Stage	4: Code Administrator Consultation	At what stage is this document in the process?
Moo to N Trai	CO123 Title: Clarifying references IGET and Relevant ISSION Licensees	01 Proposal Form 02 Workgroup Consultation 03 Workgroup Report 04 Code Administrator Consultation 05 Draft Self Governance Grid Code Modification 06 Final Self Governance Grid Code Modification
governa functior	ance in March 2019, this modification is being raised to a performed by the Relevant Transmission Licensees as w 122 and also to make other minor corrections indicated by t	o clarify to users certain vithin the scope addressed
	The purpose of this document is to consult on GC0123 w other interested industry members. Parties are requested July 2019 to grid.code@nationalgrideso.com using Consultation Response Pro-forma which can be found via <u>https://www.nationalgrideso.com/codes/grid-code/modifica</u> <u>references-nget-and-relevant-transmission-licensees</u> Published on: 28 June 2019 Length of Consultation: 15 Working Days Responses by: 19 July 2019	to respond by 5pm on 19 the Code Administrator the following link:
0	High Impact: None.	
	Medium Impact None.	
0	Low Impact Users and Relevant Transmission Licensees	

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The Code Administrator recommends the follo	wing timetable:		07799 656402
Initial consideration by Workgroup	June 2019		
Workgroup Report presented to Panel	27 June 2019		
Code Administration Consultation Report issued to the Industry	28 June 2019		
Draft Self Governance Report presented to the Grid Code Review Panel	30 July 2019		
Appeal window	30 July 2019 – 20August2019		
Implementation into the Grid Code	3 September 201	9	

1 About this document

This document is the Code Administrator Consultation document that contains the discussion of the Workgroup which formed in June 2019 to develop and assess the proposal; the voting of the Workgroup was held on 12 June 2019.

GC0123 was proposed by Rob Wilson from National Grid Electricity System Operator and was submitted to the Grid Code Review Panel for its consideration on May 2019. The Panel decided to send the Proposal to a Workgroup to be developed and assessed against the Grid Code Applicable Objectives.

This modification GC0123 aims to finally address the changes to the NGET references in the Grid Code required for legal separation by amending them to highlight certain functions performed by the Relevant Transmission Licensees. It completes the changes from GC0115 which were reverted by GC0122 by now correctly allocating the parties and also to make other minor corrections indicated by the Panel.

Workgroup Conclusions

At the final Workgroup meeting, Workgroup members voted on the Original proposal. All members unanimously voted that the Original Proposal better facilitated the applicable Code Panel objectives as it reflected the licence changes.

2 Original Proposal

Section 2 (Original Proposal) are sourced directly from the Proposer and any statements or assertions have not been altered or substantiated/supported or refuted by the Workgroup. Section 4 of the Workgroup contains the discussion by the Workgroup on the Proposal and the potential solution.

Defect

Modification GC0122 reverted several instances of The Company back to NGET, which had been change from NGET in modification GC0115.

The opportunity is also being taken to correct a small number of other pre-existing typographical errors noted in the panel discussion of GC0122.

What

Please see the Legal Text Section for the list of the proposed changes

Why

This will provide clarity to users that interfaces with the transmission owner to whom they are connected will cover certain provisions of information, protection and Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) systems.

How

It is proposed to modify the Grid Code to signpost users to "the Relevant Transmission Licensee" in the instances identified. Please see the Legal Text Section for the list of the proposed changes

3 Proposers Solution

Section 3 (Proposer's solution) are sourced directly from the Proposer and any statements or assertions have not been altered or substantiated/supported or refuted by the Workgroup. Section 7 of the Workgroup contains the discussion by the Workgroup on the Proposal and the potential solution.

GC0122 reverted several instances of The Company back to NGET. It proposed that several of these references should read "the Relevant Transmission Licensee" as this reflects custom and practice since BETTA.

Please see the Legal Text Section for the list of the proposed changes here.

Does this modification impact a Significant Code Review (SCR) or other significant industry change projects, if so, how?

This is not expected to impact an SCR.

Consumer Impacts

No Consumer impacts are expected from this modification.

4 Workgroup Discussion

The Workgroup convened once to discuss the issue, detail the scope of the proposed defect, devise potential solutions and assess the proposal in terms of the Grid Code Applicable Objectives.

The Proposer presented the defect that they had identified in the GC0123 Proposal and highlighted that the defect related to clarifying to users' certain functions performed by the Relevant Transmission Licensees as within the scope addressed by GC0122 and also to make other minor corrections indicated by the Panel.

The Workgroup explored a number of aspects in it's meeting to understand the implications of the proposed defect and solutions. The discussions and views of the Workgroup are outlined below.

Unintended consequences

The Workgroup reviewed the proposed legal text to confirm that there were no unintended consequences caused by the changes. The workgroup confirmed that there were no unintended consequences and that the changes help clarify the position between the Relevant Transmission Licensees.

Offshore Transmission Licensees

The Workgroup discussed the parties that could be affected by this modification, and it was highlighted by a Workgroup member that the Offshore Transmission licensees are defined in the Relevant Transmission Licensee definition. The Workgroup agreed that the proposed changes are not material and do not impose any further requirements onto Offshore Transmission Licensees; however we will approach the Offshore Transmission Licensees to confirm this assumption as part of the Code Administrator Consultation .

The Workgroup agreed that the Terms of Reference had been met.

5 Workgroup Vote

The Workgroup believe that the Terms of Reference have been fulfilled and GC0123 has been fully considered.

The Workgroup met on 12 June 2019 and voted on whether the Original would better facilitate the Applicable Grid Code Objectives than the baseline and what option was best overall.

The Workgroup voted against the Applicable Grid Code Objectives for the Original Proposal.

The Workgroup agreed unanimously that the Original was better that the baseline. The voting record is detailed below.

Vote 1: does the original or WACM facilitate the objectives better than the Baseline?

Workgroup Member	Better facilitates ACO (a)	Better facilitates ACO (b)?	Better facilitates ACO (c)?	Better facilitates ACO (d)?	Better facilitates ACO (e)?	Overall (Y/N)
Rob Wilson (Proposer – NGES	O)				
Original	Yes	Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	Yes	Yes
Voting state	ement:			·		
				o clarify obligations o will not lead to any p		

tasks.						
Richard Woo	dward (Workgroup	Member – NGET	.)			
Original	Yes	Neutral	Neutral	Yes	Yes	Yes
Voting stat	ement:					
I am happy with the approach taken in this modification to clarify specific references to 'NGET', 'The Company' and 'Relevant Transmission Licensees' - removing any ambiguity for Grid Code users and avoiding any risk of inconsistent treatment of the Onshore TOs.						
definition of 'R	during the workgrou elevant Transmissic insequences for ther	n Licensee') to make			· ·	
Gerry Cleary	Gerry Cleary (Workgroup Member – SHE Transmission)					
Original	Original Yes Neutral Neutral Yes Yes Yes					
Voting stat	ement:					
Overall yes						
Graeme Vinc	cent (Workgroup N	lember – Scottish I	Power)			
Original	Yes	Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	Yes	Yes
Voting stat	ement:					
from the previous	The modification clarifies the obligations between the System Operator and Transmission Owners (TOs) which have arisen from the previous legal separation modifications and (within the scope of this modification) ensures that all Relevant Transmission Licensees are treated equally.					
Andrew Colle	ey (Workgroup Me	mber Alternate – S	SE Generation)			
Original	Yes	Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	Yes	Yes
Voting stat	ement:					
	clarifies references v group of Licensees (•	gn responsibilities to	a specific Licensee	(NGET),
required of the	I ensure that all Rele em by the Code, the ty for Gird Code use	eby resulting in a m	ore efficient manage	ement of the transmi	ssion system, as we	ll as

<u>Vote 2</u> – Which option is the best?

Workgroup Member	BEST Option?
Rob Wilson (Proposer)	Original
Richard Woodward (Workgroup Member)	Original
Gerry Cleary (Workgroup Member)	Original
Graeme Vincent (Workgroup Member)	Original
Andrew Colley (Workgroup Member Alternate)	Original

6 Solution

GC0122 reverted several instances of The Company back to NGET. It proposed that several of these references should read "the Relevant Transmission Licensee" as this reflects custom and practice since BETTA.

Please see the Legal Text Section for the list of the proposed changes here.

7 Impacts & Other Considerations

No cross Code, Consumer, IS System, Business Process or Environmental impacts are expected from this modification.

Does this modification impact a Significant Code Review (SCR) or other significant industry change projects, if so, how?

This is not expected to impact an SCR.

Consumer Impacts

No Consumer impacts are expected from this modification.

8 Relevant Objectives

Impact of the modification on the Applicable Grid Code Objectives:

Relevant Objective	Identified impact
(a) To permit the development, maintenance and operation of an efficient, coordinated and economical system for the transmission of electricity	Positive
 (b) Facilitating effective competition in the generation and supply of electricity (and without limiting the foregoing, to facilitate the national electricity transmission system being made available to persons authorised to supply or generate electricity on terms which neither prevent nor restrict competition in the supply or generation of electricity); 	Neutral
 (c) Subject to sub-paragraphs (i) and (ii), to promote the security and efficiency of the electricity generation, transmission and distribution systems in the national electricity transmission system operator area taken as a whole; 	Neutral
(d) To efficiently discharge the obligations imposed upon the licensee by this license and to comply with the Electricity Regulation and any relevant legally binding decisions of the European Commission and/or the Agency; and	Neutral
(e) To promote efficiency in the implementation and administration of the Grid Code arrangements	Positive

This modification seeks to correct references that signpost users to a specific Licensee (NGET) rather than Licensees as a class (Relevant Transmission Licensee). This should be more efficient for users of the code.

9 Implementation

This modification will be implemented 10 working days following the Grid Code Review Panel vote.

10 Code Administrator Consultation: how to respond

If you wish to respond to this Code Administrator Consultation, please use the response pro-forma which can be found under the 'Industry Consultation' tab via the following link;

https://www.nationalgrideso.com/codes/grid-code/modifications/gc0123-clarifyingreferences-nget-and-relevant-transmission-licensees

Responses are invited to the following questions;

1. Do you believe GC0123 better facilitates the Applicable Grid Code Objectives? Please include your reasoning.

2 Do you support the proposed implementation approach?

3. Do you have any other comments?

Views are invited on the proposals outlined in this consultation, which should be received by **5pm on 19 July 2019**. Please email your formal response to: <u>grid.code@nationalgrideso.com</u>

If you wish to submit a confidential response, please note the following;

Information provided in response to this consultation will be published on National Grid's website unless the response is clearly marked 'Private & Confidential', we will contact you to establish the extent of this confidentiality. A response marked 'Private & Confidential' will be disclosed to the Authority in full by, unless agreed otherwise, will not be shared with the Grid Code Review Panel or the industry and may therefore not influence the debate to the same extent as a non-confidential response.

Please note an automatic confidentiality disclaimer generated by your IT System will not in itself, mean that your response is treated as if it had been marked 'Private & Confidential'

11 Legal Text

The legal text for this modification can be found in Annex 3

Annex 1 Terms of Reference

Workgroup Terms of Reference and Membership TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR GC0123 WORKGROUP

GC0123 - Clarifying references to NGET and Relevant Transmission Licensees

Responsibilities

- 1. The Workgroup is responsible for assisting the Grid Code Review Panel in the evaluation of Grid Code Modification Proposal **GC0123: 'Clarifying references to NGET and Relevant Transmission Licensees** proposed by Gregory Heavens of National Grid Electricity System Operator in March 2019 and presented to the Grid Code Review Panel on 28March 2019.
- 2. The proposal must be evaluated to consider whether it better facilitates achievement of the Grid Code Objectives. These can be summarised as follows:
 - (i) To permit the development, maintenance and operation of an efficient, coordinated and economical system for the transmission of electricity;
 - (ii) To facilitate competition in the generation and supply of electricity (and without limiting the foregoing, to facilitate the national electricity transmission system being made available to persons authorised to supply or generate electricity on terms which neither prevent nor restrict competition in the supply or generation of electricity);
 - (iii) Subject to sub-paragraphs (i) and (ii), to promote the security and efficiency of the electricity generation, transmission and distribution systems in the national; and
 - (iv) To efficiently discharge the obligations imposed upon the licensee by this license and to comply with the Electricity Regulation and any relevant legally binding decisions of the European Commission and/or the Agency. In conducting its business, the Workgroup will at all times endeavour to operate in a manner that is consistent with the Code Administration Code of Practice principles.
 - (v) To promote efficiency in the implementation and administration of the Grid Code arrangements.

Scope

- 3. The Workgroup must consider the issues raised by the Modification Proposal and consider if the proposal identified better facilitates achievement of the Grid Code Objectives.
- 4. In addition to the overriding requirement of point 3 above, the Workgroup shall consider and report on the following specific issues:
 - a) Implementation and costs;

GC0123 Workgroup Terms of Reference

- b) Review draft legal text should it have been provided. If legal text is not submitted within the Grid Code Modification Proposal the Workgroup should be instructed to assist in the developing of the legal text; and
- c) Consider whether any further Industry experts or stakeholders should be invited to participate within the Workgroup to ensure that all potentially affected stakeholders have the opportunity to be represented in the Workgroup. Demonstrate what has been done to cover this clearly in the report
- d) Consider impacts on TOs
- 5. As per Grid Code GR20.8 (a) and (b) the Workgroup should seek clarification and guidance from the Grid Code Review Panel when appropriate and required.
- 6. The Workgroup is responsible for the formulation and evaluation of any Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modifications arising from Group discussions which would, as compared with the Modification Proposal or the current version of the Grid Code, better facilitate achieving the Grid Code Objectives in relation to the issue or defect identified.
- 7. The Workgroup should become conversant with the definition of Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification which appears in the Governance Rules of the Grid Code. The definition entitles the Group and/or an individual member of the Workgroup to put forward a Workgroup Alternative Code Modification proposal if the member(s) genuinely believes the alternative proposal compared with the Modification Proposal or the current version of the Grid Code better facilitates the Grid Code objectives The extent of the support for the Modification Proposal or any Workgroup Alternative Modification (WACM) proposal WACM arising from the Workgroup's discussions should be clearly described in the final Workgroup Report to the Grid Code Review Panel.
- 8. Workgroup members should be mindful of efficiency and propose the fewest number of WACM proposals as possible. All new alternative proposals need to be proposed using the Alternative Request Proposal form ensuring a reliable source of information for the Workgroup, Panel, Industry participants and the Authority.
- 9. All WACM proposals should include the Proposer(s)'s details within the final Workgroup report, for the avoidance of doubt this includes WACM proposals which are proposed by the entire Workgroup or subset of members.
- 10. There is an option for the Workgroup to undertake a period of Consultation in accordance with Grid Code GR. 20.11, if defined within the timetable agreed by the Grid Code Panel. Should the Workgroup determine that they see the benefit in a Workgroup Consultation being issued they can recommend this to the Grid Code Review Panel to consider.
- 11. Following the Consultation period the Workgroup is required to consider all responses including any Workgroup Consultation Alternative Requests. In undertaking an assessment of any Workgroup Consultation Alternative Request, the Workgroup should consider whether it better facilitates the Grid Code Objectives than the current version of the Grid Code.
- 12. As appropriate, the Workgroup will be required to undertake any further analysis and update the appropriate sections of the original Modification Proposal and/or WACM proposals (Workgroup members cannot amend the original text submitted by the

GC0123 Workgroup Terms of Reference

Proposer of the modification) All responses including any Workgroup Consultation Alternative Requests shall be included within the final report including a summary of the Workgroup's deliberations and conclusions. The report should make it clear where and why the Workgroup chairman has exercised their right under the Grid Code to progress a Workgroup Consultation Alternative Request or a WACM proposal against the majority views of Workgroup members. It should also be explicitly stated where, under these circumstances, the Workgroup chairman is employed by the same organisation who submitted the Workgroup Consultation Alternative Request.

13. The Workgroup is to submit its final report to the Modifications Panel Secretary on 22 May 2019 for circulation to Panel Members. The final report conclusions will be presented to the Grid Code Review Panel meeting on 30 May 2019.

Membership

It is recommended that the Workgroup has the following members:

Role	Name	Representing (User nominated)
Chair	Matthew Bent	Code Administrator
Technical Secretary	Matthew Bent	Code Administrator
National Grid Representative*	Rob Wilson	National Grid Electricity System Operator
Workgroup Member	Gerry Cleary	SHE Transmission
Workgroup Member	Garth Graham	SSE
Workgroup Member Alternate	Andrew Colley	SSE
Workgroup Member	Graeme Vincent	Scottish Power
Workgroup Member	Richard Woodward	National Grid Electricity Transmission

- 14. A (*) Workgroup must comprise at least 5 members (who may be Panel Members). The roles identified with an asterisk (*) in the table above contribute toward the required quorum, determined in accordance with paragraph 15 below.
- 15. The Grid Code Review Panel must agree a number that will be quorum for each Workgroup meeting. The agreed figure for GC0123 is that at least 5 Workgroup members must participate in a meeting for quorum to be met.
- 16. A vote is to take place by all eligible Workgroup members on the Modification Proposal and each WACM proposal and Workgroup Consultation Alternative Request based on their assessment of the Proposal(s) against the Grid Code objectives when compared against the current Grid Code baseline.
 - Do you support the Original or any of the alternative Proposals?
 - Which of the Proposals best facilitates the Grid Code Objectives?

The Workgroup chairman shall not have a vote, casting or otherwise. The results from the vote and the reasons for such voting shall be recorded in the Workgroup report in as much detail as practicable.

17. It is expected that Workgroup members would only abstain from voting under limited circumstances, for example where a member feels that a proposal has been insufficiently developed. Where a member has such concerns, they should raise

these with the Workgroup chairman at the earliest possible opportunity and certainly before the Workgroup vote takes place. Where abstention occurs, the reason should be recorded in the Workgroup report.

- 18. Workgroup members or their appointed alternate are required to attend a minimum of 50% of the Workgroup meetings to be eligible to participate in the Workgroup vote.
- 19. The Technical Secretary shall keep an Attendance Record for the Workgroup meetings and circulate the Attendance Record with the Action Notes after each meeting. This will be attached to the final Workgroup report.
- 20. The Workgroup membership can be amended from time to time by the Grid Code Review Panel and the Chairman of the Workgroup.

Appendix 1 – Indicative Workgroup Timetable

Full timeline to be confirmed.

The March 2019 Panel agreed for the Workgroup Report to be submitted in May 2019.

Annex 2 Workgroup Attendance Log

Workgroup Meeting 1

Name	Company	Attended
Andrew Colley	SSE	Yes
Graeme Vincent	SP Energy Networks	Yes
		Yes
Richard Woodward	National Grid Electricity Transmission	
		Yes
Rob Wilson	National Grid Electricity System Operator	
Gerry Cleary	SHE Transmission	Yes

CONNECTION CONDITIONS

(CC)

CC.6.2.2.2.2 Fault Clearance Times

- (a) The required fault clearance time for faults on the GB Generator's or DC Converter Station owner's equipment directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus and for faults on the National Electricity Transmission System directly connected to the GB Generator or DC Converter Station owner's equipment or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, from fault inception to the circuit breaker arc extinction, shall be set out in the Bilateral Agreement. The fault clearance time specified in the Bilateral Agreement shall not be shorter than the durations specified below:
 - (i) 80ms at 400kV
 - (ii) 100ms at 275kV
 - (iii) 120ms at 132kV and below

but this shall not prevent the **GB Code User** or <u>the Relevant Transmission</u> <u>LicenseeNGET</u> or the **GB Generator** (including in respect of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) from selecting a shorter fault clearance time on their own **Plant** and **Apparatus** provided **Discrimination** is achieved.

A longer fault clearance time may be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** for faults on the **National Electricity Transmission System**. A longer fault clearance time for faults on the **GB Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner's equipment or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** may be agreed with **The Company** in accordance with the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement** but only if **System** requirements, in **The Company's** view, permit. The probability that the fault clearance time stated in the **Bilateral Agreement** will be exceeded by any given fault, must be less than 2%.

(b) In the event that the required fault clearance time is not met as a result of failure to operate on the Main Protection System(s) provided, the GB Generators or DC Converter Station owners or GB Generators in the case of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus shall, except as specified below provide Independent Back-Up Protection. <u>The Relevant</u> <u>Transmission LicenseeNGET</u> will also provide Back-Up Protection; and <u>the Relevant</u> <u>Transmission Licensee'sNGET</u> and the GB Code User's Back-Up Protections will be co-ordinated so as to provide Discrimination.

On a Generating Unit (other than a Power Park Unit), DC Converter or Power Park Module or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus in respect of which the Completion Date is after 20 January 2016 and connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at 400kV or 275kV and where two Independent Main Protections are provided to clear faults on the HV Connections within the required fault clearance time, the Back-Up Protection provided by GB Generators (including in respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus) and DC Converter Station owner shall operate to give a fault clearance time of no longer than 300ms at the minimum infeed for normal operation for faults on the HV Connections. Where two Independent Main Protections are installed the Back-Up Protection may be integrated into one (or both) of the Independent Main Protection relays. On a Generating Unit (other than a Power Park Unit), DC Converter or Power Park Module or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus in respect of which the Completion Date is after 20 January 2016 and connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at 132 kV and where only one Main Protection is provided to clear faults on the HV Connections within the required fault clearance time, the Independent Back-Up Protection provided by the GB Generator (including in respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus) and the DC Converter Station owner shall operate to give a fault clearance time of no longer than 300ms at the minimum infeed for normal operation for faults on the HV Connections.

On a Generating Unit (other than a Power Park Unit), DC Converter or Power Park Module or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus connected to the National Electricity Transmission System and on Generating Units (other than a Power Park Unit), DC Converters or Power Park Modules or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at 400 kV or 275 kV or 132 kV, in respect of which the Completion Date is before the 20 January 2016, the Back-Up Protection or Independent Back-Up Protection shall operate to give a fault clearance time of no longer than 800ms in England and Wales or 300ms in Scotland at the minimum infeed for normal operation for faults on the HV Connections.

A Generating Unit (other than a Power Park Unit), DC Converter or Power Park Module or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus) with Back-Up Protection or Independent Back-Up Protection will also be required to withstand, without tripping, the loading incurred during the clearance of a fault on the National Electricity Transmission System by breaker fail Protection at 400kV or 275kV or of a fault cleared by Back-Up Protection where the GB Generator (including in the case of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus) or DC Converter is connected at 132kV and below. This will permit Discrimination between GB Generator in respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus or DC Converter Station owners' Back-Up Protection or Independent Back-Up Protection and the Back-Up Protection provided on the National Electricity Transmission System and other Users' Systems.

- (c) When the Generating Unit (other than Power Park Units), or the DC Converter or Power Park Module or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus is connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at 400kV or 275kV, and in Scotland and Offshore also at 132kV, and a circuit breaker is provided by the GB Generator (including in respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus) or the DC Converter Station owner, or the Relevant Transmission LicenseeNGET, as the case may be, to interrupt fault current interchange with the National Electricity Transmission System, or GB Generator's System, or DC Converter Station owner's System, as the case may be, circuit breaker fail Protection shall be provided by the GB Generator (including in respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus) or DC Converter Station owner, or the Relevant Transmission LicenseeNGET, as the case may be, on this circuit breaker. In the event, following operation of a Protection system, of a failure to interrupt fault current by these circuitbreakers within the Fault Current Interruption Time, the circuit breaker fail Protection is required to initiate tripping of all the necessary electrically adjacent circuit-breakers so as to interrupt the fault current within the next 200ms.
- (d) The target performance for the System Fault Dependability Index shall be not less than 99%. This is a measure of the ability of Protection to initiate successful tripping of circuit breakers which are associated with the faulty item of Apparatus.

CC.6.2.2.4 Work on Protection Equipment

No busbar **Protection**, mesh corner **Protection**, circuit-breaker fail **Protection** relays, AC or DC wiring (other than power supplies or DC tripping associated with the **Generating Unit**, **DC Converter** or **Power Park Module** itself) may be worked upon or altered by the **GB Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner personnel in the absence of a representative of <u>the Relevant</u> <u>Transmission LicenseeNGET</u>, or written authority from <u>the Relevant Transmission</u> <u>LicenseeNGET</u> to perform such work or alterations in the absence of a representative of <u>the Relevant Transmission</u> <u>LicenseeNGET</u>.

CC.6.2.3.1 Protection Arrangements for Network Operators and Non-Embedded Customers

CC.6.2.3.1.1 **Protection** of **Network Operator** and **Non-Embedded Customers Systems** directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System**, shall meet the requirements given below:

Fault Clearance Times

- (a) The required fault clearance time for faults on Network Operator and Non-Embedded Customer equipment directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System, and for faults on the National Electricity Transmission System directly connected to the Network Operator's or Non-Embedded Customer's equipment, from fault inception to the circuit breaker arc extinction, shall be set out in each Bilateral Agreement. The fault clearance time specified in the Bilateral Agreement shall not be shorter than the durations specified below:
 - (i) 80ms at 400kV
 - (ii) 100ms at 275kV
 - (iii) 120ms at 132kV and below

but this shall not prevent the **GB Code User** or <u>the **Relevant Transmission**</u> <u>LicenseeNGET</u> from selecting a shorter fault clearance time on its own **Plant** and **Apparatus** provided **Discrimination** is achieved.

For the purpose of establishing the **Protection** requirements in accordance with CC.6.2.3.1.1 only, the point of connection of the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer** equipment to the **National Electricity Transmission System** shall be deemed to be the low voltage busbars at a **GB Grid Supply Point**, irrespective of the ownership of the equipment at the **GB Grid Supply Point**.

A longer fault clearance time may be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** for faults on the **National Electricity Transmission System**. A longer fault clearance time for faults on the **Network Operator** and **Non-Embedded Customers** equipment may be agreed with **The Company** in accordance with the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement** but only if **System** requirements in **The Company's** view permit. The probability that the fault clearance time stated in the **Bilateral Agreement** will be exceeded by any given fault must be less than 2%.

- (b) (i) For the event of failure of the **Protection** systems provided to meet the above fault clearance time requirements, **Back-Up Protection** shall be provided by the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer** as the case may be.
 - (ii) <u>The Relevant Transmission LicenseeNGET</u> will also provide Back-Up Protection, which will result in a fault clearance time longer than that specified for the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer Back-Up Protection so as to provide Discrimination.
 - (iii) For connections with the National Electricity Transmission System at 132kV and below, it is normally required that the Back-Up Protection on the National Electricity Transmission System shall discriminate with the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer's Back-Up Protection.
 - (iv) For connections with the National Electricity Transmission System at 400kV or 275kV, the Back-Up Protection will be provided by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, as the case may be, with a fault clearance time not longer than 300ms for faults on the Network Operator's or Non-Embedded Customer's Apparatus.
 - (v) Such Protection will also be required to withstand, without tripping, the loading incurred during the clearance of a fault on the National Electricity Transmission System by breaker fail Protection at 400kV or 275kV. This will permit Discrimination between Network Operator's Back-Up Protection or Non-Embedded Customer's Back-Up Protection, as the case may be, and Back-Up

Protection provided on the **National Electricity Transmission System** and other **User Systems**. The requirement for and level of **Discrimination** required will be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

- (c) (i) Where the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer is connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at 400kV or 275kV, and in Scotland also at 132kV, and a circuit breaker is provided by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, or the Relevant Transmission LicenseeNGET, as the case may be, to interrupt the interchange of fault current with the National Electricity Transmission System or the System of the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, as the case may be, circuit breaker fail Protection will be provided by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, or the Relevant Transmission LicenseeNGET, as the case may be, circuit breaker fail Protection will be provided by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, or the Relevant Transmission LicenseeNGET, as the case may be, on this circuit breaker.
 - (ii) In the event, following operation of a Protection system, of a failure to interrupt fault current by these circuit-breakers within the Fault Current Interruption Time, the circuit breaker fail Protection is required to initiate tripping of all the necessary electrically adjacent circuit-breakers so as to interrupt the fault current within the next 200ms.
- (d) The target performance for the System Fault Dependability Index shall be not less than 99%. This is a measure of the ability of Protection to initiate successful tripping of circuit breakers which are associated with the faulty items of Apparatus.

CC.6.2.3.5 Work on Protection equipment

Where a Transmission Licensee owns the busbar at the Connection Point, no busbar Protection, mesh corner Protection relays, AC or DC wiring (other than power supplies or DC tripping associated with the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer's Apparatus itself) may be worked upon or altered by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer personnel in the absence of a representative of the Relevant Transmission LicenseeNGET or written authority from the Relevant Transmission LicenseeNGET.

Operational Metering

CC.6.5.6

- (a) The Company or The Relevant Transmission Licensee, as applicable, NGET shall provide system control and data acquisition (SCADA) outstation interface equipment. The GB Code User shall provide such voltage, current, Frequency, Active Power and Reactive Power measurement outputs and plant status indications and alarms to the Transmission SCADA outstation interface equipment as required by The Company in accordance with the terms of the Bilateral Agreement. In the case of OTSDUW, the GB Code User shall provide such SCADA outstation interface equipment and voltage, current, Frequency, Active Power and Reactive Power measurement outputs and plant status indications and alarms to the SCADA outstation interface equipment as required by The Company in accordance with the terms of the Bilateral Agreement.
 - (b) For the avoidance of doubt, for **Active Power** and **Reactive Power** measurements, circuit breaker and disconnector status indications from:
 - (i) CCGT Modules at Large Power Stations, the outputs and status indications must each be provided to The Company on an individual CCGT Unit basis. In addition, where identified in the Bilateral Agreement, Active Power and Reactive Power measurements from Unit Transformers and/or Station Transformers must be provided.
 - (ii) DC Converters at DC Converter Stations and OTSDUW DC Converters, the outputs and status indications must each be provided to The Company on an individual DC Converter basis. In addition, where identified in the Bilateral Agreement, Active Power and Reactive Power measurements from converter and/or station transformers must be provided.
 - (iii) Power Park Modules at Embedded Large Power Stations and at directly connected Power Stations, the outputs and status indications must each be provided to The Company on an individual Power Park Module basis. In addition, where identified in the Bilateral Agreement, Active Power and Reactive Power measurements from station transformers must be provided.
 - (iv) In respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, the outputs and status indications must be provided to The Company for each piece of electrical equipment. In addition, where identified in the Bilateral Agreement, Active Power and Reactive Power measurements at the Interface Point must be provided.
 - (c) For the avoidance of doubt, the requirements of CC.6.5.6(a) in the case of a Cascade Hydro Scheme will be provided for each Generating Unit forming part of that Cascade Hydro Scheme. In the case of Embedded Generating Units forming part of a Cascade Hydro Scheme the data may be provided by means other than theNGET SCADA outstation located at the Power Station, such as, with the agreement of the Network Operator in whose system such Embedded Generating Unit is located, from the Network Operator's SCADA system to The CompanyNGET. Details of such arrangements will be contained in the relevant Bilateral Agreements between The Company and the GB Generator and the Network Operator.

(d) In the case of a Power Park Module, additional energy input signals (e.g. wind speed, and wind direction) may be specified in the Bilateral Agreement. For Power Park Modules with a Completion Date on or after 1st April 2016 a Power Available signal will also be specified in the Bilateral Agreement. The signals would be used to establish the potential level of energy input from the Intermittent Power Source for monitoring pursuant to CC.6.6.1 and Ancillary Services and will, in the case of a wind farm, be used to provide The Company with advanced warning of excess wind speed shutdown and to determine the level of Headroom available from Power Park Modules for the purposes of calculating response and reserve. For the avoidance of doubt, the Power Available signal would be automatically provided to The Company and represent the sum of the potential output of all available and operational Power Park Units within the Bilateral Agreement.

CC.6.5.10 Busbar Voltage

The Relevant Transmission LicenseeNGET shall, subject as provided below, provide each GB Generator or DC Converter Station owner at each Grid Entry Point where one of its Power Stations or DC Converter Stations is connected with appropriate voltage signals to enable the GB Generator or DC Converter Station owner to obtain the necessary information to permit its Gensets or DC Converters to be Synchronised to the National Electricity Transmission System. The term "voltage signal" shall mean in this context, a point of connection on (or wire or wires from) a relevant part of Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus at the Grid Entry Point, to which the GB Generator or DC Converter Station owner, with The Company's agreement (not to be unreasonably withheld) in relation to the Plant and/or Apparatus to be attached, will be able to attach its Plant and/or Apparatus (normally a wire or wires) in order to obtain measurement outputs in relation to the busbar.

CC.7.4.13 Changes to Operation and Gas Zone Diagrams

CC.7.4.13.1 When the Relevant Transmission LicenseeNGET has decided that it wishes to install new HV Apparatus or it wishes to change the existing numbering or nomenclature of Transmission HV Apparatus at a Transmission Site, The Company, in coordination with the Relevant Transmission LicenseeNGET, will (unless it gives rise to a Modification under the CUSC, in which case the provisions of the CUSC as to the timing apply) one month prior to the installation or change, send to each such User a revised Operation Diagram of that Transmission Site, incorporating the new Transmission HV Apparatus to be installed and its numbering and nomenclature or the changes, as the case may be. OC11 is also relevant to certain Apparatus.

CC.A.6.2.4.4 If a static type **Exciter** is employed:

- (i) the field voltage should be capable of attaining a negative ceiling level specified in the Bilateral Agreement after the removal of the step disturbance of CC.A.6.2.4.3. The specified value will be 80% of the value specified in CC.A.6.2.4.3. The Company may specify a value outside the above limits where The Company identifies a system need.
- the Exciter must be capable of maintaining free firing when the Onshore Generating Unit terminal voltage is depressed to a level which may be between 20% to 30% of rated terminal voltage
- (iii) the Exciter shall be capable of attaining a positive ceiling voltage not less than 80% of the Excitation System On Load Positive Ceiling Voltage upon recovery of the Onshore Generating Unit terminal voltage to 80% of rated terminal voltage following fault clearance. The Company may specify a value outside the above limits where The Company identifies a system need.
- (iv) The requirement to provide a separate power source for the Exciter will be specified in the Bilateral Agreement if <u>The Company</u>, in coordination with the <u>Relevant</u> <u>Transmission Licensee</u>, <u>NGET</u>-identifies a Transmission System need.

- CC.A.6.2.5.5 The **Power System Stabiliser** shall include elements that limit the bandwidth of the output signal. The bandwidth limiting must ensure that the highest frequency of response cannot excite torsional oscillations on other plant connected to the network. A bandwidth of 0-5Hz would be judged to be acceptable for this application.
- CC.A.6.2.5.6 The **GB Generator** will agree **Power System Stabiliser** settings with <u>The Company, in</u> <u>coordination with the Relevant Transmission LicenseeNGET</u> prior to the on-load commissioning detailed in BC2.11.2(d). To allow assessment of the performance before onload commissioning the **GB Generator** will provide to **The Company** a report covering the areas specified in CP.A.3.2.1.

DATA REGISTRATION CODE (DRC)

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Power Station	Generating Unit Name (e.g. Unit 1)	nit Name (e.g. Unit 1)			
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT		GENERATING UNIT DATA	UNIT DATA	
			1	2	3	4
Alternative Fuel Type /*nlease snectiv/	Text	DPD II	Oil distillate	Other gas*	Other*	Other*
CHANGEOVER TO ALTERNATIVE FUEL						
For off-line changeover:						
Time to carry out off-line fuel changeover	Minutes	DPD II				
Maximum output following off-line changeover	MW	DPD II				
For on-line changeover:						
Time to carry out on-line fuel changeover	Minutes	DPD II				
Maximum output during on-line fuel changeover	MW	DPD II				
Maximum output following on-line changeover	MW	DPD II				
Maximum operating time at full load assuming:						
Typical stock levels	Hours	DPD II				
Maximum possible stock levels	Hours	DPD II				
Maximum rate of replacement of depleted stocks of alternative fuels on the basis of Good Industry Practice	MWh(electrical) /day	II QAQ				
Is changeover to alternative fuel used in normal oneration arrangements?	Text	DPD II				
Number of successful changeovers carried out in the last The Company Financial Year (** delete as appropriate)	Text	DPD II	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **

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The following data items for alternative fuels need only be supplied with respect to each Generating Unit whose primary fuel is gas

including thos which form part of a Power Generating Module.

EUROPEAN CONNECTION CONDITIONS

ECC.6.2.2.2.2 Fault Clearance Times

- (a) The required fault clearance time for faults on the Generator's (including DC Connected Power Park Modules) or HVDC System Owner's equipment directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus and for faults on the National Electricity Transmission System directly connected to the EU Generator (including DC Connected Power Park Modules) or HVDC System Owner's equipment or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, from fault inception to the circuit breaker arc extinction, shall be set out in the Bilateral Agreement. The fault clearance time specified in the Bilateral Agreement shall not be shorter than the durations specified below:
 - (i) 80ms at 400kV
 - (ii) 100ms at 275kV
 - (iii) 120ms at 132kV and below

but this shall not prevent the User or The Company or the Relevant Transmission Licensee or the EU Generator (including in respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus and DC Connected Power Park Modules) from selecting a shorter fault clearance time on their own Plant and Apparatus provided Discrimination is achieved.

A longer fault clearance time may be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** for faults on the **National Electricity Transmission System**. A longer fault clearance time for faults on the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner's** equipment or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** may be agreed with **The Company** in accordance with the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement** but only if **System** requirements, in **The Company's** view, permit. The probability that the fault clearance time stated in the **Bilateral Agreement** will be exceeded by any given fault, must be less than 2%.

(b) In the event that the required fault clearance time is not met as a result of failure to operate on the Main Protection System(s) provided, the Generators or HVDC System Owners or Generators in the case of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus shall, except as specified below provide Independent Back-Up Protection. The Relevant Transmission Licensee, will also provide Back-Up Protection and the Relevant Transmission Licensee's, and the User's Back-Up Protections will be co-ordinated so as to provide Discrimination.

On a Power Generating Module (other than a Power Park Unit), HVDC Equipment or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus and connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at 400kV or 275kV and where two Independent Main Protections are provided to clear faults on the HV Connections within the required fault clearance time, the Back-Up Protection provided by EU Generators (including in respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus and DC Connected Power Park Modules) and HVDC System Owners shall operate to give a fault clearance time of no longer than 300ms at the minimum infeed for normal operation for faults on the HV Connections. Where two Independent Main Protections are installed the Back-Up Protection may be integrated into one (or both) of the Independent Main Protection relays. Formatted: Font: Not Bold
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On a Power Generating Module (other than a Power Park Unit), HVDC Equipment or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus and connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at 132 kV and where only one Main Protection is provided to clear faults on the HV Connections within the required fault clearance time, the Independent Back-Up Protection provided by the Generator (including in respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus and DC Connected Power Park Modules) and the HVDC System Owner shall operate to give a fault clearance time of no longer than 300ms at the minimum infeed for normal operation for faults on the HV Connections.

A Power Generating Module (other than a Power Park Unit), HVDC Equipment or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus) with Back-Up Protection or Independent Back-Up Protection will also be required to withstand, without tripping, the loading incurred during the clearance of a fault on the National Electricity Transmission System by breaker fail Protection at 400kV or 275kV or of a fault cleared by Back-Up Protection where the EU Generator (including in the case of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus or DC Connected Power Park Module) or HVDC System is connected at 132kV and below. This will permit Discrimination between the Generator in respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus or DC Connected Power Park Modules or HVDC System Owners' Back-Up Protection or Independent Back-Up Protection and the Back-Up Protection provided on the National Electricity Transmission System and other Users' Systems.

- (c) When the Power Generating Module (other than Power Park Units), or the HVDC Equipment or OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus is connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at 400kV or 275kV, and in Scotland and Offshore also at 132kV, and a circuit breaker is provided by the Generator (including in respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus or DC Connected Power Park Modules) or the HVDC System owner, or the Relevant Transmission Licensee, as the case may be, to interrupt fault current interchange with the National Electricity Transmission System, or Generator's System, or HVDC System Owner's System, as the case may be, circuit breaker fail Protection shall be provided by the Generator (including in respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus or DC Connected Power Park Modules) or HVDC System-Owner, or the Relevant Transmission Licensee, as the case may be, on this circuit breaker. In the event, following operation of a Protection system, of a failure to interrupt fault current by these circuit-breakers within the Fault Current Interruption Time, the circuit breaker fail Protection is required to initiate tripping of all the necessary electrically adjacent circuit-breakers so as to interrupt the fault current within the next 200ms.
- (d) The target performance for the System Fault Dependability Index shall be not less than 99%. This is a measure of the ability of Protection to initiate successful tripping of circuit breakers which are associated with the faulty item of Apparatus.

ECC.6.2.2.3 Equipment including Protection equipment to be provided

The Relevant Transmission Licensee, shall specify the Protection schemes and settings necessary to protect the National Electricity Transmission System, taking into account the characteristics of the Power Generating Module or HVDC Equipment.

The protection schemes needed for the **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment** and the **National Electricity Transmission System** as well as the settings relevant to the **Power Generating Module** and/or **HVDC Equipment** shall be coordinated and agreed between **The Company** and the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner**. The agreed **Protection** schemes and settings will be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

The protection schemes and settings for internal electrical faults must not prevent the **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment** from satisfying the requirements of the Grid Code although **EU Generators** should be aware of the requirements of ECC.6.3.13.1.;

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electrical Protection of the Power Generating Module or HVDC Equipment shall take precedence over operational controls, taking into account the security of the National Electricity Transmission System and the health and safety of personnel, as well as mitigating any damage to the Power Generating Module or HVDC Equipment.

ECC.6.2.2.4 Work on Protection Equipment

No busbar Protection, mesh corner Protection, circuit-breaker fail Protection relays, AC or DC wiring (other than power supplies or DC tripping associated with the Power Generating Module, HVDC Equipment itself) may be worked upon or altered by the EU Generator or HVDC System Owner personnel in the absence of a representative of the Relevant Transmission Licensee, or written authority from the Relevant Transmission Licensee, to perform such work or alterations in the absence of a representative of the Relevant Transmission Licensee.

ECC.6.2.3.1.1 Protection arrangements for EU Code Users in respect of Network Operators and Non-Embedded Customers User Systems directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System, shall meet the requirements given below:

Fault Clearance Times

- (a) The required fault clearance time for faults on Network Operator and Non-Embedded Customer equipment directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System, and for faults on the National Electricity Transmission System directly connected to the Network Operator's or Non-Embedded Customer's equipment, from fault inception to the circuit breaker arc extinction, shall be set out in each Bilateral Agreement. The fault clearance time specified in the Bilateral Agreement shall not be shorter than the durations specified below:
 - (i) 80ms at 400kV
 - (ii) 100ms at 275kV
 - (iii) 120ms at 132kV and below

but this shall not prevent the **User** or **The Company** or **Relevant Transmission Licensee** from selecting a shorter fault clearance time on its own **Plant** and **Apparatus** provided **Discrimination** is achieved.

For the purpose of establishing the **Protection** requirements in accordance with ECC.6.2.3.1.1 only, the point of connection of the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer** equipment to the **National Electricity Transmission System** shall be deemed to be the low voltage busbars at an **EU Grid Supply Point**, irrespective of the ownership of the equipment at the **EU Grid Supply Point**.

A longer fault clearance time may be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** for faults on the **National Electricity Transmission System**. A longer fault clearance time for faults on the **Network Operator** and **Non-Embedded Customers** equipment may be agreed with **The Company** in accordance with the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement** but only if **System** requirements in **The Company's** view permit. The probability that the fault clearance time stated in the **Bilateral Agreement** will be exceeded by any given fault must be less than 2%.

- (b) (i) For the event of failure of the Protection systems provided to meet the above fault clearance time requirements, Back-Up Protection shall be provided by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer as the case may be.
 - (ii) <u>The Relevant Transmission Licensee</u>, will also provide Back-Up Protection, which will result in a fault clearance time longer than that specified for the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer Back-Up Protection so as to provide Discrimination.
 - (iii) For connections with the National Electricity Transmission System at 132kV and below, it is normally required that the Back-Up Protection on the National

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Electricity Transmission System shall discriminate with the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer's Back-Up Protection.

- (iv) For connections with the National Electricity Transmission System at 400kV or 275kV, the Back-Up Protection will be provided by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, as the case may be, with a fault clearance time not longer than 300ms for faults on the Network Operator's or Non-Embedded Customer's Apparatus.
- (v) Such Protection will also be required to withstand, without tripping, the loading incurred during the clearance of a fault on the National Electricity Transmission System by breaker fail Protection at 400kV or 275kV. This will permit Discrimination between Network Operator's Back-Up Protection or Non-Embedded Customer's Back-Up Protection, as the case may be, and Back-Up Protection provided on the National Electricity Transmission System and other User Systems. The requirement for and level of Discrimination required will be specified in the Bilateral Agreement.
- (c) (i) Where the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer is connected to the National Electricity Transmission System at 400kV or 275kV, and in Scotland also at 132kV, and a circuit breaker is provided by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, or the Relevant Transmission Licensee, as the case may be, to interrupt the interchange of fault current with the National Electricity Transmission System or the System of the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, as the case may be, circuit breaker fail Protection will be provided by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, or the Relevant Transmission Licensee, as the case may be, on this circuit breaker.
 - (ii) In the event, following operation of a Protection system, of a failure to interrupt fault current by these circuit-breakers within the Fault Current Interruption Time, the circuit breaker fail Protection is required to initiate tripping of all the necessary electrically adjacent circuit-breakers so as to interrupt the fault current within the next 200ms.
- (d) The target performance for the System Fault Dependability Index shall be not less than 99%. This is a measure of the ability of Protection to initiate successful tripping of circuit breakers which are associated with the faulty items of Apparatus.

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ECC.6.2.3.5 Work on Protection equipment

Where a Transmission Licensee owns the busbar at the Connection Point, no busbar Protection, mesh corner Protection relays, AC or DC wiring (other than power supplies or DC tripping associated with the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer's Apparatus itself) may be worked upon or altered by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer personnel in the absence of a representative of the Relevant Transmission Licensee, to written authority from the Relevant Transmission Licensee, to the Relevant Transmission Licensee, the Re

- ECC.6.5.6.4 (a) The Company or The Relevant Transmission Licensee, as applicable, shall provide system control and data acquisition (SCADA) outstation interface equipment., each EU Code User shall provide such voltage, current, Frequency, Active Power and Reactive Power measurement outputs and plant status indications and alarms to the Transmission SCADA outstation interface equipment as required by The Company in accordance with the terms of the Bilateral Agreement. In the case of OTSDUW, the User shall provide such SCADA outstation interface equipment and voltage, current, Frequency, Active Power and Reactive Power measurement outputs and plant status indications and alarms to the SCADA outstation interface equipment as required by The Company in accordance with the terms of the Bilateral Agreement.
 - (b) For the avoidance of doubt, for Active Power and Reactive Power measurements, circuit breaker and disconnector status indications from:
 - (i) CCGT Modules from Type B, Type C and Type D Power Generating Modules, the outputs and status indications must each be provided to The Company on an individual CCGT Unit basis. In addition, where identified in the Bilateral Agreement, Active Power and Reactive Power measurements from Unit Transformers and/or Station Transformers must be provided.
 - (ii) For Type B, Type C and Type D Power Park Modules the outputs and status indications must each be provided to The Company on an individual Power Park Module basis. In addition, where identified in the Bilateral Agreement, Active Power and Reactive Power measurements from station transformers must be provided.
 - (iii) In respect of OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, the outputs and status indications must be provided to The Company for each piece of electrical equipment. In addition, where identified in the Bilateral Agreement, Active Power and Reactive Power measurements at the Interface Point must be provided.
 - (c) For the avoidance of doubt, the requirements of ECC.6.5.6.4(a) in the case of a Cascade Hydro Scheme will be provided for each Generating Unit forming part of that Cascade Hydro Scheme. In the case of Embedded Generating Units forming part of a Cascade Hydro Scheme the data may be provided by means other than the SCADA outstation located at the Power Station, such as, with the agreement of the Network Operator in whose system such Embedded Generating Unit is located, from the Network Operator's SCADA system to The Company. Details of such arrangements will be contained in the relevant Bilateral Agreements between The Company and the Generator and the Network Operator.

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(d) In the case of a Power Park Module, additional energy input signals (e.g. wind speed, and wind direction) may be specified in the Bilateral Agreement. A Power Available signal will also be specified in the Bilateral Agreement. The signals would be used to establish the potential level of energy input from the Intermittent Power Source for monitoring pursuant to ECC.6.6.1 and Ancillary Services and will, in the case of a wind farm, be used to provide The Company with advanced warning of excess wind speed shutdown and to determine the level of Headroom available from Power Park Modules for the purposes of calculating response and reserve. For the avoidance of doubt, the Power Available signal would be automatically provided to The Company and represent the sum of the potential output of all available and operational Power Park Units within the Power Park Module. The refresh rate of the Power Available signal shall be specified in the Bilateral Agreement.

ECC.6.5.10 Busbar Voltage

The Relevant Transmission Licensee, shall, subject as provided below, provide each Generator or HVDC System Owner at each Grid Entry Point where one of its Power Stations or HVDC Systems is connected with appropriate voltage signals to enable the Generator or HVDC System owner to obtain the necessary information to permit its Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules) or HVDC System to be Synchronised to the National Electricity Transmission System. The term "voltage signal" shall mean in this context, a point of connection on (or wire or wires from) a relevant part of Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus at the Grid Entry Point, to which the Generator or HVDC System Owner, with The Company's agreement (not to be unreasonably withheld) in relation to the Plant and/or Apparatus to be attached, will be able to attach its Plant and/or Apparatus (normally a wire or wires) in order to obtain measurement outputs in relation to the busbar.

ECC.7.2.3 A User may, with a minimum of six weeks notice, apply to <u>The Company</u> for permission to work according to that Users own Safety Rules when working on its Plant and/or Apparatus on a Transmission Site rather than those set out in ECC.7.2.1. If <u>the The</u> <u>Company</u>, is of the opinion that the User's Safety Rules provide for a level of safety commensurate with those set out in ECC.7.2.1, <u>The Company</u>, will notify the User, in writing, that, with effect from the date requested by the User, the User may use its own Safety Rules when working on its Plant and/or Apparatus on the Transmission Site. For a Transmission Site, in forming its opinion, <u>The Company</u>, will seek the opinion of the Relevant Transmission Licensee. Until receipt of such written approval from <u>The</u> <u>Company</u>, the User will continue to use the Safety Rules as set out in ECC.7.2.1.

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GLOSSARY & DEFINITIONS (GD)

GD.1 In the Grid Code the following words and expressions shall, unless the subject matter or context otherwise requires or is inconsistent therewith, bear the following meanings:

Relevant Transmission	Means <u>National Grid Electricity Transmission plc (NGET)</u> in its
Licensee	Transmission Area or SP Transmission Ltd (SPT) in its Transmission
	Area or Scottish Hydro-Electric Transmission Ltd (SHETL) in its Transmission Area or any Offshore Transmission Licensee in its Transmission Area.

< END OF GLOSSARY & DEFINITIONS