will provide to each Network Operator and to each Generator and each Interconnector Owner, a copy of the information given to The Company under paragraph (a) above (other than the information given by that Network Operator). In relation to a Network Operator, the data must only be used by that User in planning and operating that Network Operator's User System and must not be used for any other purpose or passed on to, or used by, any other business of that User or to, or by, any person within any other such business or elsewhere.

(c) By the end of week 28

The Company will provide each **Network Operator** in writing with details of proposed outages in Years 2-5 ahead which may, in **The Company's** reasonable judgement, affect the performance of that **Network Operator's User System**.

(d) By the end of week 30

Where **The Company** or a **Network Operator** is unhappy with the proposed outages notified to it under (a), (b) or (c) above, as the case may be, equivalent provisions to those set out in OC2.4.1.2.1 (d) will apply.

(e) By the end of week 34

The Company will draw up a draft National Electricity Transmission System outage plan covering the period Years 2 to 5 ahead and The Company will notify each Generator, Interconnector Owner and Network Operator in writing of those aspects of the plan which may operationally affect such Generator (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations), Interconnector Owner or Network Operator. The Company will also indicate where a need may exist to issue other operational instructions or notifications (including but not limited to the requirement for the arming of an Operational Intertripping scheme) or Emergency Instructions to Users in accordance with BC2 to allow the security of the National Electricity Transmission System to be maintained within the Licence Standards.

OC2.4.1.3.3 Operational Planning Phase - Planning for Financial Year 1 ahead

Each calendar year, **The Company** shall update the draft **National Electricity Transmission System** outage plan prepared under OC2.4.1.3.2 above and shall in addition take into account outages required as a result of maintenance work.

In each calendar year:

(a) By the end of week 13

Generators and Non-Embedded Customers will inform The Company in writing of proposed outages for Year 1 of Generator owned Apparatus at each Grid Entry Point (e.g. busbar selectors) other than Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules), Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules or Non-Embedded Customer owned Apparatus, as the case may be, at each Grid Supply Point.

(b) By the end of week 28

The Company will provide each Network Operator and each Non-Embedded Customer in writing with details of proposed outages in Year 1 ahead which may, in The Company's reasonable judgement, affect the performance of its User System or the Non-Embedded Customer Apparatus at the Grid Supply Point.

(c) By the end of week 32

Each Network Operator will notify The Company in writing with details of proposed outages in Year 1 in its User System which may affect the performance of the Total System (which includes but is not limited to outages of User System Apparatus at Grid Supply Points and outages which constrain the output of Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules), Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules Embedded within that User System).

Each **Network Operator** will notify **The Company** in writing of details of proposed outages in Year 1 in its **User System** which may affect the declared values of **Maximum Export Capacity** and/or **Maximum Import Capacity** for each **Interface Point** within its **User System** together with the **Network Operator's** revised best estimate of the **Maximum Export Capacity** and/or **Maximum Import Capacity** during such outages. **Network Operators** will also notify **The Company** of any automatic and/or manual post fault actions that it intends to utilise or plans to utilise during such outages.

Each **Network Operator** will also notify **The Company** in writing of any revisions to **Interface Point Target Voltage/Power Factor** data submitted pursuant to PC.A.2.5.4.2.

(d) Between the end of week 32 and the end of week 34

The Company will draw up a revised National Electricity Transmission System outage plan (which for the avoidance of doubt includes Transmission Apparatus at the Connection Points).

(e) By the end of week 34

The Company will notify each Generator, Interconnector Owner, and Network Operator, in writing, of those aspects of the National Electricity Transmission System outage programme which may, in The Company's reasonable opinion, operationally affect that Generator (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations), Interconnector Owner, or Network Operator including in particular proposed start dates and end dates of relevant National Electricity Transmission System outages.

The Company will provide to each **Network Operator** and to each **Generator** and each **Interconnector Owner** a copy of the information given to **The Company** under paragraph (c) above (other than the information given by that **Network Operator**). In relation to a **Network Operator**, the data must only be used by that **User** in planning and operating that **Network Operator's User System** and must not be used for any other purpose or passed on to, or used by, any other business of that **User** or to, or by, any person within any other such business or elsewhere.

(f) By the end of week 36

Where a **Generator**, **Interconnector Owner** or **Network Operator** is unhappy with the proposed aspects notified to it under (e) above, equivalent provisions to those set out in OC2.4.1.2.1 (d) will apply.

(g) Between the end of week 34 and 49

The Company will draw up a final National Electricity Transmission System outage plan covering Year 1.

(h) By the end of week 49

- (i) The Company will complete the final National Electricity Transmission System outage plan for Year 1. The plan for Year 1 becomes the final plan for Year 0 when by expiry of time Year 1 becomes Year 0.
- (ii) The Company will notify each Generator, each Interconnector Owner and each Network Operator in writing of those aspects of the plan which may operationally affect such Generator (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations), Interconnector Owner or Network Operator including in particular proposed start dates and end dates of relevant National Electricity Transmission System outages. The Company will also indicate where a need may exist to issue other operational instructions or notifications (including but not limited to the requirement for the arming of an Operational Intertripping scheme) or Emergency Instructions to Users in accordance with BC2 to allow the security of the National Electricity Transmission System to be maintained within the Licence Standards. The Company will also inform each relevant Non-Embedded Customer of the aspects of the plan which may affect it.
- (iii) In addition, in relation to the final National Electricity Transmission System outage plan for Year 1, The Company will provide to each Generator and each Interconnector Owner a copy of the final National Electricity Transmission System outage plan for that year. OC2.4.1.3.4 contains provisions whereby updates of the final National Electricity Transmission System outage plan are provided. The plan and the updates will be provided in writing. It should be noted that the final National Electricity Transmission System outage plan for Year 1 and the updates will not give a complete understanding of how the National Electricity Transmission System will operate in real time, where the National Electricity Transmission System operation may be affected by other factors which may not be known at the time of the plan and the updates. Therefore, Users should place no reliance on the plan or the updates showing a set of conditions which will actually arise in real time.

(i) Information Release Or Exchange

This paragraph (i) contains alternative requirements on **The Company**, paragraph (z) being an alternative to a combination of paragraphs (x) and (y). Paragraph (z) will only apply in relation to a particular **User** if **The Company** and that **User** agree that it should apply, in which case paragraphs (x) and (y) will not apply. In the absence of any relevant agreement between **The Company** and the **User**, **The Company** will only be required to comply with paragraphs (x) and (y).

Information Release To Each Network Operator And Non-Embedded Customer

Between the end of Week 34 and 49 **The Company** will upon written request:

- (x) for radial systems, provide each **Network Operator** and **Non Embedded Customer** with data to allow the calculation by the **Network Operator**, and each **Non Embedded Customer**, of symmetrical and asymmetrical fault levels; and
- (y) for interconnected **Systems**, provide to each **Network Operator** an equivalent network, sufficient to allow the identification of symmetrical and asymmetrical fault levels, and power flows across interconnecting **User Systems** directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System**; or

System Data Exchange

(z) as part of a process to facilitate understanding of the operation of the **Total System**,

- (1) The Company will make available to each Network Operator, the National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files covering Year 1 which are of relevance to that User's System;
- (2) where **The Company** and a **User** have agreed to the use of data links between them, the making available will be by way of allowing the **User** access to take a copy of the **National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files** once during that period. The **User** may, having taken that copy, refer to the copy as often as it wishes. Such access will be in a manner agreed by **The Company** and may be subject to separate agreements governing the manner of access. In the absence of agreement, the copy of the **National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files** will be given to the **User** on a disc, or in hard copy, as determined by **The Company**;
- (3) the data contained in the **National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files** represents **The Company's** view of operating conditions although the actual conditions may be different;
- (4) The Company will notify each Network Operator, as soon as reasonably practicable after it has updated the National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files covering Year 1 that it has done so, when this update falls before the next annual update under this OC2.4.1.3.3(i). The Company will then make available to each Network Operator who has received an earlier version (and in respect of whom the agreement still exists), the updated National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Files covering the balance of Years 1 and 2 which remain given the passage of time, and which are of relevance to that User's System. The provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) above shall apply to the making available of these updates:
- (5) the data from the **National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files** received by each **Network Operator** must only be used by that **User**in planning and operating that **Network Operator's User System** and must not be used for any other purpose or passed on to, or used by, any other business of that **User** or to, or by, any person within any other such business or elsewhere.
- OC2.4.1.3.4 Operational Planning Phase Planning In Financial Year 0 Down To The Programming Phase (And In The Case Of Load Transfer Capability, Also During The Programming Phase)
 - (a) The National Electricity Transmission System outage plan for Year 1 issued under OC2.4.1.3.3 shall become the plan for Year 0 when by expiry of time Year 1 becomes Year 0.
 - (b) Each Generator or Interconnector Owner or Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer may at any time during Year 0, request The Company in writing for changes to the outages requested by them under OC2.4.1.3.3. In relation to that part of Year 0, excluding the period 1-7 weeks from the date of request, The Company shall determine whether the changes are possible and shall notify the Generator, Interconnector Owner, Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer in question whether this is the case as soon as possible, and in any event within 14 days of the date of receipt by The Company of the written request in question.

Where **The Company** determines that any change so requested is possible and notifies the relevant **User** accordingly, **The Company** will provide to each **Network Operator**, each **Interconnector Owner**, and each **Generator** a copy of the request to which **The Company** has agreed which relates to outages on **Systems** of **Network Operators** (other than any request made by that **Network Operator**). The information must only be used by that **Network Operator** in planning and operating that **Network Operator's User System** and must not be used for any other purpose or passed on to, or used by, any other business of that **User** or to, or by, any person within any other such business or elsewhere.

- (c) During Year 0 (including the **Programming Phase**) each **Network Operator** shall at **The Company's** request, make available to **The Company**, such details of automatic and manual load transfer capability of:
 - (i) 12MW or more (averaged over any half hour) for England and Wales
 - (ii) 10MW or more (averaged over any half hour) for Scotland

between Grid Supply Points.

During Year 0 (including the **Programming Phase**) each **Network Operator** shall notify **The Company** of any revisions to the information provided pursuant to OC2.4.1.3.3 (c) for **Interface Points** as soon as reasonably practicable after the **Network Operator** becomes aware of the need to make such revisions.

(d) When necessary during Year 0, The Company will notify each Generator, each Interconnector Owner and Network Operator and each Non-Embedded Customer, in writing of those aspects of the National Electricity Transmission System outage programme in the period from the 8th week ahead to the 52nd week ahead, which may, in The Company 's reasonable opinion, operationally affect that Generator (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations) Interconnector Owner or Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer including in particular proposed start dates and end dates of relevant National Electricity Transmission System outages.

The Company will also notify changes to information supplied by The Company pursuant to OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(x) and (y) except where in relation to a **User** information was supplied pursuant to OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(z). In that case:-

- (i) The Company will, by way of update of the information supplied by it pursuant to OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(z), make available at the first time in Year 0 that it updates the National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files in respect of Year 0 (such update being an update on what was shown in respect of Year 1 which has then become Year 0) to each Network Operator who has received an earlier version under OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(z) (and in respect of whom the agreement still exists), the National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files covering Year 0 which are of relevance to that User's System.
- (ii) The Company will notify each relevant Network Operator, as soon as reasonably practicable after it has updated the National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files covering Year 0, that it has done so. The Company will then make available to each such Network Operator, the updated National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files covering the balance of Year 0 which remains given the passage of time, and which are of relevance to that User's System.
- (iii) The provisions of OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(z)(2), (3) and (5) shall apply to the provision of data under this part of OC2.4.1.3.4(d) as if set out in full.

The Company will also indicate where a need may exist to issue other operational instructions or notifications (including but not limited to the requirement for the arming of an Operational Intertripping scheme) or Emergency Instructions to Users in accordance with BC2 to allow the security of the National Electricity Transmission System to be maintained within the Licence Standards.

(e) In addition, by the end of each month during Year 0, The Company will provide to each Generator and each Interconnector Owner a notice containing any revisions to the final National Electricity Transmission System outage plan for Year 1, provided to the Generator or the Interconnector Owner under OC2.4.1.3.3 or previously under this provision, whichever is the more recent.

OC2.4.1.3.5 Programming Phase

- (a) By 1600 hours each Thursday
 - (i) The Company shall continue to update a preliminary National Electricity Transmission System outage programme for the eighth week ahead, a provisional National Electricity Transmission System outage programme for the next week ahead and a final day ahead National Electricity Transmission System outage programme for the following day.
 - (ii) The Company will notify each Generator, Interconnector Owner and Network Operator and each Non-Embedded Customer, in writing of those aspects of the preliminary National Electricity Transmission System outage programme which may operationally affect each Generator (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations) or Interconnector Owner or Network Operator and each Non-Embedded Customer including in particular proposed start dates and end dates of relevant National Electricity Transmission System outages.

The Company will also notify changes to information supplied by **The Company** pursuant to OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(x) and (y) except where in relation to a **User** information was supplied pursuant to OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(z). In that case:

- (1) **The Company** will, by way of update of the information supplied by it pursuant to OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(z), make available the **National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files** for the next week ahead and
- (2) The Company will notify each relevant Network Operator, as soon as reasonably practicable after it has updated the National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files covering the next week ahead that it has done so, and
- (3) The provisions of OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(z)(2), (3) and (5) shall apply to the provision of data under this part of OC2.4.1.3.5(a)(ii) as if set out in full.

The Company may make available, the National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data Files for the next week ahead where The Company and a particular User agree, and in such case the provisions of OC2.4.1.1.3.3(i)(x) and (y) and the provisions of OC2.4.1.3.4(d) and OC2.4.1.3.5(a) which relate to OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(x) and (y) shall not apply. In such case, the provisions of this OC2.4.1.3.5(a)(ii)2 and 3 shall apply to the provision of the data under this part of OC2.4.1.3.5(a)(ii) as if set out in full.

The Company will also indicate where a need may exist to arm an Operational Intertripping scheme, emergency switching, emergency Demand management or other measures including the issuing of other operational instructions or notifications or Emergency Instructions to Users in accordance with BC2 to allow the security of the National Electricity Transmission System to be maintained within the Licence Standards.

(b) By 1000 hours each Friday

Generators, **Interconnector Owners** and **Network Operators** will discuss with **The Company** and confirm in writing to **The Company**, acceptance or otherwise of the requirements detailed under OC2.4.1.3.5.

Network Operators shall confirm for the following week:

- (i) the details of any outages of its **User System** that will restrict the **Maximum Export Capacity** and/or **Maximum Import Capacity** at any **Interface Points** within its **User System** for the following week; and
- (ii) any changes to the previously declared values of the Interface Point Target Voltage/Power Factor.

(c) By 1600 hours each Friday

- (i) The Company shall finalise the preliminary National Electricity Transmission System outage programme up to the seventh week ahead. The Company will endeavour to give as much notice as possible to a Generator with nuclear Large Power Stations which may be operationally affected by an outage which is to be included in such programme.
- (ii) The Company shall finalise the provisional National Electricity Transmission System outage programme for the next week ahead.
- (iii) **The Company** shall finalise the **National Electricity Transmission System** outage programme for the weekend through to the next normal working day.
- (iv) In each case, **The Company** will indicate the factors set out in (a)(ii) above (other than those aspects which may operationally affect **Embedded Small Power Stations** or **Embedded Medium Power Stations**) to the relevant **Generators** and **Network Operators** and **Non-Embedded Customers**.
- (v) Where a Generator with nuclear Large Power Stations which may be operationally affected by the preliminary National Electricity Transmission System outage programme referred to in (i) above (acting as a reasonable operator) is concerned on grounds relating to safety about the effect which an outage within such outage programme might have on one or more of its nuclear Large Power Stations, it may contact The Company to explain its concerns and discuss whether there is an alternative way of taking that outage (having regard to technical feasibility). If there is such an alternative way, but The Company refuses to adopt that alternative way in taking that outage, that Generator may involve the Disputes Resolution Procedure to decide on the way the outage should be taken. If there is no such alternative way, then The Company may take the outage despite that Generator's concerns.
- (d) By 1600 hours each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday
 - (i) The Company shall prepare a final National Electricity Transmission System outage programme for the following day.
 - (ii) The Company shall notify each Generator and Network Operator and Non-Embedded Customer in writing of the factors set out in (a)(ii) above (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations).

OC2.4.2 <u>DATA REQUIREMENTS</u>

- OC2.4.2.1 When a **Statement** of **Readiness** under the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement** is submitted, and thereafter in calendar week 24 in each calendar year,
 - (a) each **Generator** shall (subject to OC2.4.2.1(k)) in respect of each of its:-
 - (i) Gensets (in the case of the Generation Planning Parameters); and
 - (ii) CCGT Units within each of its CCGT Modules at a Large Power Station (in the case of the Generator Performance Chart)
 - (iii) Generating Units within each of its Synchronous Power Generating Modules at a Large Power Station (in the case of the Power-Generating Module Performance Chart and Synchronous Generating Unit Performance Chart)
 - submit to **The Company** in writing the **Generation Planning Parameters** and the **Generator Performance Charts** as required.
 - (b) Each shall meet the requirements of CC.6.3.2 or ECC.6.3.2 (as applicable) and shall reasonably reflect the true operating characteristics of the **Genset**.

- (c) They shall be applied (unless revised under this OC2 or (in the case of the Generator Performance Chart only) BC1 in relation to Other Relevant Data) from the Completion Date, in the case of the ones submitted with the Statement of Readiness, and in the case of the ones submitted in calendar week 24, from the beginning of week 25 onwards.
- (d) They shall be in the format indicated in Appendix 1 for these charts and as set out in Appendix 2 for the **Generation Planning Parameters**.
- (e) Any changes to the **Generator Performance Chart** or **Generation Planning Parameters** should be notified to **The Company** promptly.
- (f) Generators should note that amendments to the composition of the Power Generating Module, CCGT Module or Power Park Module at Large Power Stations may only be made in accordance with the principles set out in PC.A.3.2.3 or PC.A.3.2.4 respectively. If in accordance with PC.A.3.2.3 or PC.A.3.2.4 an amendment is made, any consequential changes to the Generation Planning Parameters should be notified to The Company promptly.
- (g) The Generator Performance Chart must be as described below and demonstrate the limitation on reactive capability of the System voltage at 3% above nominal. It must also include any limitations on output due to the prime mover (both maximum and minimum), Generating Unit step up transformer or User System.
 - (i) For a **Synchronous Generating Unit** on a **Generating Unit** specific basis at the **Generating Unit** stator terminals. It must include details of the **Generating Unit** transformer parameters.
 - (ii) For a Non-Synchronous Generating Unit (excluding a Power Park Unit) on a Generating Unit specific basis at the Grid Entry Point (or User System Entry Point if Embedded).
 - (iii) For a **Power Park Module**, on a **Power Park Module** specific basis at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**).
 - (iv) For a DC Converter on a DC Converter specific basis at the Grid Entry Point (or User System Entry Point if Embedded).
 - (v) For a Synchronous Generating Unit within a Synchronous Power Generating Module, both the Power-Generating Module Performance Chart and Synchronous Generating Unit Performance Chart should be provided.
- (h) For each CCGT Unit, and any other Generating Unit or Power Park Module or Power Generating Module whose performance varies significantly with ambient temperature, the Generator Performance Chart (including the Power-Generating Module Performance Chart and Synchronous Generating Unit Performance Chart in the case of Synchronous Power Generating Modules) shall show curves for at least two values of ambient temperature so that The Company can assess the variation in performance over all likely ambient temperatures by a process of linear interpolation or extrapolation. One of these curves shall be for the ambient temperature at which the Generating Unit's output, or CCGT Module or Power-Generating Module at a Large Power Station output or Power Park Module's output, as appropriate, equals its Registered Capacity.
- (i) The **Generation Planning Parameters** supplied under OC2.4.2.1 shall be used by **The Company** for operational planning purposes only and not in connection with the operation of the **Balancing Mechanism** (subject as otherwise permitted in the **BC**).

(j) Each Generator shall in respect of each of its Synchronous Power Generating Modules or CCGT Modules (including those which are part of a Synchronous Power Generating Module) at Large Power Stations submit to The Company in writing a CCGT Module Planning Matrix and/or a Synchronous Power-Generating Module Planning Matrix. It shall be prepared on a best estimate basis relating to how it is anticipated the Synchronous Power-Generating Module or CCGT Module will be running and which shall reasonably reflect the true operating characteristics of the Power-Generating Module or CCGT Module. It will be applied (unless revised under this OC2) from the Completion Date, in the case of the one submitted with the Statement of Readiness, and in the case of the one submitted in calendar week 24, from the beginning of week 31 onwards. It must show the combination of CCGT Units or Synchronous Power Generating Units which would be running in relation to any given MW output, in the format indicated in Appendix 3.

Any changes must be notified to **The Company** promptly. **Generators** should note that amendments to the composition of the **CCGT Module** or **Synchronous Power-Generating Module** at **Large Power Stations** may only be made in accordance with the principles set out in PC.A.3.2.3. If in accordance with PC.A.3.2.3 an amendment is made, an updated **CCGT Module Planning Matrix** or **Synchronous Power-Generating Module Planning Matrix** must be immediately submitted to **The Company** in accordance with this OC2.4.2.1(b).

The CCGT Module Planning Matrix or Synchronous Power-Generating Module Planning Matrix will be used by The Company for operational planning purposes only and not in connection with the operation of the Balancing Mechanism.

- (k) Each Generator shall in respect of each of its Cascade Hydro Schemes also submit the Generation Planning Parameters detailed at OC2.A.2.6 to OC2.A.2.10 for each Cascade Hydro Scheme. Such parameters need not also be submitted for the individual Gensets within such Cascade Hydro Scheme.
- (I) Each Generator shall in respect of each of its Power Park Modules at Large Power Stations submit to The Company in writing a Power Park Module Planning Matrix. It shall be prepared on a best estimate basis relating to how it is anticipated the Power Park Module will be running and which shall reasonably reflect the operating characteristics of the Power Park Module and the BM Unit of which it forms part. It will be applied (unless revised under this OC2) from the Completion Date, in the case of the one submitted with the Statement of Readiness, and in the case of the one submitted in calendar week 24, from the beginning of week 31 onwards. It must show the number of each type of Power Park Unit in the Power Park Module typically expected to be available to generate and the BM Unit of which it forms part, in the format indicated in Appendix 4. The Power Park Module Planning Matrix shall be accompanied by a graph showing the variation in MW output with Intermittent Power Source (e.g. MW vs wind speed) for the Power Park Module. The graph shall indicate the typical value of the Intermittent Power Source for the Power Park Module.

Any changes must be notified to **The Company** promptly. **Generators** should note that amendments to the composition of the **Power Park Module** at **Large Power Stations** may only be made in accordance with the principles set out in PC.A.3.2.4. If in accordance with PC.A.3.2.4 an amendment is made, an updated **Power Park Module Planning Matrix** must be immediately submitted to **The Company** in accordance with this OC2.4.2.1(a).

The **Power Park Module Planning Matrix** will be used by **The Company** for operational planning purposes only and not in connection with the operation of the **Balancing Mechanism**.

- (m) For each Synchronous Generating Unit (including Synchronous Generating Units within a Power Generating Module) where the Generator intends to adjust the Generating Unit terminal voltage in response to a MVAr output Instruction or a Target Voltage Level instruction in accordance with BC2.A.2.6 the Generator Performance Chart including the Synchronous Generating Unit Performance Chart shall show curves corresponding to the Generating Unit terminal voltage being controlled to its rated value and to its maximum value.
- OC2.4.2.2 Each **Network Operator** shall by 1000 hrs on the day falling seven days before each **Operational Day** inform **The Company** in writing of any changes to the circuit details called for in PC.A.2.2.1 which it is anticipated will apply on that **Operational Day** (under **BC1** revisions can be made to this data).
- OC2.4.2.3 Under European Commission Regulation No. 543/2013, **Users** are required to submit certain data for publication on the Central European Transparency Platform managed by the European Network of Transmission System Operators for Electricity (ENTSO-E). **The Company** is required to facilitate the collection, verification and processing of data from **Users** for onward transmission to the Central European Transparency Platform.

Each Generator and each Non-Embedded Customer connected to or using the National Electricity Transmission System shall provide The Company with such information as required by and set out in DRC Schedule 6 (Users' Outage Data EU Transparency Availability Data) in the timescales detailed therein.

OC2.4.3 NEGATIVE RESERVE ACTIVE POWER MARGINS

- OC2.4.3.1 At a regular time interval, at least once each day (by 1600 hours) and up to every hour **The**Company will, taking into account the **Generation Outage Programme** and forecast of

 Output Usable supplied by each **Generator** and by each **Interconnector Owner** defined in

 OC2.4.1.2.1 and forecast **Demand** for the minimum **Demand** period, calculate and publish:-
 - (1) the level of the System NRAPM each day within the period 2 to 14 days ahead (inclusive) and for each week the level of risk of System NRAPM within the 2-52 week ahead period; and
 - (2) the level of the **Localised NRAPM** (currently for the main constraint between England and Scotland only) for each day within the period 2 to 14 days ahead (inclusive) having taken into account the appropriate limit on transfers to and from the **System Constraint Group** and for each week the level of risk of **Localised NRAPM** within the 2-52 week ahead period.

Outages Adjustments

- (a) Under the necessary circumstances **The Company** will then contact **Generators** in respect of their **Large Power Stations** and **Interconnector Owners** to discuss outages as set out in the following paragraphs of this OC2.4.3.1.
- (b) The Company will contact all Generators and Interconnector Owners in the case of low System NRAPM and will contact Generators in relation to relevant Large Power Stations and Interconnector Owners in the case of low Localised NRAPM. The Company will raise with each Generator and Interconnector Owner the problems it is anticipating due to the low System NRAPM or Localised NRAPM and will discuss:
 - (1) whether any change is possible to the estimate of Genset inflexibility; and
 - (2) whether Genset or External Interconnection outages can be taken to coincide with the periods of low System NRAPM or Localised NRAPM (as the case may be).

In relation to **Generators** with nuclear **Large Power Stations** the discussions on outages can include the issue of whether outages can be taken for re-fuelling purposes to coincide with the relevant low **System NRAPM** and/or **Localised NRAPM** periods.

- (c) If agreement is reached with a Generator or an Interconnector Owner, then such Generator or Interconnector Owner will take such outage, as agreed with The Company, and the Generator or an Interconnector Owner will issue updates to its Output Usable via the data provision process defined in OC2.4.1.2.1 and The Company will process the updated data which will then be included in the next published update of the System NRAPM and/or Localised NRAPM.
- (d) If on the day prior to an **Operational Day**, it is apparent from the **BM Unit Data** submitted by **Users** under **BC1** that **System NRAPM** and/or **Localised NRAPM** (as the case may be) is, in **The Company's** reasonable opinion, too low, then in accordance with the procedures and requirements set out in BC1.5.5 **The Company** may contact **Users** to discuss whether changes to **Physical Notifications** are possible, and if they are, will reflect those in the operational plans for the next following **Operational Day** or will, in accordance with BC2.9.4 instruct **Generators** to **De-Synchronise** a specified **Genset** for such period. In determining which **Genset** to so instruct, **BC2** provides that **The Company** will not (other than as referred to below) consider in such determination (and accordingly shall not instruct to **De-Synchronise**) any **Genset** within an **Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant**. **BC2** further provides that:-
 - (i) The Company is permitted to instruct to De-Synchronise any Gensets within an Existing AGR Plant if those Gensets within an Existing AGR Plant have failed to offer to be flexible for the relevant instance at the request of The Company provided the request is within the Existing AGR Plant Flexibility Limit.
 - (ii) The Company will only instruct to De-Synchronise any Gensets within an Existing Magnox Reactor Plant or within an Existing AGR Plant (other than under (i) above) if the level of System NRAPM (taken together with System constraints) and/or Localised NRAPM is such that it is not possible to avoid De-Synchronising such Generating Unit or Power Generating Module, and provided the power flow across each External Interconnection is either at zero or results in an export of power from the Total System. This proviso applies in all cases in the case of System NRAPM and in the case of Localised NRAPM, only when the power flow would have a relevant effect.

OC2.4.4 FREQUENCY SENSITIVE OPERATION

By 1600 hours each Wednesday

- Using such information as **The Company** shall consider relevant including, if appropriate, forecast **Demand**, any estimates provided by **Generators** of **Genset** inflexibility and anticipated plant mix relating to operation in **Frequency Sensitive Mode**, **The Company** shall determine for the period 2 to 7 weeks ahead (inclusive) whether it is possible that there will be insufficient **Gensets** (other than those **Gensets** within **Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant** which are permitted to operate in **Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode** at all times under BC3.5.3) to operate in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** for all or any part of that period.
- OC2.4.4.2 BC3.5.3 explains that **The Company** permits **Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant** other than **Frequency Sensitive AGR Units** to operate in a **Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode** at all times.
- If **The Company** foresees that there will be an insufficiency in **Gensets** operating in a **Frequency Sensitive Mode**, it will contact **Generators** in order to seek to agree (as soon as reasonably practicable) that all or some of the **Gensets** (the MW amount being determined by **The Company** but the **Gensets** involved being determined by the **Generator**) will take outages to coincide with such period as **The Company** shall specify to enable replacement by other **Gensets** which can operate in a **Frequency Sensitive Mode**. If agreement is reached (which unlike the remainder of **OC2** will constitute a binding agreement) then such **Generator** will take such outage as agreed with **The Company**. If agreement is not reached, then the provisions of BC2.9.5 may apply.

If in **The Company** 's reasonable opinion it is necessary for both the procedure set out in OC2.4.3 (relating to **System NRAPM** and **Localised NRAPM**) and in OC2.4.4 (relating to operation in **Frequency Sensitive Mode**) to be followed in any given situation, the procedure set out in OC2.4.3 will be followed first, and then the procedure set out in OC2.4.4. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this paragraph shall prevent either procedure from being followed separately and independently of the other.

OC2.4.6 OPERATING MARGIN DATA REQUIREMENTS

OC2.4.6.1 Modifications to relay settings

'Relay settings' in this OC2.4.6.1 refers to the settings of **Low Frequency Relays** in respect of **Gensets** that are available for start from standby by **Low Frequency Relay** initiation with **Fast Start Capability** agreed pursuant to the **Bilateral Agreement**.

By 1600 hours each Wednesday

A change in relay settings will be sent by **The Company** no later than 1600 hours on a Wednesday to apply from 1000 hours on the Monday following. The settings allocated to particular **Large Power Stations** may be interchanged between 49.70Hz and 49.60Hz (or such other **System Frequencies** as **The Company** may have specified) provided the overall capacity at each setting and **System** requirements can, in **The Company** 's view, be met.

Between 1600 hours each Wednesday and 1200 hours each Friday

If a **Generator** wishes to discuss or interchange settings it should contact **The Company** by 1200 hours on the Friday prior to the Monday on which it would like to institute the changes to seek **The Company** 's agreement. If **The Company** agrees, **The Company** will then send confirmation of the agreed new settings.

By 1500 hours each Friday

If any alterations to relay settings have been agreed, then the updated version of the current relay settings will be sent to affected **Users** by 1500 hours on the Friday prior to the Monday on which the changes will take effect. Once accepted, each **Generator** (if that **Large Power Station** is not subject to forced outage or **Planned Outage**) will abide by the terms of its latest relay settings.

In addition, **The Company** will take account of any **Large Power Station** unavailability (as notified under OC2.4.1.2 submissions) in its total **Operating Reserve** policy.

The Company may from time to time, for confirmation purposes only, issue the latest version of the current relay settings to each affected **Generator**

OC2.4.6.2 Operational Planning Margin Requirements (OPMR)

At a regular time interval, at least once each day (by 1600 hours) and up to every hour

The Company will provide an indication of the level of Operating Reserve to be utilised by The Company in connection with the operation of the Balancing Mechanism covering a 2-14 day ahead period (with a daily peak demand resolution) and the 2-52 week resolution (with a weekly resolution focusing on the peak demand of the week). This level shall be purely indicative.

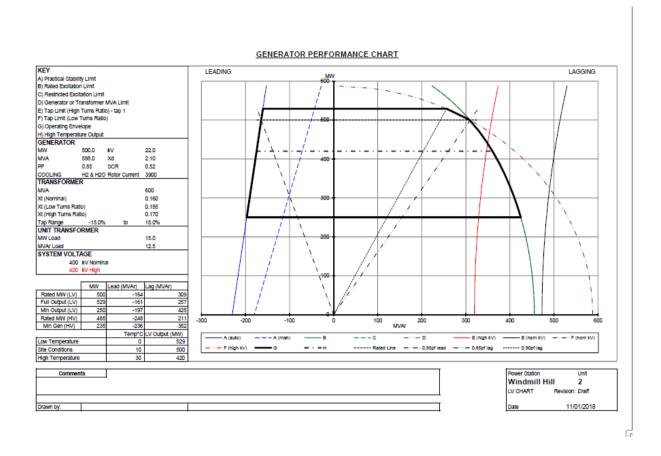
This **Operational Planning Margin** requirements indication will also note the possible level of **High Frequency Response** to be utilised by **The Company** in connection with the operation of the **Balancing Mechanism** in the week beginning with the **Operational Day** commencing during the subsequent Monday, which level shall be purely indicative.

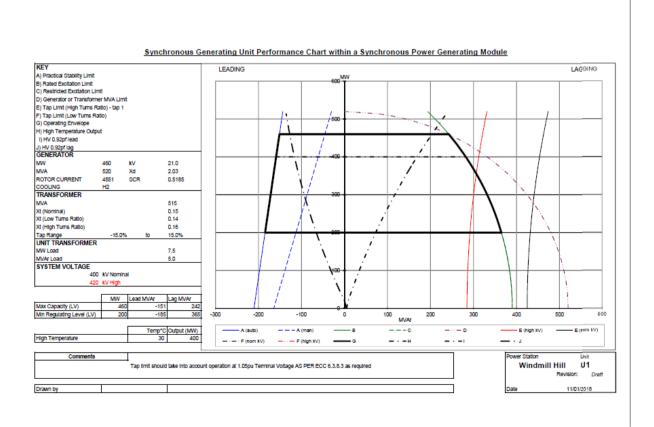
OC2.4.7 In the event that:

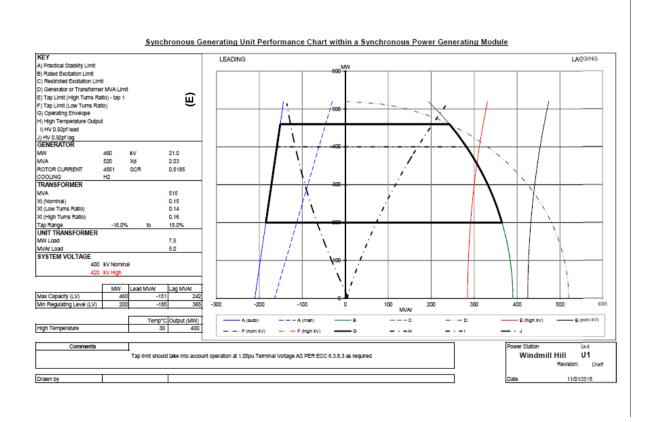
- a Non-Embedded Customer experiences the planned unavailability of its Apparatus resulting in the reduction of Demand of 100MW or more, or a change to the planned unavailability of its Apparatus resulting in a change in Demand of 100MW or more, for one Settlement Period or longer; or
- b) a **Non-Embedded Customer** experiences a change in the actual availability of its **Apparatus** resulting in a change in Demand of 100MW or greater; or
- c) a Generator experiences a planned unavailability of a Generating Unit and/or Power-Generating Module resulting in a change of 100MW or more in the Output Usable of that Generating Unit and/or Power-Generating Module below its previously notified availability, which is expected to last one Settlement Period or longer and up to three years ahead; or
- d) a **Generator** experiences a change of 100MW or more in the Maximum Export Limit of a **Generating Unit** which is expected to last one **Settlement Period** or longer; or
- e) a **Generator** experiences a planned unavailability resulting in a change of 100MW or more in its aggregated **Output Usable** below its previously notified availability for a **Power Station** with a **Registered Capacity** of 200MW or more and which is expected to last one **Settlement Period** or longer and up to three years ahead, save where data has been provided pursuant to OC.2.4.7(c) above; or
- f) a **Generator** experiences a change of 100MW or more in the aggregated Maximum Export Limit of a **Power Station** with a **Registered Capacity** of 200MW or more, which is expected to last one **Settlement Period** or longer, save where data has been provided pursuant to OC.2.4.7(d) above;

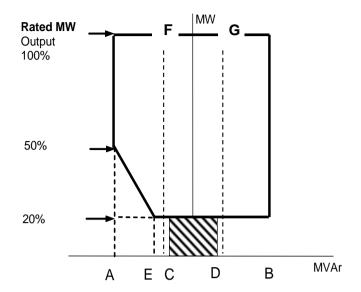
such **Non-Embedded Customer** or **Generator** shall provide **The Company** with the **EU Transparency Availability Data** in accordance with **DRC** Schedule 6 (Users' Outage Data) using **MODIS** and, with reference to points OC2.4.7(a) to (f), EU Transparency Regulation articles 7.1(a), 7.1(b), 15.1(a), 15.1(b), 15.1(c) and 15.1(d) respectively.

APPENDIX 1 - PERFORMANCE CHART EXAMPLES









LEADING LAGGING

Point A is equivalent (in MVAr) to: 0.95 leading **Power Factor** at **Rated MW** output

Point B is equivalent (in MVAr) to: 0.95 lagging **Power Factor** at **Rated MW** output

Point C is equivalent (in MVAr) to: -5% of **Rated MW** output

Point D is equivalent (in MVAr) to: +5% of Rated MW output

Point E is equivalent (in MVAr) to: -12% of Rated MW output

Line F is equivalent (in MVAr) to: Leading **Power Factor Reactive Despatch Network Restriction**

Line G is equivalent (in MVAr) to: Lagging Power Factor Reactive Despatch Network Restriction

Where a **Reactive Despatch Network Restriction** is in place which requires following of local voltage conditions, alternatively to Line F and G, please check this box.

APPENDIX 2 - GENERATION PLANNING PARAMETERS

OC2.A.2 Generation Planning Parameters

The following parameters are required in respect of each **Genset**.

OC2.A.2.1 Regime Unavailability

Where applicable the following information must be recorded for each **Genset**.

- Earliest synchronising time:

Monday

Tuesday to Friday

Saturday to Sunday

Latest de-synchronising time:

Monday to Thursday

Friday

Saturday to Sunday

OC2.A.2.2 Synchronising Intervals

- (a) The synchronising interval between Gensets in a Synchronising Group assuming all Gensets have been Shutdown for 48 hours;
- (b) The **Synchronising Group** within the **Power Station** to which each **Genset** should be allocated.

OC2.A.2.3 <u>De-Synchronising Interval</u>

A fixed value **De-Synchronising** interval between **Gensets** within a **Synchronising Group**.

OC2.A.2.4 Synchronising Generation

The amount of MW produced at the moment of **Synchronising** assuming the **Genset** has been **Shutdown** for 48 hours.

OC2.A.2.5 Minimum Non-zero time (MNZT)

The minimum period on-load between **Synchronising** and **De-Synchronising** assuming the **Genset** has been **Shutdown** for 48 hours.

OC2.A.2.6 Run-Up rates

A run-up characteristic consisting of up to three stages from **Synchronising Generation** to **Output Usable** with up to two intervening break points assuming the **Genset** has been **Shutdown** for 48 hours.

OC2.A.2.7 Run-down rates

A run down characteristic consisting of up to three stages from **Output Usable** to **De-Synchronising** with breakpoints at up to two intermediate load levels.

OC2.A.2.8 <u>Notice to Deviate from Zero (NDZ)</u>

The period of time normally required to **Synchronise** a **Genset** following instruction from **The Company** assuming the **Genset** has been **Shutdown** for 48 hours.

OC2.A.2.9 Minimum Zero time (MZT)

The minimum interval between **De-Synchronising** and **Synchronising** a **Genset**.

OC2.A.2.10 Not used.

OC2.A.2.11 Gas Turbine Units loading parameters

- Loading rate for fast starting
- Loading rate for slow starting

APPENDIX 3 - CCGT MODULE PLANNING MATRIX

CCGT Module Planning Matrix Example Form

CCGT MODULE	CCGT GENERATING UNITS AVAILABLE								
	1st GT	2nd GT	3rd GT	4th GT	5th GT	6th GT	1st ST	2nd ST	3rd ST
OUTPUT USABLE	OUTPUT USABLE								
	150	150	150				100		
MW									
0MW to 150MW	/								
151MW to 250MW	/						/		
251MW to 300MW	/	/							
301MW to 400MW	/	/					/		
401MW to 450MW	/	/	/						
451MW to 550MW	/	/	/				/		

APPENDIX 4 - POWER PARK MODULE PLANNING MATRIX

Power Park Module Planning Matrix Example Form

BM Unit Name									
Power Park Module [unique identifier]									
POWER PARK	POWER PARK UNITS								
UNIT AVAILABILITY	Type A	Type B	Type C	Type D					
Description									
(Make/Model)									
Number of units									
Power Park Module [uniq	ue identifier]	-							
POWER PARK	POWER PARK UNITS								
UNIT AVAILABILITY	Type A	Type B	Type C	Type D					
Description									
(Make/Model)									
Number of units									

The **Power Park Module Planning Matrix** may have as many columns as are required to provide information on the different make and model for each type of **Power Park Unit** in a **Power Park Module** and as many rows as are required to provide information on the **Power Park Modules** within each **BM Unit**. The description is required to assist identification of the **Power Park Units** within the **Power Park Module** and correlation with data provided under the **Planning Code**.

APPENDIX 5 – SYNCHRONOUS POWER GENERATING MODULE PLANNING MATRIX

Synchronous Power Generating Module Planning Matrix Example Form

SYNCHRONOUS	SYNCHRONOUS POWER GENERATING UNITS AVAILABLE								
POWER GENERATING	1st GT	2nd GT	3rd GT	4th GT	5th GT	6th GT	1st ST	2nd ST	3rd ST
MODULE	OUTPUT USABLE								
	150	150	150				100		
OUTPUT USABLE									
MW									
0MW to 150MW	/								
151MW to 250MW	/						/		
251MW to 300MW	/	/							
301MW to 400MW	/	/					/		
401MW to 450MW	/	/	/						
451MW to 550MW	/	/	/				/		

< END OF OPERATING CODE NO. 2>

DATA REGISTRATION CODE (DRC)

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DRC.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

- The **Data Registration Code** ("**DRC**") presents a unified listing of all data required by **The Company** from **Users** and by **Users** from **The Company**, from time to time under the **Grid Code**. The data which is specified in each section of the **Grid Code** is collated here in the **DRC**. Where there is any inconsistency in the data requirements under any particular section of the **Grid Code** and the **Data Registration Code** the provisions of the particular section of the **Grid Code** shall prevail.
- DRC.1.2 The **DRC** identifies the section of the **Grid Code** under which each item of data is required.
- DRC.1.3 The Code under which any item of data is required specifies procedures and timings for the supply of that data, for routine updating and for recording temporary or permanent changes to that data. All timetables for the provision of data are repeated in the **DRC**.
- DRC.1.4 Various sections of the **Grid Code** also specify information which **Users** will receive from **The Company**. This information is summarised in a single schedule in the **DRC** (Schedule 9).
- DRC.1.5 The categorisation of data into **DPD I** and **DPD II** is indicated in the **DRC** below.

DRC.2 OBJECTIVE

The objective of the **DRC** is to:

- DRC.2.1 List and collate all the data to be provided by each category of **User** to **The Company** under the **Grid Code**.
- DRC.2.2 List all the data to be provided by **The Company** to each category of **User** under the **Grid Code**.

DRC.3 SCOPE

- DRC.3.1 The **DRC** applies to **The Company** and to **Users**, which in this **DRC** means:-
 - (a) Generators (including those undertaking OTSDUW and/or those who own and/or operate DC Connected Power Park Modules);
 - (b) **Network Operators**:
 - (c) DC Converter Station owners and HVDC System Owners;
 - (d) Suppliers;
 - (e) Non-Embedded Customers:
 - (f) Externally Interconnected System Operators;
 - (g) Interconnector Users;
 - (h) BM Participants; and
 - (i) Pumped Storage Generators and Generators in respect of Electricity Storage Modules.
- DRC.3.2 For the avoidance of doubt, the **DRC** applies to both **GB Code Users** and **EU Code Users**.

DRC.4 <u>DATA CATEGORIES AND STAGES IN REGISTRATION</u>

- DRC.4.1.1 Within the **DRC** each data item is allocated to one of the following three categories:
 - (a) Standard Planning Data (SPD)
 - (b) **Detailed Planning Data (DPD)**
 - (c) Operational Data

- DRC.4.2 Standard Planning Data (SPD)

 The Standard Planning Data listed and collated in this DRC is that data listed in Part 1 of the Appendix to the PC.

 Standard Planning Data will be provided to The Company in secondary with DC 4.4 and
- DRC.4.2.2 **Standard Planning Data** will be provided to **The Company** in accordance with PC.4.4 and PC.A.1.2.
- DRC.4.3 <u>Detailed Planning Data (DPD)</u>
- DRC.4.3.1 The **Detailed Planning Data** listed and collated in this **DRC** is categorised as **DPD I** and **DPD II** and is that data listed in Part 2 of the Appendix to the **PC**.
- DRC.4.3.2 **Detailed Planning Data** will be provided to **The Company** in accordance with PC.4.4, PC.4.5 and PC.A.1.2.
- DRC.4.4 Operational Data
- DRC.4.4.1 Operational Data is data which is required by the Operating Codes and the Balancing Codes. Within the DRC, Operational Data is sub-categorised according to the Code under which it is required, namely OC1, OC2, BC1 or BC2.
- DRC.4.4.2 **Operational Data** is to be supplied in accordance with timetables set down in the relevant **Operating Codes** and **Balancing Codes** and repeated in tabular form in the schedules to the **DRC**.
- DRC.5 PROCEDURES AND RESPONSIBILITIES
- DRC.5.1 Responsibility For Submission And Updating Of Data

In accordance with the provisions of the various sections of the **Grid Code**, each **User** must submit data as summarised in DRC.6 and listed and collated in the attached schedules.

- DRC.5.2 Methods Of Submitting Data
- DRC.5.2.1 Wherever possible, the data schedules to the **DRC** are structured to serve as standard formats for data submission and such format must be used for the written submission of data to **The Company**.
- DRC.5.2.2 Data must be submitted to the **Transmission Control Centre** notified by **The Company**, or to such other department or address as **The Company** may from time to time advise. The name of the person at the **User Site** who is submitting each schedule of data must be included.
- DRC.5.2.3 Where a computer data link exists between a **User** and **The Company**, data may be submitted via this link. **The Company** will, in this situation, provide computer files for completion by the **User** containing all the data in the corresponding **DRC** schedule.

Data submitted can be in an electronic format using a proforma to be supplied by **The Company** or other format to be agreed annually in advance with **The Company**. In all cases the data must be complete and relate to, and relate only to, what is required by the relevant section of the **Grid Code**.

- DRC.5.2.4 Other modes of data transfer, such as magnetic tape, may be utilised if **The Company** gives its prior written consent.
- DRC.5.2.5 Generators, HVDC System Owners and DC Converter Station owners submitting data for a Power Generating Module, Generating Unit, DC Converter, HVDC System, Power Park Module (including DC Connected Power Park Modules) or CCGT Module before the issue of a Final Operational Notification should submit the DRC data schedules and compliance information required under the CP electronically using the User Data File Structure unless otherwise agreed with The Company.

- DRC.5.3 Changes To User's Data
- DRC.5.3.1 Whenever a **User** becomes aware of a change to an item of data which is registered with **The Company**, the **User** must notify **The Company** in accordance with each section of the Grid Code. The method and timing of the notification to **The Company** is set out in each section of the Grid Code.
- DRC.5.4 <u>Data Not Supplied</u>
- Users and The Company are obliged to supply data as set out in the individual sections of the Grid Code and repeated in the DRC. If a User fails to supply data when required by any section of the Grid Code, The Company will estimate such data if and when, in The Company's view, it is necessary to do so. If The Company fails to supply data when required by any section of the Grid Code, the User to whom that data ought to have been supplied, will estimate such data if and when, in that User's view, it is necessary to do so. Such estimates will, in each case, be based upon data supplied previously for the same Plant or Apparatus or upon corresponding data for similar Plant or Apparatus or upon such other information as The Company or that User, as the case may be, deems appropriate.
- DRC.5.4.2 **The Company** will advise a **User** in writing of any estimated data it intends to use pursuant to DRC.5.4.1 relating directly to that **User's Plant** or **Apparatus** in the event of data not being supplied.
- DRC.5.4.3 A **User** will advise **The Company** in writing of any estimated data it intends to use pursuant to DRC.5.4.1 in the event of data not being supplied.
- DRC.5.5 Substituted Data
- DRC.5.5.1 In the case of PC.A.4 only, if the data supplied by a **User** does not in **The Company's** reasonable opinion reflect the equivalent data recorded by **The Company**, **The Company** may estimate such data if and when, in the view of **The Company**, it is necessary to do so. Such estimates will, in each case, be based upon data supplied previously for the same **Plant** or **Apparatus** or upon corresponding data for similar **Plant** or **Apparatus** or upon such other information as **The Company** deems appropriate.
- The Company will advise a **User** in writing of any estimated data it intends to use pursuant to DRC.5.5.1 relating directly to that **User's Plant** or **Apparatus** where it does not in **The Company's** reasonable opinion reflect the equivalent data recorded by **The Company**. Such estimated data will be used by **The Company** in place of the appropriate data submitted by the **User** pursuant to PC.A.4 and as such shall be deemed to accurately represent the **User's** submission until such time as the **User** provides data to **The Company's** reasonable satisfaction.
- DRC.6 <u>DATA TO BE REGISTERED</u>
- DRC.6.1 Schedules 1 to 19 attached cover the following data areas.
- DRC.6.1.1 <u>Schedule 1 Power Generating Module, Generating Unit (or CCGT Module), Power Park Module (including DC Connected Power Park Module and Power Park Unit), HVDC System and DC Converter Technical Data.</u>

Comprising Power Generating Module, Generating Unit (and CCGT Module), Power Park Module (including DC Connected Power Park Module and Power Park Unit) and DC Converter fixed electrical parameters.

- DRC.6.1.2 <u>Schedule 2 Generation Planning Parameters</u>
 - Comprising the **Genset** parameters required for **Operational Planning** studies.
- DRC.6.1.3 <u>Schedule 3 Large Power Station Outage Programmes, Output Usable and Inflexibility</u> Information.

Comprising generation and storage outage planning, **Output Usable** and inflexibility information at timescales down to the daily **BM Unit Data** submission.

DRC.6.1.4 Schedule 4 - Large Power Station Droop and Response Data.

Comprising data on governor **Droop** settings and **Primary**, **Secondary** and **High Frequency Response** data for **Large Power Stations**.

DRC.6.1.5 Schedule 5 – User's System Data.

Comprising electrical parameters relating to **Plant** and **Apparatus** connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System**.

DRC.6.1.6 Schedule 6 – Users Outage Information.

Comprising the information required by **The Company** for outages on the **User System**, including outages at **Power Stations** other than outages of **Gensets**

DRC.6.1.7 <u>Schedule 7 - Load Characteristics.</u>

Comprising the estimated parameters of load groups in respect of, for example, harmonic content and response to frequency.

- DRC.6.1.8 Schedule 8 BM Unit Data.
- DRC.6.1.9 <u>Schedule 9 Data Supplied by The Company to Users.</u>
- DRC.6.1.10 Schedule 10 Demand Profiles and Active Energy Data

Comprising information relating to the **Network Operators**' and **Non-Embedded Customers**' total **Demand** and **Active Energy** taken from the **National Electricity Transmission System**

DRC.6.1.11 Schedule 11 - Connection Point Data

Comprising information relating to **Demand**, demand transfer capability and the **Small Power Station**, **Medium Power Station** and **Customer** generation connected to the **Connection Point**

DRC.6.1.12 Schedule 12 - Demand Control Data

Comprising information related to **Demand Control**

DRC.6.1.13 Schedule 13 - Fault Infeed Data

Comprising information relating to the short circuit contribution to the **National Electricity Transmission System** from **Users** other than **Generators**, **HVDC System Owners** and **DC Converter Station** owners.

DRC.6.1.14 <u>Schedule 14 - Fault Infeed Data (Generators Including Unit and Station Transformers)</u>

Comprising information relating to the Short Circuit contribution to the **National Electricity Transmission System** from **Generators**, **HVDC System Owners** and **DC Converter Station** owners.

DRC.6.1.15

Schedule 15 – Mothballed Power Generating Module, Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed

Power Park Module (including Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Modules), Mothballed

HVDC Systems, Mothballed HVDC Converters, Mothballed DC Converters at a DC Converter

Station and Alternative Fuel Data

Comprising information relating to estimated return to service times for Mothballed Power Generating Modules, Mothballed Generating Units, Mothballed Power Park Modules (including Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Modules), Mothballed HVDC Systems, Mothballed HVDC Converters and Mothballed DC Converters at a DC Converter Station and the capability of gas-fired Generating Units to operate using alternative fuels.

DRC.6.1.16 Schedule 16 – Black Start Information

Comprising information relating to Black Start.

DRC.6.1.17 Schedule 17 – Access Period Schedule

Comprising Access Period information for Transmission Interface Circuits within an Access Group.

DRC.6.1.18 Schedule 18 – Generators Undertaking OTSDUW Arrangements

Comprising electrical parameters relating to **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** between the **Offshore Grid Entry Point** and **Transmission Interface Point**.

DRC.6.1.19 Schedule 19 – User Data File Structure

Comprising information relating to the User Data File Structure.

DRC.6.2 The **Schedules** applicable to each class of **User** are as follows:

<u>User</u>	<u>Schedule</u>
Generators with Large Power Stations	1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 14, 15, 16, 19
Generators with Medium Power Stations (see notes 2, 3, 4)	1, 2 (part), 9, 14, 15, 19
Generators with Small Power Stations directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System	1, 6, 14, 15, 19
Generators undertaking OTSDUW (see note 5)	18, 19
All Users connected directly to the National Electricity Transmission System	5, 6, 9
All Users connected directly to the National Electricity Transmission System other than Generators	10,11,13,17
All Users connected directly to the National Electricity Transmission System with Demand	7, 9
A Pumped Storage Generator, a Generator in respect of one or more Electricity Storage Modules and an Externally Interconnected System Operator and Interconnector Users	12 (as marked)
All Suppliers	12
All Network Operators	12
All BM Participants	8
All DC Converter Station owners	1, 4, 9, 14, 15, 19

Notes:

- (1) **Network Operators** must provide data relating to **Small Power Stations** and/or **Customer Generating Plant Embedded** in their **Systems** when such data is requested by **The Company** pursuant to PC.A.3.1.4 or PC.A.5.1.4.
- (2) The data in schedules 1, 14 and 15 need not be supplied in relation to Medium Power Stations connected at a voltage level below the voltage level of the Subtransmission System except in connection with a CUSC Contract or unless specifically requested by The Company.
- (3) Each Network Operator within whose System an Embedded Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement is situated shall provide the data to The Company in respect of each such Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station or HVDC System.
- (4) In the case of Schedule 2, Generators, HVDC System Owners, DC Converter Station owners or Network Operators in the case of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement, would only be expected to submit data in relation to Standard Planning Data as required by the Planning Code.

(5) In the case of **Generators** undertaking **OTSDUW**, the **Generator** will need to supply **User** data in accordance with the requirements of **Large** or **Small Power Stations** (as defined in DRC.6.2) up to the **Offshore Grid Entry Point**. In addition, the **User** will also need to submit **Offshore Transmission System** data in between the **Interface Point** and its **Connection Points** in accordance with the requirements of Schedule 18.

SCHEDULE 1 - POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA **PAGE 1 OF 19**

ABBREVIATIONS:

SPD = Standard Planning Data **DPD** = **Detailed Planning Data**

% on MVA = % on Rated MVA RC = Registered Capacity MC = Maximum Capacity

% on 100 = % on 100 MVAOC1, BC1, etc = Grid Code for which data is required

CUSC Contract = User data which may be CUSC App. Form = User data which may be submitted to the Relevant submitted to

Transmission Licensees Relevant The Company. Transmission following the acceptance **Licensees** by by a User of a CUSC Company, following an Contract. application by a **User** for

The

a CUSC Contract.

Note:

All parameters, where applicable, are to be measured at nominal System Frequency

- these SPD items should only be given in the data supplied with the application for a CUSC Contract.
- Asterisk items are not required for Small Power Stations and Medium Power Stations Information is to be given on a Unit basis, unless otherwise stated. Where references to CCGT Modules are made, the columns "G1" etc should be amended to read "M1" etc, as appropriate
- These data items may be submitted to the Relevant Transmission Licensees from The Company in respect of the National Electricity Transmission System. The data may be submitted to the Relevant Transmission Licensees in a summarised form e.g. network model; the data transferred will have been originally derived from data submitted by Users to The Company.
- these data items may be submitted to the Relevant Transmission Licensee from The Company in respect to Relevant Units only. The data may be submitted to the Relevant Transmission Licensee in a summarised form e.g. network model; the data transferred will have been originally derived from data submitted by Users to The Company.

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 2 OF 19

POWER STATION NAME:	DATE:
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DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA RTL	\ to	DATA CAT.	GENE	RATIN	G UNI	T OR	STATIC	N DAT	ГА
	0	CUSC Cont	CUSC App.		F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr.		F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr.
GENERATING STATION DEMANDS: Demand associated with the Power Station supplied through the National Electricity Transmission System or the Generator's User System (PC.A.5.2)		ract	Form		0	1	2	3	4	5	6
 The maximum Demand that could occur. Demand at specified time of annual peak half hour of National Electricity Transmission System Demand at Annual ACS Conditions. 	MW MVAr MW MVAr			DPD I DPD I DPD II DPD II							
 Demand at specified time of annual minimum half-hour of National Electricity Transmission System Demand. 	MW MV A r			DPD II DPD II							
(Additional Demand supplied through the unit transformers to be provided below)											
INDIVIDUAL GENERATING UNIT (OR AS THE CASE MAY BE, SYNCHRONOUS POWER GENERATING MODULE OR CCGT MODULE) DATA					G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Point of connection to the National Electricity Transmission System (or the Total System if embedded) of the Generating Unit or Synchronous Power Generating Module (other than a CCGT Unit) or the CCGT Module, as the case may be in terms of geographical and electrical location and system voltage (PC.A.3.4.1)	Text		•	SPD							
If the busbars at the Connection Point are normally run in separate sections identify the section to which the Generating Unit (other than a CCGT Unit) or Synchronous Power Generating Module or CCGT Module, as the case may be is connected (PC.A.3.1.5)	Section Number		-	SPD							

Type of Unit (steam, Gas Turbine						
Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Unit,						
tidal, wind, storage type etc.)						
(PC.A.3.2.2 (h), PC.A.3.4.4)						

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

P	١G	Ε	3	0	F	1	9	
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INDIVIDUAL SYNCHRONOUS POWER GENERATING MODULE GENERATING UNIT (OR AS THE CASE MAY BE, CCGT MODULE) DATA				G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
A list of the Generating Units and CCGT Units within a Synchronous Power Generating Module or CCGT Module, identifying each CCGT Unit, and the Power Generating Module or CCGT Module of which it forms part, unambiguously. In the case of a Range CCGT Module, details of the possible configurations should also be submitted. (PC.A.3.2.2 (g))		•	SPD							

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 4 OF 19

DATA DESCRIPTION	DATA DECORPERATOR	1 15 10000	DAT		DATA	GE		ING U				JLE,
Rated MVA (PCA.3.3.1) Rated eterninal voltage (PCA.5.3.2(a)) Retenterninal voltage (P	DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS			CAT.	C1						QTN1
Rated MVA (PCA.3.3.1) Rated deminal voltage (PCA.5.3.2(a) & WV			Cont	App.		GI	G2	GS	G4	G5	Gb	SIN
Rated MW (PC.A.3.2.1) Rated MW (PC.A.3.2.2) PC.A.5.2.2(a) PC.A.5.2.2(b) PC.A.5.2.2(b) PC.A.5.2.2(b) PErformance Chart at Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit stator terminals (PC.A.3.2.2(b)) Performance Chart of the Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit at the Offshore Grid Entry Point (PC.A.3.2.2(b)) PC.A.5.2.2(b) PC.A.5.2.	Rated MVA (PC.A.3.3.1)	MVA			SPD+							
PCA.5.4.2 (b) Performance Chart at Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit stator teminals (PCA.3.22 (f)) Performance Chart of the Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit at the Offshore Grid Entry Point (PCA.3.22 (f)) Power Generating Module PcA.3.22 (f) Power Generating	, ,			•	_							
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terminals (PC.A.3.22(f)) Performance Chart of the Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit at the Offshore Gard Entry Point (PC.A.3.22(f)) Synchronous Generating Unit at the Offshore Gard Entry Point Performance Chart (PC.A.3.22(f)) Maximum terminal voltage set point (PC.A.3.22(f)) "Maximum terminal voltage set point (PC.A.5.22(f)) "Terminal voltage set point step resolution—if not continuous (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) "Toutput Usable (on a monthly basis) (PC.A.3.22(b)) "Toutput Usable (on a monthly basis) (PC.A.3.22(b)) "Toutput Usable (on a monthly basis) (PC.A.3.22(b)) "MW secs synchronous machines (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Spr (PC.A.3.22(b)) "MW secs synchronous machines (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Short circuit ratio (synchronous nachines) (PC.A.3.2(a)) Normal subtlary load supplied by the Generating Unit at rated MW and MVAr care rating Unit at rated MW and MVAr care rating Unit at rated minal volts and trained terminal volts and	. "				SPD	(see C	ı DC2 for	specifica	ation)	J	ı	'
Performance Chart of the Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit at the Offshore Grid Entry Point (PCA.3.2 (2/0)) *Synchronous Generating Unit Performance Chart of the Synchronous Generating Unit Performance Chart of the Synchronous Power Generating Module Performance Chart of the Synchronous Synchronous Power Generating Module (PCA.3.2 (2/0)) *Terminal voltage sate point (PCA.5.3.2 (a)) & PCA.5.4.2 (b)) *Terminal voltage sate point step resolution in Into continuous (PCA.5.3.2 (a)) & PCA.5.4.2 (b)) *Toutput Usable (on a monthly basis) (PCA.3.2.2 (b)) *Turbo-Generator inertia constant (for synchronous machines) (PCA.5.3.2 (a)) *SpD-William Synchronous Machines (PCA.5.3.2 (a)) *SpD-William Synchronous Machin												
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TO% rated terminal volts 60% rated terminal volts 50% rated terminal volts A DPD II DP												
60% rated terminal volts 50% rated terminal volts A DPD II DPD II IMPEDANCES: (Unsaturated) Direct axis synchronous reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Direct axis stransient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Direct axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Quad axis synch reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Quad axis synch reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Quad axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Stator leakage reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Armature winding direct current A DPD II DPD I DPD												
IMPEDANCES: (Unsaturated) Direct axis synchronous reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Direct axis transient reactance (PC.A.3.3.1(a)& PC.A.5.3.2(a) Direct axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Quad axis synch reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Quad axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Quad axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Stator leakage reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Armature winding direct current Won MVA DPD I												
(Unsaturated) Direct axis synchronous reactance % on MVA (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Direct axistransient reactance % on MVA (PC.A.3.3.1(a)& PC.A.5.3.2(a) Direct axis sub-transient reactance % on MVA (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Quad axis synch reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) % on MVA Quad axis sub-transient reactance % on MVA (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Stator leakage reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) % on MVA Armature winding direct current % on MVA DPD I	50% rated terminal volts	Α			DPD II							
(Unsaturated) Direct axis synchronous reactance % on MVA (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Direct axistransient reactance % on MVA (PC.A.3.3.1(a)& PC.A.5.3.2(a) Direct axis sub-transient reactance % on MVA (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Quad axis synch reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) % on MVA Quad axis sub-transient reactance % on MVA (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Stator leakage reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) % on MVA Armature winding direct current % on MVA DPD I	IMPEDANCES:											
(PC.A.5.3.2(a)) □ SPD+ Direct axistransient reactance (PC.A.3.3.1(a)& PC.A.5.3.2(a) □ SPD+ Direct axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) □ On MVA □ Quad axis synch reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) □ On MVA □ Quad axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) □ On MVA □ Quad axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) □ On MVA □ Stator leakage reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) □ On MVA □ Armature winding direct current □ On MVA □	(Unsaturated)											
Direct axistransient reactance (PC.A.3.3.1(a)& PC.A.5.3.2(a) Direct axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Quad axis synch reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Quad axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Stator leakage reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Armature winding direct current * on MVA DPD I	,	% on MVA			DPD I							
(PC.A.3.3.1(a)& PC.A.5.3.2(a) Direct axis sub-transient reactance % on MVA (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Quad axis synch reactance % on MVA Quad axis sub-transient reactance % on MVA (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Stator leakage reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) % on MVA Armature winding direct current % on MVA DPD I	(//	% on MVA		•	SPD+							
(PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Quad axissynch reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) % on MVA Quad axissub-transient reactance % on MVA (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Stator leakage reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) % on MVA Armature winding direct current % on MVA DPD I DPD I DPD I	(PC.A.3.3.1(a)& PC.A.5.3.2(a)											
Quad axissynch reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) % on MVA		% on MVA			DPD I							
Quad axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) Stator leakage reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) % on MVA DPD I Armature winding direct current % on MVA DPD I		% on MVA			DPD I							
Stator leakage reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a)) % on MVA	Quad axis sub-transient reactance				DPD I							
Armature winding direct current % on MVA □ DPD I		0/ on M/\/^			ו חפח							

In Sco	tland, negative sequence resistance	% on MVA			DPD I							
(PC.A.	2.5.6 (a) (iv)											
Note:-	te:- the above data item relating to armature winding direct-current resistance need only be provided by Generators in relation to											
	Generating Units or Synchron	ous Genera	ting Un	its withi	n Power	Genera	ating Mo	dules c	ommissi	oned aft	er 1st M	arch
	1996 and in cases wh	nere, for what	ever re	ason, th	e Genera	i tor isa	ware of	the valu	e of the	data iter	n.	

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 5 OF 19

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS DATA to		DATA CAT.	GENE	RATI	NG U	NIT OF	OR STATION DATA			
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
TIME CONSTANTS											
(Short-circuit and Unsaturated)											
Direct axis transient time constant	S			DPD I							
(PC.A.5.3.2(a))											
Direct axis sub-transient time constant (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	S			DPD I							
Quadrature axis sub-transient time constant (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	S			DPD I							
Stator time constant (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	S			DPD I							
MECHANICAL PARAMETERS											
(PC.A.5.3.2(a))				DDD							
The number of turbine generator masses	17 2			DPD II							
Diagram showing the Inertia and	Kgm²			DPD II							
parameters for each turbine generator mass for the complete drive train				DPD II							
Diagram showing Stiffness constants and	Nm/rad			DPD II							
parameters between each turbine generator	Milinaa			DPD II							
mass for the complete drive train				וו טרט וו							
Number of poles				DPD II							
Relative power applied to different parts of	%			DPD II							
the turbine											
Torsional mode frequencies	Hz			DPD II							
Modal damping decrement factors for the				DPD II							
different mechanical modes											
GENERATING UNIT STEP-UP											
TRANSFORMER											
Rated MVA (PC.A.3.3.1 & PC.A.5.3.2)	MVA			SPD+							
Voltage Ratio (PC.A.5.3.2)	-		-	DPDI							
Positive sequence reactance: (PC.A.5.3.2)											
Maxtap	% on MVA			SPD+							
Min tap	% on MVA			SPD+							
Nominaltap	% on MVA			SPD+							
Positive sequence resistance: (PC.A.5.3.2)											
Maxtap	% on MVA			DPD II							
Min tap	% on MVA			DPD II							
Nominaltap	% on MVA			DPD II							
Zero phase sequence reactance	% on MVA			DPD II							
(PC.A.5.3.2)	.0/ / 0/			DD2 ::							
Tap change range (PC.A.5.3.2)	+% / -%			DPD II DPD II							
Tap change step size (PC.A.5.3.2) Tap changer type: on-load or off-circuit	% On/Off			DPD II							
(PC.A.5.3.2)	OH/OH			וו טרט וו							

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 6 OF 19

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DAT R1		DATA CAT.	GEN	IERAT	ING L	JNIT OF	R STAT	TION I	DATA
DATA DESCRIPTION	OINIO	CUSC Contract	CUSC App.	CA I.	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
EXCITATION:		Sommatt	Form								
	rOntion 1 h -	low ===	V 00 241	inuo to ba	nrov <i>i</i> i d	00 677	 Ponsta	tore in -	olotico :	to Gar	orofine
Note: The data items requested under Units on the System at 9 January	ary 1995 (in th	nispara	graph	, the "relev	ant da	ıte") or t	hey ma	y provid	e the n	ew dat	a items
set out under Option 2. General Generating Unit and Synchron							•			•	,
date, those Generating Unit or	Synchronou	s Pow	er Ge	nerating L	Jnit ex	citation	contro	l system:	s recom	missio	ned for
any reason such as refurbishme excitation control systems where	e, as a result o	of testin	g or of	ther proces	ss, the	Gener	ator is	aware of			_
under Option 2 in relation to that	t Generating	Unit or: 	Synch 	ronous Po	ower (Senera [·]	ting Un	it.			
Option 1											
DC gain of Excitation Loop (PC.A.5.3.2(c))				DPD II							
Max field voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) Min field voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c))	V			DPD II DPD II							ļ
Rated field voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c))	V			DPD II							
Max rate of change of field volts: (PC.A.5.3.2(c))											
Rising Falling	V/Sec V/Sec			DPD II DPD II							
railing	V/3eC			וו טרט וו							
Details of Excitation Loop (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) Described in block diagram form showing	Diagram			DPD II	(plea	se atta	ch)				
transfer functions of individual elements						ī	1				
Dynamic characteristics of over-excitation				DPD II							
limiter (PC.A.5.3.2(c))				DPD II							
Dynamic characteristics of under-excitation limiter (PC.A.5.3.2(c))				וו טייט							
Option 2											
Exciter category, e.g. Rotating Exciter, or	Text		•	SPD							
Static Exciter etc (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) Excitation System Nominal (PC.A.5.3.2(c))											
Response	Sec ⁻¹			DPD II							
V_E Rated Field Voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) U_{fN}	V			DPD II							
No-load Field Voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) Uto Excitation System On-Load (PC.A.5.3.2(c))	V			DPD II							
Positive Ceiling Voltage Upl.	V			DPD II							
Excitation System No-Load (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) Positive Ceiling Voltage	V			DPD II							
Excitation System No-Load (PC.A.5.3.2(c))											
Negative Ceiling Voltage Upo. Power System Stabiliser (PSS) fitted	V			DPD II							
(PC.A.3.4.2)	Yes/No		•	SPD							
Stator Current Limit (PC.A.5.3.2(c))	А			DPD II							
Details of Excitation System (PC.A.5.3.2(c),											
(including PSS iffitted) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions				DPD II							
individual elements.	= 1										
Details of Over-excitation Limiter											
(PC.A.5.3.2(c)) described in blockdiagram form showing	Diagram			DPD II							
transfer functions of individual elements.	Jagiani			"							
Details of Under-excitation Limiter											
(PC.A.5.3.2(c)) described in blockdiagram form showing	Diagram			DPD II							
Issue 6 Revision 1	,	DI	RC		1	•	. !	I	1	∣8 Mar	ch 2021

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transfer functions of individual elements.						

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 7 OF 19

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA RT		DATA CAT.	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION D						ATA
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
GOVERNOR AND ASSOCIATED PRIME MO	I VER PARA	 <u> </u> METE	RS_] I							
Note: The data items requested under Op on the System at 9 January 1995 under Option 2. Generators must such as a refurbishment after the releccontrol systems where, as a result of 2 in relation to that Generating Unit Option 1	(in this part upply the onerating to us Power evant date of testing or	agraph, data as: Jnit gov Genera and Ge	the "reset out vernor ating Union eneration	elevant da under Op control sy Jnit gover ing Unit a s, the Gen	ate") or the stion 2 (and stems of the street of the stree	hey mand not in one of the commission of the contract of the c	y provious those ur sioned a ems recurs Power	de the r nder Op after th ommis er Gen	new dat otion 1) t e releva sioned erating	a items for Gen ant date for any Unit g	set out erating e, those reason overnor
•											
UNITS) (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 1(i))											
HP Governor average gain	MW/Hz			DPD II							
Speeder motor setting range	Hz			DPD II							
HP governor valve time constant	S			DPD II							
HP governor valve opening limits HP governor valve rate limits				DPD II DPD II							
Re-heat time constant (stored Active Energy in reheater)	S			DPD II							
IP governor average gain	MW/Hz			DPD II							
IP governor setting range	Hz			DPD II							
IP governor time constant	S			DPD II							
IP governor valve opening limits				DPD II							
IP governor valve rate limits Details of acceleration sensitive				DPD II DPD II	(please	 attach	') 				
elements HP & IP in governor loop				וו טרט וו	(prease	allaci	1)				
Governor blockdiagram showing transfer functions of individual elements				DPD II	(please	attach	n)				
GOVERNOR (Non-reheat steam and Gas Turbines) (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 1(ii))											
Governor average gain	MW/Hz			DPD II							
Speeder motor setting range				DPD II							
Time constant of steam or fuel governor valve	S			DPD II							
Governor valve opening limits Governor valve rate limits				DPD II DPD II							
Time constant of turbine	s			DPD II							
Governorblockdiagram				DPD II	(please	attach	1)				

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 8 OF 19

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DAT.		DATA CAT.	GENI	ERATI	NG U	INIT O	R STA	TION	DATA
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 1(iii)) BOILER & STEAM TURBINE DATA*											
Boiler time constant (Stored Active Energy)	S			DPD II							
HP turbine response ratio: (Proportion of Primary Response arising from HP turbine)	%			DPD II							
HP turbine response ratio: (Proportion of High Frequency Response arising from HP turbine)	%			DPD II							
Option 2	E	nd of C	ption	1 							
All Generating Units and Synchronous Power Generating Units											
Governor Block Diagram showing transfer function of individual elements including acceleration sensitive elements				DPD II							
Governor Time Constant (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option2(i)) # Governor Deadband (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option2(i))	Sec			DPD II							
- Maximum Setting - Normal Setting - Minimum Setting	±Hz ±Hz ±Hz			DPD II DPD II DPD II							
Speeder Motor Setting Range (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option2(i))	%			DPD II							
Average Gain (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option2(i))	MW/Hz			DPD II							
Steam Units (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option2(ii))											
HP Valve Time Constant	sec			DPD II							
HP Valve Opening Limits	%			DPD II							
HP Valve Opening Rate Limits	%/sec			DPD II DPD II							
HP Valve Closing Rate Limits HP Turbine Time Constant	%/sec sec			DPD II							
(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option2(ii))				5. 5							
IP Valve Time Constant	sec			DPD II							
IP Valve Opening Limits	%			DPD II							
IP Valve Opening Rate Limits	%/sec			DPD II							
IP Valve Closing Rate Limits IP Turbine Time Constant	%/sec			DPD II DPD II							
(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option2(ii))	sec			וו טייט							
LP Valve Time Constant	sec			DPD II							
LP Valve Opening Limits	%			DPD II							
LP Valve Opening Rate Limits	%/sec			DPD II							
LP Valve Closing Rate Limits LP Turbine Time Constant (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option2(ii))	%/sec sec			DPD II DPD II							
ReheaterTimeConstant	sec			DPD II							
Boiler Time Constant	sec			DPD II							
HP Power Fraction	%			DPD II							
IP Power Fraction	%			DPD II							

[#] Where the generating unit or synchronous power generating unit governor does not have a selectable deadband facility, then the actual value of the deadband need only be provided.

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 9 OF 19

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS		A to	DATA CAT.	GEN	IERATI	NG U	NIT OF	R STAT	TON D	ATA
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Gas Turbine Units (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(iii)) Inlet Guide Vane Time Constant Inlet Guide Vane Opening Limits Inlet Guide Vane Opening Rate Limits Inlet Guide Vane Closing Rate Limits (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(iii)) Fuel Valve Time Constant Fuel Valve Opening Limits Fuel Valve Opening Rate Limits Fuel Valve Closing Rate Limits Fuel Valve Closing Rate Limits Fuel Valve Closing Rate Limits (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(iii)) Waste Heat Recovery Boiler Time Constant	sec % %/sec %/sec sec % %/sec %/sec			DPD II							
Hydro Generating Units (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option2(iv)) Guide Vane Actuator Time Constant Guide Vane Opening Limits Guide Vane Opening Rate Limits Guide Vane Closing Rate Limits	sec % %/sec %/sec			DPD II DPD II DPD II DPD II							
Water Time Constant	sec			DPD II							
Synchronous Electricity Storage Units and Modules (PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(v)											
Valve Actuator Time Constant Valve Opening Limits Valve Opening Rate Limits Valve Closing Rate Limits	sec % %/sec %/sec			DPD II DPD II DPD II DPD II							
For Synchronous Electricity Storage Modules which are derived from compressed air energy storage systems the above data should be provided. For other Synchronous Electricity Storage Modules data should be supplied as required by The Company in accordance with PC.A.7.											
	E	nd of C	 ption 2 								
UNIT CONTROL OPTIONS* (PC.A.5.3.2(e) Maximum droop Normal droop Minimum droop	% % %			DPD II DPD II DPD II							
Maximum Gov ernor Deadband Normal Gov ernor Deadband Minimum Governor Deadband				DPD II DPD II							
Maximum Frequency Response Deadband ¹ Normal Frequency Response Deadband ¹ Minimum Frequency Response Deadband ¹	±Hz ±Hz ±Hz			DPD II DPD II DPD II							
Maximum Frequency Response Insensitivity ¹ Normal Frequency Response Insensitivity ¹ Minimum Frequency Response Insensitivity ¹	±Hz ±Hz ±Hz			DPDII DPDII DPDII							

	±Hz ±Hz ±Hz					
Frequency settings between which						
Unit Load Controller droop applies:						
Maximum	Hz	DPD II				
Normal	Hz	DPD II				
Minimum	Hz	DPD II				
Sustained response normally selected Data required only in respect of Large Power	Yes/No	DPD II				
Stations comprising Type C and Type D Power						
Generating Modules owned and operated by						
EU Code Generators.						

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 10 OF 19

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DAT.		DATA CAT.				NIT (O			
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Power Park Module Rated MVA (PC.A.3.3.1(a))	MVA		•	SPD+							
Power Park Module Rated MW (PC.A.3.3.1(a))	MW		-	SPD+							
*Performance Chart of a Power Park Module at the connection point (<i>PC.A.3.2.2(f)(ii)</i>)				SPD	(see OC	C2 fors	pecific	ation)	ı		
*Output Usable (on a monthly basis) (PC.A.3.2.2(b))	MW			SPD	(except require this dat 3)	d on a	unit ba	sisund	erthe	Grid C	ode,
Number & Type of Power Park Units within each Power Park Module (<i>PC.A.3.2.2(k)</i>)				SPD	,						
Number & Type of Offshore Power Park Units within each Offshore Power Park String and the number of Offshore Power Park Strings and connection point within each Offshore Power Park Module (PC.A.3.2.2.(k))				SPD							
In the case where an appropriate Manufacturer's Data & Performance Report is registered with The Company then subject to The Company's agreement, the report reference may be given as an alternative to completion of the following sections of this Schedule 1 to the end of page 11 with the exception of the sections marked thus # below.	Reference the Manufacturer's Data & Performance Report			SPD							
Power Park Unit Model (including Non Synchronous Electricity Storage Units) - A validated mathematical model in accordance with PC.5.4.2 (a)	Transfer function blockdiagram and algebraic equations, simulation and measured test results			DPD II							

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 11 OF 19

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DAT.		DATA CAT.	POWER						
		CUSC	CUSC		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
		Contract	App. Form								
Power Park Unit Data (where applicable)											
Rated MVA (PC.A.3.3.1(e))	MVA		•	SPD+							
Rated MW (PC.A.3.3.1(e))	MW		•	SPD+							
Rated terminal voltage (PC.A.3.3.1(e))	V		•	SPD+							
Site minimum air density (PC.A.5.4.2(b))	kg/m³			DPD II							
Site maximum air density	kg/m³		•	DPD II							
Site average air density	kg/m³		•	DPD II							
Year for which air density data is submitted			•	DPD II							
Number of pole pairs				DPD II							
Blade swept area	m²			DPD II							
Gear Box Ratio				DPD II							
Stator Resistance (PC.A.5.4.2(b))	% on MVA		•	SPD+							
Stator Reactance (PC.A.3.3.1(e))	% on MVA		•	SPD+							
Magnetising Reactance (PC.A.3.3.1(e))	% on MVA		•	SPD+							
Rotor Resistance (at starting).	% on MVA			DPD II							
(PC.A.5.4.2(b))											
Rotor Resistance (at rated running)	% on MVA		•	SPD+							
(PC.A.3.3.1(e))											
Rotor Reactance (at starting).	% on MVA			DPD II							
(PC.A.5.4.2(b))											
Rotor Reactance (at rated running)	% on MVA		•	SPD							
(PC.A.3.3.1(e))											
Equivalent inertia constant of the first mass	MW secs		•	SPD+							
(e.g. wind turbine rotor and blades) at	/MVA										
minimum speed											
(PC.A.5.4.2(b))											
Equivalent inertia constant of the first mass	MW secs		•	SPD+							
(e.g. wind turbine rotor and blades) at	/MVA										
synchronous speed (PC.A.5.4.2(b))											
Equivalent inertia constant of the first mass	MW secs		•	SPD+							
(e.g. wind turbine rotor and blades) at rated	/MVA										
speed											
(PC.A.5.4.2(b))											
Equivalent inertia constant of the second	MW secs		•	SPD+							
mass (e.g. generator rotor) at minimum speed	/MVA										
(PC.A.5.4.2(b))											
Equivalent inertia constant of the second	MW secs		•	SPD+							
mass (e.g. generator rotor) at synchronous	/MVA										
speed (PC.A.5.4.2(b))	B 43.47			0.55							
Equivalent inertia constant of the second	MW secs		•	SPD+							
mass (e.g. generator rotor) at rated speed	/MVA										
(PC.A.5.4.2(b))	Nine / alla atri l			CDD							
Equivalent shaft stiffness between the two	Nm / electrical		•	SPD+							
masses (PC.A.5.4.2(b))	radian										

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 12 OF 19

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DAT/		DATA CAT.				NIT (O			
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Minimum generator rotor speed (Doubly Fed Induction Generators) (PC.A.3.3.1(e))	RPM		•	SPD+							
Maximum generator rotor speed (Doubly Fed Induction Generators) (PC.A.3.3.1(e))	RPM		•	SPD+							
The optimum generator rotor speed versus wind speed (PC.A.5.4.2(b))	tabular format			DPD II							
Power Converter Rating (Doubly Fed Induction Generators) (PC.A.5.4.2(b))	MVA			DPD II							
The rotor power coefficient (C_p) versus tip speed ratio (λ) curves for a range of blade angles (where applicable) $(PC.A.5.4.2(b))$	Diagram + tabular format			DPD II							
# The electrical power output versus generator rotor speed for a range of wind speeds over the entire operating range of the Power Park Unit . (PC.A.5.4.2(b))	Diagram + tabular format			DPD II							
The blade angle versus wind speed curve (PC.A.5.4.2(b))	Diagram + tabular format			DPD II							
The electrical power output versus wind speed over the entire operating range of the Power Park Unit . (PC.A.5.4.2(b))	Diagram + tabular format			DPD II							
Transfer function blockdiagram, parameters and description of the operation of the power electronic converter including fault ride though capability (where applicable). (PC.A.5.4.2(b))	Diagram			DPD II							
		-									
For a Power Park Unit consisting of a synchronous machine in combination with a back to back DC Converter or HVDC Converter , or for a Power Park Unit not driven by a wind turbine, the data to be supplied shall be agreed with The Company in accordance with PC.A.7. (<i>PC.A.5.4.2(b)</i>)											

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 13 OF 19

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DAT/ RT		DATA CAT.	PC			JNIT (O THE C			
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Torque / Speed and blade angle control systems and parameters (PC.A.5.4.2(c))	Diagram		7 3	DPD II							
For the Power Park Unit , details of the torque / speed controller and blade angle controller in the case of a wind turbine and power limitation functions (where applicable) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements											
# Voltage/ Reactive Power/Power Factor control system parameters (<i>PC.A.5.4.2(d)</i>)	Diagram			DPD II							
# For the Power Park Unit and Power Park Module details of Voltage/Reactive Power/Power Factor controller (and PSS iffitted) described in block diagram form including parameters showing transfer functions of individual elements.											
# Frequency control system parameters (PC.A.5.4.2(e)) # For the Power Park Unit and Power Park Module details of the Frequency controller described in blockdiagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements.	Diagram			DPD II							
As an alternative to PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)	Diagram			DPD II							
and (f), is the submission of a single complete model that consists of the full information required under PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d) (e) and (f) provided that all the information required under PC.A.5.4.2 (a), b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) individually is clearly identifiable. (PC.A.5.4.2(g))											
# Harmonic Assessment Information (PC.A.5.4.2(h)) (as defined in IEC 61400-21 (2001)) for each Power											
Park Unit:-				ו מפת							_
# Flicker coefficient for continuous operation # Flicker step factor				DPD I							
# Number of switching operations in a 10 minute window				DPD I							
# Number of switching operations in a 2 hour window				DPD I							
# Voltage change factor				DPD I							
# Current Injection at each harmonic for each Power Park Unit and for each Power Park Module Note:- Generators who own or operate DC Connected	Tabular format			DPD I							

Note:- Generators who own or operate DC Connected Power Park Modules shall supply all data for their DC Connected Power Park Modules as applicable to Power Park Modules.

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 14 OF 19

HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER STATION TECHNICAL DATA

HVDC SYSTEM OR DC CONVERTER STATION NAME

DAT		

Data Description	Units	DATA RTL	to	Data Category	DC Converter Station Data
(PC.A.4)	•	CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	,	
HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER STATION DEMANDS:					
Demand supplied through Station Transformers associated with the DC Converter Station and HVDC System [PC.A.4.1]	MW MV A r			DPD II DPD II	
 Demand with all DC Converters and HVDC Converters within and HVDc System operating at Rated MW import. 	MW MV A r			DPD II DPD II	
 Demand with all DC Converters and HVDC Converters within an HVDC System operating at Rated MW export. 					
Additional Demand associated with the DC Converter Station or HVDC System supplied through the National Electricity Transmission System . [PC.A.4.1]	MW MV A r			DPD II DPD II	
- The maximum Demand that could occur.	MW MV A r			DPD II DPD II	
 Demand at specified time of annual peak half hour of The Company Demand at Annual ACS Conditions. 	MW MV A r			DPD II DPD II	
 Demand at specified time of annual minimum half-hour of The Company Demand. 	Text		•	SPD+	
DC CONVERTER STATION AND HVDC System Data	Text		•	SPD+	
Number of poles, i.e. number of DC Converters or HVDC Converters within the HVDC System			•	SPD+	
Pole arrangement (e.g. monopole or bipole)			•		
Details of each viable operating configuration	Diagram			SPD	
Configuration 1 Configuration 2 Configuration 3	Diagram Diagram Diagram Diagram				

Configuration 4	Diagram			
Configuration 5				
Configuration 6	Diagram			
Remote ac connection arrangement				

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER PARK MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

PAGE 15 OF 19

Data Description	Units	DATA		Data	Ope	rating	Con	figura	tion	
		RT	_	Category						
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6
DC CONVERTER STATION AND HVDC SYSTEM DATA (PC.A.3.3.1d)										
DC Converter or HVDC Converter Type (e.g. current or Voltage source)	Text		•	SPD						
Point of connection to the National Electricity Transmission System (or the Total System if Embedded) of the DC Converter Station or HVDC System configuration in terms of geographical and electrical location and system voltage	Text		•	SPD						
If the busbars at the Connection Point are normally run in separate sections identify the section to which the DC Converter Station or HVDC System configuration is connected	Section Number MW		•	SPD +						
Rated MW import per pole [PC.A.3.3.1]	MW		•	SPD +						
Rated MW export per pole [PC.A.3.3.1]			•							

Data Description	Units	DAT/ RT		Data Category	Оре	erating	Con	figura	tion	
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	0 ,	1	2	3	4	5	6
ACTIVE POWER TRANSFER CAPABILITY (PC.A.3.2.2)										
Registered Capacity Registered Import Capacity	MW MW		:	SPD						
Minimum Generation Minimum Import Capacity	MW MW		:	SPD						
Maximum HVDC Active Power Transmission Capacity	MW MW			SPD						
Minimum Active Power Transmission Capacity	MW			SPD						
Import MW available in excess of Registered Import Capacity and Maximum Active Power Transmission Capacity				SPD						
Time duration for which MW in excess of Registered Import Capacity is available	Min			SPD						
Export MW available in excess of Registered Capacity and Maximum Active Power	MW			SPD						
Transmission Capacity. Time duration for which MW in excess of Registered Capacity is available	Min			SPD						

SCHEDULE 1 -POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 16 OF 19

Data Description	Units	DAT.		Data Category	Оре	erating	Con	figura	ition	
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	,	1	2	3	4	5	6
DC CONVERTER AND HVDC CONVERTER TRANSFORMER [PC.A.5.4.3.1]										
Rated MVA	MVA			DPD II						
Winding arrangement		_								
Nominal primary voltage	kV			DPD II						
Nominal secondary (converter-side) voltage(s)	kV			DPD II						
Positive sequence reactance										
Maximum tap	% on MVA			DPD II						
Nominal tap	% on MVA			DPD II						
Minimum tap	% on MVA			DPD II						
Positive sequence resistance		_								
Maximum tap	% on MVA			DPD II						
Nominal tap	% on MVA			DPD II						
Minimum tap	% on MVA			DPD II						
Zero phase sequence reactance	% on MVA			DPD II						
Tap change range	+% / -%			DPD II						
Number of steps				DPD II						

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM, POWER PARK MODULE AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 17 OF 19

Data Description	Units	DATA	to RTL	Data Category	Ope	erating	con	ating configuration			
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	- Tanaga y	1	2	3	4	5	6	
DC NETWORK [PC.A.5.4.3.1 (c)]											
Rated DC voltage per pole Rated DC current per pole Details of the DC Network described in diagram formincluding resistance, inductance and capacitance of all DC cables and/or DC lines. Details of any line reactors (including line reactor	kV A Diagram			DPD II DPD II DPD II							
resistance), line capacitors, DC filters, earthing electrodes and other conductors that form part of the DC Network should be shown.											
DC CONVERTER STATION AND HVDC SYSTEM AC HARMONIC FILTER AND REACTIVE COMPENSATION EQUIPMENT [PC.A.5.4.3.1 (d)]											
For all switched reactive compensation equipment	Diagram Text			DPD II							
Total number of AC filter banks Diagram of filter connections Type of equipment (e.g. fixed or variable) Capacitive rating; or Inductive rating; or Operating range	Diagram Text MVAr MVAr MVAr		:	DPD II DPD II DPD II DPD II DPD II DPD II							
Reactive Power capability as a function of various MW transfer levels	Table			DPD II							

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 18 OF 19

Data Description	Units	DAT	A to	Data	Ор	erat	ing			
		RT	_	Category	CO	nfigu	ıratio	on		
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6

CONTROL SYSTEMS [PC.A.5.4.3.2]					ĺ	
$\begin{split} \text{Static V}_{\text{DC}} - P_{\text{DC}} & (\text{DC voltage} - \text{DC power}) \text{ or} \\ \text{Static V}_{\text{DC}} - I_{\text{DC}} & (\text{DC voltage} - \text{DC current}) \text{ characteristic (as} \\ & \text{appropriate) when operating as} \\ & - \text{Rectifier} \\ & - \text{Inverter} \end{split}$						
Details of rectifier mode control system, in block diagram form together with parameters showing transfer functions of individual elements.	Diagram Diagram		DPD II DPD II			
Details of inverter mode control system, in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of converter transformer tap changer control system in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters. (Only required for DC Converters and HVDC Systems connected to the National Electricity Transmission System.)	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of AC filter and reactive compensation equipment control systems in blockdiagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters. (Only required for DC Converters and HVDC Systems connected to the National Electricity Transmission System.)	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of any frequency and/or load control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of any large or small signal modulating controls, such as power oscillation damping controls or sub-synchronous oscillation damping controls, that have not been submitted as part of the above control system data.	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of HVDC Converter unit models and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of AC component models and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of DC Grid models and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements induding parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of Voltage and power controller and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of Special control features if applicable (e.g., power oscillation damping (POD) function, subsynchronous torsional interaction (SSTI) control and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of Multi terminal control, if applicable and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of HVDC System protection models as agreed between The Company the HVDC System Owner and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
Transfer blockdiagram representation of the reactive power control at converter ends for a voltage source converter	Diagram		DPD II			
Transfer blockdiagram representation of the reactive power control at converter ends for a voltage source converter.						

Data Description	Units	DATA to RTL		RTL		RTL Ca		Data Category	Operating configuration				
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6			

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA PAGE 19 OF 19

Data Description	Units	DATA to		Data	Operating configuration							
		R	TL	Category								
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6		
LOADING PARAMETERS [PC.A.5.4.3.3]												
MW Export												
Nominal loading rate	MW/s			DPD I								
Maximum (emergency) loading rate	MW/s			DPD I								
MW Import												
Nominal loading rate	MW/s			DPD I								
Maximum (emergency) loading rate	MW/s			DPD I								
Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following an AC system fault or severe voltage depression.	S			DPD II								
Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following a transient DC Network fault.	s			DPD II								

NOTE: Users are referred to Schedules 5 & 14 which set down data required for all Users directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System, including Power Stations. Generators undertaking OTSDUW Arrangements and are utilising an OTSDUW DC Converter are referred to Schedule 18.

SCHEDULE 2 - GENERATION PLANNING PARAMETERS PAGE 1 OF 3

This schedule contains the **Genset Generation Planning Parameters** required by **The Company** to facilitate studies in **Operational Planning** timescales.

For a **Generating Unit** including those within a **Power Generating Module** (other than a **Power Park Unit**) at a **Large Power Station**, the information is to be submitted on a unit basis and for a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** at a **Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a module basis, unless otherwise stated.

Where references to **CCGT Modules** or **Power Park Modules** at a **Large Power Station** are made, the columns "G1" etc should be amended to read "M1" etc, as appropriate.

Power Station:	

Generation Planning Parameters

Series and Francisco	– -	DATA to DATA RTL CAT.				GE	NSET	OR ST	OITA	NDATA	
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	CAT.	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
OUTPUT CAPABILITY (PC.A.3.2.2) Registered Capacity on a station and unit basis (on a station and module basis in the case of a CCGT Module or Power Park Module at a Large Power Station)	MW		•	SPD							
Maximum Capacity on a Power Generating Module basis and Synchronous Generating Unit basis and Registered Capacity on a Power Station basis)	MW		•	SPD							
Minimum Generation (on a module basis in the case of a CCGT Module or Power Park Module at a Large Power Station)	MW		-	SPD							
Minimum Stable Operating Level (on a module basis in the case of a Power Generating Module at a Large Power Station	MW		•	SPD							
MW available from Power Generating Modules and Generating Units or Power Park Modules in excess of Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity	MW		-	SPD							
REGIME UNAVAILABILITY											
These data blocks are provided to allow fixed periods of unavailability to be registered.											
Expected Running Regime. Is Power Station normally available for full output 24 hours per day, 7 days per week? If No please provide details of unavailability below. (PC.A.3.2.2.)			•	SPD							
Earliest Synchronising time: <i>OC2.4.2.1(a)</i> Monday Tuesday – Friday Saturday – Sunday	hr/min hr/min hr/min	•		OC2 OC2 OC2							-
Latest De-Synchronising time: <i>OC2.4.2.1(a)</i> Monday – Thursday Friday Saturday – Sunday	hr/min hr/min hr/min	•		OC2 OC2 OC2							- - -
SYNCHRONISING PARAMETERS OC2.4.2.1(a) Notice to Deviate from Zero (NDZ) after 48 hour Shutown	Mins	•		OC2							

Station Synchronising Intervals(SI) after 48 hour Shutdow n	Mins	•		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Synchronising Group (if applicable)	1 to 4		OC2							-	١

SCHEDULE 2 - GENERATION PLANNING PARAMETERS PAGE 2 OF 3

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DAT R	A to	DATA CAT.		GE	NSET (OR STA	TION DA	ATA	
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Synchronising Generation (SYG) after 48 hour Shutdown PC.A.5.3.2(f) & OC2.4.2.1(a)	MW	•		DPD II & OC2							-
De-Synchronising Intervals (Single value) OC2.4.2.1(a)	Mins	•		OC2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
RUNNING AND SHUTDOWN PERIOD LIMITATIONS:											
Minimum Non Zero time (MNZT) after 48 hour Shutdown <i>OC2.4.2.1(a)</i>	Mins	•		OC2							
Minimum Zero time (MZT) OC2.4.2.1(a)	Mins			OC2							
Existing AGR Plant Flexibility Limit (Existing AGR Plant only)	No.			OC2							
80% Reactor Thermal Power (expressed as Gross-Net MW) (Existing AGR Plant only)	MW			OC2							
Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit (Frequency Sensitive AGR Units only)	No.			OC2							
RUN-UP PARAMETERS PC.A.5.3.2(f) & OC2.4.2.1(a) Run-up rates (RUR) after 48 hour Shutdown: (See note 2 page 3) MW Level 1 (MWL1)	(Note the	at for □	 PD o	DPD II	value o Capacity			om Synd	ch Gen to	Regist	ered -
MW Level 2 (MWL2)	MW	•		OC2 DPD II OC2							-
RUR from Synch. Gen to MWL1	MW/Mins	•		DPD II OC2							
RUR from MWL1 to MWL2 RUR from MWL2 to RC	MW/Mins MW/Mins	:		OC2 OC2							
Run-Down Rates (RDR):	(Note that	i for DPI	ı D only I	/ a single va	I alue of ru synch is I			om Reg	istered C	ı Sapacity I	to de-
MWL2	MW	-		DPD II							
RDR from RC to MWL2	MW/Min			OC2 DPD II OC2							
MWL1	MW			DPD II							
RDR from MWL2 to MWL1	MW/Min			OC2 DPD II							
RDR from MWL1 to de-synch	MW/Min	•		OC2 DPD II OC2							

SCHEDULE 2 - GENERATION PLANNING PARAMETERS PAGE 3 OF 3

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA RTL	to	DATA CAT.		GENSE	T OP	STATI	ON D	Λ Τ Λ	
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS		CUSC App. Form	CAT.	G1	GENSE G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
REGULATION PARAMETERS OC2.4.2.1(a)			TOITI								
Regulating Range Load rejection capability while still	MW	•		DPD II DPD II							
Synchronised and able to supply Load.											
GAS TURBINE LOADING PARAMETERS: OC2.4.2.1(a)											
Fast loading	MW/Min	•		OC2							
Slow loading	MW/Min	•		OC2							
CCGT MODULE PLANNING MATRIX				OC2	(pleas	I e attacl I	 า) 				
POWER PARK MODULE PLANNING MATRIX				OC2	(pleas	i e attach	n)		Ī		
Power Park Module Active Power Output/ Intermittent Power Source Curve (e.g., MW output / Wind speed)				OC2	(pleas	 e attacl	 n) 				

NOTES:

- (1) To allow for different groups of **Gensets** within a **Power Station** (e.g., **Gensets** with the same operator) each **Genset** may be allocated to one of up to four **Synchronising Groups**. Within each such **Synchronising Group** the single synchronising interval will apply but between **Synchronising Groups** a zero synchronising interval will be assumed.
- (2) The run-up of a **Genset** from synchronising block load to **Registered Capacity** or **Maximum Capacity** is represented as a three stage characteristic in which the run-up rate changes at two intermediate loads, MWL1 and MWL2. The values MWL1 & MWL2 can be different for each **Genset**.

SCHEDULE 3 - LARGE POWER STATION OUTAGE PROGRAMMES, OUTPUT USABLE AND INFLEXIBILITY INFORMATION PAGE 1 OF 3

(Also outline information on contracts involving External Interconnections)

For a **Generating Unit** at a **Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a unit basis and for a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** at a **Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a module basis, unless otherwise stated.

		UNITS	TIME COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT.	DATA to
Power Station name: Generating Unit (or CCGT Modul Large Power Station) number: Registered Capacity:	e or Power Park Module at a					
Large Power Station OUTAGE PROGRAMME	Large Power Station OUTPUT USABLE					
<u>PL</u>	ANNING FOR YEARS 3 - 7 AHE	<u>\D</u> (OC2.4.:	1.2.1(a)(i), (e) &	(j))		
	Monthly average OU	MW	F. yrs 5 - 7	Week 24	SPD	CUSC CUSC Contract App. Form
Provisional outage programme			C. yrs 3 - 5	Week 2	OC2	
comprising: duration		weeks	"	"	"	
preferred start		date	п	n n	"	-
earliest start		date	п	"	"	•
latest finish		date	"	II .	"	•
			Т "		"	
	Weekly OU	MW	"			
(The Company rest		MW		Week12)		•
	Weekly OU onse as detailed in OC2 The Company suggested change		C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week12) Week14)		-
(Users ' response to potential outages)	oonse as detailed in OC2		C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week14)	OC2	_
(Users' response to	oonse as detailed in OC2		C. yrs 3 - 5	,	OC2	_
(Users' response to potential outages) Updated provisional outage programme comprising:	oonse as detailed in OC2	gesor	C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week14)	OC2	_
(Users' response to potential outages) Updated provisional outage programme comprising: duration	oonse as detailed in OC2		C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week14)	OC2	-
(Users' response to potential outages) Updated provisional outage programme comprising:	oonse as detailed in OC2	gesor	C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week14)	OC2	-
(Users' response to potential outages) Updated provisional outage programme comprising: duration preferred start	oonse as detailed in OC2	gesor weeks date	C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week14)	OC2	-
(Users' response to potential outages) Updated provisional outage programme comprising: duration preferred start earliest start	oonse as detailed in OC2	gesor weeks date date	C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week14)	OC2	-
(Users' response to potential outages) Updated provisional outage programme comprising: duration preferred start earliest start latest finish	The Company suggested change on the Company suggested change of the Company suggested change o	weeks date date date	C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week14)	OC2	-
(Users' response to potential outages) Updated provisional outage programme comprising: duration preferred start earliest start latest finish (The Company response)	Updated weekly OU oonse as detailed in OC2 The Company suggested change Updated weekly OU oonse as detailed in OC2 for e to The Company suggested ch	weeks date date date MW	C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week14)	OC2	-
(Users' response to potential outages) Updated provisional outage programme comprising: duration preferred start earliest start latest finish (The Company response update of potential outages)	Updated weekly OU The Company suggested change Updated weekly OU The Company suggested change The Company suggested change	weeks date date date MW	C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5 " " " C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week14) Week25	OC2	
(Users' response to potential outages) Updated provisional outage programme comprising: duration preferred start earliest start latest finish (The Company response update of potential outages)	Updated weekly OU The Company suggested change Updated weekly OU The Company suggested change The Company suggested change	weeks date date date MW	C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week14) Week 25	OC2	

SCHEDULE 3 - LARGE POWER STATION OUTAGE PROGRAMMES, OUTPUT USABLE AND INFLEXIBILITY INFORMATION PAGE 2 OF 3

DATA DESCRIPTION		UNITS	TIME	UPDATE	DATA	
	Í		COVERED	TIME	CAT	RTL
	<u>PLANNING F</u>	OR YEAR	<u>.</u>	! !		
Updated Final Generation			C. yr 0 Week 2	1600	OC2	
Outage Programme			ahead to year end	Weds.		
	OU at w eekly peak	MW	"	"	"	
(The Company res	ponse as detailed in OC2 f	or	C. yrs 0	1600)		
(Weeks 2 to 52 ahead	Friday))		
(The Company res	ponse as detailed in OC2 f	or I	Weeks 2 - 7 ahead	1600) Thurs)		
Forecast return to services (Planned Outage or breakdown)		date	days 2 to 14 ahead	0900 daily	OC2	
	OU (all hours)	MW	"	"	OC2	
(The Company res	ponse as detailed in OC2 f	or [days 2 to 14 ahead	1600) daily)		
	<u>INFLEX I</u>	I BILITY	1	ı	l I	
	Genset inflexibility	Min MW (Weekly)	Weeks 2 - 8 ahead	1600 Tues	OC2	
(The Company res (Power Margin	ponse on Negative Reser	ı ve Active ı	п	1200) Friday)		
	Genset inflexibility	Min MW (daily)	days 2 -14 ahead	0900 daily	OC2	
(The Company res (Power Margin	ponse on Negative Reser	l ve Active	п	1600) daily)		

SCHEDULE 3 - LARGE POWER STATION OUTAGE PROGRAMMES, OUTPUT USABLE AND INFLEXIBILITY INFORMATION PAGE 3 OF 3

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	TIME COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT	DAT R1	A to
<u>OUTPUT F</u>	ROFILES		•			
					CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
In the case of Large Power Stations whose output may be expected to vary in a random manner (e.g., wind power) or to some other pattern (e.g., Tidal) sufficient information is required to enable an understanding of the possible profile		F. yrs 1 - 7	Week 24	SPD		

Notes: 1. The week numbers quoted in the Update Time column refer to standard weeks in the current year.

SCHEDULE 4 - LARGE POWER STATION DROOP AND RESPONSE DATA PAGE 1 OF 1

GOVERNOR DROOP AND RESPONSE (PC.A.5.5■ CUSC Contract)

The Data in this Schedule 4 is to be supplied by Generators with respect to all Large Power Stations, HVDC System Owners and by **DC Converter Station** owners (where agreed), whether directly connected or **Embedded**

			,						
DATA	LITERATE	7010	DATA		DROOP%		R	RESPONSE CAPABILITY	ВІЦТУ
DESCRIPTION	NORMAL VALUE	MW	CAT	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Primary	Secondary	High Frequency
MLP1	Designed Minimum Operating Level or Minimum Regulating Level (for a CCGT Module or Power Park Module, on a modular basis assuming all units are Synchronised)								
MLP2	Minimum Generation or Minimum Stable Operating Level (for a CCGT Module or Power Park Module, or Power Generating Module on a modular basis assuming all units are Synchronised)								
MLP3	70% of Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity								
MLP4	80% of Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity								
MLP5	95% of Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity								
MLP6	Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity								

Notes:

- The data provided in this Schedule 4 is not intended to constrain any Ancillary Services Agreement.
- 2. Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity should be identical to that provided in Schedule 2.
- The Governor Droop should be provided for each Generating Unit(excluding Power Park Units), Power Park Module, HVDC Converter or DC Converter. The Response Capability should be provided for each Genset or DC Converter.
- Primary, Secondary and High Frequency Response are defined in CC.A.3.2 or ECC.A.3.2 and are based on a frequency ramp of 0.5Hz over 10 seconds. Primary Response is the minimum value of response between 10s and 30s after the frequency ramp starts, Secondary Response between 30s and 30 minutes, and High Frequency Response is the minimum value after 10s on an indefinite basis. 4.
- values of MLP1 to MLP6 can take any value between Designed Operating Minimum Level or Minimum Regulating Level and Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity. If MLP1 is not provided at the Designed Minimum Operating Level, the value of the Designed Minimum Operating Level should be separately stated. For plants which have not yet Synchronised, the data values of MLP1 to MLP6 should be as described above. For plants which have already Synchronised, the 5.
- requency measured at the Transmission Interface Point to the Offshore Grid Entry Point (as detailed in CC.6.3.7(e)(vii) and CC.6.3.7(e)(viii) or ECC.6.3.3.1.1(f) to enable Offshore Power Generating Modules Offshore Generating Units, Offshore Power Park Modules and/or Offshore DC Converters to satisfy the frequency For the avoidance of doubt Transmission DC Converters and OTSDUW DC Converters must be capable of providing a continuous signal indicating the real time response requirements of CC.6.3.7 or ECC.6.3.7. 6

SCHEDULE 5 - USERS SYSTEM DATA PAGE 1 OF 11

The data in this Schedule 5 is required from **Users** who are connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** via a **Connection Point** (or who are seeking such a connection). **Generators** undertaking **OTSDUW** should use **DRC** Schedule 18 although they should still supply data under Schedule 5 in relation to their **User's System** up to the **Offshore Grid Entry Point**.

Table 5 (a)

DATA	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA	to RTL	DATA CATEGORY
<u>USERS</u>	SYSTEM LAYOUT (PC.A.2.2)		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	
	le Line Diagram showing all or part of the User's System is d. This diagram shall include:-				SPD
(a) (b)	all parts of the User's System , whether existing or proposed, operating at Supergrid Voltage , and in Scotland and Offshore , also all parts of the User System operating at 110kV and greater, all parts of the User's System operating at a voltage of 50kV and greater, and in Scotland and Offshore greater than 30kV, or higher which can interconnect Connection Points , or split bus-bars at a single Connection Point ,				
(c)	all parts of the User's System between Embedded Medium Power Stations or Large Power Stations or Offshore Transmission Systems connected to the User's Subtransmission System and the relevant Connection Point or Interface Point,		•	•	
(d)	all parts of the User's System at a Transmission Site.		•	•	
User's connec voltage details	ngle Line Diagram may also include additional details of the Subtransmission System, and the transformers ting the User's Subtransmission System to a low er. With The Company's agreement, it may also include of the User's System at a voltage below the voltage of the Insmission System.		•	•	
the existo both electricatransfoladdition Scotlan	ngle Line Diagram shall depict the arrangement(s) of all of sting and proposed load current carrying Apparatus relating existing and proposed Connection Points, showing all circuitry (i.e., overhead lines, underground cables, power rmers and similar equipment), operating voltages. In any for equipment operating at a Supergrid Voltage, and in a dand Offshore also at 110kV and greater, circuit breakers asing arrangements shall be shown.		•	•	

SCHEDULE 5 - USERS SYSTEM DATA PAGE 2 OF 11

Table 5(b)

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DA EX	TA CH	DATA CATEGORY
REACTIVE COMPENSATION (PC.A.2.4)		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	0,11200111
For independently switched reactive compensation equipment not owned by a Relevant Transmission Licensee connected to the User's System at 132kV and above, and also in Scotland and Offshore , connected at 33kV and above, other than power factor correction equipment associated with a customer's Plant or Apparatus :				
Type of equipment (e.g., fixed or variable) Capacitive rating; or Inductive rating; or Operating range	Text MVAr MVAr MVAr	•	•	SPD SPD SPD SPD
Details of automatic control logic to enable operating characteristics to be determined	text and/or diagrams	•	•	SPD
Point of connection to User's System (electrical location and system voltage)	Text	•	•	SPD
SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE (PC.A.2.2.6(b))				
For the infrastructure associated with any User's equipment at a Substation owned by a Relevant Transmission Licensee or operated or managed by The Company :-				
Rated 3-phase rms short-circuit withstand current Rated 1-phase rms short-circuit withstand current Rated Duration of short-circuit withstand Rated rms continuous current	kA kA s A	•	•	SPD SPD SPD SPD

SCHEDULE 5 – USERS SYSTEM DATA PAGE 3 OF 11

Table 5 (c)

				5.4
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DA DA	ΛTA	DATA
		EX	CH	CATEGORY
		CUSC	CUSC	
		Contract	App.	
			Form	
LUMPED SUSCEPTANCES (PC.A.2.3)				
, ,				
Equivalent Lumped Susceptance required for all parts of the		•	•	
User's Subtransmission System which are not included in the				
Single Line Diagram.				
This should not include:		•	•	
(a) independently switched reactive compensation		•		
equipment identified above.				
(b) any susceptance of the User's System inherent in the		•		
Demand (Reactive Power) data provided in Schedule				
1 (Generator Data) or Schedule 11 (Connection				
Point data).				
i om data).				
Equivalent lumped shunt susceptance at nominal Frequency .	% on 100	•		SPD
	MVA			

SCHEDULE 5 – USERS SYSTEM DATA PAGE 4 OF 11

USER'S SYSTEM DATA

Circuit Parameters (PC.A.2.2.4) (■ CUSC Contract & ■ CUSC Application Form)

The data below is all Standard Planning Data. Details are to be given for all circuits shown on the Single Line Diagram Table 5 (d)

se (mutual) /A	В	
e Sequenc	×	
Zero Phas %	ď	
Zero Phase Sequence (self) Zero Phase Sequence (mutual) % on 100 MVA % on 100 MVA	Δ	
ase Seque on 100 MV	×	
Zero Pha %	~	
/A	ω	
Positive Phase Sequence % on 100 MVA	×	
	œ	
Rated Operating Voltage kV kV		
Rated Voltage kV		
Node 2		
Node 1		
Years Valid		

Notes

Data should be supplied for the current, and each of the seven succeeding Financial Years. This should be done by showing for which years the data is valid in the first column of the Table.

PAGE 5 OF 11

SCHEDULE 5 - USERS SYSTEM DATA

The data below is all Standard Planning Data, and details should be shown below of all transformers shown on the Single Line Diagram. Details of

Transformer Data (PC.A.2.2.5) (■ CUSC Contract & ■ CUSC Application Form)

USERS SYSTEM DATA

Winding Arrangement, Tap Changer and earthing details are only required for transformers connecting the User's higher voltage system with its Primary Voltage System. Table 5 (e)

Earthin g Details	as app.)*	Direct/	Res/	Rea		Direct/	Res/	Rea		Direct	/Res/	Rea	Direct/	Res/	Rea		Direct/	Res/	Rea	
ľ	type (delete	NO	OFF) O	OFF		NO	OFF		NO	OFF) O	OFF) O	OFF		ON/OF	ш
Tap Changer	step size %																			
Te	range +% to -%																			
Winding Arr.																				
Zero Sequence React-	% on Rating																			
	Nom. Tap																			
Positive Phase Sequence Resistance % on Rating	Min. Tap																			
Pc Sedu	Max. Tap																			
se tance J	Nom. Tap																			
Positive Phase Sequence Reactance % on Rating	Min. Tap																			
Po Seque	Мах. Тар																			
e Ratio	ΓΛ																			
Voltage Ratio	HV																			
Rating MVA																				
Trans- former																				
Name of Node	Conn- ection																			
Years																				
n																				_

*If Resistance or Reactance please give impedance value

Notes

- Data should be supplied for the current, and each of the seven succeeding Financial Years. This should be done by showing for which years the data is valid in the first column of the Table
- For a transformer with two secondary windings, the positive and zero phase sequence leakage impedances between the HV and LV1, HV and LV2, and LV1 and LV2 windings are required. ςi

SCHEDULE 5 –USERS SYSTEM DATA PAGE 6 OF 11

JSER'S SYSTEM DATA

Switchgear Data (PC.A.2.2.6(a)) (■ CUSC Contract & CUSC Application Form ■)

provided for all circuit breakers irrespective of voltage located at a Connection Site which is owned by a Relevant Transmission Licensee The data below is all Standard Planning Data, and should be provided for all switchgear (i.e., circuit breakers, load disconnectors and disconnectors) operating at a Supergrid Voltage, and also in Scotland and Offshore, operating at 132kV. In addition, data should be or operated or managed by The Company.

Table 5(f)

DC time constant at testing of asymmetri	breaking ability(s)	
Rated rms continuous current (A)		
circuit peak current	1 Phase kA peak	
Rated short-circuit peak making current	3 Phase kA peak	
Rated short-circuit breaking current	1 Phase kA rms	
Rated sh breaking	3 Phase kA ms	
Operating Voltage kV rms		
Rated Voltage kV rms		
Switch No.		
Connect-ion Switch Point No.		
Years Valid		

Notes

- Rated Voltage should be as defined by IEC 694.
- Data should be supplied for the current, and each of the seven succeeding Financial Years. This should be done by showing for which years the data is valid in the first column of the Table κi

SCHEDULE 5 –USERS SYSTEM DATA PAGE 7 OF 11

Table 5(g)

DATA	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA	to RTL	DATA CATEGORY
PROT	ECTION SYSTEMS (PC.A.6.3)		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	JATEGORI
whice circuinfor the to the second the secon	lowing information relates only to Protection equipment ch can trip or inter-trip or close any Connection Point wit breaker or any Transmission circuit breaker. The rmation need only be supplied once, in accordance with timing requirements set out in PC.A.1.4 (b) and need not upplied on a routine annual basis thereafter, although Company should be notified if any of the information nges.				
(a)	A full description, including estimated settings, for all relays and Protection systems installed or to be installed on the User's System ;		•		DPD II
(b)	A full description of any auto-reclose facilities installed or to be installed on the User's System , including type and time delays;		•		DPD II
(c)	A full description, including estimated settings, for all relays and Protection systems installed or to be installed on the Power Generating Module , Power Park Module or Generating Unit's generator transformer, unit transformer, station transformer and their associated connections;		-		DPD II
(d)	For Generating Units (other than Power Park Units) having a circuit breaker at the generator terminal voltage clearance times for electrical faults within the Generating Unit zone must be declared.		•		DPD II
(e)	Fault Clearance Times: Most probable fault clearance time for electrical faults on any part of the Users System directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System.	mSec	•		DPD II

DATA	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA	to RTL	DATA
					CATEGORY
POWE	R PARK MODULE/UNIT PROTECTION SYSTEMS		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	
Details	of settings for the Power Park Module/Unit protection relays		Contract	7.рр. т отт	
(to incl	ude): (PC.A.5.4.2(f))				
(a)	Under frequency,		-		DPD II
(b)	Over Frequency,		-		DPD II
(c)	Under Voltage, Over Voltage,		-		DPD II
(d)	Rotor Over current,		-		DPD II
(e)	Stator Over current,		-		DPD II
(f)	High Wind Speed Shut Down Level,		•		DPD II
(g)	Rotor Underspeed,		-		DPD II
(h)	Rotor Overspeed.		•		DPD II

SCHEDULE 5 - USERS SYSTEM DATA PAGE 8 OF 11

Information for Transient Overvoltage Assessment (DPD I) (PC.A.6.2 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** with respect to any **Connection Site** between that **User** and the **National Electricity Transmission System**. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **Users System** should be reflected.

- (a) Busbar layout plan(s), including dimensions and geometry showing positioning of any current and voltage transformers, through bushings, support insulators, disconnectors, circuit breakers, surge arresters, etc. Electrical parameters of any associated current and voltage transformers, stray capacitances of wall bushings and support insulators, and grading capacitances of circuit breakers;
- (b) Electrical parameters and physical construction details of lines and cables connected at that busbar. Electrical parameters of all plant e.g., transformers (including neutral earthing impedance or zig-zag transformers if any), series reactors and shunt compensation equipment connected at that busbar (or to the tertiary of a transformer) or by lines or cables to that busbar;
- (c) Basic insulation levels (BIL) of all **Apparatus** connected directly, by lines or by cables to the busbar,
- (d) Characteristics of overvoltage **Protection** devices at the busbar and at the termination points of all lines, and all cables connected to the busbar;
- (e) Fault levels at the lower voltage terminals of each transformer connected directly or indirectly to the **National Electricity Transmission System** without intermediate transformation;
- (f) The following data is required on all transformers operating at **Supergrid Voltage** throughout **Great Brita in** and, in Scotland and **Offshore**, also at greater than 110kV: three or five limb cores or single phase units to be specified, and operating peak flux density at nominal voltage.
- (g) An indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions.

Harmonic Studies (**DPD I**) (PC.A.6.4 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information given below, both current and forecast, where not already supplied in this Schedule 5 may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** if it is necessary for **The Company** to evaluate the production/magnification of harmonic distortion on the **National Electricity Transmission System** and **User's** systems. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **User's System** should be reflected:

(a) Overhead lines and underground cable circuits of the **User's Subtransmission System** must be differentiated and the following data provided separately for each type:

Positive phase sequence resistance

Positive phase sequence reactance

Positive phase sequence susceptance

(b) for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:

Rated MVA

Voltage Ratio

Positive phase sequence resistance

Positive phase sequence reactance

SCHEDULE 5 – USERS SYSTEM DATA PAGE 9 OF 11

(c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance

Connection voltage and MVAr rating of any capacitor bank and component design parameters if configured as a filter

Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points

The minimum and maximum **Demand** (both MW and MVAr) that could occur

Harmonic current injection sources in Amps at the Connection voltage points

Details of traction loads, e.g., connection phase pairs, continuous variation with time, etc.

(d) an indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned**Outage conditions

Voltage Assessment Studies (DPDI) (PC.A.6.5 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below, where not already supplied in this Schedule 5, may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** with respect to any **Connection Site** if it is necessary for **The Company** to undertake detailed voltage assessment studies (e.g., to examine potential voltage instability, voltage control co-ordination or to calculate voltage step changes). The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **Users System** should be reflected:

(a) For all circuits of the User's Subtransmission System:

Positive Phase Sequence Reactance

Positive Phase Sequence Resistance

Positive Phase Sequence Susceptance

MVAr rating of any reactive compensation equipment

(b) for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:

Rated MVA

Voltage Ratio

Positive phase sequence resistance

Positive Phase sequence reactance

Tap-changer range

Number of tap steps

Tap-changer type: on-load or off-circuit

AVC/tap-changer time delay to first tap movement

AVC/tap-changer inter-tap time delay

SCHEDULE 5 – USERS SYSTEM DATA PAGE 10 OF 11

(c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance

MVAr rating of any reactive compensation equipment

Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points

The maximum **Demand** (both MW and MVAr) that could occur

Estimate of voltage insensitive (constant power) load content in % of total load at both winter peak and 75% off-peak load conditions

Short Circuit Analyses:(DPD I) (PC.A.6.6 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below, both current and forecast, and where not already supplied under this Schedule 5, may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** with respect to any **Connection Site** where prospective short-circuit currents on equipment owned by a **Relevant Transmission Licensee** or operated or managed by **The Company** are close to the equipment rating. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **User's System** should be reflected:-

(a) For all circuits of the User's Subtransmission System:

Positive phase sequence resistance

Positive phase sequence reactance

Positive phase sequence susceptance

Zero phase sequence resistance (both self and mutuals)

Zero phase sequence reactance (both self and mutuals)

Zero phase sequence susceptance (both self and mutuals)

(b) for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:

Rated MVA

Voltage Ratio

Positive phase sequence resistance (at max, min and nominal tap)

Positive phase sequence reactance (at max, min and nominal tap)

Zero phase sequence reactance (at nominal tap)

Tap changer range

Earthing method: direct, resistance or reactance

Impedance if not directly earthed

(c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

The maximum **Demand** (in MW and MVAr) that could occur

Short-circuit infeed data in accordance with PC.A.2.5.6(a) unless the **User's** lower voltage network runs in parallel with the **Subtransmission System**, when to prevent double counting in each node infeed data, a π equivalent comprising the data items of PC.A.2.5.6(a) for each node together with the positive phase sequence interconnection impedance between the nodes shall be submitted.

SCHEDULE 5 – USERS SYSTEM DATA PAGE 11 OF 11

Dynamic Models: (DPD II) (PC.A.6.7 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below, both current and forecast, and where not already supplied under this Schedule 5, may be requested by **The Company** from each **EU Code User** or in respect of each **EU Grid Supply Point** with respect to any **Connection Site**

- (a) Dynamic model structure and block diagrams including parameters, transfer functions and individual elements (as applicable)
- (b) Power control functions and block diagrams including parameters, transfer functions and individual elements (as applicable)
- (c) Voltage control functions and block diagrams including parameters, transfer functions and individual elements (as applicable)
- (d) Converter control models and block diagrams including parameters, transfer functions and individual elements (as applicable)

SCHEDULE 6 – USERS OUTAGE INFORMATION PAGE 1 OF 2

DATA DESCRIPTION	LINITO		t- DTI	TIMESOALE	LIDDATE	DATA
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA	to RTL	TIMESCALE COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT.
		CUSC	CUSC	COVERED	I IIVIL	CA I.
		Contract	App. Form			
Details are required from Network Operators of proposed			i Oilli	Years 2-5	Week 8	OC2
outagesin their User Systems and from Generators with					(Netw ork	
respect to their outages, which may affect the performance of					Operator etc)	
the Total System (e.g., at a Connection Point or					Week 13	OC2
constraining Embedded Large Power Stations or					(Generators)	
constraints to the Maximum Import Capacity or Maximum Export Capacity at an Interface Point) (OC2.4.1.3.2(a) &						
(b))						
, ,						
(The Company advises Network Operators of National				Years 2-5	Week 28)	
Electricity Transmission System outages affecting their						
Systems)						
Network Operator informs The Company if unhappy with				"	Week 30	OC2
proposed outages)		_			Wookoo	002
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
(The Company draws up revised National Electricity				"	Week 34)	
Transmission System						
(outage plan advises Users of operational effects)						
Generators and Non-Embedded Customers provide				Year 1	Week 13	OC2
Details of Apparatus owned by them (other than Gensets) at		_		r our r	WOOK 10	002
each Grid Supply Point (OC2.4.1.3.3)						
(The Company advises Network Operators of outages				Year 1	Week 28)	
affecting their Systems) (OC2.4.1.3.3)						
Network Operator details of relevant outages affecting the				Year 1	Week 32	OC2
Total System (OC2.4.1.3.3)		_		r our r	WOOKOL	002
,						
Detailsof:-				Year1	Week 32	OC2
Maximum Import Capacity for each Interface Point	MVA/MW					
Maximum Export Capacity for each Interface Point Changesto previously declared values of the Interface	MVA/MW V (unless					
Point Target Voltage/Power Factor (OC2.4.1.3.3(c)).	powerfactor					
	control					
(The Company informs Users of aspects that may affect				Year 1	Week 34)	
their Systems) (OC2.4.1.3.3)						
Users inform The Company if unhappy with aspects as				Year 1	Week 36	OC2
notified		_		T Cui T	WCCKCC	002
(OC2.4.1.3.3)						
(The Company issues final National Electricity		-		Year 1	Week 49	OC2
Transmission System (outage plan with advice of operational) (OC2.4.1.3.3)						
(effects on Users System)						
Generator, Network Operator and Non-Embedded				Week 8 ahead	As occurring	OC2
Customers to inform The Company of changes to				to year end		
outagespreviously requested						
Details of load transfer capability of 12MW or				Within Yr 0	As The	OC2
more between Grid Supply Points in England and Wales					Company	
and 10MW or more between Grid Supply Points in					request	
Scotland.						
Details of:-	MVA/MW			Within Yr 0	As occurring	OC2
Maximum Import Capacity for each Interface Point	MVA / MW					
Maximum Export Capacity for each Interface Point Changesto previously declared values of the Interface	V (unless powerfactor					
Point Target Voltage/Power Factor	control					

Note: Users should refer to OC2 for full details of the procedure summarised above and for the information which The Company will provide on the Programming Phase.

SCHEDULE 6 – USERS OUTAGE INFORMATION PAGE 2 OF 2

The data below is to be provided to **The Company** as required for compliance with the European Commission Regulation No 543/2013 (OC2.4.2.3). Data provided under Article Numbers 7.1(a), 7.1(b), 15.1(a), 15.1(b), and 15.1(c) and 15.1(d) is to be provided using **MODIS**.

ECR ARTICLE No.	DATA DESCRIPTION	USERS PROVIDING DATA	FREQUENCY OF SUBMISSION
7.1(a)	Planned unavailability of the Apparatus belonging to a Non-Embedded Customer where OC2.4.7 (a) applies - Energy Identification Code (EIC)* - Unavailable demand capacity during the event (MW) - Estimated start date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Estimated end date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Reason for unavailability from the list below:	Non-Embedded Customer	To be received by The Company as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, to facilitate publication of data no later than 1 hour after a decision has been made by the Non-Embedded Customer regarding the planned unavailability
7.1(b)	Changes in actual availability of the Apparatus belonging to a Non-Embedded Customer where OC2.4.7 (b) applies - Energy Identification Code (EIC)* - Unavailable demand capacity during the event (MW) - Start date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Estimated end date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Reason for unavailability from the list below: . Maintenance . Failure . Shutdown . Other	Non-Embedded Customer	To be received by The Company as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, to facilitate publication of data no later than 1 hour after the change in actual availability
8.1	Year Ahead Forecast Margin information as provided in accordance with OC2.4.1.2.2 - Output Usable	Generator	In accordance with OC2.4.1.2.2
14.1(a)	Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity for Generating Units or Power Generating Modules with greater than 1 MW Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity provided in accordance with PC.4.3.1 and PC.A.3.4.3 or PC.A.3.1.4 - Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity (MW) - Production type (from that listed under PC.A.3.4.3)	Generator	Week 24
14.1(b)	Power Station Registered Capacity for units with equal or greater than 100 MW Registered Capacity provided in accordance with PC.4.3.1 and PC.A.3.4.3 - Power Station name - Location of Generating Unit - Production type (from that listed under PC.A.3.4.3) - Voltage connection levels - Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity (MW)	Generator	Week 24
14.1(c)	Estimated output of Active Power of a BM Unit or Generating Unit for each per Settlement Period of the next Operational Day provided in accordance with BC1.4.2 - Physical Notification	Generator	In accordance with BC1.4.2

	Diamed on a selection of a Consensus selection		
15.1(a)	Planned unavailability of a Generating Unit where OC2.4.7(c) applies - Power Station name - Generating Unit and/or Power Generating Module name - Location of Generating Unit and/or Power Generating Module - Generating Unit Registered Capacity (MW) - Production type (from that listed under PC.A.3.4.3) - Output Usable (MW) during the event - Start date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Estimated end date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Reason for unavailability from the list below: . Maintenance . Shutdown . Other	Generator	To be received by The Company as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, to facilitate publication of data no later than 1 hour after a decision has been made by the Generator regarding the planned unavailability
15.1(b)	Changes in availability of a Generating Unit and/or Power Generating Module where OC2.4.7 (d) applies - Power Station name - Generating Unit and/or Power Generating Module name - Location of Generating Unit and/or Power Generating Module - Generating Unit Registered Capacity and Power Generating Module Maximum Capacity (MW) - Production type(from that listed under PC.A.3.4.3) - Maximum Export Limit (MW) during the event - Start date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Estimated end date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Reason for unavailability from the list below: . Maintenance . Shutdown . Other	Generator	To be received by The Company as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, to facilitate publication of data no later than 1 hour after the change in actual availability
15.1(c)	Planned unavailability of a Power Station where OC2.4.7(e) applies - Power Station name - Location of Power Station - Power Station Registered Capacity (MW) - Production type (from that listed under PC.A.3.4.3) - Power Station aggregated Output Usable (MW) during the event - Start date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Estimated end date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Reason for unavailability from the list below: . Maintenance . Shutdown . Other	Generator	To be received by The Company as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, to facilitate publication of data no later than 1 hour after a decision has been made by the Generator regarding the planned unavailability
15.1(d)	Changesin actual availability of a Power Station where OC2.4.7 (f) applies - Power Station name - Location of Power Station - Power Station Registered Capacity (MW) - Production type (from that listed under PC.A.3.4.3) - Power Station aggregated Maximum Export Limit (MW) during the event - Start date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Estimated end date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Reason for unavailability from the list below: . Maintenance . Shutdown . Other	Generator	To be received by The Company as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, to facilitate publication of data no later than 1 hour after the change in actual availability

^{*} Energy Identification Coding (EIC) is a coding scheme that is approved by ENTSO-E for standardised electronic data interchanges and is utilised for reporting to the Central European Transparency Platform. The Company will act as the Local Issuing Office for EIC in respect of GB.

SCHEDULE 7 - LOAD CHARACTERISTICS AT GRID SUPPLY POINTS PAGE 1 OF 1

All data in this schedule 7 is categorised as **Standard Planning Data** (**SPD**) and is required for existing and agreed future connections. This data is only required to be updated when requested by **The Company**.

					DATA	A FOR	FUTU	RE \	′EARS	3
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DAT		Yr 1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5	Yr6	Yr7
		RT CUSC	CUSC							
FOR ALL TYPES OF DEMAND FOR EACH GRID SUPPLY POINT		Contract	App. Form							
The following information is required infrequently and should only be supplied, wherever possible, when requested by The Company (PC.A.4.7)										
Details of individual loads which have Characteristics significantly different from the typical range of domestic or commercial and industrial load supplied: (PC.A.4.7(a))				(Plea	ase A	ttach)				
Sensitivity of demand to fluctuations in voltage And frequency on National Electricity Transmission System at time of peak Connection Point Demand (Active Power) (PC.A.4.7(b))										
Voltage Sensitivity (PC.A.4.7(b))	MW/kV MV A r/kV									
Frequency Sensitivity (PC.A.4.7(b))	MW/Hz MV A r/Hz									
Reactive Power sensitivity should relate to the Power Factor information given in Schedule 11 (or for Generators, Schedule 1) and note 6 on Schedule 11 relating to Reactive Power therefore applies: (PC.A.4.7(b))										
Phase unbalance imposed on the National Electricity Transmission System (<i>PC.A.4.7(d)</i>) - maximum - average	% %									
Maximum Harmonic Content imposed on National Electricity Transmission System (<i>PC.A.4.7</i> (e))										
Details of any loads which may cause Demand Fluctuations greater than those permitted under Engineering Recommendation P28, Stage 1 at the Point of Common Coupling including Flicker Severity (Short Term) and Flicker Severity (Long Term) (PC.A.4.7(f))										

SCHEDULE 8 - DATA SUPPLIED BY BM PARTICIPANTS PAGE 1 OF 1

CODE	DESCRIPTION
BC1	Physical Notifications
BC1 & BC2	Export and Import Limits
BC1	Bid-Offer Data
BC1	Dynamic Parameters (Day Ahead)
BC2	Dynamic Parameters (For use in Balancing Mechanism)
BC1 & BC2	Other Relevant Data

⁻ No information collated under this Schedule will be transferred to the Relevant Transmission Licensees

SCHEDULE 9 - DATA SUPPLIED BY THE COMPANY TO USERS PAGE 1 OF 1

(Example of data to be supplied)

CODE	DESCRIPTION
CC or ECC	Operation Diagram
CC or ECC	Site Responsibility Schedules
PC	Day of the peak National Electricity Transmission System Demand
	Day of the minimum National Electricity Transmission System Demand
OC2	Surpluses and Output Useable (OU) requirements for each Generator over varying timescales
	Equivalent networks to Users for Outage Planning
	Negative Reserve Active Power Margins (when necessary)
	Operating Reserve information
BC1	Demand Estimates, Indicated Margin and Indicated Imbalance, indicative Synchronising and Desynchronising times of Embedded Power Stations to Network Operators, special actions.
BC2	Bid-Offer Acceptances, Ancillary Services instructions to relevant Users, Emergency Instructions
всз	Location, amount, and Low Frequency Relay settings of any Low Frequency Relay initiated Demand reduction for Demand which is Embedded .

⁻ No information collated under this Schedule will be transferred to the **Relevant Transmission** Licensees

DATA TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE COMPANY TO USERS

PURSUANT TO THE TRANSMISSION LICENCE

 The Transmission Licence requires The Company to publish annually the Seven Year Statement which is designed to provide Users and potential Users with information to enable them to identify opportunities for continued and further use of the National Electricity Transmission System.

When a **User** is considering a development at a specific site, certain additional information may be required in relation to that site which is of such a level of detail that it is inappropriate to include it in the **Seven Year Statement**. In these circumstances, the **User** may contact **The Company** who will be pleased to arrange a discussion and the provision of such additional information relevant to the site under consideration as the **User** may reasonably require.

 The Transmission Licence also requires The Company to offer terms for an agreement for connection to and use of the National Electricity Transmission System and further information will be given by The Company to the potential User in the course of the discussions of the terms of such an agreement.

SCHEDULE 10 - DEMAND PROFILES AND ACTIVE ENERGY DATA PAGE 1 OF 2

The following information is required from each **Network Operator** and from each **Non-Embedded Customer**. The data should be provided in calendar week 24 each year (although **Network Operators** may delay the submission until calendar week 28).

DATA DESCRIPTION	F. Yr.	F. Yr. 1	F. Yr. 2	F. Yr. 3	F. Yr. 4	F. Yr. 5	F. Yr. 6	F. Yr. 7	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT	
Demand Profiles	(PC.A.4.	2) (∎ – C	USC Col	l ntract & ∎	l i CUSC A	Application	l n Form)		I	I	
Total User's								one (MANA	<u>I</u>	I	
system profile (please		Day of User's annual Maximum demand at Annual ACS Conditions (MW) Day of annual peak of National Electricity Transmission System Demand at Annual ACS									
delete as applicable)		Conditions (MW)									
,		ay of annual minimum National Electricity Transmission System Demand at average conditions									
	(MW)									•	
0000 : 0030									Wk.24	SPD	
0030 : 0100									:		
0100 : 0130									:		
0130 : 0200									:	:	
0200 : 0230									:	:	
0230 : 0300									:	:	
0300 : 0330									:	:	
0330 : 0400									:	:	
0400 : 0430									:	:	
0430 : 0500									:	:	
0500 : 0530									:	:	
0530 : 0600									:	:	
0600 : 0630									:	:	
0630 : 0700									:	:	
0700 : 0730									:	:	
0730 : 0800									:	:	
0800 : 0830									:	:	
0830 : 0900									:	:	
0900 : 0930									:	:	
0930 : 1000									:	:	
1000 : 1030									:	:	
1030 : 1100									:	:	
1100 : 1130									:	:	
1130 : 1200									:		
1200 : 1230									:	:	
1230 : 1300									:	:	
1300 : 1330									:	:	
1330 : 1400									:		
1400 : 1430									:	:	
1430 : 1500									:		
1500 : 1530									:	:	
1530 : 1600									:	l :	
1600 : 1630									:	:	
1630 : 1700									:		
1700 : 1730									:	l :	
1730 : 1800									:]	
1800 : 1830 1830 : 1900										:	
1900 : 1930									:	l :	
1930 : 2000 2000 : 2030											
2030 : 2100									:	:	
									:	:	
2100 : 2130										:	
2130 : 2200 2200 : 2230											
2230 : 2300											
									:	:	
2300 : 2330										:	
2330 : 0000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>							:	<u> </u>	

SCHEDULE 10 - DEMAND PROFILES AND ACTIVE ENERGY DATA PAGE 2 OF 2

DATA DESCRIPTION	Out	t-turn	F.Yr.	Update	Data Cat	DATA	to RTL
	Actual	Weather	0	Time			
		Corrected.					
(PC.A.4.3)						CUSC Contract	CUSC
						Contract	Form
Active Energy Data				Week 24	SPD	•	•
Total annual Active Energy						•	-
requirements under average conditions of each Network							
Operator and each Non-							
Embedded Customer in the							
following categories of Customer							
Tariff:-							
LV1						•	•
LV2						•	•
LV3						•	•
EHV						•	•
HV						•	•
Traction						•	•
Lighting						_	_
User System Losses						•	•
Active Energy from Embedded							
Small Power Stations and							
Embedded Medium Power							
Stations							

NOTES:

1. 'F. yr.' means 'Financial Year'

2. Demand and Active Energy Data (General)

Demand and **Active Energy** data should relate to the point of connection to the **National Electricity Transmission System** and should be net of the output (as reasonably considered appropriate by the **User**) of all **Embedded Small Power Stations**, **Medium Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plant**. Auxiliary demand of **Embedded Power Stations** should be included in the demand data submitted by the **User** at the **Connection Point**. **Users** should refer to the **PC** for a full definition of the **Demand** to be included.

- Demand profiles and Active Energy data should be for the total System of the Network Operator, including all Connection Points, and for each Non-Embedded Customer. Demand Profiles should give the numerical maximum demand that in the User's opinion could reasonably be imposed on the National Electricity Transmission System.
- 4. In addition the demand profile is to be supplied for such days as **The Company** may specify, but such a request is not to be made more than once per calendar year.

SCHEDULE 11 - CONNECTION POINT DATA PAGE 1 OF 5

The following information is required from each **Network Operator** and from each **Non-Embedded Customer**. The data should be provided in calendar week 24 each year (although **Network Operators** may delay the submission until calendar week 28).

Table 11(a)

_			_	
1.0	nna	ctio	n uc	unt:
CU	11116	CLIU	пгс	/IIIL.

Plant (MW)

Connection Point:												
Connection Point Demand at the time of - (select each one in turn) (Provide data for each Access Period associated with the Connection Point) associated with the Connection Point) a) maximum Demand b) peak National Electricity Transmission System Demand (specified to maximum Demand during Access Period e) specified by either The Company or a User												
Name of Transmission Interface Circuit out of service during Access Period (if reqd).	_	'										PC.A.4.1.4.2
DATA DESCRIPTION (CUSC Contract & CUSC Application Form	-)	Outturn	Outturn Weather Corrected	F.Yr 1	F.Yr 2	F.Yr.	F. Yr.	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr 6	F.Yr 7	F.Yr 8	DATA CAT
Date of a), b), c), d) or e) as denoted above	ve.											PC.A.4.3.3
Time of a), b), c), d) or e) as denoted about	ve.											PC.A.4.3.3
Connection Point Demand (MW)												PC.A.4.3.1
Connection Point Demand (MVAr)												PC.A.4.3.1
Deduction made at Connection Point for Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Pla (MW)												PC.A.4.3.2(a)
Reference to valid Single Line Diagram												PC.A.4.3.5
Reference to node and branch data.												PC.A.2.2
Note: The following data block can be repeated for each post	fault ne	etwork revisio	on that may in	npact o	n the T	ransmi s	sion S	yst em.		1		
Reference to post-fault revision of Single Line Diagram												PC.A.4.5
Reference to post-fault revision of the noc and branch data associated with the Sing Line Diagram												PC.A.4.5
Reference to the description of the actions and timescales involved in effecting the p fault actions (e.g. auto-switching, manual, teleswitching, overload protection operation etc)	ost-											PC.A.4.5
Access Group:		Ι										
Note: The following data block to be repeated for each Connec	ction	I Point with t	the Access Gro	ou p.								
Name of associated Connection Point we the same Access Group:	/ ithin			·								PC.A.4.3.1
Demand at associated Connection Poin	t											PC.A.4.3.1
Demand at associated Connection Poin (MVAr)	t											PC.A.4.3.1
Deduction made at associated Connection Point for Small Power Stations, Medius Power Stations and Customer Generate	m											PC.A.4.3.2(a)

SCHEDULE 11 - CONNECTION POINT DATA PAGE 2 OF 5

Table 11(b)

			Eml	bedded	Genera	tion Data	a				
Connection Point:											
DATA DESCRIPTION	Outtur n	Outtur n Weather Correcte d	F.Yr	F.Yr 2	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr	F.Yr	F.Yr 8	DATA CAT
Small Power Station, Medium Power Station and Customer Generation Summary	Medium	For each Connection Point where there are Embedded Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations or Customer Generating Stations the following information is required:									
No. of Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations or Customer Power Stations											PC.A.3.1 .4(a)
Number of Generating Units within these stations											PC.A.3.1 .4(a)
Summated Capacity of all these Generating Units											PC.A.3.1 .4(a)
Where the Network Power Station	k Operato	or's Syste	m place	s a cons	traint on	the capa	acity of a	n Embe	dded La	arge	
Station Name											PC.A.3.2 .2(c)
Generating Unit System Constrained Capacity											PC.A.3.2 .2(c) PC.A.3.2 .2(c)(i)
Reactive Despatch Network Restriction											PC.A.3.2 .2(c)(ii)

Where the Networl	k Operato	r's Systen	n places	a constr	aint on t	he capa	city of a	n Offsh	ore	
Transmission Sys	tem at an	Interface l	Point							
Offshore Transmission System Name										PC.A.3.2. 2(c)
Interface Point Name										PC.A.3.2. 2(c)
Maximum Export Capacity										PC.A.3.2. 2(c)
Maximum Import Capacity										PC.A.3.2. 2(c)

SCHEDULE 11 - CONNECTION POINT DATA PAGE 3 OF 5

Table 11(c)

	Loss of mains protection settings	PC.A.3.1.4 (a)						
missions.	Loss of mains protection type	PC.A.3.1.4 (a)						
ek 24 data sub	Control mode voltage target and reactive range or target pf (as appropriate)	PC.A.3.1.4 (a)						
ne with the We	Control	PC.A.3.1.4 (a)						
fective 2015 in li	Where it exports electricity from wind PV or storage, the geographical location of the primary or higher voltage substation to which it connects	PC.A.3.1.4 (a)						
For each Embedded Small Power Station of 1MW and above, the following information is required, effective 2015 in line with the Week 24 data submissions.	Lowest voltage node on the most up-to-date Single Line Diagram to which it connects or where it will export most of its power	PC.A.3.1.4 (a)						
following informa	Registered capacity in MW (as defined in the Distribution Code)	PC.A.3.1.4 (a)						
ove, the	(Y/N)	PC.A.3 .1.4						
of 1 MW and ab	Technology Type / Production type	PC.A.3.1.4 (a)						
ower Station	Generator unit Reference	PC.A.3.1.4 (a)						
dded Small P	Connection Date (Financial Year for generator connecting after week 24 2015)							
or each Embe	An Embedded Small Power Station reference unique to each Network	PC.A.3.1.4 (a)						
F.	DATA DESCRIPTION	DATA CAT						

SCHEDULE 11 - CONNECTION POINT DATA PAGE 4 OF 5

NOTES:

- 1. 'F.Yr.' means '**Financial Year**'. F.Yr. 1 refers to the current financial year.
- All Demand data should be net of the output (as reasonably considered appropriate by the User) of all Embedded Small Power Stations, Embedded Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Plant. Generation and / or Auxiliary demand of Embedded Large Power Stations should not be included in the demand data submitted by the User. Users should refer to the PC for a full definition of the Demand to be included.
- 3. Peak **Demand** should relate to each **Connection Point** individually and should give the maximum demand that in the **User's** opinion could reasonably be imposed on the **National Electricity Transmission System**. **Users** may submit the **Demand** data at each node on the **Single Line Diagram** instead of at a **Connection Point** as long as the **User** reasonably believes such data relates to the peak (or minimum) at the **Connection Point**.
 - In deriving **Demand** any deduction made by the **User** (as detailed in note 2 above) to allow for **Embedded Small Power Stations**, **Embedded Medium Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plant** is to be specifically stated as indicated on the Schedule.
- 4. The Company may at its discretion require details of any Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations w hose output can be expected to vary in a random manner (e.g. wind power) or according to some other pattern (e.g. tidal power)
- 5. Where more than 95% of the total **Demand** at a **Connection Point** is taken by synchronous motors, values of the **Power Factor** at maximum and minimum continuous excitation may be given instead. **Power Factor** data should allow for series reactive losses on the **User's System** but exclude reactive compensation network susceptance specified separately in Schedule 5.
- 6. Where a **Reactive Despatch Network Restriction** is in place which requires the generator to maintain a target voltage set point this should be stated as an alternative to the size of the **Reactive Despatch Network Restriction**.

SCHEDULE 11 - CONNECTION POINT DATA PAGE 5 OF 5

Table 11 (d)

Embedded Small Power Stations <1MW

Network	
Operator	

Fuel Type	Aggregate Registered Capacity Total MW	Number of PGMs	Comments
Biomass			
Fossil brown coal/lignite			
Fossil coal-derived gas			
Fossil gas			
Fossil hard coal			
Fossil oil			
Fossil oil shale			
Fossil peat			
Geothermal			
Hydro pumped storage			
Hydro run-of-river and poundage			
Hydro water reservoir			
Marine			
Nuclear			
Other renewable			
Solar			
Waste			
Wind offshore			
Wind onshore			
<u>Other</u>			

SCHEDULE 12 - DEMAND CONTROL PAGE 1 OF 2

The following information is required from each **Network Operator** and where indicated with an asterisk from **Externally Interconnected System Operators** and/or **Interconnector Users** and a **Pumped Storage Generator** and **Generators** in respect of **Electricity Storage Modules**. Where indicated with a double asterisk, the information is only required from **Suppliers**.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS		UPDATE TIME			
Demand Control Demand met or to be relieved by Demand Control (averaging at the Demand Control Notification Level or more over a half hour) at each Connection Point. Demand Control at time of National Electricity Transmission System						
weekly peak demand Amount Duration	MW Min)F.yrs 0 to 5)	Week 24	OC1		
For each half hour	MW	Wks 2-8 ahead	1000 Mon	OC1		
For each half hour	MW	Days 2-12 ahead	1200 Wed	OC1		
For each half hour	MW	Previous calendar day	0600 daily	OC1		
**Customer Demand Management (at the Customer Demand Management Notification Level or more at the Connection Point)						
For each half hour	MW	Any time in Control Phase		OC1		
For each half hour	MW	Remainder of period	When changes occur to previous plan	OC1		
For each half hour	MW	Previous calendar	0600 daily	OC1		
**In Scotland, Load Management Blocks For each block of 5MW or more, for each half hour	MW	day For the next day	11:00	OC1		

SCHEDULE 12 - DEMAND CONTROL PAGE 2 OF 2

T	1	1	
UNITS	TIME COVERED		DATA CAT.
			CAT.
MW	Year ahead from week 24	Week 24	DPDI
Hz	II	11	"
S	II	II	n
S	11	п	"
MW	"	"	"
N/I\A/	"	"	"
	n n	п	"
Min	"	п	"
	и	"	"
Min Min	u	u	"
Text	Year ahead from week 24	Annual in week 24	OC6
MW	"	n	"
% % % % %	11 11 11 11	" " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
	Hz S S S MW MW MW Min Min Min Min Min % % % % %	MW Year ahead from week 24 Hz " S " MW " MW " MW " MW " Min " Min " Min " Min " Week 24 MW "	MW Year ahead from week 24 Hz " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "

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Notes:

- 1. **Network Operators** may delay the submission until calendar week 28.
- 2. No information collated under this Schedule will be transferred to the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** (or **Generators** undertaking **OTSDUW**).

SCHEDULE 12A - AUTOMATIC LOW FREQUENCY DEMAND DISCONNECTION PAGE 1 OF 1

Time Covered: Year ahead from week 24 Data Category: OC6

Update Time: Annual in week 24

	GSP	Low Frequency Demand Disconnection Blocks MW									Residual
	Demand	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	demand
Grid Supply Point	MW	48.8Hz	48.75Hz	48.7Hz	48.6Hz	48.5Hz	48.4Hz	48.2Hz	48.0Hz	47.8Hz	MW
GSP1 GSP2 GSP3											
Total demand disconnected MW per block %											
Total demand disconnection		MW(% of aggr	egate den	nand of	MW)				•	

Note: All demand refers to that at the time of forecast **National Electricity Transmission System** peak demand.

Network Operators may delay the submission until calendar week 28

No information collated under this schedule will be transferred to the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** (or **Generators** undertaking **OTSDUW**).

SCHEDULE 13 - FAULT INFEED DATA PAGE 1 OF 2

The data in this Schedule 13 is all **Standard Planning Data**, and is required from all **Users** other than **Generators** who are connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** via a **Connection Point** (or who are seeking such a connection). A data submission is to be made each year in Week 24 (although **Network Operators** may delay the submission until Week 28). A separate submission is required for each node included in the **Single Line Diagram** provided in Schedule 5.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr 0	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	DAT/	
SHORT CIRCUIT INFEED TO NATIONAL ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION SYSTEM FR USERS SYSTEM AT A CONN POINT	ROM									CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
(PC.A.2.5)											
Name of node or Connection Point											•
Symmetrical three phase short-circuit current infeed											
- at instant of fault	kA										•
- after subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed	Ka										•
Zero sequence source impedances as seen from the Point of Connection or node on the Single Line Diagram (as appropriate) consistent with the maximum infeed above:											
- Resistance	% on 100										•
- Reactance	% on 100										•
Positive sequence X/R ratio at instance of fault											•
Pre-Fault voltage magnitude at w hich the maximum fault currents w ere calculated	p.u.										•

SCHEDULE 13 - FAULT INFEED DATA PAGE 2 OF 2

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr	F.Yr.	DATA RT I							
SHORT CIRCUIT INFEED TO NATIONAL ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION SYSTEM FF USERS SYSTEM AT A CONN POINT	ROM	0	1		3	4	5	6	7	CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
Negative sequence impedances of User's System as seen from the Point of Connection or node on the Single Line Diagram (as appropriate). If no data is given, it will be assumed that they are equal to the positive sequence values.											
- Resistance	% on 100										
- Reactance	% on 100		_	_	_			_			•

SCHEDULE 14 - FAULT INFEED DATA (GENERATORS INCLUDING UNIT TRANSFORMERS AND STATION TRANSFORMERS) PAGE 1 OF 5

The data in this Schedule 14 is all **Standard Planning Data**, and is to be provided by **Generators**, with respect to all directly connected **Power Stations**, all **Embedded Large Power Stations** and all **Embedded Medium Power Stations** connected to the **Subtransmission System**. A data submission is to be made each year in Week 24.

Fault infeeds via Unit Transformers

A submission should be made for each **Generating Unit** (including those which are part of a **Synchronous Power Generating Module**) with an associated **Unit Transformer**. Where there is more than one **Unit Transformer** associated with a **Generating Unit**, a value for the total infeed through all **Unit Transformers** should be provided. The infeed through the **Unit Transformer(s)** should include contributions from all motors normally connected to the **Unit Board**, together with any generation (e.g. **Auxiliary Gas Turbines**) which would normally be connected to the **Unit Board**, and should be expressed as a fault current at the **Generating Unit** terminals for a fault at that location.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr.		DAT	
(PC.A.2.5)		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	CUSC Contract	CUSC App.
Name of Power Station											Form
Number of Unit Transformers											•
Symmetrical three phase short- circuit current infeed through the Unit Transformers (s) for a fault at the Generating Unit terminals											
- at instant of fault	kA										•
- after subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed	kA										•
Positive sequence X/R ratio at instance of fault											•
Subtransient time constant (if significantly different from 40ms)	ms										•
Pre-fault voltage at fault point (if different from 1.0 p.u.)											•
The following data items need only be supplied if the Generating Unit Step-up Transformer can supply zero sequence current from the Generating Unit side to the National Electricity Transmission System											
Zero sequence source impedances as seen from the Generating Unit terminals consistent with the maximum infeed above:											
- Resistance	% on 100										•
- Reactance	% on 100										•

SCHEDULE 14 - FAULT INFEED DATA (GENERATORS INCLUDING UNIT TRANSFORMERS AND STATION TRANSFORMERS) PAGE 2 OF 5

Fault infeeds via Station Transformers

A submission is required for each **Station Transformer** directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System**. The submission should represent normal operating conditions when the maximum number of **Gensets** are **Synchronised** to the **System**, and should include the fault current from all motors normally connected to the **Station Board**, together with any Generation (e.g. **Auxiliary Gas Turbines**) which would normally be connected to the **Station Board**. The fault infeed should be expressed as a fault current at the hy terminals of the **Station Transformer** for a fault at that location.

If the submission for normal operating conditions does not represent the worst case, then a separate submission representing the maximum fault infeed that could occur in practice should be made.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr.	DATA	to							
(PC.A.2.5)		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	RTL cusc	CUSC
										Contract	App. Form
Name of Power Station											-
Number of Station Transformers											•
Symmetrical three phase short-circuit current infeed for a fault at the Connection Point											
- at instant of fault	kA										•
- after subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed	kA										•
Positive sequence X/R ratio At instance of fault											•
Subtransient time constant (if significantly different from 40ms)	ms										•
Pre-fault voltage (if different from 1.0 p.u.) at fault point (See note 1)											•
Zero sequence source Impedances as seen from the Point of Connection Consistent with the maximum Infeed above:											
- Resistance	% on 100										-
- Reactance	% on 100										•

- Note 1. The pre-fault voltage provided above should represent the voltage within the range 0.95 to 1.05 that gives the highest fault current
- Note 2. % on 100 is an abbreviation for % on 100 MVA

SCHEDULE 14 - FAULT INFEED DATA (GENERATORS INCLUDING UNIT TRANSFORMERS AND STATION TRANSFORMERS) PAGE 3 OF 5

Fault infeeds from Power Park Modules

A submission is required for the whole **Power Park Module** and for each **Power Park Unit** type or equivalent. The submission shall represent operating conditions that result in the maximum fault infeed. The fault current from all motors normally connected to the **Power Park Unit's** electrical system shall be included. The fault infeed shall be expressed as a fault current at the terminals of the **Power Park Unit**, or the **Common Collection Busbar** if an equivalent **Single Line Diagram** and associated data as described in PC.A.2.2.2 is provided, and the **Grid Entry Point**, or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**, for a fault at the **Grid Entry Point**, or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**.

Should actual data in respect of fault infeeds be unavailable at the time of the application for a **CUSC Contract** or **Embedded Development Agreement**, a limited subset of the data, representing the maximum fault infeed that may result from all of the plant types being considered, shall be submitted. This data will, as a minimum, represent the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the fault current for both single phase and three phase solid faults at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**) at the time of fault application and 50ms following fault application. Actual data in respect of fault infeeds shall be submitted to **The Company** as soon as it is available, in line with PC.A.1.2

DATA DESCRIPTION	<u>UNITS</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	DAT	A to
		<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	R1	
(PC.A.2.5)										CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
Name of Power Station											•
Name of Power Park Module											•
Power Park Unit type		-	1								•
A submission shall be provided for the contribution of the entire Power Park Module and each type of Power Park Unit or equivalent to the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the short circuit current at the Power Park Unit terminals, or Common Collection Busbar, and Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point if Embedded for (i) a solid symmetrical three phase											
short circuit (ii) a solid single phase to earth short circuit											•
(iii) a solid phase to phase short circuit											•
(iv) a solid two phase to earth short circuit											•
at the Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point if Embedded.											•
If protective controls are used and active for the above conditions, a submission shall be provided in the limiting case where the protective control is not active. This case may require application of a non-solid fault, resulting in a retained voltage at the fault point.											•

SCHEDULE 14 - FAULT INFEED DATA (GENERATORS INCLUDING UNIT TRANSFORMERS AND STATION TRANSFORMERS) PAGE 4 OF 5

DATA	LINITO	- X	- - - - - - - - - -	- .	- N	- 1/2	- 1	- - - - - - - - - -	- 1 1 1	DATA	DATA
<u>DATA</u>	<u>UNITS</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u>	DATA	<u>DATA</u>
DESCRIPTION		<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	to	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
										RTL	
										CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
- A continuous time	Graphical										
trace and table	and										
showing the root	tabular										•
mean square of											
the positive,	kA										
negative and zero	versus s										
sequence											
components of the fault current from											
the time of fault											
inception to 140ms											
after fault inception											
at 10msintervals											
- A continuous	pu versus										
time trace and	S										
table showing											•
the positive,											
negative and											
zero sequence											
components of retained voltage											
at the terminals											
or Common											
Collection											
Busbar, if											
appropriate											
- A continuous	pu versus										
time trace and	S										
table showing the root mean											•
square of the											
positive,											
negative and											
zero sequence											
components of											
retained voltage											
at the fault											
point, if											
appropriate											
			ļ			ļ		ļ	ļ		

SCHEDULE 14 - FAULT INFEED DATA (GENERATORS INCLUDING UNIT TRANSFORMERS AND STATION TRANSFORMERS) PAGE 5 OF 5

DATA	LINITO	I = V	ΓV.,	F.V.,	L F.V.,	F.V.,	L = V.	L E V.,	E.V.,	DATA	DATA
DATA DESCRIPTION	<u>UNITS</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u> <u>0</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u> <u>1</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u> <u>2</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u> <u>3</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u> <u>4</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u> <u>5</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u> <u>6</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u> <u>7</u>	DATA to	<u>DATA</u> <u>DESCRIPTION</u>
<u>DESCRIPTION</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	2	=	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	RTL	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
										CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
For Power Park										Contract	
Units that utilise a protective control,											
such as a crowbar											
circuit,											
- additional rotor	% on										-
resistance	MVA										
applied to the Power Park											
Unit under a											•
fault situation											
- additional rotor	% on										
reactance applied to the	MVA										
Power Park											
Unit under a fault situation.											
raun situation.											
Positive sequence											
X/R ratio of the equivalent at time of											•
fault at the Common											
Collection Busbar											
Minimum zero											
sequence impedance of the equivalent at a											_
Common Collection											•
Busbar											
Active Power	MW										
generated pre-fault											•
Number of Power											
Park Units in equivalent generator											•
PowerFactor(lead or lag)											•
Pre-fault voltage (if different from 1.0 pu)	pu										•
at fault point (See											
note 1)											
Items of reactive											
compensation											
switched in pre-fault											

Note 1. The pre-fault voltage provided above should represent the voltage within the range 0.95 pu to 1.05 pu that gives the highest fault current

SCHEDULE 15 - MOTHBALLED POWER GENERATING MODULE, MOTHBALLED GENERATING UNIT, MOTHBALLED POWER PARK MODULE (INCLUDING MOTHBALLED DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULES), MOTHBALLED HVDC SYSTEMS, MOTHBALLED HVDC CONVERTERS, MOTHBALLED DC CONVERTERS AT A DC CONVERTER STATION AND ALTERNATIVE FUEL DATA PAGE 1 OF 3

NCLUDING MOTHBALLED DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULES), MOTHBALLED HVDC SYSTEMS, MOTHBALLED HVDC MOTHBALLED POWER GENERATING MODULES. MOTHBALLED GENERATING UNIT, MOTHBALLED POWER PARK MODULE The following data items must be supplied with respect to each Mothballed Power Generating Module, Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module (including Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Modules), Mothballed HVDC Systems, CONVERTERS OR MOTHBALLED DC CONVERTER AT A DC CONVERTER STATION AND ALTERNATIVE FUEL DATA Mothballed HVDC Converters or Mothballed DC Converters at a DC Converter station

Power Station	on				Generating U	nit, Power Par	Generating Unit, Power Park Module or DC Converter Name (e.g. Unit	C Converter №	ame (e.g. Unit
DATA DESCRIPTIO	UNITS DATA	DATA			GENE	GENERATING UNIT DATA	.DATA		
z			<1 month	1-2 months	2-3 months	3-6 3-tuow	6-12 months	>12 months	Total MW being
									returned
MW output	MM	DPDII							
that can be									
returned to									
service									

Notes

- Mothballed HVDC Systems, Mothballed HVDC Converters or Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station to service once The time periods identified in the above table represent the estimated time it would take to return the Mothballed Power Generating Module, Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module (Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Modules) a decision to return has been made.
- Converter at a DC Converter Station can be physically returned in stages covering more than one of the time periods identified in the Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Module), Mothballed HVDC System, Mothballed HVDC Converter or Mothballed DC Where a Mothballed Power Generating Module, Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module (including a above table then information should be provided for each applicable time period. ci
- The MW output values in each time period should be incremental MW values, e.g. if 150MW could be returned in 2 3 months and an The estimated notice to physically return MW output to service should be determined in accordance with Good Industry Practice assuming normal working arrangements and normal plant procurement lead times. 4. რ
 - Significant factors which may prevent the Mothballed Power Generating Module, Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power additional 50MW in 3 – 6 months then the values in the columns should be Nil, Nil, 150, 50, Nil, Nil, 200 respectively. 5
- Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station achieving the estimated values provided in this table, excluding factors relating Park Module (Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Module). Mothballed HVDC System, Mothballed HVDC Converter or to Transmission Entry Capacity, should be appended separately.

SCHEDULE 15 – MOTHBALLED POWER GENERATING MODULES, MOTHBALLED GENERATING UNIT, MOTHBALLED POWER PARK MODULE (INCLUDING DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULES), MOTHBALLED HVDC SYSTEMS, MOTHBALLED HVDC CONVERTERS, MOTHBALLED DC CONVERTERS AT A DC CONVERTER STATION AND ALTERNATIVE FUEL DATA PAGE 2 OF 3

ALTERNATIVE FUEL INFORMATION

The following data items for alternative fuels need only be supplied with respect to each Generating Unit whose primary fuel is gas ncluding those which form part of a Power Generating Module.

Power Station	Generating Unit Name (e.g. Unit 1)	nit Name	(e.g. Unit 1)			
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT		GENERATING UNIT DATA	UNIT DATA	
			1	2	3	4
Alternative Fuel Type (*please specify)	Text	DPD II	Oil distillate	Other gas*	Other*	Other*
CHANGEOVER TO ALTERNATIVE FUEL For off-line changeover:						
Time to carry out off-line fuel changeover	Minutes	DPD II				
Maximum output following off-line changeover	MW	DPD II				
For on-line changeover:						
Time to carry out on-line fuel changeover	Minutes	DPD II				
Maximum output during on -line fuel changeover	MW	DPD II				
Maximum output following on-line changeover	MW	DPD II				
Maximum operating time at full load assuming:						
Typical stock levels	Hours	DPD II				
Maximum possible stock levels	Hours	DPD II				
Maximum rate of replacement of depleted stocks of alternative fuels on the basis of Good Industry Practice	MWh(electrical) /day	DPD II				
Is changeoverto alternative fuel used in normal operating arrangements?	Text	DPD II				
Number of successful changeovers carried out in the last Financial Year (** delete as appropriate)	Text	DPD II	0/1-5/ 6-10/11-20/ >20**	0/1-5/ 6-10/11-20/ >20**	0/1-5/ 6-10/11-20/ >20**	0/1-5/ 6-10/11-20/ >20 **

SCHEDULE 15 – MOTHBALLED POWER GENERATING MODULES, MOTHBALLED GENERATING UNIT, MOTHBALLED POWER PARK MODULE (INCLUDING MOTHBALLED DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULES), MOTHBALLED HVDC SYSTEMS, MOTHBALLED HVDC CONVERTERS MOTHBALLED DC CONVERTERS AT A DC CONVERTER STATION AND ALTERNATIVE FUEL DATA PAGE 3 OF 3

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA		GENERATING UNIT DATA	UNIT DATA	
			1	2	3	4
CHANGEOVER BACK TO MAIN FUEL						
For off-line changeover:						
Time to carry out off-line fuel changeover	Minutes					
For on-line changeover:						
Time to carry out on-line fuel changeover	Minutes					
Maximum output during on-line fuel changeover	MW					

Where a Generating Unit has the facilities installed to generate using more than one alternative fuel type details of each alternative fuel should be given

Significant factors and their effects which may prevent the use of alternative fuels achieving the estimated values provided in this table (e.g. emissions limits, distilled water stocks etc.) should be appended separately

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SCHEDULE 16 - BLACK START INFORMATION PAGE 1 OF 2 PART I

BLACK START INFORMATION The following data/text items are required from each Generator for each BM Unit at a Large Power Station as detailed in PC.A.5.7. Data is not required for Generating Units that are contracted to provide Black Start Capability, or Electricity Storage Modules which have short cycle times. The data should be provided in accordance with PC.A.1.2 and also, where possible, upon request from The Company during a Black Start.	PC.A.5.7. Datave short cycle to skill start.	is not required imes. The data
Data Description (PC.A.5.7) (■ CUSC Contract)	Units	Data Category
Assuming all BM Units were running immediately prior to the Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown and in the event of loss of all external power supplies, provide the following information:		
 a) Expected time for the first and subsequent BM Units to be Synchronised, from the restoration of external power supplies, assuming external power supplies are not available for up to 24hrs 	Tabularor Graphical	II OAO
b) Describe any likely issues that would have a significant impact on a BM Unit's time to be Synchronised arising as a direct consequence of the inherent design or operational practice of the Power Station and/or BM Unit, e.g. limited barring facilities, time from a Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown at which batteries would be discharged.	Text	II OAO
Block Loading Capability:		
c) Provide estimated Block Loading Capability from 0MW to Registered Capacity of each BM Unit based on the unit being 'hot' (run prior to shutdown) and also 'cold' (not run for 48hrs or more prior to the shutdown). The Block Loading Capability should be valid for a frequency deviation of 49.5Hz – 50.5Hz. The data should identify any required 'hod' points.	Tabularor Graphical	II OAO

SCHEDULE 16 - BLACK START INFORMATION PAGE 1 OF 2 PART II

			PART II			
DC Converter a Black Start a Black Start	Data Category		II DAD	DPD II		DPD II
OC System and cted to provide company during	Units		Tabular or Graphical	Text		Tabular or Graphical
BLACK START INFORMATION The following data/text items are required from each HVDC System Owner or DC Converter Station Owner for each HVDC System and DC Converter Stations as detailed in PC.A.5.7. Data is not required for HVDC Systems and DC Converter Stations that are contracted to provide a Black Start Capability. The data should be provided in accordance with PC.A.1.2 and also, where possible, upon request from The Company during a Black Start Capability.	Data Description (PC.A.5.7) (■ CUSC Contract)	Assuming all BM Units were running immediately prior to the Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown and in the event of loss of all external power supplies, provide the following information:	a) Expected time for the first and subsequent BM Units to be Synchronised , from the restoration of external power supplies, assuming external power supplies are not available for up to 24hrs	b) Describe any likely issues that would have a significant impact on a BM Units time to be Synchronised arising as a direct consequence of the inherent design or operational practice of the HVDC System or DC Converter Station and/or BM Unit , e.g. time from a Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown at which batteries would be discharged.	Block Loading Capability:	c) Provide estimated incremental Active Power steps, form no load to Rated MW which an HVDC System or DC Converter Station can instantaneously supply without causing it to trip or go outside the Frequency range of 47.5Hz – 52Hz (or an otherwise agreed Frequency range). The time between each incremental step shall also be provided. In addition data should be provided from 0MW to Registered Capacity of each BM Unit based on the HVDC System or DC Converter Station being (not run for 48hrs or more prior to the shutdown) or run immediately before the Partial Shutdown or Total Shutdown . The data supplied should be valid for a Frequency deviation of 49.5Hz – 50.5Hz and should identify any required 'hold' points.

SCHEDULE 17 - ACCESS PERIOD DATA PAGE 1 OF 1

(PC.A.4 - CUSC Contract ■)

Submissions by **Users** using this Schedule 17 shall commence in 2011 and shall then continue in each year thereafter

Asset Identifier	Start Week	End Week	Maintenance Year (1, 2 or 3)	Duration	Potential Concurrent Outage (Y/N)
Comment	S				

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 1 OF 24

The data in this Schedule 18 is required from **Generators** who are undertaking **OTSDUW** and connecting to a **Transmission Interface Point**.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	RTL		DATA CAT.	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION			ON DA			
		CUSC Cont ract	CUSC App. Form		F.Yr0	F.Yr1	F.Yr2	F.Yr3	F.Yr4	F.Yr5	F.Yr 6
INDIVIDUAL OTSDUW DATA											
Interface Point Capacity (PC.A.3.2.2 (a))	MW MVAr		•								
Performance Chart at the Transmission Interface Point for OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus (PC.A.3.2.2(f)(iv)			•								
OTSDUW DEMANDS											
Demand associated with the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus (excluding OTSDUW DC Converters – see Note 1)) supplied at each Interface Point. The User should also provide the Demand supplied to each Connection Point on the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus. (PC.A.5.2.5)											
The maximum Demand that could occur. Demand at specified time of annual peakhalf hour of National Electricity Transmission System Demand at Annual ACS Conditions.	MW MVAr MW MVAr			DPD I DPD I DPD II DPD II							
- Demand at specified time of annual minimum half-hour of National Electricity Transmission System Demand .	MW MVAr			DPD II DPD II							
(Note 1 – Demand required from OTSDUW DC Converters should be supplied under page 2 of Schedule 18).											

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 2 OF 24

OTSDUW USERS SYSTEM DATA

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA	to RTL	DATA
				CATEGORY
OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM LAYOUT		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	
(PC.A.2.2.1, PC.A.2.2.2 and P.C.A.2.2.3)				
A Single Line Diagram showing connectivity of all of the Offshore Transmission System including all Plant and Apparatus between the Interface Point and all Connection Points is required.		•	•	SPD
This Single Line Diagram shall depict the arrangement(s) of all of the existing and proposed load current carrying Apparatus relating to both existing and proposed Interface Points and Connection Points, showing electrical circuitry (i.e. overhead lines, underground cables (including subsea cables), power transformers and similar equipment), operating voltages, circuit breakers and phasing arrangements		•	•	SPD
Operational Diagrams of all substations within the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus		•	•	SPD
SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE (PC.A.2.2.6)				
For the infrastructure associated with any OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus				
Rated 3-phase rms short-circuit withstand current	kA	-	-	SPD
Rated 1-phase rms short-circuit withstand current	kA	•	•	SPD
Rated Duration of short-circuit withstand	s			SPD
Rated rms continuous current	А	•	•	SPD
LUMPED SUSCEPTANCES (PC.A.2.3)				
Equivalent Lumped Susceptance required for all parts of the User's Subtransmission System (including OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus) which are not included in the Single Line Diagram.		•	•	
This should not include:			-	
(a) independently switched reactive compensation equipment identified above.		-	•	
(b) any susceptance of the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus inherent in the Demand (Reactive Power) data provided on Page 1 and 2 of this Schedule 14.		•	•	
Equivalent lumped shunt susceptance at nominal Frequency .	% on 100 MVA	•	•	

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA **PAGE 3 OF 24**

OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA Branch Data (PC.A.2.2.4)

	Length (km)		
sn	Summer (MVA)		
Maximum Continuous Ratings	Spring Autumn (MVA)		
	Winter (MVA)		
ERS	B0 %100M VA		
ZPS PARAMETERS	X0 %100M VA		
ZPS	R0 %100 MVA		
TERS	B1 %100 MVA		
PPS PARAMETERS	X1 %100 MVA		
PP	R1 %100 MVA		
	Circuit		
	Operating Voltage (kV)		
	Rated Voltage (kV)		
	No de 2		
	Node 1		

For information equivalent STC Reference: STCP12-1m Part 3 – 2.1 Branch Data ← ~;

In the case where an overhead line exists within the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus the Mutual inductances should also be provided.

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 4 OF 24

OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

2 Winding Transformer Data (PC.A.2.2.5)

The data below is Standard Planning Data, and details should be shown below of all transformers shown on the Single Line Diagram

Earthing Imped Ance method			
Earthing Method (Direct /Res /Reac)			
Winding Arr.			
	type		
Tap Changer	Step size %		
Тар	Range +% to -%		
ase istance IVA	Nom Tap		
Positive Phase Sequence Resistance % on 100 MVA	Min Tap		
Pos Sedue % (Мах Тар		
ase Ictance IVA	Nom Тар		
Positive Phase Sequence Reactance % on 100MVA	Min Tap		
	Мах Тар		
Trans-former			
Rating (MVA)			
(kV)			
Node			
HV Node HV			
N N			

Notes

1 For information the corresponding STC Reference is STCP12-1: Part 3 – 2.4 Transformers

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 5 OF 24

USERS SYSTEM DATA (OTSUA)

Auto Transformer Data 3-Winding (PC.A.2.2.5)

The data below is all Standard Planning Data, and details should be shown below of all transformers shown on the Single Line Diagram.

		PAGI	5 OF 2	4	
The Compa ny Code					
The The Compa Compa ny Ny Sheet Code					
Earthin EQUIVALENT T ZPS PARAMETERS (FLIP) g Impeda nce Method	.T ⋜ <i>=</i> 20	Х _{от} % 100 MVA			
	ZOT Dflt X/R =20	R _{от} % 100 МVA			
RAMET		Х _{ог} % 100 МVA			
ZPS PA	ZOL	R ₀ . % 100 MVA			•
ENT	_	Х _{он} % 100 MVA			
QUIVAI	ZOH	R₀+ 100 MVA			
Earthin E g mpeda nce Method					•
ш <u>=</u> 2	Vinding	ment			
	Type M	Offload ment			
Taps	Step size (c	%			
	Range Step Type Winding +% to -% size (onloadArrange				
lase Se Ce MVA	Min Nom Tap Tap				•
Positive Phase Sequence Resistance % on 100 MVA	Min Tap				
Posit Se Res % on	Мах Тар				
rase ce NVA	Nom Tap				
Positive Phase Sequence Reactance % on 100MVA	Max Min Nom Tap Tap Tap				
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Max Tap				
Transf					
Rating (MVA)					
PSS/E Circuit					
(k \)					
LV NODE					
\(\frac{\k}{\text{\chi}}\)					
HV V _H LV V _L PSS/E Rating Transfo Positive Phase NODE (kV) NODE (kV) Circuit (MVA) mer Sequence Reactance 8, on 100MVA					Notes
					-

CHO

1. For information STC Reference: STCP12-1: Part 3 - 2.4 Transformers

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 6 OF 24

OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

Circuit Breaker Data (PC.A.2.2.6(a))

The data below is all Standard Planning Data, and should be provided for all OTSUA switchgear (i.e. circuit breakers, load disconnectors and disconnectors)

	DC time constant at testing of asymmetrical breaking ability breaking ability (s)	
	Fault Make Rating (Peak Asymmetrical) (1 phase) (kA)	
as as	Fault Break Fault Break Fault Make Rating (RMS Rating (Peak Symmetrical) Asymmetrical) Asymmetrical) (1 phase) (kA) (1 phase) (kA) (1 phase) (kA)	
1 Phase	Fault Rating Fault Break Fault Break (RMS Rating (Peak (RMS Symmetrical) Symmetrical (I phase) (kA) (1 phase) (kA) (1 phase) (kA) (1 phase) (kA) (1 phase) (kA) (2 phase) (kA) (3 phase) (kA) (3 phase) (kA) (4 phase) (kA) (4 phase) (kA) (5 phase) (kA) (6 phase) (kA) (7 phase) (kA) (7 phase) (kA) (8 phase) (kA) (9 phase) (8 pha	
	Fault Rating (RMS Symmetrical) (1 phase) (MVA)	
	Fault Make Rating (Peak Asymmetrical) § (3 phase) (kA)	
ase	Fault Break Rating (Peak Asymmetrical) (3 phase) (kA)	
3 Phase	Fault Break Rating (RMS Symmetrical) (3 phase) (kA)	
	Continuo Fault Rating us (RMS Rating Symmetrical) (A) (3 phase) (MVA)	
	Continuo F us us (A)	
ting	Total Time (mS)	
med Operating Times	Minimum Protection & Trip Relay (mS)	
Assumed		
	Year Circuit Commission Breaker ed (mS)	
	Туре	
erData	Model	
Break	Make	
Circuit Breaker Data	Operatin Make g Voltage	
	Rated Operatin Voltage g Voltage	
	Name	
	Location	

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 7 OF 24

OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

REACTIVE COMPENSATION EQUIPMENT (PC.A.2.4(e))

Item	Node	kV	Device No.	Rating (MVAr)	P Loss (kW)	Tap range	Connection Arrangement		

Notes:

- 1. For information STC Reference: STCP12-1: Part 3 2.5 Reactive Compensation Equipment
- 2. Data relating to continuously variable reactive compensation equipment (such as statcoms or SVCs) should be entered on the SVC Modelling table.
- 3. For the avoidance of doubt this includes any AC Reactive Compensation equipment included within the OTSDUW DC Converter other than harmonic filter data which is to be entered in the harmonic filter data table.

Ī	PC.A.2.4.1(e)	A mathematical representation in block diagram format to model the control of any
		dynamic compensation plant. The model should be suitable for RMS dynamic stability
		type studies in which the time constants used should not be less than 10ms.

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OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATAREACTIVE COMPENSATION - SVC Modelling Data (PC.A.2.4.1(e)(iii))

Connection (Direct/Tert iary)	
R1 X1 R0 X0 Transf. PPS_R ZPS_R ZPS_X Winding Type	
X0 ZPS_X	
R0 ZPS_R	
×1 PPS_X	
R1 PPS_R	
Normal Running Mode	
Max Min Slope Voltage MVAr MVAr % Dependant at HV at HV Q Limit	
Slope %	
Min MVAr at HV	
Max MVAr at HV	
Target Voltage (kV)	
Nominal Voltage (kV)	
Control Node	
HV LV Node	NO+01

1. For information the equivalent STC Reference is: STCP12-1: Part 3 - 2.7 SVC Modelling Data

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA **PAGE 9 OF 24**

OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

Harmonic Filter Data (including **OTSDUW DC Converter** harmonic Filter Data) (PC.A.5.4.3.1(d) and PC.A.6.4.2)

Site Name	SLD Referenc	е	Point of Fi	Iter Connection	
Filter Description					
Manufacturer	Model	Fili	ter Type	Filter connection type (Delta/Star, Grounded/ Ungrounded)	Notes
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			T
Bus Voltage	Rating	C	(factor	Tuning Frequency	Notes
		ı			
Component Paran	neters (as per SLD))			
					Т
	Parameter a			Ī	
Filter Component (R, C or L)	Capacitance (micro-Farads)		nce (milli- nrys)	Resistance (Ohms)	Notes
					<u> </u>
Filter frequency ch	naracteristics (graph	ns) detailir	na for frequ	ency range up to 10k	Hz and higher
sisqusi.loy of	.a. astonoaco (grapi	,	. 	sit, lange up to lor	<u> </u>

- Graph of impedance (ohm) against frequency (Hz)
 Graph of angle (degree) against frequency (Hz)
 Connection diagram of Filter & Elements

Notes:

1. For information STC Reference: STCP12-1: Part 3 - 2.8 Harmonic Filter Data

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 10 OF 24

Information for Transient Overvoltage Assessment (DPD I) (PC.A.6.2 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** undertaking **OTSDUW** with respect to any **Interface Point** or **Connection Point** to enable **The Company** to assess transient overvoltage on the **National Electricity Transmission System**.

- (a) Busbar layout plan(s), including dimensions and geometry showing positioning of any current and voltage transformers, through bushings, support insulators, disconnectors, circuit breakers, surge arresters, etc. Electrical parameters of any associated current and voltage transformers, stray capacitances of wall bushings and support insulators, and grading capacitances of circuit breakers;
- (b) Electrical parameters and physical construction details of lines and cables connected at that busbar. Electrical parameters of all plant e.g., transformers (including neutral earthing impedance or zig-zag transformers if any), series reactors and shunt compensation equipment connected at that busbar (or to the tertiary of a transformer) or by lines or cables to that busbar;
- (c) Basic insulation levels (BIL) of all **Apparatus** connected directly, by lines or by cables to the busbar;
- (d) Characteristics of overvoltage **Protection** devices at the busbar and at the termination points of all lines, and all cables connected to the busbar;
- (e) Fault levels at the lower voltage terminals of each transformer connected to each **Interface Point** or **Connection Point** without intermediate transformation:
- (f) The following data is required on all transformers within the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**.
- (g) An indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions.

Harmonic Studies (DPD I) (PC.A.6.4 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information given below, both current and forecast, where not already supplied in this Schedule 14 may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** if it is necessary for **The Company** to evaluate the production/magnification of harmonic distortion on **National Electricity Transmission System**. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **User's System** should be reflected:-

(a) Overhead lines and underground cable circuits (including subsea cables) of the **User's OTSDUW**Plant and Apparatus must be differentiated and the following data provided separately for each type:-

Positive phase sequence resistance Positive phase sequence reactance Positive phase sequence susceptance

(b) for all transformers connecting the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA Voltage Ratio Positive phase sequence resistance Positive phase sequence reactance

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA **PAGE 11 OF 24**

(c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance Connection voltage and MVAr rating of any capacitor bank and component design parameters if configured as a filter

Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points The minimum and maximum **Demand** (both MW and MVAr) that could occur Harmonic current injection sources in Amps at the Connection Points and Interface Points

an indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during Planned Outage conditions

Voltage Assessment Studies (DPD I) (PC.A.6.5 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below, where not already supplied in this Schedule 14, may be requested by The Company from each User undertaking OTSDUW with respect to any Connection Point or Interface Point if it is necessary for The Company to undertake detailed voltage assessment studies (e.g. to examine potential voltage instability, voltage control co-ordination or to calculate voltage step changes on the National Electricity Transmission System).

For all circuits of the User's OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus:-

Positive Phase Sequence Reactance Positive Phase Sequence Resistance Positive Phase Sequence Susceptance MVAr rating of any reactive compensation equipment

for all transformers connecting the User's OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA Voltage Ratio Positive phase sequence resistance Positive Phase sequence reactance Tap-changer range Number of tap steps Tap-changer type: on-load or off-circuit AVC/tap-changer time delay to first tap movement AVC/tap-changer inter-tap time delay

(c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance MVAr rating of any reactive compensation equipment Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points

The maximum **Demand** (both MW and MVAr) that could occur

Estimate of voltage insensitive (constant power) load content in % of total load at both winter peak and 75% off-peak load conditions

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 12 OF 24

Short Circuit Analyses:(**DPD I**) (PC.A.6.6 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below, both current and forecast, and where not already supplied under this Schedule 14, may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** undertaking **OTSDUW** with respect to any **Connection Point** or **Interface Point** where prospective short-circuit currents on **Transmission** equipment are close to the equipment rating.

(a) For all circuits of the User's OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus:-

Positive phase sequence resistance

Positive phase sequence reactance

Positive phase sequence susceptance

Zero phase sequence resistance (both self and mutuals)

Zero phase sequence reactance (both self and mutuals)

Zero phase sequence susceptance (both self and mutuals)

(b) For all transformers connecting the User's OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA

Voltage Ratio

Positive phase sequence resistance (at max, min and nominal tap)

Positive Phase sequence reactance (at max, min and nominal tap)

Zero phase sequence reactance (at nominal tap)

Tap changer range

Earthing method: direct, resistance or reactance

Impedance if not directly earthed

(c) At the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

The maximum **Demand** (in MW and MVAr) that could occur

Short-circuit infeed data in accordance with PC.A.2.5.6(a) unless the **User's OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** runs in parallel with the **Subtransmission System**, when to prevent double counting in each node infeed data, a π equivalent comprising the data items of PC.A.2.5.6(a) for each node together with the positive phase sequence interconnection impedance between the nodes shall be submitted.

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 13 OF 24

Fault infeed data to be submitted by **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** providing a fault infeed (including **OTSDUW DC Converters**) (PC.A.2.5.5)

A submission is required for OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus (including OTSDUW DC Converters at each Transmission Interface Point and Connection Point. The submission shall represent operating conditions that result in the maximum fault infeed. The fault current from all auxiliaries of the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus at the Transmission Interface Point and Connection Point shall be included. The fault infeed shall be expressed as a fault current at the Transmission Interface Point and also at each Connection Point.

Should actual data in respect of fault infeeds be unavailable at the time of the application for a **CUSC Contract** or **Embedded Development Agreement**, a limited subset of the data, representing the maximum fault infeed that may result from the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, shall be submitted. This data will, as a minimum, represent the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the fault current for both single phase and three phase solid faults at each **Connection Point** and **Interface Point** at the time of fault application and 50ms following fault application. Actual data in respect of fault infeeds shall be submitted to **The Company** as soon as it is available, in line with PC.A.1.2.

DATA DESCRIPTION	<u>UNITS</u>	F.Yr.	<u>F.Yr.</u> 1	<u>F.Yr.</u> 2	<u>F.Yr.</u> <u>3</u>		<u>F.Yr.</u> <u>5</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u> <u>6</u>	<u>F.Yr.</u> <u>7</u>	DATA to	o RTL
(PC.A.2.5)		<u>0</u>		<u>∠</u>	<u> </u>	<u>4</u>	<u> </u>	0	<u></u>	CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
Name of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus											
OTSDUW DC Converter type (i.e. voltage or current source)											
A submission shall be provided for the contribution of each OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus to the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the short circuit current at the Interface Point and each Connection Point for (i) a solid symmetrical three phase short circuit (ii) a solid single phase to earth short circuit (iii) a solid phase to phase short circuit (iv) a solid two phase to earth short circuit											•
If protective controls are used and active for the above conditions, a											•
submission shall be provided in the limiting case where the protective control is not active. This case may											•
require application of a non-solid fault, resulting in a retained voltage at the fault point.											•

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 14 OF 24

DATA DESCRIPTION	<u>UNITS</u>	<u>F.</u> <u>Yr.</u> 0	<u>F.</u> <u>Yr.</u> 1	<u>F.</u> <u>Yr.</u> <u>2</u>	<u>F.</u> <u>Yr.</u> <u>3</u>	<u>F.</u> <u>Yr.</u> <u>4</u>	<u>F.</u> <u>Yr.</u> 5	<u>F.</u> Yr. 6	<u>F.</u> <u>Yr.</u> <u>7</u>		A to
		<u> </u>		_ =			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
-A continuous time trace and table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the fault current from the time of fault inception to 140ms after fault inception at 10ms intervals	Graphical and tabular kA versus s										•
- A continuous time trace and table showing the positive, negative and zero sequence components of retained voltage at the Interface Point and each Connection Point, if appropriate	p.u. versus s										•
- A continuous time trace and table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of retained voltage at the fault point, if appropriate	p.u. versus s										-
Positive sequence X/R ratio of the equivalent at time of fault at the Interface Point and each Connection Point											•
Minimum zero sequence impedance of the equivalent at the Interface Point and each Connection Point											•
Active Power transfer at the Interface Point and each Connection Point pre-fault	MW										-
Pow er Factor (lead or lag)											•
Pre-fault voltage (if different from 1.0 p.u.) at fault point (See note 1)	p.u.										-
Items of reactive compensation switched in pre-fault											•

Note 1. The pre-fault voltage provided above should represent the voltage within the range 0.95 to 1.05 that gives the highest fault current

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 15 OF 24

Thermal Ratings	s Data (PC.	.A.2.2.4)			
			CIRCUIT RATING SCHEDULE		
Voltage		-	Offshore TO Name		Issue Date
132kV					

CIRCUIT Name from Site A - Site B

			Wir	nter			Spring/	Autumn			Sum	mer	
OVERALL CCT RA	TINGS	%Nom	Limit	Amps	MVA	%Nom		Amps	MVA	%Nom	Limit	Amps	MVA
Pre-Fault Continu	JOUS	84%	Line	485	111	84%	Line	450	103	84%	Line	390	89
Post-Fault Contin	nuous	100%	Line	580	132	100%	Line	540	123	100%	Line	465	106
Prefault load exceeds line	6hr	95%	Line	580	132	95%	Line	540	123	95%	Line	465	106
prefault	20m		Line	580	132		Line	540	123		Line	465	106
continuous rating	10m	mva 125	Line	580	132 132	mva	Line	540 540	123 123	mva	Line	465	106 106
	5m 3m	125	Line	580 580	132	116	Line	540	123	100	Line	465 465	106
	3111		Line	560	132		Line	540	123		Line	400	106
	6hr	90%	Line	580	132	90%	Line	540	123	90%	Line	465	106
OL . T	20m		Line	580	132		Line	540	123		Line	465	106
Short Term	10m	mva	Line	580	132	mva	Line	540	123	mva	Line	465	106
Overloads	5m	118	Line	580	132	110	Line	540 540	123	95	Line	465	106
	3m		Line	580	132		Line	540	123		Line	465	106
Limiting Item	6hr	84%	Line	580	132	84%	Line	540	123	84%	Line	465	106
and permitted	20m		Line	590	135		Line	545	125		Line	470	108
overload	10m	mva	Line	630	144	mva	Line	580	133	mva	Line	495	113
values	5m	110	Line	710	163	103	Line	655	149	89	Line	555	126
for different times and	3m		Line	810	185		Line	740	170		Line	625	143
pre-fault loads	6hr	75%	Line	580	132	75%	Line	540	123	75%	Line	465	106
	20m		Line	595	136		Line	555	126		Line	475	109
	10m	mva	Line	650	149	mva	Line	600	137	mva	Line	510	116
	5m	99	Line	760 885	173 203	92	Line	695 810	159 185	79	Line	585	134
	3m		Line	885	203		Line	810	185		Line	685	156
	6hr	60%	Line	580	132	60%	Line	540	123	60%	Line	465	106
	20m		Line	605	138		Line	560	128		Line	480	110
	10m	mva	Line	675	155	mva	Line	620	142	mva	Line	530	121
	5m 3m	79	Line	820 985	187 226	73	Line	750 900	172 206	63	Line	635 755	145 173
	3111		Line	965	220		Line	900	206		Line	755	173
	6hr	30%	Line	580	132	30%	Line	540	123	30%	Line	465	106
	20m		Line	615	141		Line	570	130		Line	490	112
	10m	mva	Line	710	163	mva	Line	655	150	mva	Line	555	127
	5m	39	Line	895	205	36	Line	820	187	31	Line	690	158
	3m		Line	1110	255		Line	1010	230		Line	845	193
	Ī	I			1	I		I		1			

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 16 OF 24

	6hr 20m 10m 5m 3m						
	6hr 20m 10m 5m 3m						
Notes or Restrictions Detailed		•					

Notes: 1. For information the equivalent STC Reference: STCP12-1: Part 3 - 2.6 Thermal Ratings

2. The values shown in the above table is example data.

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 17 OF 24

Protection Policy (PC.A.6.3)

To include details of the protection policy

Protection Schedules(*PC.A.6.3*)

Data schedules for the protection systems associated with each primary plant item including: Protection, Intertrip Signalling & operating times Intertripping and protection unstabilisation initiation Synchronising facilities

Delayed Auto Reclose sequence schedules

Automatic Switching Scheme Schedules (PC.A.2.2.7)

A diagram of the scheme and an explanation of how the system will operate and what plant will be affected by the scheme's operation.

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 18 OF 24

GENERATOR INTERTRIP SCHEMES (PC.A.2.2.7(b))

Substation:
Details of Generator Intertrip Schemes:
A diagram of the scheme and an explanation of how the system will operate and what plant will be effected by the schemes operation.
DEMAND INTERTRIP SCHEMES (PC.A.2.2.7(b))
Substation:
Details of Demand Intertrip Schemes:
A diagram of the scheme and an explanation of how the system will operate and what plant will be effected

A diagram of the scheme and an explanation of how the system will operate and what plant will be effected by the schemes operation

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 19 OF 24

Specific Operating Requirements (CC.5.2.1 or ECC.5.2.1)

SUBSTATION OPERATIONAL GUIDE

	Su	ubstation:	
Locati	on Details:		
	Postal Address:	Telephone Nos.	Map Ref.
Trans	smission Interface		
Gene	rator Interface		
1	Substation Type:		
١.	Substation Type:		
2.		description of voltage control system. To i	
	voitage, manuai etc. Pius	s control step increments i.e. 0.5% or 0.33	5K V)
3.	Energisation Switching	Information: (The standard energisation	switching process from dead.)
4	Intertrip Systems:		
4.	intertrip Systems.		
5.		(A short explanation of any system re-con	
	Also any generation restr	e plant which form part of the OTSDUW Fictions required).	riant and Apparatus equipment.

generation restrictions required).

6. Harmonic Filter Outage: (An explanation as to any OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus reconfigurations required to facilitate the outage and maintain the system within specified Harmonic limits, also any

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 20 OF 24

OTSDUW DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

OTSDUW DC CONVERTER NAME

DATE:	
DAIE.	

Data Description	Units	DATA RTL	to	Data Category	DC Converter Station Data
(PC.A.4 and PC.A.5.2.5)		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		•
OTSDUW DC CONVERTER (CONVERTER DEMANDS):					
Demand supplied through Station Transformers associated with the OTSDUW DC Converter at each Interface Point and each Offshore Connection Point Grid Entry Point [PC.A.4.1]					
 Demand with all OTSDUW DC Converters operating at Interface Point Capacity. 	MW MV A r			DPD II DPD II	
- Demand with all OTSDUW DC Converters operating at maximum Interface Point flow from the Interface Point to each Offshore Grid Entry Point .	MW MV A r			DPD II DPD II	
- The maximum Demand that could occur.	MW MV A r			DPD II DPD II	
 Demand at specified time of annual peak half hour of The Company Demand at 	MW MV A r			DPD II DPD II	
Annual ACS Conditions. - Demand at specified time of annual minimum half-hour of The Company Demand.	MW MV A r			DPD II	
OTSDUW DC CONVERTER DATA	Text		•	SPD+	
Number of poles, i.e. number of OTSDUW DC Converters	Text		•	SPD+	
Pole arrangement (e.g. monopole or bipole)	Diagram				
Return path arrangement					
Details of each viable operating configuration			•		
Configuration 1 Configuration 2 Configuration 3 Configuration 4 Configuration 5 Configuration 6	Diagram Diagram Diagram Diagram Diagram Diagram Diagram Diagram		:	SPD+	

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Data Description	Units	DAT/		Data Category	Operating Configuration			ation		
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	<u> </u>	1	2	3	4	5	6
OTSDUW DC CONVERTER DATA (PC.A.3.3.1(d))										
OTSDUW DC Converter Type (e.g. current or Voltage source)	Text		•	SPD						
If the busbars at the Interface Point or Connection Point are normally run in separate	Section Number		-	SPD						
sections identify the section to which the OTSDUW DC Converter configuration is connected	MW		•	SPD+						
Rated MW import per pole (PC.A.3.3.1) Rated MW export per pole (PC.A.3.3.1)	MW		-	SPD+						
ACTIVE POWER TRANSFER CAPABILITY (PC.A.3.2.2) Interface Point Capacity	MW MV Ar		•	SPD SPD						
OTSDUW DC CONVERTER TRANSFORMER (PC.A.5.4.3.1)										
Rated MVA Winding arrangement	MVA kV			DPD II						
Nominal primary voltage Nominal secondary (converter-side) voltage(s) Positive sequence reactance Maximum tap Nominal tap	kV % on MV A % on			DPD II DPD II DPD II DPD II						
Minimum tap Positive sequence resistance Maximum tap Nominal tap Minimum tap	MVA % on MVA	0		DPD II DPD II DPD II DPD II						
Minimum tap Zero phase sequence reactance Tap change range Number of steps	% on MVA % on MVA % on MVA % on MVA			DPD II DPD II						
	+% / -%									

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Data Description	Units	DATA to		Data Category	Ор	erating	confi	guratio	n	
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	Category	1	2	3	4	5	6
OTSDUW DC CONVERTER NETWORK DATA (PC.A.5.4.3.1 (c)) Rated DC voltage per pole Rated DC current per pole	kV A	0		DPD II DPD II						
Details of the OTSDUW DC Network described in diagram form including resistance, inductance and capacitance of all DC cables and/or DC lines. Details of any line reactors (including line reactor resistance), line capacitors, DC filters, earthing electrodes and other conductors that form part of the OTSDUW DC Network should be shown.	Diagram			DPD II						

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Data Description	Units	DATA to		Data	Operating configuration						
			TL	Category							
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6	

OTSDUW DC CONVERTER CONTROL SYSTEMS (PC.A.5.4.3.2)						
Static V _{DC} - P _{DC} (DC voltage - DC power) or Static V _{DC} - I _{DC} (DC voltage - DC current) characteristic (as appropriate) when operating as -Rectifier -Inverter	Diagram Diagram Diagram		DPD II DPD II			
Details of rectifier mode control system, in block diagram form together with parameters showing transfer functions of individual elements.	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of inverter mode control system, in blockdiagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters (as applicable).	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of OTSDUW DC Converter transformer tap changer control system in blockdiagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of AC filter control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of any frequency and/or load control systems in blockdiagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
Details of any large or small signal modulating controls, such as power oscillation damping controls or sub-synchronous oscillation damping controls, that have not been submitted aspart of the above control system data.	Diagram		DPD II			
Transfer blockdiagram representation of the reactive power control at converter ends for a voltage source converter.	Diagram		DPD II			
For Generators in respect of OTSDUW who are also EU Code Users details of OTSDUW DC Converter unit models and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
For Generators in respect of OTSDUW who are also EU Code Users details of AC component models and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
For Generators in respect of OTSDUW who are also EU Code Users details of DC Grid models and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
For Generators in respect of OTSDUW who are also EU Code Users details of Voltage and power controller and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram		DPD II			
For Generators in respect of OTSDUW who are also EU Code Users details of Special control features if applicable (e.g. power oscillation	Diagram		DPD II			

Data Description	Units		ΓΑ to TL	Data Category	Ope	rating	config	juratio	on	
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6
damping (POD) function, subsynchronous torsional interaction (SSTI) control and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	_		DPD II						
For Generators in respect of OTSDUW who are also EU Code Users details of Multi terminal control, if applicable and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.				2.2 "						
For Generators in respect of OTSDUW who are also EU Code Users details of OTSDUW DC Converter protection models as agreed between The Company and the Generator (in respect of OTSDW) and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram			DPD II						

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA PAGE 24 OF 24

Data Description	Units	Units DATA to RTL		Data Category	Operating configuration					
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6
LOADING PARAMETERS (PC.A.5.4.3.3)										
MW Export from the Offshore Grid Entry Point to the Transmission Interface Point Nominal loading rate Maximum (emergency) loading rate	MW/s MW/s	0		DPD I DPD I DPD II						
Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following an AC system fault or severe voltage depression.	S									
Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following a transient DC Network fault.	S			DPD II						

SCHEDULE 19 – USER DATA FILE STRUCTURE PAGE 1 OF 2

The structure of the **User Data File Structure** is given below.

i.d.	Folder name	Description of contents
Part A: C	Commercial & Legal	
A2	Commissioning	Commissioning & Test Programmes
A3	Statements	Statements of Readiness
A9	AS Monitoring	Ancillary Services Monitoring
A10	Self-Certification	User Self Certification of Compliance
A11	Compliance statements	Compliance Statement
Part 1: S	afety & System Operation	
1.1	Interface Agreements	Interface Agreements
1.2	Safety Rules	Safety Rules
1.3	Switching Procedures	Local Switching Procedures
1.4	Earthing	Earthing
1.5	SRS	Site Responsibility Schedules
1.6	Diagrams	Operational and Gas Zone Diagrams
1.7	Drawings	Site Common Drawings
1.8	Telephony	Control Telephony
1.9	Safety Procedures	Local Safety Procedures
1.10	Co-ordinators	Safety Co-ordinators
1.11	RISSP	Record of Inter System Safety Precautions
1.12	Tel Numbers	Telephone Numbers for Joint System
		Incidents
1.13	Contact Details	Contact Details (fax, tel, email)
1.14	Restoration Plan	Local Joint Restoration Plan (incl. black start
		if applicable)
1.15	Maintenance	Maintenance Standards
Part 2: Co	onnection Technical Data	
2.1	DRC Schedule 5	DRC Schedule 5 – Users System Data
2.2	Protection Report	Protection Settings Reports
2.3	Special Automatic	Special Automatic Facilities e.g. intertrip
	Facilities	
2.4	Operational Metering	Operational Metering
2.5	Tariff Metering	Tariff Metering
2.6	Operational Comms	Operational Communications
2.7	Monitoring	Performance Monitoring
2.8	Power Quality	Power Quality Test Results (if required)

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Part 3: (Generator Technical Data	
3.1	DRC Schedule 1	DRC Schedule 1 - Generating Unit, Power
		Generating Module, HVDC System and DC
		Converter Technical Data
3.2	DRC Schedule 2	DRC Schedule 2 - Generation Planning Data
3.3	DRC Schedule 4	DRC Schedule 4 – Frequency Droop &
		Response
3.4	DRC Schedule 14	DRC Schedule 14 – Fault Infeed Data –
		Generators
3.5	Special Generator	Special Generator Protection e.g. Pole
	Protection	slipping; islanding
3.6	Compliance Tests	Compliance Tests & Evidence
3.7	Compliance Studies	Compliance Simulation Studies
3.8	Site Specific	Bilateral Connections Agreement Technical
		Data & Compliance
Part 4: 0	General DRC Schedules	
4.1	DRC Schedule 3	DRC Schedule 3 – Large Power Station
		Outage Information
4.2	DRC Schedule 6	DRC Schedule 6 – Users Outage
		Information
4.3	DRC Schedule 7	DRC Schedule 7 – Load Characteristics
4.4	DRC Schedule 8	DRC Schedule 8 – BM Unit Data (if
		applicable)
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(if application	able and prior to OTSUA Tra r	nsfer Time)
		Diagrams
		Circuits Plant and Apparatus
		Circuit Parameters
		Protection Operation and Autoswitching
		Automatic Control Systems
		Mathematical model of dynamic
		compensation plant

< END OF DATA REGISTRATION CODE

GENERAL CONDITIONS

(GC)

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GC.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

GC.1.1 The **General Conditions** contain provisions which are of general application to all provisions of the Grid Code. Their objective is to ensure, to the extent possible, that the various sections of the Grid Code work together and work in practice for the benefit of all **Users**.

GC.2 SCOPE

GC.2.1 The **General Conditions** apply to all **Users** (including, for the avoidance of doubt, **The Company**).

GC.3 <u>UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES</u>

If circumstances arise which the provisions of the Grid Code have not foreseen, **The Company** shall, to the extent reasonably practicable in the circumstances, consult promptlyand in good faith all affected **Users** in an effort to reach agreement as to what should be done. If agreement between **The Company** and those **Users** as to what should be done cannot be reached in the time available, **The Company** shall determine what is to be done. Wherever **The Company** makes a determination, it shall do so having regard, wherever possible, to the views expressed by **Users** and, in any event, to what is reasonable in all the circumstances. Each **User** shall complywith all instructions given to it by **The Company** following such a determination provided that the instructions are consistent with the then current technical parameters of the particular **User's System** registered under the Grid Code. **The Company** shall promptly refer all such unforeseen circumstances and any such determination to the **Panel** for consideration in accordance with GC.4.2(e).

GC.4 NOT USED

GC.5 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND USERS

Unless otherwise specified in the Grid Code, all instructions given by **The Company** and communications (other than relating to the submission of data and notices) between **The Company** and **Users** (other than **Generators**, **DC Converter Station** owners or **Suppliers**) shall take place between the **The Company Control Engineer** based at the **Transmission Control Centre** notified by **The Company** to each **User** prior to connection, and the relevant **User Responsible Engineer/Operator**, who, in the case of a **Network Operator**, will be based at the **Control Centre** notified by the **Network Operator** to **The Company** prior to connection.

- Unless otherwise specified in the Grid Code, all instructions given by The Company and communications (other than relating to the submission of data and notices) between The Company and Generators and/or DC Converter Station owners and/or Suppliers, shall take place between the The Company Control Engineer based at the Transmission Control Centre notified by The Company to each Generator or DC Converter Station owner prior to connection, or to each Supplier prior to submission of BM Unit Data, and either the relevant Generator's or DC Converter Station owner's or Supplier's Trading Point (if it has established one) notified to The Company or the Control Point of the Supplier or the Generator's Power Station or DC Converter Station, as specified in each relevant section of the Grid Code. In the absence of notification to the contrary, the Control Point of a Generator's Power Station will be deemed to be the Power Station at which the Generating Units or Power Park Modules are situated.
- GC.5.3 Unless otherwise specified in the Grid Code, all instructions given by **The Company** and communications (other than relating to the submission of data and notices) between **The Company** and **Users** will be given by means of the **Control Telephony** referred to in CC.6.5.2.
- GC.5.4 If the **Transmission Control Centre** notified by **The Company** to each **User** prior to connection, or the **User Control Centre**, notified in the case of a **Network Operator** to **The Company** prior to connection, is moved to another location, whether due to an emergency or for any other reason, **The Company** shall notify the relevant **User** or the **User** shall notify **The Company**, as the case may be, of the new location and any changes to the **Control Telephony** or **System Telephony** necessitated by such move, as soon as practicable following the move.
- GC.5.5 If any **Trading Point** notified to **The Company** by a **Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner prior to connection, or by a **Supplier** prior to submission of **BM Unit Data**, is moved to another location or is shut down, the **Generator**, **DC Converter Station** owner or **Supplier** shall immediately notify **The Company**.
- GC.5.6 The recording (by whatever means) of instructions or communications given by means of **Control Telephony** or **System Telephony** will be accepted by **The Company** and **Users** as evidence of those instructions or communications.

GC.6 MISCELLANEOUS

GC.6.1 Data and Notices

- GC.6.1.1 Data and notices to be submitted either to **The Company** or to **Users** under the Grid Code (other than data which is the subject of a specific requirement of the Grid Code as to the manner of its delivery) shall be delivered in writing either by hand or sent by first-class pre-paid post, or by facsimile transfer or by electronic mail to a specified address or addresses previously supplied by **The Company** or the **User** (as the case may be) for the purposes of submitting that data or those notices.
- GC.6.1.2 References in the Grid Code to "in writing" or "written" include typewriting, printing, lithography, and other modes of reproducing words in a legible and non-transitory form and in relation to submission of data and notices includes electronic communications.
- Data delivered pursuant to paragraph GC.6.1.1, in the case of data being submitted to **The Company**, shall be addressed to the **Transmission Control Centre** at the address notified by **The Company** to each **User** prior to connection, or to such other Department within **The Company** or address, as **The Company** may notify each **User** from time to time, and in the case of notices to be submitted to **Users**, shall be addressed to the chief executive of the addressee (or such other person as may be notified by the **User** in writing to **The Company** from time to time) at its address(es) notified by each **User** to **The Company** in writing from time to time for the submission of data and service of notices under the Grid Code (or failing which to the registered or principal office of the addressee).

GC.6.1.4 All data items, where applicable, will be referenced to nominal voltage and **Frequency** unless otherwise stated.

GC.7 OWNERSHIP OF PLANT AND/OR APPARATUS

References in the Grid Code to **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** of a **User** include **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** used by a **User** under any agreement with a third party.

GC.8 SYSTEM CONTROL

Where a **User's System** (or part thereof) is, by agreement, under the control of **The Company**, then for the purposes of communication and co-ordination in operational timescales **The Company** can (for those purposes only) treat that **User's System** (or part thereof) as part of the **National Electricity Transmission System**, but, as between **The Company** and **Users**, it shall remain to be treated as the **User's System** (or part thereof).

GC.9 <u>EMERGENCY SITUATIONS</u>

Users should note that the provisions of the Grid Code may be suspended, in whole or in part, during a Security Period, as more particularly provided in the **Fuel Security Code**, or pursuant to any directions given and/or orders made by the **Secretary of State** under section 96 of the **Act** or under the Energy Act 1976.

GC.10 MATTERS TO BE AGREED

Save where expressly stated in the Grid Code to the contrary where any matter is left to **The Company** and **Users** to agree and there is a failure so to agree the matter shall not without the consent of both **The Company** and **Users** be referred to arbitration pursuant to the rules of the **Electricity Supply Industry Arbitration Association**.

GC.11 GOVERNANCE OF ELECTRICAL STANDARDS

- GC.11.1 In relation to the **Electrical Standards** the following provisions shall apply.
- GC.11.2 (a) If a **User**, or in respect of the **Electrical Standards** in (b) to the annex, **The Company**, or in respect of the **Electrical Standards** in (a) to the annex, or in respect of the **Electrical Standards** in (c) or (d) to the annex, the **Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee**, wishes to:
 - raise a change to an Electrical Standard;
 - (ii) add a new standard to the list of Electrical Standards;
 - (iii) delete a standard from being an Electrical Standard,

it shall activate the Electrical Standards procedure.

(b) The **Electrical Standards** procedure is the notification to the secretary to the **Panel** of the wish to so change, add or delete an **Electrical Standard**. That notification must contain details of the proposal, including an explanation of why the proposal is being made.

GC.11.3 Ordinary Electrical Standards Procedure

- (a) Unless it is identified as an urgent Electrical Standards proposal (in which case GC.11.4 applies) or unless the notifier requests that it be tabled at the next Panel meeting, as soon as reasonably practicable following receipt of the notification, the Panel secretary shall forward the proposal, with a covering paper, to Panel Members.
- (b) If no objections are raised within 20 Business Days of the date of the proposal, then itshall be deemed approved pursuant to the **Electrical Standards** procedure, and **The Company** shall make the change to the relevant **Electrical Standard** or the list of **Electrical Standards** contained in the Annex to this GC.11.
- (c) If there is an objection (or if the notifier had requested that it be tabled at the next **Panel** meeting rather than being dealt with in writing), then the proposal will be included in the agenda for the next following **Panel** meeting.
- (d) If there is broad consensus at the Panel meeting in favour of the proposal, The Company will make the change to the Electrical Standard or the list of Electrical Standards contained in the Annex to this GC.11.
- (e) If there is no such broad consensus, including where the Panel believes that further consultation is needed, The Company will establish a Panel working group if this was thought appropriate and in any event The Company shall undertake a consultation of Authorised Electricity Operators liable to be materially affected by the proposal.
- (f) Following such consultation, **The Company** will report back to **Panel Members**, either in writing or at a **Panel** meeting. If there was broad consensus in the consultation, then **The Company** will make the change to the **Electrical Standard** or the list of **Electrical Standards** contained in the Annex to this GC.11.
- (g) Where following such consultation there is no broad consensus, the matter will be referred to the Authority who will decide whether the proposal should be implemented and will notify The Company of its decision. If the decision is to so implement the change, The Company will make the change to the Electrical Standard or the list of Electrical Standards contained in the Annex to this GC.11.
- (h) In all cases where a change is made to the list of Electrical Standards, The Company will publish and circulate a replacement page for the Annex to this GC covering that list and reflecting the change.

GC.11.4 <u>Urgent Electrical Standards Procedure</u>

- (a) If the notification is marked as an urgent Electrical Standards proposal, the Panel secretary will contact Panel Members in writing to see whether a majority who are contactable agree that it is urgent and in that notification the secretary shall propose a timetable and procedure which shall be followed.
- (b) If such members do so agree, then the secretary will initiate the procedure accordingly, having first obtained the approval of the **Authority**.
- (c) If such members do not so agree, or if the **Authority** declines to approve the proposal being treated as an urgent one, the proposal will follow the ordinary **Electrical Standards** procedure as set out in GC.11.3 above.
- (d) If a proposal is implemented using the urgent Electrical Standards procedure, The Company will contact all Panel Members after it is so implemented to check whether they wish to discuss further the implemented proposal to see whether an additional proposal should be considered to alter the implementation, such proposal following the ordinary Electrical Standards procedure.

GC.12 <u>CONFIDENTIALITY</u>

- Users should note that although the Grid Code contains in certain sections specific provisions which relate to confidentiality, the confidentiality provisions set out in the CUSC apply generally to information and other data supplied as a requirement of or otherwise under the Grid Code. To the extent required to facilitate the requirements of the EMR Documents, Users that are party to the Grid Code but are not party to the CUSC Framework Agreement agree that the confidentiality provisions of the CUSC are deemed to be imported into the Grid Code.
- GC.12.2 The Company has obligations under the STC to inform Relevant Transmission Licensees of certain data. The Company may pass on User data to a Relevant Transmission Licensee where:
 - (a) The Company is required to do so under a provision of Schedule 3 of the STC; and/or
 - (b) permitted in accordance with PC.3.4, PC.3.5 and OC2.3.2.
- GC.12.3 The Company has obligations under the EMR Documents to inform EMR Administrative Parties of certain data. The Company may pass on User data to an EMR Administrative Party where The Company is required to do so under an EMR Document.
- GC.12.4 The Company may use User data for the purpose of carrying out its EMR Functions.

GC.13 RELEVANT TRANSMISSION LICENSEES

- It is recognised that the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** are not parties to the Grid Code. Accordingly, notwithstanding that Operating Code No. 8 Appendix 1 ("OC8A") and Appendix 2 ("OC8B"), OC7.6, OC9.4 and OC9.5 refer to obligations which will in practice be performed by the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** in accordance with relevant obligations under the **STC**, for the avoidance of doubt all contractual rights and obligations arising under OC8A, OC8B, OC7.6, OC9.4 and OC9.5 shall exist between **The Company** and the relevant **User** and in relation to any enforcement of those rights and obligations OC8A, OC8B, OC7.6, OC9.4 and OC9.5 shall be so read and construed. The **Relevant Transmission Licensees** shall enjoy no enforceable rights under OC8A, OC8B, OC7.6, OC9.4 and OC9.5 nor shall they be liable (other than pursuant to the **STC**) for failing to discharge any obligations under OC8A, OC8B, OC7.6, OC9.4 and OC9.5.
- GC.13.2 For the avoidance of doubt nothing in this Grid Code confers on any **Relevant Transmission Licensee** any rights, powers or benefits for the purpose of the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties)

 Act 1999.

GC.14 <u>BETTA TRANSITION ISSUES</u>

GC.14.1 The provisions of Part A of the Appendix to the **General Conditions** apply in relation to issues arising out of the transition associated with the designation of **GC Modification Proposals** by the **Secretary of State** in accordance with the provisions of the Energy Act 2004 for the purposes of Condition C14 of **The Company's Transmission Licence**.

GC.15 <u>EMBEDDED EXEMPTABLE LARGE AND MEDIUM POWER STATIONS</u>

- GC.15.1 This GC.15.1 shall have an effect until and including 31 st March 2007.
 - (i) CC.6.3.2, CC.6.3.7, CC.8.1 and BC3.5.1; and
 - (ii) Planning Code obligations and other Connection Conditions; shall apply to a User who owns or operates an Embedded Exemptable Large Power Station, or a Network Operator in respect of an Embedded Exemptable Medium Power Station, except where and to the extent that, in respect of that Embedded Exemptable Large Power Station or Embedded Exemptable Medium Power Station, The Company agrees or where the relevant User and The Company fail to agree, where and to the extent that the Authority consents.

GC.16 NOT USED

ANNEX TO THE GENERAL CONDITIONS

The Electrical Standards are as follows:

(a) Electrical Standards applicable for NGET's Transmission System

The Relevant Elect	rical Standards Document (RES)	Reference	Issue	Date
Parts 1 to 3			3.0	March 2018
Part 4 – Specific Re	quirements		1	•
1	Back-Up Protection Grading across NGET's and other Network Operator Interfaces	PS(T)044(RES)	1.0	September 2014
2	Ratings and General Requirements for Plant, Equipment, Apparatus and Services for the National Grid System and Connections Points to it.	TS 1 (RES)	1.0	February 2018
3	Substations	TS 2.01 (RES)	1.0	February 2018
4	Switchgear	TS 2.02 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
5	Substation Auxiliary Supplies	TS 2.12 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
6	Ancillary Light Current Equipment	TS 2.19 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
7	Substation Interlocking Schemes	TS 3.01.01 (RES)	1.0	February 2018
8	Earthing Requirements	TS 3.01.02 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
9	Circuit Breakers	TS 3.02.01 (RES)	2.0	February 2018
10	Disconnectors and Earthing Switches	TS 3.02.02 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
11	Current Transformers for Protection and General Use on the 132kV, 275kV and 400kV Systems	TS 3.02.04 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
12	Voltage Transformers	TS 3.02.05 (RES)	1.0	September 2016
13	Bushings	TS 3.02.07 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
14	Solid Core Post Insulators for Substations	TS 3.02.09 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
15	Voltage Dividers	TS 3.02.12 (RES)	1.0	September 2016
16	Gas Insulated Switchgear	TS 3.02.14 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
17	Environmental and Test Requirements for Electronic Equipment	TS 3.24.15 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
18	Busbar Protection	TS 3.24.34 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
19	Circuit Breaker Fail Protection	TS 3.24.39 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
20	Synchronising And Voltage Selection	TS.3.24.60 (RES)	2.0	January 2018
21	System Monitor – Dynamic System Monitoring (DSM)	TS 3.24.70 (RES)	2.0	February 2018
22	System Monitoring – Fault Recording	TS 3.24.71 (RES)	1.0	February 2018

23	Protection & Control for HVDC	TS 3.24.90 (RES)	1.0	October 2014
	Systems			
24	Ancillary Services Business	TS 3.24.95 (RES)	2.0	February 2018
	Monitoring			
25	Operational Data Transmission	TS 3.24.100 (RES)	1.0	February 2018
26	Guidance for Working in	Guidance for Working in TGN(E)186 (RES)		October 2018
Proximity to Live Conductors				
Additional Requirements				
Control Telephony Electrical Standard			1.0	17 th Sept 2007

(b) Electronic data communications facilities applicable in all **Transmission Areas**.

Communications Standards for Electronic Data Communication Facilities and Automatic Logging Devices	Issue 4	26 th Aug 2015
EDT Interface Specification	Issue 4	18 th Dec 2000
EDT Submitter Guidance Note	Issue 1	21 st Dec 2001
EDL Message Interface Specification	Issue 4	20 th Jun 2000
EDL Instruction Interface Valid Reason Codes	Issue 2	23 rd Jul 2001
MODIS Interface Specification	Version 4	26 th May 2015

(c) Scottish Electrical Standards applicable for SPT's Transmission System.

RES-01-100	Relevant Electrical Standards for Plant, Equipment	Issue 1
	and Apparatus for connection to the SP	
	Transmission System	

(d) Scottish Electrical Standards applicable for SHETL's Transmission System.

1.	NGTS 1:	Rating and General Requirements for Plant, Equipment, Apparatus and Services for the
		National Grid System and Direct Connection to it. Issue 3 March 1999.
2.	NGTS 2.1:	Substations
	11010 2111	Issue 2 May 1995
3.	NGTS 3.1.1:	Substation Interlocking Schemes.
		Issue 1 October 1993.
4.	NGTS 3.2.1:	Circuit Breakers and Switches.
		Issue 1 September 1992.
5.	NGTS 3.2.2:	Disconnectors and Earthing Switches.
		Issue 1 March 1994.
6.	NGTS 3.2.3:	Metal-Oxide surge arresters for use on 132,
		275 and 400kV systems.
		Issue 2 May 1994.
7.	NGTS 3.2.4:	Current Transformers for protection and
		General use on the 132, 275 and 400kV
		systems.
		Issue 1 September 1992.
8.	NGTS 3.2.5:	Voltage Transformers for use on the 132, 275
		and 400 kV systems.
		Issue 2 March 1994.
9.	NGTS 3.2.6:	Current and Voltage Measurement
		Transformers for Settlement Metering of 33,
		66, 132, 275 and 400kV systems.
4.0	NOTO 0 0 7	Issue 1 September 1992.
10.	NGTS 3.2.7:	Bushings for the Grid Systems.
4.4	NOTO O O O	Issue 1 September 1992.
11.	NGTS 3.2.9:	Post Insulators for Substations.
40	NOTE 2 6	Issue 1 May 1996.
12.	NGTS 2.6:	Protection Issue 2 June 1994.
13.	NGTS 3.11.1:	
13.	NG 13 3.11.1.	Capacitors and Capacitor Banks. Issued 1 March 1993.
		issued i Maich 1995.

APPENDIX TO THE GENERAL CONDITIONS

PART A

GC.A.1 Introduction

- GC.A.1.1 This Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions** deals with issues arising out of the transition associated with the designation of amendments to the Grid Code by the **Secretary of State** in accordance with the provisions of the Energy Act 2004 for the purposes of Condition C14 of **The Company's Transmission Licence** at that time. For the purposes of this Appendix to the **General Conditions**, the version of the Grid Code as amended by the changes designated by the **Secretary of State** and as further amended from time to time shall be referred to as the "GB Grid Code". The process and amendments referred to in this Appendix Part A took place before the separation of **The Company** from **NGET** and the introduction into the **Grid Code** of **Offshore Transmission Licencees** and this Part A shall be construed accordingly.
- GC.A.1.2 The provisions of this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions** shall only apply to **Users** (as defined in GC.A.1.4) and **The Company** after **Go-Live** for so long as is necessary for the transition requirements referred to in GC.A.1.1 and cut-over requirements (as further detailed in GC.A.3.1) to be undertaken.
- GC.A.1.3 In this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions**:
 - (a) Existing E&W Users and E&W Applicants are referred to as "E&W Users";
 - (b) Users who as at 1 January 2005 have entered into an agreement or have accepted an offer for connection to and/or use of the Transmission System of NGET are referred to as "Existing E&W Users";
 - (c) Users (or prospective Users) other than Existing E&W Users who apply during the Transition Period for connection to and/or use of the Transmission System of NGET are referred to as "E&W Applicants";
 - (d) Existing Scottish Users and Scottish Applicants are referred to as "Scottish Users";
 - (e) Users who as at 1 January 2005 have entered into an agreement or have accepted an offer for connection to and/or use of the Transmission System of either SPT or SHETL are referred to as "Existing Scottish Users";
 - (f) Users (or prospective Users) other than Existing Scottish Users who apply during the Transition Period for connection to and/or use of the Transmission System of either SPT or SHETL are referred to as "Scottish Applicants";
 - (g) the term "Transition Period" means the period from Go-Active to Go-Live (unless it is provided to be different in relation to a particular provision), and is the period with which this AppendixPart A to the General Conditions deals;
 - (h) the term "Interim GB SYS" means the document of that name referred to in Condition C11 of The Company's Transmission Licence;
 - the term "Go-Active" means the date on which the amendments designated by the Secretary of State to the Grid Code in accordance with the Energy Act 2004 come into effect, and
 - (j) the term "Go-Live" means the date which the Secretary of State indicates in a direction shall be the BETTA go-live date.
- GC.A.1.4 The provisions of GC.2.1 shall not apply in respect of this Appendix to the **General Conditions**, and in this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions** the term "**Users**" means:
 - (a) Generators;

- (b) Network Operators;
- (c) Non-Embedded Customers;
- (d) Suppliers;
- (e) BM Participants;
- (f) Externally Interconnected System Operators; and
- (g) DC Converter Station owners

to the extent that the provisions of this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions** affect the rights and obligations of such **Users** under the other provisions of the GB Grid Code.

- GC.A.1.5 The GB Grid Code has been introduced with effect from **Go-Active** pursuant to the relevant licence changes introduced into **The Company's Transmission Licence**. **The Company** is required to implement and comply, and **Users** to comply, with the GB Grid Code subject as provided in this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions**, which provides for the extent to which the GB Grid Code is to apply to **The Company** and **Users** during the **Transition Period**.
- GC.A.1.6 This Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions** comprises:
 - (a) this Introduction;
 - (b) GB Grid Code transition issues; and
 - (c) Cut-over issues.
- GC.A.1.7 Without prejudice to GC.A.1.8, the failure of any **User** or **The Company** to comply with this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions** shall not invalidate or render ineffective any part of this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions** or actions undertaken pursuant to this Appendix of the **General Conditions**.
- GC.A.1.8 A **User** or **The Company** shall not be in breach of any part of this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions** to the extent that compliance with that part is beyond its power by reason of the fact that any other **User** or **The Company** is in default of its obligations under this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions**.
- GC.A.1.9 Without prejudice to any specific provision under this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions** as to the time within which or the manner in which a **User** or **The Company** should perform its obligations under this Appendix to the **General Conditions**, where a **User** or **The Company** is required to take any step or measure under this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions**, such requirement shall be construed as including any obligation to:
 - (a) take such step or measure as quickly as reasonably practicable; and
 - (b) do such associated or ancillary things as may be necessary to complete such step or measure as quickly as reasonably practicable.
- GC.A.1.10 The Company shall use reasonable endeavours to identify any amendments it believes are needed to the GB Grid Code in respect of the matters referred to for the purposes of Condition C14 of The Company's Transmission Licence and in respect of the matters identified in GC.A.1.11, and, having notified the Authority of its consultation plans in relation to such amendments, The Company shall consult in accordance with the instructions of the Authority concerning such proposed amendments.
- GC.A.1.11 The following matters potentially require amendments to the GB Grid Code:
 - (a) The specific detail of the obligations needed to manage implementation in the period up to and following (for a temporary period) **Go-Live** to achieve the change to operation under the GB Grid Code (to be included in GC.A.3).

- (b) Information (including data) and other requirements under the GB Grid Code applicable to **Scottish Users** during the **Transition Period** (to be included in GC.A.2).
- (c) The conclusions of Ofgem/DTI in relation to small and/or embedded generatorissues under BETTA and allocation of access rights on a GB basis.
- (d) Any arrangements required to make provision for operational liaison, including **Black Start** and islanding arrangements in Scotland.
- (e) Any arrangements required to make provision for cascade hydro BM Units.
- (f) Any consequential changes to the safety co-ordination arrangements resulting from **STC** and **STC** procedure development.
- (g) Any arrangements required to reflect the **Electrical Standards** for the **Transmission Systems** of **SPT** and **SHETL**.
- (h) The conclusions of Ofgem/DTI in relation to planning and operating standards.
- GC.A.1.12 **The Company** shall notify the **Authority** of any amendments that **The Company** identifies as needed pursuant to GC.A.1.10 and shall make such amendments as the **Authority** approves.

GC.A.2 GB Grid Code Transition

General Provisions

GC.A.2.1 The provisions of the GB Grid Code shall be varied or suspended (and the requirements of the GB Grid Code shall be deemed to be satisfied) by or in accordance with, and for the period and to the extent set out in this GC.A.2, and in accordance with the other applicable provisions in this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions**.

GC.A.2.2 <u>E&W Users:</u>

In furtherance of the licence provisions referred to in GC.A.1.5, **E&W Users** shall comply with the GB Grid Code during the **Transition Period**, but shall comply with and be subject to it subject to this Appendix to the **General Conditions**, including on the basis that:

- (a) during the **Transition Period** the **Scottish Users** are only complying with the GB Grid Code in accordance with this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions**; and
- (b) during the Transition Period the National Electricity Transmission System shall be limited to the Transmission System of NGET, and all rights and obligations of E&W Users in respect of the National Electricity Transmission System under the GB Grid Code shall onlyapplyin respect of the Transmission System of NGET, and all the provisions of the GB Grid Code shall be construed accordingly.

GC.A.2.3 <u>Scottish Users:</u>

In furtherance of the licence provisions referred to in GC.A.1.5, **Scottish Users** shall complywith the GB Grid Code and the GB Grid Code shall apply to or in relation to them during the **Transition Period** only as provided in this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions**.

GC.A.2.4 THE COMPANY:

In furtherance of the licence provisions referred to in GC.A.1.5, **The Company** shall implement and comply with the GB Grid Code during the **Transition Period**, but shall implement and comply with and be subject to it subject to, and taking into account, all the provisions of this Appendix PartAto the **General Conditions**, including on the basis that:

(a) during the Transition Period The Company's rights and obligations in relation to E&W Users in respect of the National Electricity Transmission System under the GB Grid Code shall only apply in respect of the Transmission System of NGET, and all the provisions of the GB Grid Code shall be construed accordingly; and (b) during the **Transition Period The Company's** rights and obligations in relation to **Scottish Users** in respect of the **National Electricity Transmission System** under the GB Grid Code shall only be as provided in this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions**.

Specific Provisions

GC.A.2.5 Definitions:

The provisions of the GB Grid Code **Glossary and Definitions** shall apply to and for the purposes of this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions** except where provided to the contrary in this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions**.

GC.A.2.6 Identification of Documents:

In the period beginning at **Go-Active**, **Scottish Users** will work with **The Company** to identifyand agree with **The Company** any documents needed to be in place in accordance with the GB Grid Code, to apply from **Go-Live** or as earlier provided for under this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions**, including (without limitation) **Site Responsibility Schedules**, **Gas Zone Diagrams** and **OC9 Desynchronised Island Procedures**.

GC.A.2.7 Data:

Each Scottish User must provide, or enable a SPT or SHETL to provide, The Company, as soon as reasonably practicable upon request, with all data which The Company needs in order to implement, with effect from Go-Live, the GB Grid Code in relation to Scotland. This data will include, without limitation, the data that a new User is required to submit to The Companyunder CC.5.2. The Company is also entitled to receive data on Scottish Users over SPT or SHETL's SCADA links to the extent that The Company needs it for use in testing and in orderto implement, with effect from Go-Live, the GB Grid Code in relation to Scotland. After Go-Live such data shall, notwithstanding GC.A.1.2, be treated as though it had been provided to The Company under the enduring provisions of the GB Grid Code.

GC.A.2.8 <u>Verification of Data etc:</u>

The Company shall be entitled to request from a Scottish User (which shall comply as soon as reasonably practicable with such a request) confirmation and verification of any information (including data) that has been received by SPT or SHETL under an existing Grid Code and passed on to The Company in respect of that Scottish User. After Go-Live such information (including data) shall, notwithstanding GC.A.1.2, be treated as though provided to The Company under the enduring provisions of the GB Grid Code.

GC.A.2.9 Grid Code Review Panel:

- The individuals whose names are notified to The Company by the Authority prior to Go-Active as Panel Members (and Alternate Members, if applicable) are agreed by Users (including Scottish Users) and The Company to constitute the Panel Members and Alternate Members of the Grid Code Review Panel as at the first meeting of the Grid Code Review Panel after Go-Active as if they had been appointed as Panel Members (and Alternate Members) pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Constitution and Rules of the Grid Code Review Panel incorporating amendments equivalent to the amendments to GC.4.2 and GC.4.3 designated by the Secretary of State in accordance with the provisions of the Energy Act 2004 for the purposes of Condition C14 of The Company's Transmission Licence.
- (b) The provisions of GC.4 of the GB Grid Code shall apply to, and in respect of, **Scottish Users** from **Go-Active**.

GC.A.2.10 Interim GB SYS:

Where requirements are stated in, or in relation to, the GB Grid Code with reference to the **Seven Year Statement**, they shall be read and construed as necessary as being with reference to the **Interim GB SYS**.

GC.A.2.11 General Conditions:

The provisions of GC.4, GC.12 and GC.13.2 of the GB Grid Code shall apply to and be complied with by **Scottish Users** in respect of this Appendix Part A to the **General Conditions**.

GC.A.3 <u>Cut-over</u>

- GC.A.3.1 It is anticipated that it will be appropriate for arrangements to be put in place for final transition to BETTA in the period up to and following (for a temporary period) **Go-Live**, for the purposes of:
 - (a) managing the transition from operations under the Grid Code as in force immediatelyprior to Go-Active to operations under the GB Grid Code and the BSC as in force on and after Go-Active:
 - (b) managing the transition from operations under the existing Grid Code applicable to Scottish Users as in force immediately prior to Go-Active to operations under the GB Grid Code as in force on and after Go-Active;
 - (c) managing the transition of certain data from operations under the existing grid code applicable to **Scottish Users** before and after **Go-Active**; and
 - (d) managing GB Grid Code systems, processes and procedures so that they operate effectively at and from **Go-Live**.
- GC.A.3.2 (a) The provisions of **BC1** (excluding BC1.5.1, BC1.5.2 and BC1.5.3) shall apply to and be complied with by **Scottish Users** and by **The Company** in respect of such **Scottish Users** with effect from 11:00 hours on the day prior to **Go-Live**
 - (b) Notwithstanding (a) above, **Scottish Users** may submit data for **Go-Live** 3 days in advance of **Go-Live** on the basis set out in the **Data Validation**, **Consistency and Defaulting Rules** which shall apply to **Scottish Users** and **The Company** in respect of such **Scottish Users** on that basis and for such purpose.
 - (c) The **Operational Day** for the purposes of any submissions by **Scottish Users** prior to **Go-Live** under a) and b) above for the day of **Go-Live** shall be 00:00 hours on **Go Live** to 05:00 hours on the following day.
 - (d) The provisions of BC2 shall apply to and be complied with by Scottish Users and by The Company in respect of such Scottish Users with effect from 23:00 hours on the day prior to Go-Live.
 - (e) The provisions of OC7.4.8 shall apply to and be complied with by Scottish Users and by The Company in respect of such Scottish Users with effect from 11:00 hours on the day prior to Go-Live.
 - (f) In order to facilitate cut-over, Scottish Users acknowledge and agree that The Companywill exchange data submitted by such Scottish Users under BC1 prior to Go-Live with the Scottish system operators to the extent necessary to enable the cut-over.

(g) Except in the case of **Reactive Power**, **Scottish Users** should only provide **Ancillary Services** from **Go-Live** where they have been instructed to do so by **The Company**. In the case of **Reactive Power**, at **Go-Live** a **Scottish User's** MVAr output will be deemed to be the level instructed by **The Company** under **BC2**, following this **Scottish Users** should operate in accordance with **BC2.A.2.6** on the basis that MVAr output will be allowed to vary with system conditions.

PART B

- GC.B.1 Introduction
- GC.B.1.1 This Appendix Part B to the **General Conditions** deals with issues arising out of the transition associated with the approval and implementation of **Grid Code Modification Proposal** GC0112 (Modifications relating to the separation of **System** operations and **Transmission Owner** roles).
- GC.B.1.2 This Appendix Part B sets out the arrangements such that:
 - B.1.2.1 the **Post GC0112 Grid Code** reflects the **Transfer of the System Operator Role**;
 - B.1.2.2 certain amendments are made to **Grid Code Related Agreements/Documents** to reflect the **Transfer of the System Operator Role**,
 - B.1.2.2 arrangements can be put in place prior to the SO Transfer Date to enable the transition of the operations with NGET under the Pre GC0112 Grid Code to operations with The Company under the Post GC0112 Grid Code; and
 - B.1.2.3 each **User** co-operates in relation to the transition.
- GC.B.1.3 The provisions of the **Post GC0112 Grid Code** shall be suspended until the **SO Transfer Date** except for this Appendix Part B (and any related definitions within it) which will take immediate effect on the **Implementation Date** for **GC0112**.
- GC.B.1.4 In this (and solely for the purposes of this) Appendix Part B the following terms have the following meaning:
 - B.1.4.1 the term "Grid Code Related Agreements/Documents" shall mean each or any of those agreements or documents entered into under or envisaged by the Pre GC0112 Grid Code prior to the SO Transfer Date which continue on and after the SO Transfer Date;
 - B.1.4.2 the term "GC0112" shall mean Grid Code Modification Proposal 0112 (Amendments relating to the transfer of the system operator functions from NGET to NGESO);
 - B.1.4.3 the term "NGET" shall mean National Grid Electricity Transmission plc;
 - B.1.4.4 the term "NGESO" shall mean National Grid Electricity System Operator Limited;
 - B.1.4.5 the term "Post GC0112 Grid Code" means the version of the Grid Code as amended by GC0112;
 - B.1.4.6 the term "**Pre GC Grid Code**" means the version of the Grid Code prior to amendment by **GC0112**:
 - B.1.4.7 the term "SO Transfer Date" means the date on which NGET's Transmission Licence is transferred in part to NGESO to reflect the Transfer of the System Operator Role; and

- B.1.4.8 the term "Transfer of the System Operator Role" means the the transfer, by means of the transfer in part of NGET's Transmission Licence, of the system operator role to NGESO.
- GC.B.1.5 Without prejudice to any specific provision under this Appendix Part B as to the time within which or the manner in which any party should perform its obligations under this Appendix Part B, where a party is required to take any step or measure under this Appendix Part B, such requirement shall be construed as including any obligation to:
 - B.1.5.1 take such step or measure as quickly as reasonably practicable; and
 - B.1.5.2 do such associated or ancillary things as may be necessary to complete such step or measure as quickly as reasonably practicable.
- GC.B.2 GC0112: Amendments to Existing Agreements and Documents
- GC.B.2.1 Each **Grid Code Related Agreement/Document** in place or issued by a party in accordance with the terms of the **Pre GC0112 Grid Code** shall be read and construed, with effect from the **SO Transfer Date**, as if it (and any defined terms within it and the effect of it and those defined terms) recognise and reflect the **Transfer of the SO Functions** and as if any references in it to **NGET** in the context of its system operator role were references to **NGESO/The Company** as appropriate.
- In the context of any **Site Responsibility Schedule** in existence at the **SO Transfer Date** and which would require, following the **Transfer of the System Operator Role**, the signature of either **NGESO** instead of **NGET** or both the signature of **NGESO** and **NGET**, **NGESO** and **NGET** acknowledge and the **Users** agree that the signature of **NGET** on such **Site Responsibility Schedule** shall be considered to be the signature of **NGESO** and/or **NGET** as appropriate.
- GC.B.3 GC0112: Transition
- GC.B.3.1 Each party shall take such steps and do such things in relation to the Grid Code and the **Grid Code Related Agreements/Documentation** as are within its power and as are reasonably necessary or appropriate in order to give full and timely effect to the **Transfer of the SO Role** and the transition of the operations, systems, process and procedures and the rights and obligations relating to the **Transfer of the SO Role** under the Grid Code from **NGET** to **NGESO**.
- GC. B.3.2 Each party agrees that (a) all things done by **NGET** pursuant to the Grid Code in its system operator role prior to the **SO Transfer Date** shall be deemed to have been done by **NGESO** and (b) all things received by **NGET** pursuant to the Grid Code in its system operator role (including but not limited to notices) shall be deemed to have been received by **NGESO** and (c) all things issued by **NGET** (including but not limited to notices) shall be deemed to have been issued by **NGESO**.
- GC.B.3.3 In particular:
 - B.1.5.1 Users acknowledge and agree that NGET can exchange information and data submitted by Users under the Grid Code prior to the SO Transfer Date with NGESO to the extent necessary to enable the transition of the system operator role from NGET to NGESO;
 - B.1.5.2 NGET will identify and publish as soon as practicable and in any event prior to 31 January 2019 any specific requirements (such requirements being reasonable and recognising the timescale) on Users necessary to manage the transition of the operations, systems, process and procedures and the rights and obligations relating to the Transfer of the SO Role under the Grid Code from NGET to NGESO;

B.1.5.2 Users acknowledge that under the Pre GC0112 Grid Code NGET received certain data and information from Users which is no longer "live" data or information ("Legacy Data") that if it was new data and information of that type would not be available to NGET as a Relevant Transmisison Licence from the SO Transfer Date consent to the retention of such Legacy Data by NGET where embedded in NGET systems or models.

< END OF GENERAL CONDITIONS >

REVISIONS

(R)

(This section does not form part of the Grid Code)

- R.1 **The Company's Transmission Licence** sets out the way in which changes to the Grid Code are to be made and reference is also made to **The Company's** obligations under the General Conditions.
- R.2 All pages re-issued have the revision number on the lower left hand corner of the page and date of the revision on the lower right hand corner of the page.
- R.3 The Grid Code was introduced in March 1990 and the first issue was revised 31 times. In March 2001 the New Electricity Trading Arrangements were introduced and Issue 2 of the Grid Code was introduced which was revised 16 times. At British Electricity Trading and Transmission Arrangements (BETTA) Go-Active Issue 3 of the Grid Code was introduced and subsequently revised 35 times. At Offshore Go-active Issue 4 of the Grid Code was introduced and has been revised 13 times since its original publication. Issue 5 of the Grid Code was published to accommodate the changes made by Grid Code Modification A/10 which has incorporated the **Generator** compliance process into the Grid Code, which was revised 47 times. Issue 6 was published to incorporate all the non-material amendments as a result of modification GC0136.
- R.4 This Revisions section provides a summary of the sections of the Grid Code changed by each revision to Issue 5.
- R.5 All enquiries in relation to revisions to the Grid Code, including revisions to Issues 1,2,3,4 and 5 should be addressed to the Grid Code development team at the following email address:

Grid.Code@nationalgrideso.com

Revision	Section	Related Modification	Effective Date
0	Glossary Definitions	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Planning Code	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Connection Conditions	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	European Connection Conditions	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Demand Response Services	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Compliance Processes	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Europeans Compliance Processes	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 1	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 2	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 5	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 6	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 7	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 8	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 8A	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 8B	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 9	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 11	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 12	GC0136	05 March 2021

Revision	Section	Related Modification	Effective Date
0	Balancing Code 2	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Balancing Code 3	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Balancing Code 4	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Balancing Code 5	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Data Registration Code	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	General Conditions	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Governance Rules	GC0136	05 March 2021
1	Glossary Definitions	GC0130	18 March 2021
1	Operating Code 2	GC0130	18 March 2021
1	Data Registration Code	GC0130	18 March 2021
1	General Condidtions	GC0130	18 March 2021

< END OF REVISIONS>